

1. The checkpoint file after CCSD calculation only contains information about HF reference wave function. The density associated with the CCSD correlated level must be generated separately.
2. Take the stationary structure's checkpoint file and start with the population analysis

```
%chk=RuP3HCl_mini_trans_CCSD_BS4
#p CCSD Chkbasis Guess(Check) Geom(NoDistance,AllCheck)
  Pop(NPA,Full,MKUFF) Density(Current) Punch(NaturalOrbitals) Output(WFX)

RuP3HCl_mini_trans_CCSD_BS4.wfx
```

This will generate a FORT.7 file that need to be saved, because it has the natural orbital coefficients. Please note that from correlated electron density - we can only use natural orbitals (orbital energies are gone) with occupancy numbers. For example: HOMO and LUMO regions are as follows

		36	37	38	39	40
Eigenvalues --		1.95051	1.94893	1.94839	1.94432	1.94377
		41	42	43	44	45
Eigenvalues --		1.94236	1.93570	1.93379	1.93063	0.05744
		46	47	48	49	50
Eigenvalues --		0.05014	0.04590	0.04312	0.04006	0.03471
		51	52	53	54	55
Eigenvalues --		0.03392	0.03040	0.02283	0.02220	0.02174

The lack of 2.0 occupation on the HOMOs and the presence of more than 0.00 electrons on the virtual orbitals (HOMO=MO44; LUMO=MO45) indicate multi-reference nature of the electronic structure. Some type of CAS/MRCI treatment may be required.

3. Now we have the density generated and saved into the checkpoint file; however, the density itself cannot be visualized from the MO coefficients, because they are still in the FORT.7 file. Rename FORT.7 to 'RuP3HCl\_mini\_trans\_CCSD\_BS4\_gs.mo' and use it for

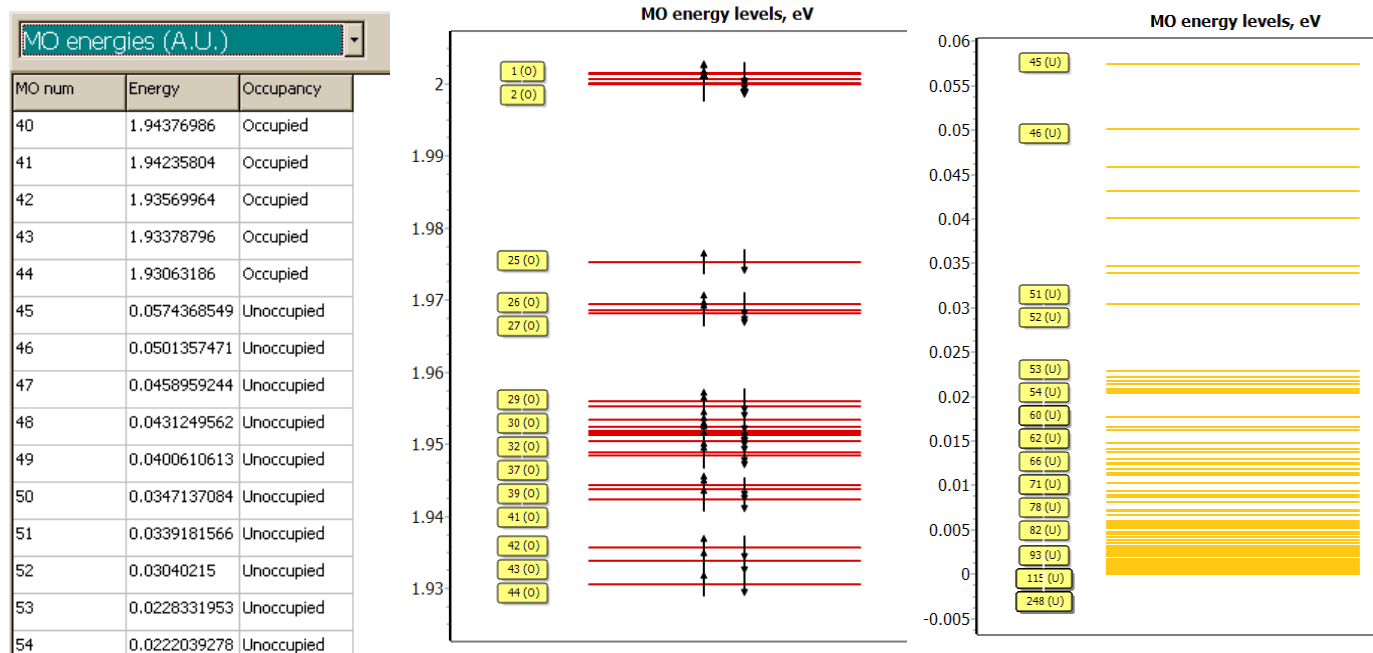
```
%oldchk=RuP3HCl_mini_trans_CCSD_BS4
%chk=RuP3HCl_mini_trans_CCSD_BS4_natorb
#p chkbasis geom(allcheck,nodistance)
  guess(cards,only,save,naturalorbitals) Pop(Full)

@RuP3HCl_mini_trans_CCSD_BS4_gs.mo
```

4. Generate the formatted checkpoint file to visualize the orbitals

```
formchk RuP3HCl_mini_trans_CCSD_BS4_natorb.chk
```

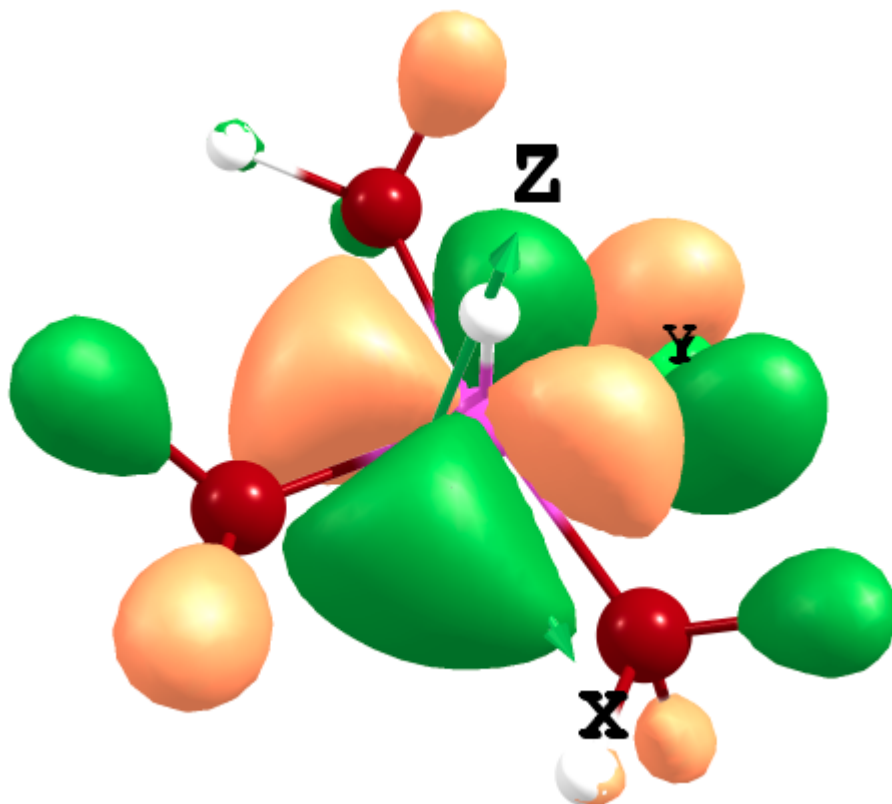
5. In chemcraft/gaussview ... open up the formatted checkpoint file
  - a. Orbital energy diagrams (of course MO energies are no longer correct, it should read as MO occupations)



