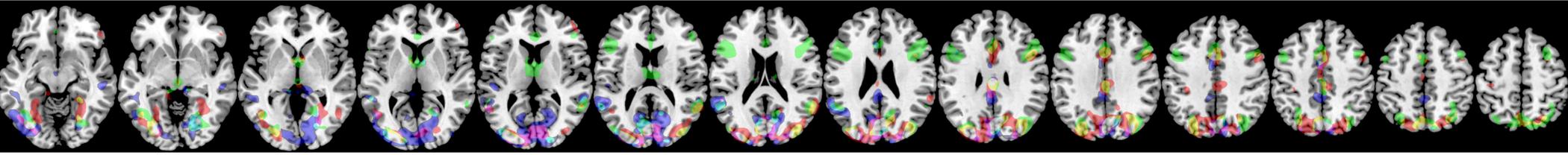


Reproducibility Begins at Home: Surveying Data Management Practices in Neuroimaging

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Background

Because of the cost and complexity of the materials involved, effective research data management (RDM) is essential in human brain imaging (neuroimaging) research. Open science practices, including the regular sharing of data, code, and other materials have also been widely discussed as the field grapples with questions related to the rigor and reproducibility of its methods. However, comprehensive information about how active researchers manage and share their data over the course of a neuroimaging research project has - until recently - remained largely anecdotal.

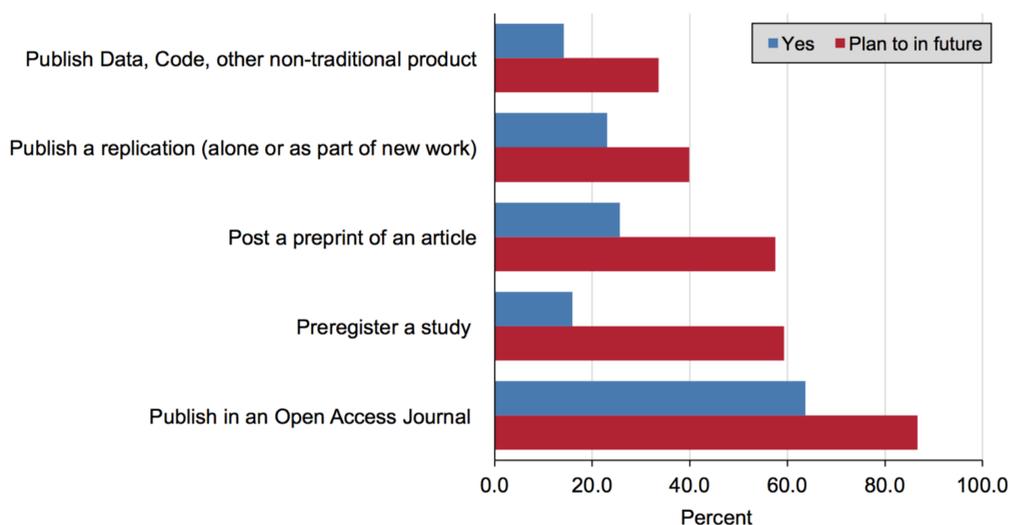
Results

A total of 144 neuroimaging researchers participated in our survey. Participants were a mix of trainees (graduate students and post-docs) and faculty and were affiliated with a range of academic disciplines, with the most common being cognitive neuroscience.

RDM limits and motivations

		Data Collection	Data Analysis	Data Sharing
Limits	The amount of time it takes	69.60%	71.30%	79.46%
	Lack of best practices	43.20%	48.70%	49.11%
	Lack of incentives	36.80%	32.18%	37.50%
	Lack of knowledge	32.80%	40.87%	41.07%
	The financial cost	17.60%	8.70%	22.32%
	Other	7.20%	6.09%	5.36%
	Motivations	Prevent loss of data	100.00%	85.83%
Ensure access for collaborators		76.80%	73.33%	70.53%
Openness and reproducibility		63.20%	64.17%	66.96%
Institutional data policy		52.00%	39.17%	47.32%
Publisher/funder mandates		35.20%	28.33%	41.96%
Availability of tools		12.00%	9.17%	8.93%
Other		3.20%	3.30%	0.00%

