

# Vlasiator test cases technical information

## Dispersion

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This document gives technical information on the Dispersion test case.

### 1 Purpose

Produce dispersion plots. Runs based on Fluctuations in one dimension, with fully periodic boundary conditions. The tool `v1sv2bzt_[SD]P` extracts the  $(x-t)$ -dataset of any variable, which can then be processed using Scilab or MATLAB to obtain the  $(k-\omega)$  plot. The `Dispersion.m` script does this, using `Hamming.m` for windowing in time if wanted.

### 2 Implementation

This test uses a gas factory-type system to initialise a consecutive block of cells of random length with the same values. The rationale was to lower the chances of nasty shocks by reducing the number of cell-interface discontinuities. It has actually not been of great help and was conflicting with seeding problems so that actually Fluctuations was used in the production runs for my MSc thesis.

### 3 Options

The options available in the `cfg` file are:

<code>B[XYZ]0</code>	Background magnetic field (T)
<code>rho</code>	Number density ( $\text{m}^{-3}$ )
<code>Temperature</code>	Temperature (K)
<code>magPertAmp</code>	Absolute amplitude of the magnetic field perturbations (T)
<code>densityPertAmp</code>	Relative amplitude of the density perturbations
<code>velocityPertAmp</code>	Absolute amplitude of the velocity perturbations (m/s)
<code>seed</code>	Multiplied by the MPI rank to seed the <code>rand()</code> RNG
<code>sectorSize</code>	Maximal length of a consecutive sector of constant valued cells
<code>nSpaceSamples</code>	Number of sampling points along spatial dimensions within a spatial cell, includes the corners (minimum 2)
<code>nVelocitySamples</code>	Number of sampling points along velocity dimensions within a velocity cell, includes the corners (minimum 2)