- b. Render the virtual MOs for the highest 5 occupied = HOMO-4 ... HOMO; MO40-MO44 and lowest 5 unoccupied orbitals = LUMO ... LUMO+4; MO45-MO49  
(Map points per Å is 5, Map size = 1 - check save cube file only if you really need the orbital plot contour value for orbitals 0.03)

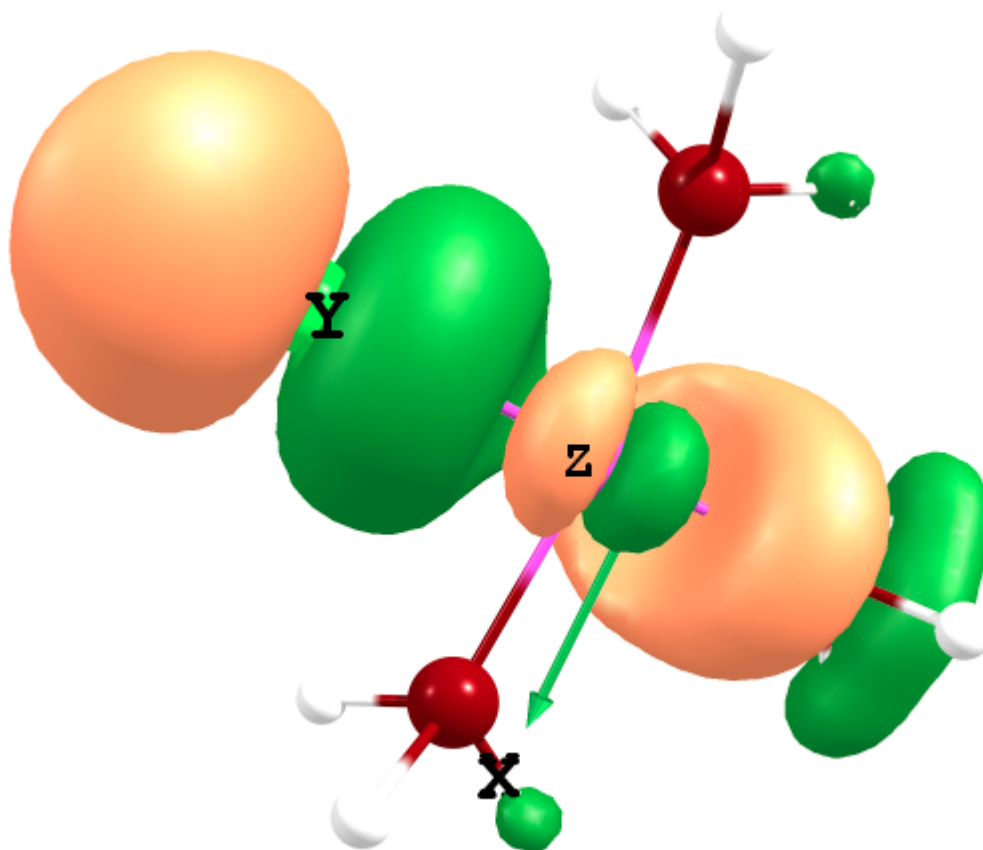
HOMO-4

MO40 Ru xy (slightly out of plane), Cl pi 3p and P-H sigma and



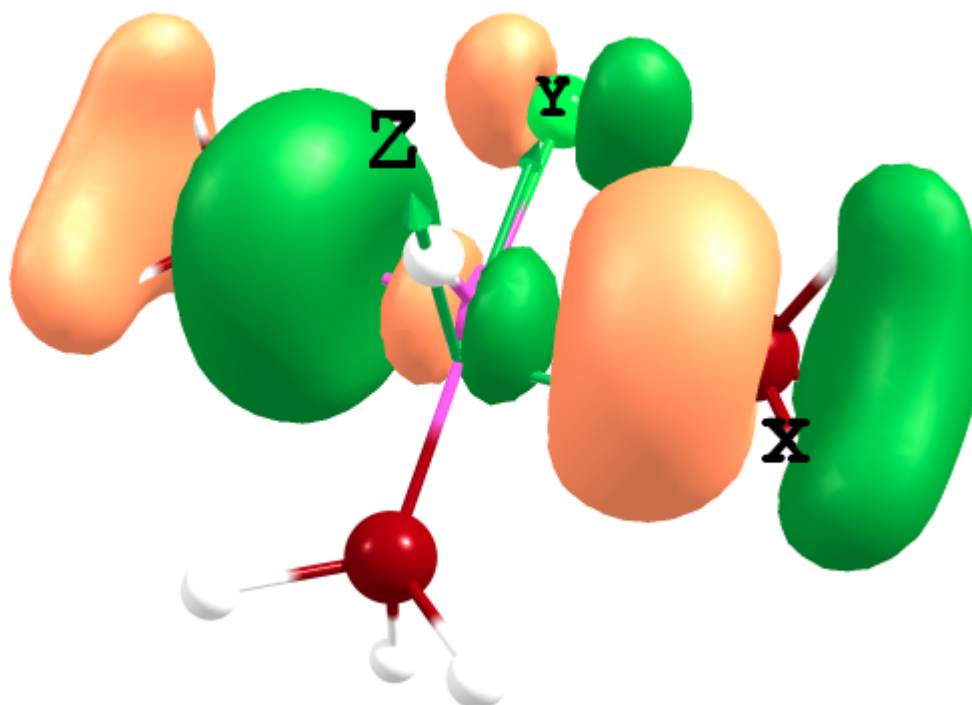
HOMO-3

MO41 Ru 5py sigma bonding interaction with Cl 3p



HOMO-2

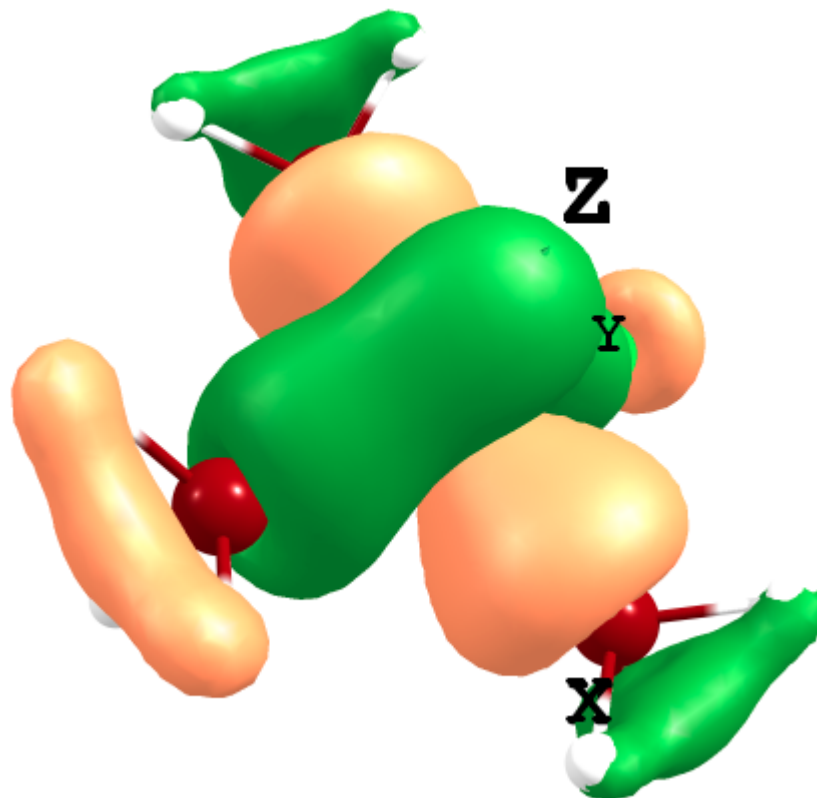
MO42 Ru 5px sigma bonding interaction with the PH3 lone pairs



