

# TruthHelper – Predicates for selecting particles

## release 5.3.0 and later

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The installed library TruthHelper in `Generators/GenAnalysisTools/TruthHelper` provides a set of predicates that can be used in order to select particles of certain types. It runs against the HepMC events that are produced either by `GeneratorModules` or `GenzModule` and hides the complex status codes from the user.

The available predicates are as follows

- `IsGenerator` returns true on particles that were part of the event that came from the event generator. Particles produced by Geant are returned false
- `IsGenNonInteracting` returns true on neutrinos and other non interacting particles such as those from supersymmetry. It returns a complete list including any geant secondaries. It has more particles than results from the combination of `IsGenStable` and a subsequent selection on the `IsGenNonInteracting` PDG ID codes.
- `IsGenStable` returns true on all stable particles. In the case of events from `GenzModule` these are all the particles that are passed as input to Geant as either non-interacting or as particles that are subsequently interact and decay in Geant
- `IsGenSimulStable` returns true on all stable particles during generation and simulation
- `IsGenInteracting` is a subset of `IsGenStable` that excludes non interacting particles. It includes electrons, photons, muons, and hadrons that are considered as input to geant such as pions, kaons and  $K_L$ .
- `IsGenType` allows a list of PDG ID codes to be specified and returns true on all the particles in the record (independent of their status codes) that have these the specified code (or its negative) For example code 11 would return all electrons and positrons including those from Geant showers. Code 24 would find all the W bosons, (including any made as documentaries which may not be physical)
- `IsConversion` returns true for the particles that convert into the  $e^+e^-$  pair
- `isBremsstrahlung` returns true for the input particles in the Bremsstrahlung process

An example of the use of these predicates can be found in `GeneratorModules/src/TruthDemo.cxx` which makes a histogram of all the stables and shows that the total energy of these is the CM energy of the PP collision. The critical code parts are

```
StatusCode TruthDemo::initialize(){
```

```
.....
```

```
    m_tesIO = new GenAccessIO();
```

which provides access to the event

```
StatusCode TruthDemo::execute() {
```

```
...
```

```
    float totenergy = 0.;
```

```
    float pxbalance = 0.;
```

```
    float pybalance = 0.;
```

```
    // Iterate over MC particles We are using the IsGenStable predicate from  
    IsGenStable ifs;
```

```
    vector<const HepMC::GenParticle*> particles;
```

```
    StatusCode stat = m_tesIO->getMC(particles, &ifs);
```

```
    for (vector<const HepMC::GenParticle*>::iterator pitr = particles.begin();
```

```
        pitr != particles.end(); pitr++) {
```

```
        pxbalance += (*pitr)->momentum().x();
```

```
        pybalance += (*pitr)->momentum().y();
```

```
        totenergy += (*pitr)->momentum().e();
```

which is summing up the momentum and energy of all the stables.