

PyROOT

Automatic Python bindings for ROOT

Enric Tejedor, Stefan Wunsch, Guilherme Amadio
for the ROOT team

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ROOT
Data Analysis Framework
<https://root.cern>



- ▶ Introduction: What is PyROOT?
- ▶ New Features
 - In 6.14: Interoperability with Numpy
 - Coming soon: PyRDataFrame
- ▶ Experimental PyROOT
- ▶ Future Plans
 - Python 2 & Python 3
 - User Pythonizations
 - Cppyy on Cling

Introduction

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- ▶ Python bindings offered by ROOT
 - Created by Wim Lavrijsen
- ▶ Access all the ROOT C++ functionality from Python
 - Python façade, C++ performance
- ▶ Automatic, dynamic
 - No static wrapper generation
 - Dynamic python proxies for C++ entities
 - Lazy class/variable lookup
- ▶ Powered by the ROOT type system and Cling
 - Reflection information, JIT C++ compilation, execution
- ▶ Pythonizations
 - Make it simpler, more pythonic



A Concrete Example

▶ Automatic bindings + Pythonizations

```
import ROOT
f = ROOT.TFile('myfile.root')
t = f.mytree
for event in t:
    ...
```

TFile is a (dynamic) Python proxy of a C++ class

f is a (dynamic) Python proxy of a C++ object

Pythonization: access tree as an attribute

Pythonization: iterate over tree events in a Pythonic way



C++ to Python Mapping

C++	Python
basic_types: short, int, long, float, double, std::string, char*, ...	int, [long], float, str
basic_type*, C-array	array (module)
class, template class	class, class generator
STL classes	std.vector, std.list, std.shared_ptr, ...
inheritance, dynamic_cast	inheritance, always final type
namespace	scope (dictionary)
pointer, reference	reference
exceptions	exceptions



- ▶ The ROOT team has increased the effort in PyROOT
 - We are aware of the importance of Python for HEP!
- ▶ Main objective is to improve PyROOT in three ways:
 1. **Modernize PyROOT** with a new implementation on top of Cppyy
 2. Consolidate current PyROOT: add **new features**, fix issues
 3. Support better **interoperability** with data science Python ecosystem (e.g. NumPy)

New Features in 6.14

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- ▶ Zero-copy C++ to NumPy array conversion
 - Objects with contiguous data (std::vector, RVec)
 - Pythonization: tell NumPy about data and shape

New in 6.14

```
import ROOT
import numpy as np

vec = ROOT.std.vector('int')(2)
arr = np.asarray(vec) # zero-copy operation
vec[0], vec[1] = 1, 2 ← Memory adopted!

assert arr[0] == 1 and arr[1] == 2 ←
```



- ▶ Read a TTree into a NumPy array
 - Branches of arithmetic types

New in 6.14

```
myTree # Contains branches x and y of type float

# Convert to numpy array and apply numpy methods
myArray = myTree.AsMatrix()
m = np.mean(myArray, axis = 0)

# Read only specific branches, specify output type
xAsInts = myTree.AsMatrix(columns = ['x'], dtype = 'int')
```

Forthcoming Features

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Forthcoming Features

- ▶ RDataFrame to NumPy
 - All RDataFrame operations available
 - Implicit parallelism

```
from ROOT.ROOT import RDataFrame
```

```
df = RDataFrame('myTree', 'file.root')
```

JITted C++ expression

```
# Apply cuts, define new columns
```

```
df = df.Filter('x > 0').Define('z', 'x*y')
```

```
np_arr = df.AsMatrix()
```



Forthcoming Features (II)

- ▶ Use Python callables in RDataFrame
 - For Filter and Define operations
 - Implementation with Numba to JIT Python code?

```
df = RDataFrame('myTree', 'file.root')  
  
df.Filter('x > 0') # Already possible, jitted C++ expression  
  
def my_cut(x):  
    return x > 0  
  
df.Filter(my_cut, ['x']) # Uses Python callable
```

The New PyROOT

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The New PyROOT

- ▶ A new (experimental) PyROOT implementation is in the making
 - Already available in ROOT master ([link](#))
 - `-Dpyroot_experimental=ON`
- ▶ Based on current Cppyy
 - Set of packages for automatic Python-C++ binding generation
 - Forked from PyROOT by Wim Lavrijsen
- ▶ Goal: benefit from all the new features of Cppyy
- ▶ ROOT-specific Pythonizations added on top
 - A few available at the moment, more will come



The New Structure

PyROOT

User API

ROOT Pythonizations

Cppyy

Automatic Bindings:
Proxy Creation,
Type Conversion
(Python/C API)

STL
Pythonizations

ROOT & Cling

Reflection Info,
Execution

ROOT Type System
(TClass, TMethod, ...)



New PyROOT: Lambdas

- ▶ Possible to use C++ lambdas from Python

```
>>> import ROOT
>>> ROOT.gInterpreter.ProcessLine(
"auto mylambda = [](int i) { std::cout << i << std::endl; };")
140518947094560L
>>> ROOT.mylambda
<cppyy.gbl.function<void(int)>* object at 0x35f9570>
>>> ROOT.mylambda(2)
2
```



New PyROOT: Variadic Templates

- ▶ Support for variadic template arguments of functions

```
>>> import ROOT
>>> ROOT.gInterpreter.ProcessLine("""
template<typename... myTypes>
int f() { return sizeof...(myTypes); }
""")
0L
>>> ROOT.f['int', 'double', 'void*']()
3
```

Future Plans

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- ▶ PyROOT supports both versions
 - Also the new PyROOT
- ▶ Not in our plans to discontinue support for Python2
 - At least in the next few years
 - However, end of life for Py2 is very close (2020)
- ▶ Building ROOT: we will remove the limitation of one Python version per build
 - If requested, PyROOT libraries will be generated for both Py2 and Py3



More on Pythonizations

- ▶ **User Pythonizations:** allow ROOT users to define pythonizations for their own classes
 - Lazily executed

```
@pythonization('MyCppClass')  
def my_pythonizor_function(klass):  
    # Inject new behaviour in the class  
    klass.some_attr = ...
```

Python proxy of the class

- ▶ Additional Python layer for extra features in Python
 - “import ROOTExt”



Medium Term: Cppyy on Cling

- ▶ Both current PyROOT and Cppyy rely on ROOT meta classes (TClass, TMethod, ...)
 - I.e. reflection data from ROOT
- ▶ Not needed: Cppyy could be rebased on top of Cling
 - Use cling and its clang binding directly
 - Access a more powerful API

Summary

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- ▶ PyROOT's automatic Python bindings: unique!
- ▶ The ROOT team is aware of the growing importance of Python in HEP
 - Dedicating more effort to PyROOT
- ▶ Our goal is to modernize PyROOT
 - Modern C++ with Cppyy, new features
- ▶ Pythonizations are key for usability
 - Being tracked for PyROOT experimental: [JIRA item](#)
- ▶ BOF Session @ CHEP: RDataFrame (Wed), join if interested: [link](#)

Backup Slides

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New PyROOT: Move Semantics

- ▶ Support for rvalue reference parameters

```
>>> import ROOT
>>> ROOT.gInterpreter.ProcessLine(
'void myfunction(std::vector<int>&& v) {
    for (auto i : v) std::cout << i << " ";
}')
0L
>>> v = ROOT.std.vector['int'](range(10))
>>> ROOT.myfunction(ROOT.std.move(v))
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
>>> ROOT.myfunction(ROOT.std.vector['int'](range(10)))
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
```