HOMO-1

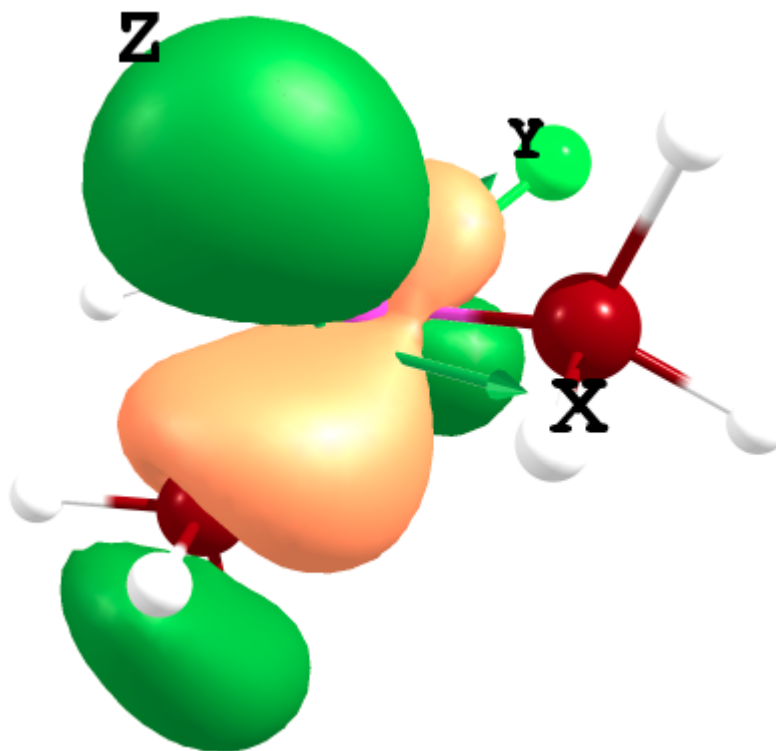
MO43

Ru  $4d_{x^2-y^2}$  + Cl  $3p_x$  + P-H s



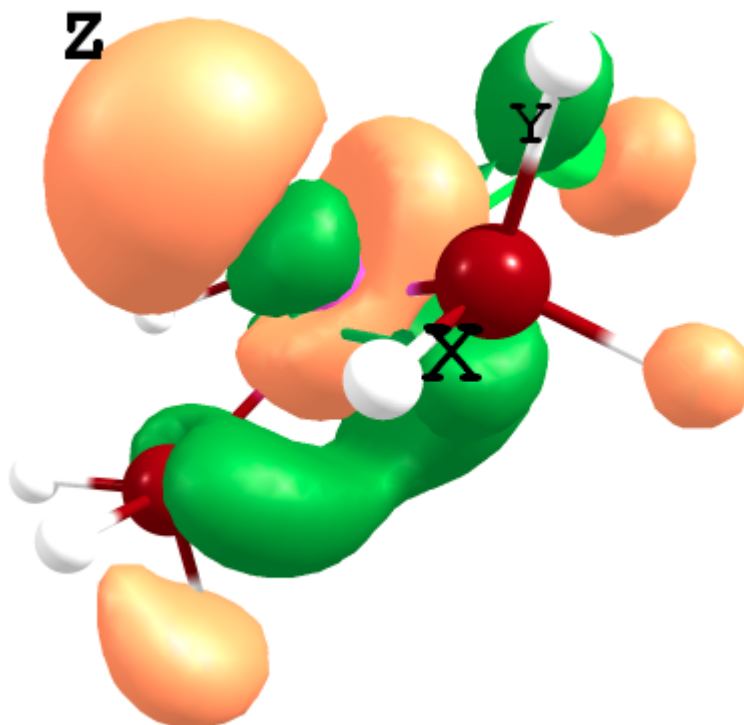
HOMO

MO44 Ru  $4d_{yz}$  + Cl  $3p_y$  + P-H s



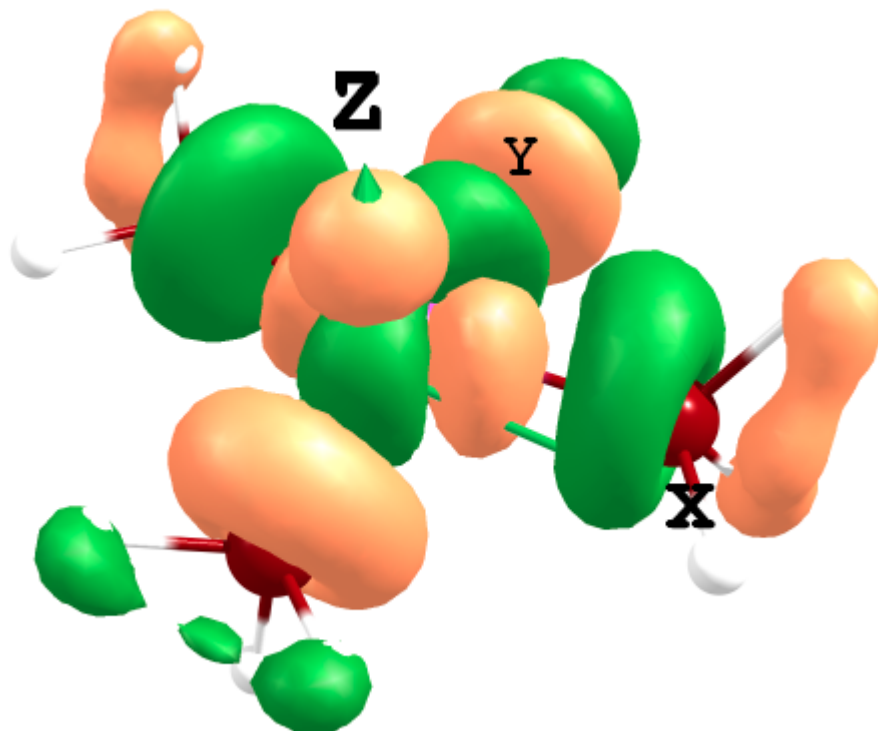
LUMO

MO45 Ru 4dyz antibonding with H s + Cl 3pz + P-H s



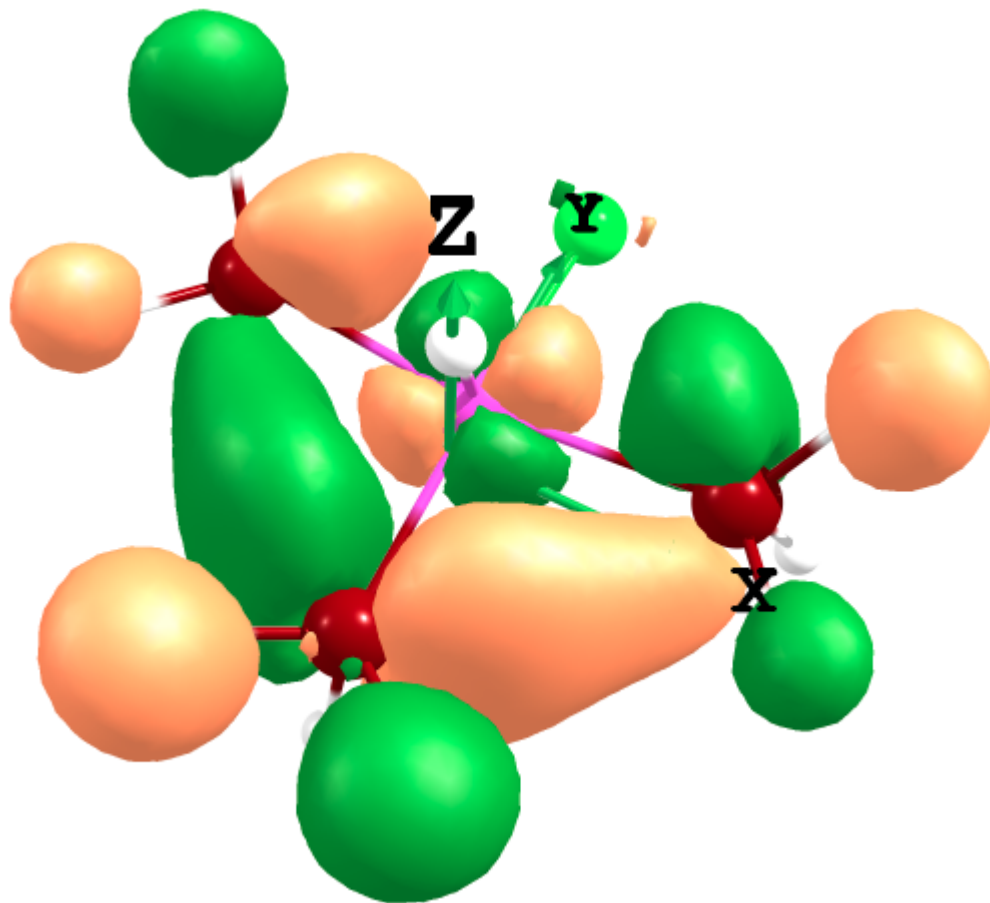
LUMO+1

MO46 Ru 4dx<sup>2</sup>-y<sup>2</sup> antibonding with P 3px/3py + Cl 3py



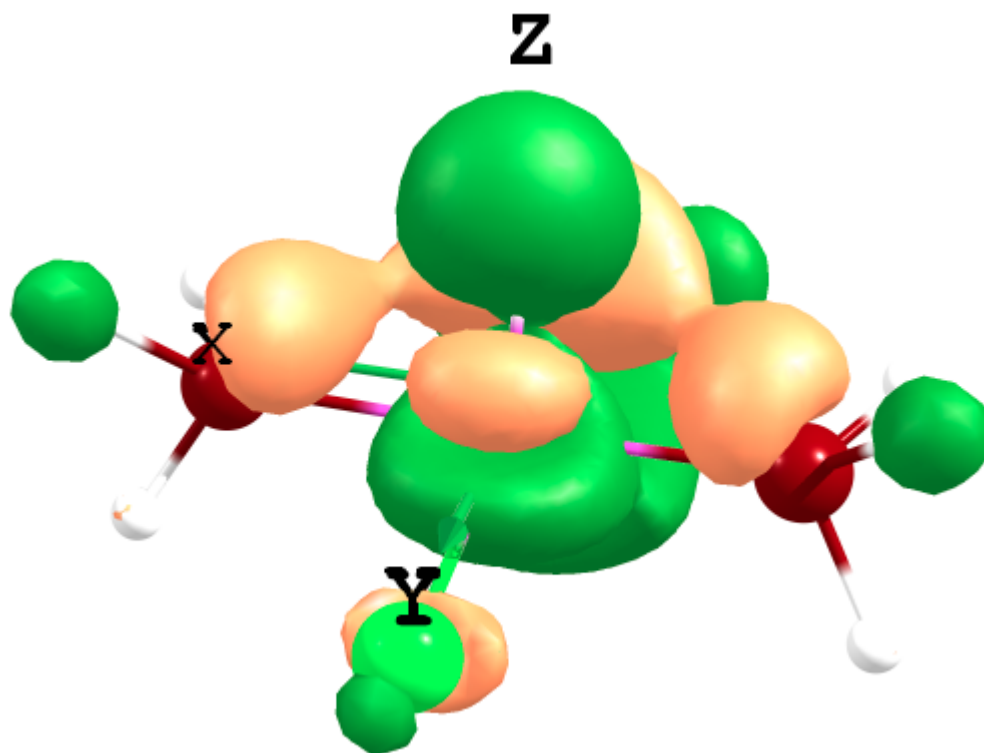
LUMO+2

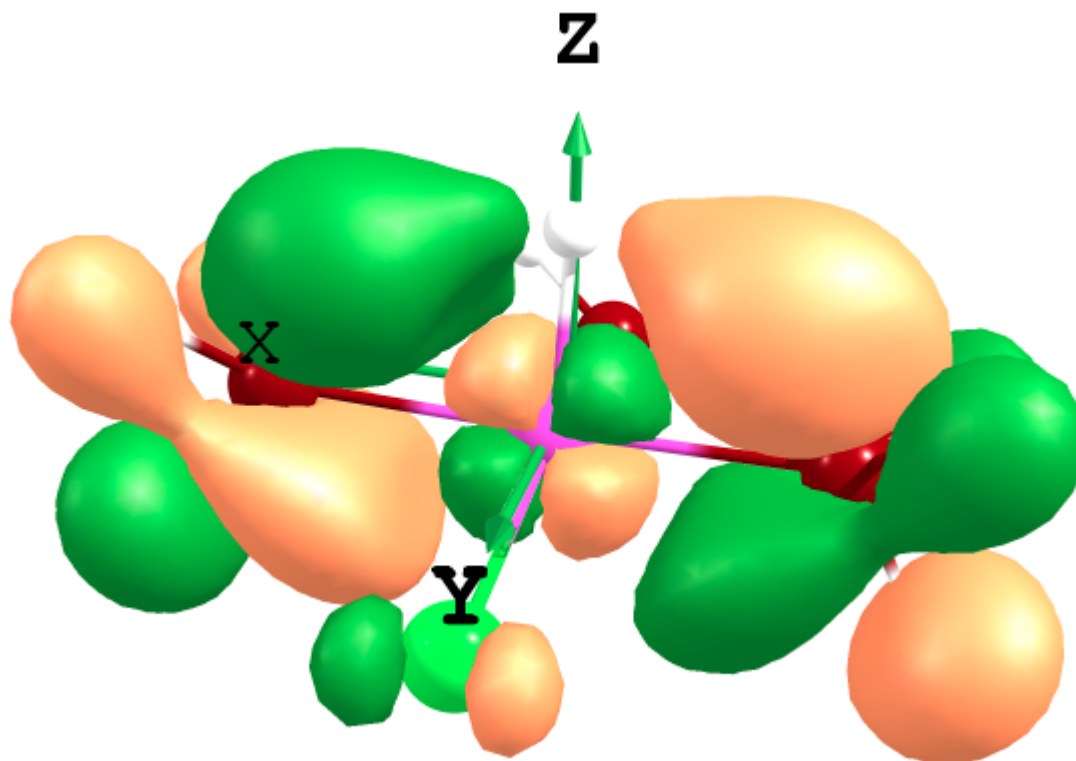
MO47 Ru 4dxy + P-H s/s\* back-donation orbital



LUMO+3

MO48 Ru 4dz2 + P-H s/s\* back-donation orbital





6. The focus is on the covalent bonding i.e. Ru-H (LUMO) Ru-P/Cl (LUMO+1)
7. Let's compare and contrast atomic point charges (AIM analysis - need to use AIMQB)  
`/AIMAll/aimqb.ish -nogui -nproc=8 $1.wfx >& $1_aimqb.out`

Check for minimal basis set definitions:

core orbitals Ru [core potential]	4s4p	2.0 e <sup>-</sup> enforced
valence orbitals	4d 5s 5p	varied 0-2.0 e <sup>-</sup>
Rydberg orbitals	5d 6s 6p ... rest	minimized ~ 0 e <sup>-</sup>

[ 28 electrons found in the effective core potential]

WARNING: 4 low occupancy (<1.9990e) core orbitals found on Ru 1

1	Ru	1	S	Cor( 4s)	1.98988	maybe the ECP basis set is not enough for this. 3s3p3d should be the core!
7	Ru	1	px	Cor( 4p)	1.99399	
11	Ru	1	py	Cor( 4p)	1.99324	
15	Ru	1	pz	Cor( 4p)	1.98459	

1	low occupancy (<1.9990e)	core orbital	found on	P	4