Emerging Practices



Methods

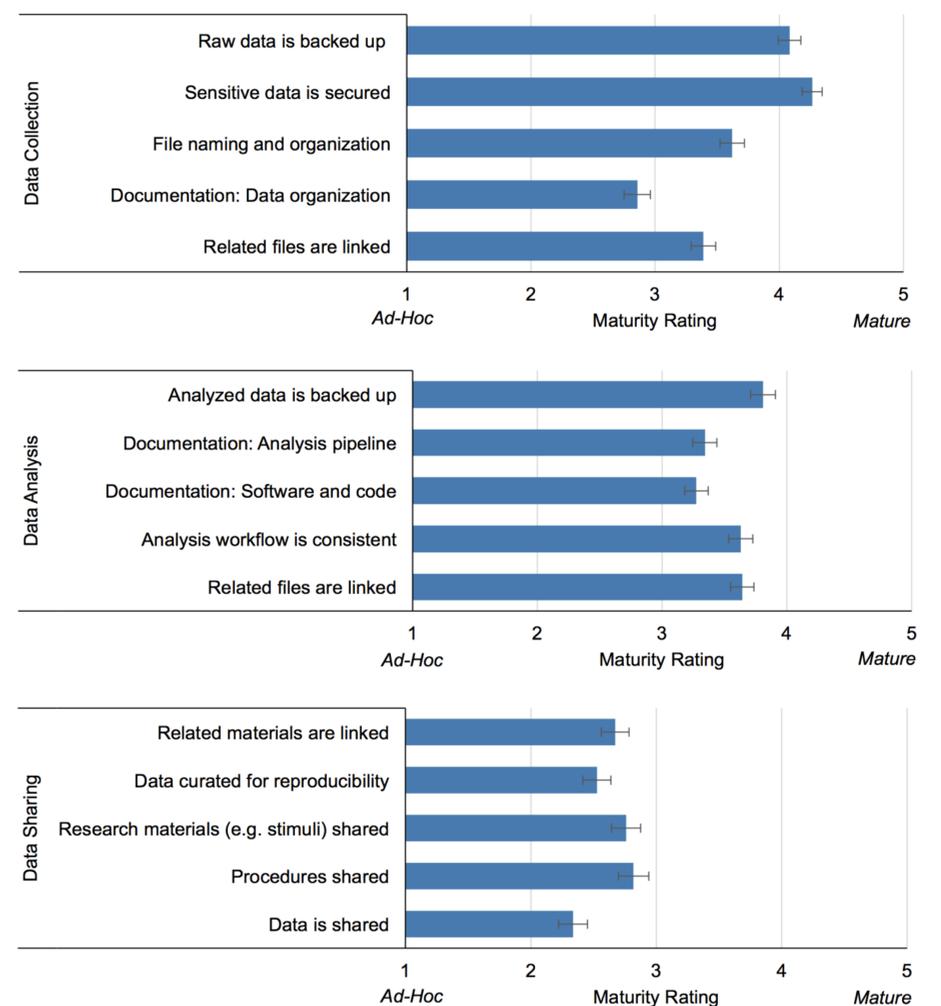
In order to understand the RDM-related practices and perceptions of neuroimaging researchers, we designed and disseminated a survey structured around the progression of a research project involving magnetic resonance imaging (MRI). Questions addressed how data is saved, organized, and shared, the use of software tools, the perceived maturity of RDM-related practices, and the adoption of emerging scholarly communication practices. A total of 144 active neuroimaging researchers completed the survey, which was open June through September, 2017.

Open Materials

Our survey and dataset are openly available via figshare. For additional analysis and discussion, see our bioRxiv preprint.



Self Report RDM Maturity Ratings



About the brain images: The two sets of brain slices on this poster were created using open materials from Neurovault (<https://neurovault.org>). Illustrating the importance of RDM in brain imaging, the data underlying these images can not be interpreted, reproduced, or re-used without access to extensive documentation related to the characteristics of study participants and image acquisition, processing, and analysis parameters.