1	low occupancy (<1.9990e)	core orbital	found on	P	8
1	low occupancy (<1.9990e)	core orbital	found on	P	12

Must check that you are using the correct (NON HF reference) density

\*\*\*\*\*

Population analysis using the QCI/CC density.

\*\*\*\*\*

Atom	No	Charge	Core	Valence	Rydberg	Total
Ru	1	-1.34020	35.96171	9.25439	0.12410	45.34020
H	2	0.18338	0.00000	0.80691	0.00971	0.81662
Cl	3	-0.41339	9.99935	7.26269	0.15134	17.41339
P	4	0.65523	9.99589	4.21952	0.12935	14.34477
H	5	-0.04170	0.00000	1.02620	0.01550	1.04170
H	6	-0.04154	0.00000	1.02607	0.01547	1.04154
H	7	-0.04083	0.00000	1.02565	0.01518	1.04083
P	8	0.56854	9.99659	4.31373	0.12115	14.43146
H	9	-0.03641	0.00000	1.02181	0.01460	1.03641
H	10	0.00054	0.00000	0.98554	0.01392	0.99946
H	11	-0.01311	0.00000	0.99888	0.01423	1.01311
P	12	0.56847	9.99659	4.31381	0.12114	14.43153
H	13	0.00055	0.00000	0.98553	0.01392	0.99945
H	14	-0.01318	0.00000	0.99895	0.01423	1.01318
H	15	-0.03635	0.00000	1.02175	0.01460	1.03635
=====						
* Total *		0.00000	75.95013	39.26143	0.78844	116.00000

If Rydberg occupation is big (not sure how big though) indication of inappropriate single determinant electronic structure, excited state mixing, need to use multi-reference treatment

Atom	No	Natural Electron Configuration	
-----			
Ru	1	[core]5S( 0.46)4d( 7.92)5p( 0.87)4f( 0.03)5d( 0.07)6p( 0.01)6d( 0.01)	covalent+ionic bonding Ru-1.34 effectively
Ru	1	[core]5S( 0.00)4d( 8.00)5p( 0.00)5d( 0.00)	ionic only bonding  Ru+2 theoretically )
H	2	1S( 0.81)2p( 0.01)	
Cl	3	[core]3S( 1.85)3p( 5.41)4S( 0.01)3d( 0.10)4p( 0.03)4f( 0.01)	
P	4	[core]3S( 1.25)3p( 2.97)3d( 0.09)4p( 0.02)4f( 0.01)	
H	5	1S( 1.03)2S( 0.01)2p( 0.01)	
H	6	1S( 1.03)2S( 0.01)2p( 0.01)	
H	7	1S( 1.03)2p( 0.01)	
P	8	[core]3S( 1.30)3p( 3.01)3d( 0.08)4p( 0.02)4f( 0.01)	
H	9	1S( 1.02)2p( 0.01)	
H	10	1S( 0.99)2p( 0.01)	
H	11	1S( 1.00)2p( 0.01)	
P	12	[core]3S( 1.30)3p( 3.01)3d( 0.08)4p( 0.02)4f( 0.01)	
H	13	1S( 0.99)2p( 0.01)	
H	14	1S( 1.00)2p( 0.01)	
H	15	1S( 1.02)2p( 0.01)	

Mulliken:			ESP charges:			NPA charges:			AIM charges (from .int):		
1	Ru	0.147552	1	Ru	0.312242	Ru	1	-1.34020	Ru	1	0.368
2	H	0.005798	2	H	-0.167805	H	2	0.18338	H	2	-0.145
3	Cl	-0.536799	3	Cl	-0.476891	Cl	3	-0.41339	Cl	3	-0.688
4	P	-0.112567	4	P	0.109525	P	4	0.65523	P	4	1.886
5	H	0.054957	5	H	0.009667	H	5	-0.04170	H	5	-0.587
6	H	0.054838	6	H	0.009294	H	6	-0.04154	H	6	-0.587
7	H	0.058871	7	H	-0.031880	H	7	-0.04083	H	7	-0.587
8	P	-0.057899	8	P	-0.051974	P	8	0.56854	P	8	1.865
9	H	0.052568	9	H	0.036445	H	9	-0.03641	H	9	-0.584
10	H	0.091368	10	H	0.080801	H	10	0.00054	H	10	-0.549
11	H	0.077658	11	H	0.053556	H	11	-0.01311	H	11	-0.562
12	P	-0.057939	12	P	-0.061121	P	12	0.56847	P	12	1.865
13	H	0.091385	13	H	0.083696	H	13	0.00055	H	13	-0.549
14	H	0.077582	14	H	0.056573	H	14	-0.01318	H	14	-0.562
15	H	0.052627	15	H	0.037873	H	15	-0.03635	H	15	-0.584



# 8. Looking at LUMO - same machinery, but must not use "NaturalOrbitals" keyword in guess

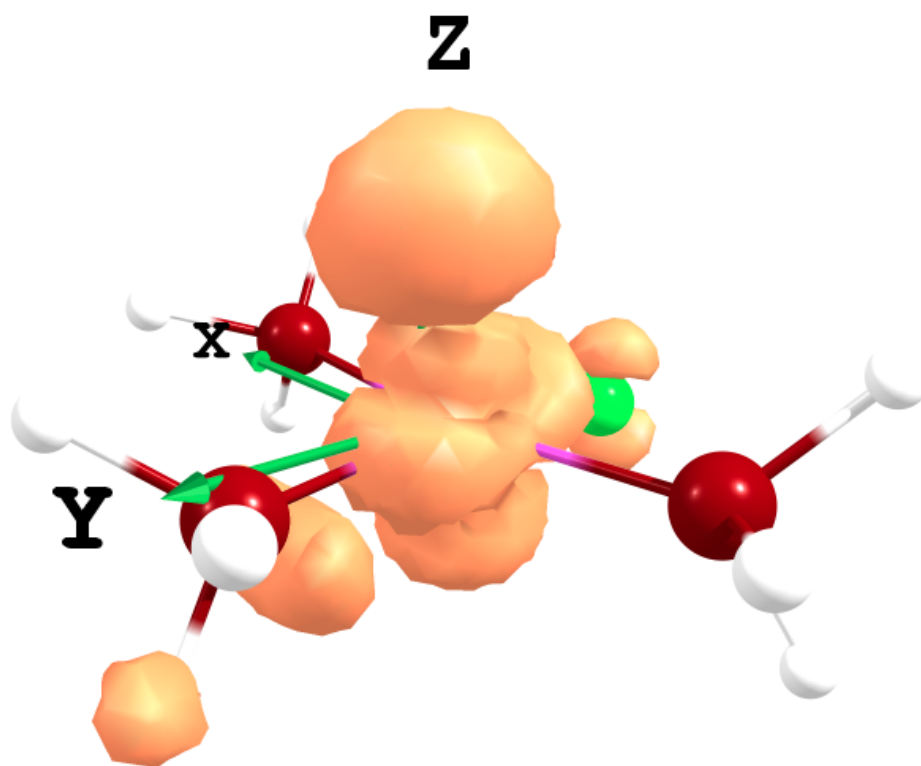
```
%oldchk=RuP3HCl_mini_trans_CCSD_BS4_natorb
%chk=RuP3HCl_mini_trans_CCSD_BS4_LUMO
#p uhf chkbasis geom(check,nodistance)
guess(check,only,save) Pop(Full,NPA,MKUFF)
Output(WFX)
```

LUMO orbital

-1 2

RuP3HCl\_mini\_trans\_CCSD\_BS4\_LUMO.wfx

Render the SPIN DENSITY (considerably slower process - map points per Å is 5, Map size = 1 - check save cube file only if you really need the orbital plot - contour value for spin density plot 0.003 - 1/10 of orbital contour)



Ru 4dyz + H s + Cl 3pz + P-H s

Spin densities describe the single unoccupied/occupied orbital composition

Mulliken:	ESP:	NPA:	AIM:
1 Ru 0.560938	1 Ru 0.784	Ru 1 0.507	Ru 1 0.594
2 H 0.235051	2 H 0.192	H 2 0.337	H 2 0.258
3 Cl 0.049962	3 Cl 0.041	Cl 3 0.061	Cl 3 0.049
4 P 0.083378	4 P 0.124	P 4 0.078	P 4 -0.008
5 H -0.000079	5 H -0.028	H 5 -0.002	H 5 0.020
6 H -0.000067	6 H -0.028	H 6 -0.002	H 6 0.020
7 H 0.017620	7 H 0.009	H 7 0.023	H 7 0.039
8 P 0.019881	8 P -0.098	P 8 -0.009	P 8 -0.064
9 H 0.000250	9 H 0.016	H 9 -0.001	H 9 0.023
10 H 0.002375	10 H 0.013	H 10 0.004	H 10 0.027
11 H 0.004076	11 H 0.025	H 11 0.005	H 11 0.028
12 P 0.019908	12 P -0.130	P 12 -0.009	P 12 -0.063
13 H 0.002368	13 H 0.021	H 13 0.004	H 13 0.027
14 H 0.004094	14 H 0.034	H 14 0.005	H 14 0.029
15 H 0.000246	15 H 0.024	H 15 -0.001	H 15 0.023
	from difference to GS	from difference to GS	from difference to GS

	1	Ru	-0.472040	Ru	1	-1.84761	Ru	1	-0.226
	2	H	-0.359975	H	2	-0.15319	H	2	-0.403
	3	Cl	-0.517935	Cl	3	-0.47420	Cl	3	-0.737
	4	P	-0.014866	P	4	0.57758	P	4	1.894
	5	H	0.037536	H	5	-0.04012	H	5	-0.607
	6	H	0.037497	H	6	-0.03993	H	6	-0.607
	7	H	-0.040561	H	7	-0.06428	H	7	-0.626
	8	P	0.046265	P	8	0.57771	P	8	1.929
	9	H	0.019987	H	9	-0.03557	H	9	-0.606
	10	H	0.067694	H	10	-0.00304	H	10	-0.576
	11	H	0.028850	H	11	-0.01817	H	11	-0.590
	12	P	0.068725	P	12	0.57762	P	12	1.929
	13	H	0.062458	H	13	-0.00302	H	13	-0.576
	14	H	0.022162	H	14	-0.01827	H	14	-0.590
	15	H	0.014202	H	15	-0.03551	H	15	-0.606

Atom	No	Natural Electron Configuration
Ru	1	[core]5s(-0.01)4d( 0.49)5p( 0.10)5d(-0.04)4f(-0.03)6p(-0.01)6d(-0.01)
Ru	1	[core]5S( 0.00)4d( 2.00)5p( 0.00)5d( 0.00) ionic only bonding Ru(0) effectively Ru+2 theoretically )
H	2	1s( 0.34)2s(-0.01)
Cl	3	[core]3s( 0.02)3p( 0.06)3d(-0.09)4s(-0.01)4p(-0.02)4f( 0.01)
P	4	[core]3p( 0.04)3d( 0.09)3d(-0.03)4p(-0.01)4f(-0.01)
H	5	1S( 0.01)2S(-0.01)2p(-0.01)
H	6	1S( 0.01)2S(-0.01)2p(-0.01)
H	7	1S( 0.03)2p(-0.01)
P	8	[core]3S( 0.01)3p( 0.04)3d(-0.03)4p(-0.01)4f(-0.01)
H	9	1S(-0.01)2p(-0.01)
H	10	1S(-0.01)2p(-0.01)
H	11	1S(-0.02)2p(-0.01)
P	12	[core]3S( 0.01)3p( 0.04)3d(-0.03)4p(-0.01)4f(-0.01)
H	13	1S(-0.01)2p(-0.01)
H	14	1S( 0.00)2p(-0.01)
H	15	1S(-0.01)2p(-0.01)

The ground state NPA electron configuration is pretty messed up that results in lots of small negative values.

From difference between the reduced below and the ground state from above

Atom	No	Natural Electron Configuration
Ru	1	[core]5S( 0.45)4d( 8.41)5p( 0.97)5d( 0.03)
H	2	1S( 1.15)
Cl	3	[core]3S( 1.87)3p( 5.59)3d( 0.01)4p( 0.01)
P	4	[core]3S( 1.29)3p( 3.06)3d( 0.06)4p( 0.01)
H	5	1S( 1.04)
H	6	1S( 1.04)
H	7	1S( 1.06)
P	8	[core]3S( 1.31)3p( 3.05)3d( 0.05)4p( 0.01)
H	9	1S( 1.03)
H	10	1S( 1.00)
H	11	1S( 1.02)
P	12	[core]3S( 1.31)3p( 3.05)3d( 0.05)4p( 0.01)
H	13	1S( 1.00)
H	14	1S( 1.02)
H	15	1S( 1.03)

Workaround - is to take the NPA Spin alpha/Spin 1 density and subtract from it the NPA Spin beta/Spin 2 density

Atom	No	Natural Alpha Electron Configuration
-----		
Ru	1	[core]4d( 1.95)6s( 0.23)5d( 0.96)6p( 0.51)6d( 1.52)
H	2	1s( 0.73)
Cl	3	[core]3p( 0.98)4s( 0.94)3d( 0.01)4p( 1.84)
P	4	[core]3p( 0.94)4s( 0.66)4p( 0.62)4d( 0.03)
H	5	3s( 0.52)
H	6	3s( 0.52)
H	7	3s( 0.54)
P	8	[core]3p( 0.93)4s( 0.66)4d( 0.02)5p( 0.60)
H	9	3s( 0.52)
H	10	3s( 0.50)
H	11	3s( 0.51)
P	12	[core]3p( 0.93)4s( 0.66)4d( 0.02)5p( 0.60)
H	13	3s( 0.50)
H	14	3s( 0.51)
H	15	3s( 0.52)

Atom	No	Natural Beta Electron Configuration
-----		
Ru	1	[core]4d( 1.82)6s( 0.23)5d( 0.95)6p( 0.46)6d( 1.26)
H	2	1s( 0.42)
Cl	3	[core]3p( 0.95)4s( 0.93)4p( 1.82)
P	4	[core]3p( 0.93)4s( 0.63)4p( 0.57)4d( 0.03)
H	5	3s( 0.52)
H	6	3s( 0.52)
H	7	3s( 0.52)
P	8	[core]3p( 0.93)4s( 0.65)4d( 0.02)5p( 0.59)
H	9	3s( 0.52)
H	10	3s( 0.50)
H	11	3s( 0.50)
P	12	[core]3p( 0.93)4s( 0.65)4d( 0.02)5p( 0.60)
H	13	3s( 0.50)
H	14	3s( 0.50)
H	15	3s( 0.52)

Atom	No	Natural Electron Configuration	
-----			
Ru	1	[core]4d( 0.13)5d( 0.01)6p( 0.05)6d( 0.26)	
( Ru	1	[core]5s( 0.00)4d( 2.00)5p( 0.00)5d( 0.00)	ionic only bonding
H	2	1s( 0.31)	
Cl	3	[core]3p( 0.01)4s( 0.01)3d( 0.01)4p( 0.02)	
P	4	[core]3p( 0.01)4s( 0.03)4p( 0.05)	
H	5	1s( 0.00)	
H	6	1s( 0.00)	
H	7	1s( 0.02)	
P	8	[core]4s( 0.01)5p( 0.01)	
H	9	1s( 0.00)	
H	10	1s( 0.00)	
H	11	1s( 0.01)	
P	12	[core]4s( 0.01)	
H	13	1s( 0.00)	
H	14	1s( 0.01)	
H	15	1s( 0.00)	

Ru(0) effectively

Ru+2 theoretically )

9. Looking at LUMO+1 - same machinery, , but must not use “NaturalOrbitals” keyword in guess  
note that orbital rotations need to be minimized to avoid artifacts in total density (in AIM analysis)

```
%oldchk=RuP3HCl_mini_trans_CCSD_BS4_natorb
%chk=RuP3HCl_mini_trans_CCSD_BS4_LUMO+1
#p uhf chkbasis geom(check,nodistance)
guess(check,only,alter,save) Pop(Full,NPA,MKUFF) Output(WFX)
```

LUMO+1 orbital

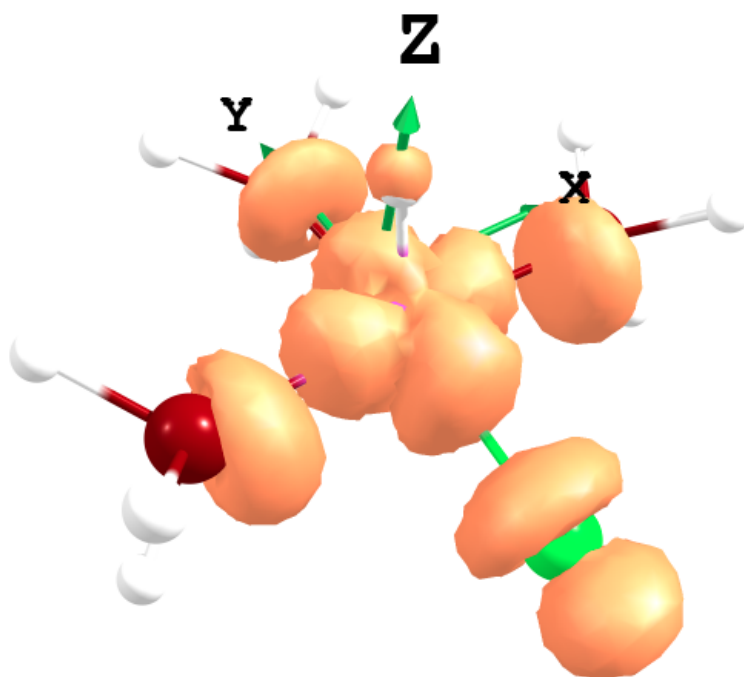
-1 2

45 46

45 46

RuP3HCl\_mini\_trans\_CCSD\_BS4\_LUMO+1.wfx

Render the SPIN DENSITY (considerably slower process - map points per Å is 5, Map size = 1 - check save cube file only if you really need the orbital plot - contour value for spin density plot 0.003 - 1/10 of orbital contour)



$\text{Ru } 4d_{x^2-y^2} + \text{P } 3p_x + \text{Cl } 3p_y$

Spin densities describe the single unoccupied/occupied orbital composition

Mulliken:			ESP:			NPA:			AIM:		
1	Ru	0.566541	1	Ru	0.539	Ru	1	0.444	Ru	1	0.673
2	H	0.016167	2	H	0.026	H	2	0.026	H	2	0.021
3	Cl	0.128054	3	Cl	0.156	Cl	3	0.152	Cl	3	0.111
4	P	0.070502	4	P	0.055	P	4	0.092	P	4	-0.020
5	H	0.005051	5	H	0.010	H	5	0.003	H	5	0.023
6	H	0.005046	6	H	0.010	H	6	0.003	H	6	0.023
7	H	0.001229	7	H	-0.004	H	7	-0.001	H	7	0.020
8	P	0.090547	8	P	0.114	P	8	0.130	P	8	0.003
9	H	0.000837	9	H	-0.011	H	9	0.000	H	9	0.021
10	H	0.005763	10	H	0.000	H	10	0.005	H	10	0.025
11	H	0.006595	11	H	0.003	H	11	0.006	H	11	0.026
12	P	0.090482	12	P	0.096	P	12	0.130	P	12	0.004
13	H	0.005774	13	H	0.005	H	13	0.005	H	13	0.025
14	H	0.006578	14	H	0.008	H	14	0.006	H	14	0.026
15	H	0.000834	15	H	-0.007	H	15	0.000	H	15	0.021

	from difference to GS			from difference to GS			from difference to GS		
	1	Ru	-0.226859	Ru	1	-1.78441	Ru	1	-0.305
	2	H	-0.193328	H	2	0.15722	H	2	-0.166
	3	Cl	-0.633154	Cl	3	-0.56503	Cl	3	-0.800
	4	P	0.054634	P	4	0.56361	P	4	1.906
	5	H	-0.000101	H	5	-0.04460	H	5	-0.610
	6	H	-0.000456	H	6	-0.04446	H	6	-0.610
	7	H	-0.028352	H	7	-0.04005	H	7	-0.607
	8	P	-0.166204	P	8	0.43823	P	8	1.862
	9	H	0.047078	H	9	-0.03663	H	9	-0.604
	10	H	0.080907	H	10	-0.00400	H	10	-0.574
	11	H	0.051012	H	11	-0.01875	H	11	-0.587
	12	P	-0.156666	P	12	0.43825	P	12	1.862
	13	H	0.078212	H	13	-0.00400	H	13	-0.574
	14	H	0.048485	H	14	-0.01881	H	14	-0.588
	15	H	0.044794	H	15	-0.03657	H	15	-0.604

Skipping total density based analysis due to the ground state electron configuration issues

Workaround - is to take the NPA Spin alpha/Spin 1 density and subtract from it the NPA Spin beta/Spin 2 density

Atom	No	Natural Alpha Electron Configuration
-----		
Ru	1	[core]4d( 1.82)5p( 0.17)6S( 0.23)5d( 0.95)6p( 0.28)6d( 1.67)
H	2	1S( 0.43)
Cl	3	[core]3S( 0.01)3p( 0.95)4S( 0.96)3d( 0.01)4p( 1.92)
P	4	[core]3p( 0.93)4S( 0.68)4p( 0.63)4d( 0.03)
H	5	3S( 0.52)
H	6	3S( 0.52)
H	7	3S( 0.52)
P	8	[core]3p( 0.93)4S( 0.72)4d( 0.02)5p( 0.68)
H	9	2S( 0.52)
H	10	3S( 0.50)
H	11	3S( 0.51)
P	12	[core]3p( 0.93)4S( 0.72)4d( 0.02)5p( 0.68)
H	13	3S( 0.50)
H	14	3S( 0.51)
H	15	2S( 0.52)

Atom	No	Natural Electron Configuration
-----		
Ru	1	[core]4d( 1.82)5p( 0.16)6S( 0.23)5d( 0.95)6p( 0.27)6d( 1.26)
H	2	1S( 0.41)
Cl	3	[core]3p( 0.95)4S( 0.94)4p( 1.83)
P	4	[core]3p( 0.93)4S( 0.63)4p( 0.58)4d( 0.03)
H	5	3S( 0.52)
H	6	3S( 0.52)
H	7	3S( 0.52)
P	8	[core]3p( 0.93)4S( 0.66)4d( 0.02)5p( 0.60)
H	9	2S( 0.52)
H	10	3S( 0.50)
H	11	3S( 0.50)
P	12	[core]3p( 0.93)4S( 0.66)4d( 0.02)5p( 0.60)
H	13	3S( 0.50)
H	14	3S( 0.50)
H	15	2S( 0.52)

Atom	No	Natural Electron Configuration	
<hr/>			
Ru	1	[core]5p( 0.01)6p( 0.01)6d( 0.41)	
			Ru(0) effectively
( Ru	1	[core]5s( 0.00)4d( 2.00)5p( 0.00)5d( 0.00)	ionic only bonding
			Ru+2 theoretically )
H	2	1s( 0.02)	
Cl	3	[core]3s( 0.01)3p( 0.01)4s( 0.02)3d( 0.01)4p( 0.09)	
P	4	[core]4s( 0.05)4p( 0.05)	
H	5	1s( 0.00)	
H	6	1s( 0.00)	
H	7	1s( 0.00)	
P	8	[core]4s( 0.06)5p( 0.08)	
H	9	1s( 0.00)	
H	10	1s( 0.00)	
H	11	1s( 0.00)	
P	12	[core]4s( 0.06)5p( 0.08)	
H	13	1s( 0.00)	
H	14	1s( 0.01)	
H	15	1s( 0.00)	

# Summary of electronic structure analysis

## Total density-based properties (atomic charges)

	MPA	ESP	NPA	AIM
Ru	0.15	0.31	-1.34	<b>0.37</b>
H (hydride)	0.01	-0.17	0.18	<b>-0.15</b>
Cl	-0.54	-0.48	-0.41	<b>-0.69</b>
P trans to Cl	-0.11	0.11	0.66	<b>1.89</b>
P trans to P	-0.06	-0.06	0.57	<b>1.87</b>

## Component of the density-based properties (orbital composition)

LUMO	MPA	ESP	NPA		AIM
Ru	56%	78%	51%	4d( 0.40)5p( 0.05)	<b>59%</b>
H (hydride)	24%	19%	34%	1s( 0.31)	<b>26%</b>
Cl	5%	4%	6%	3s( 0.01)3p( 0.03)3d( 0.01)	<b>5%</b>
P trans to Cl	8%	12%	8%	3s( 0.03)3p( 0.06)	<b>-1%</b>
P trans to P	2%	-19%	-1%	3s( 0.01)3p( 0.01)	<b>-6%</b>

LUMO+1	MPA	ESP	NPA		AIM
Ru	56%	54%	44%	4d( 0.)5p( 0.)6p( 0.)	<b>67%</b>
H (hydride)	2%	3%	3%	1s( 0.)2s( 0.)	<b>2%</b>
Cl	13%	16%	15%	3s( 0.)3p( 0.)	<b>11%</b>
P trans to Cl	7%	6%	1%	3s( 0.)3p( 0.)3d( 0.)	<b>-2%</b>
P trans to P	9%	10%	13%	3s( 0.)3p( 0.)3d( 0.)	<b>0%</b>