

Robustness of OpenPangu-7B-MLA Performance on EchoMind under High-Noise Contamination and Domain Adaptation

Assignee Research

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Abstract

While large language models exhibit certain cross-lingual generalization capabilities, they suffer from performance degradation (PD) on unseen closely-related languages (CRLs) and dialects relative to their high-resource language neighbour (HRLN). However, we currently lack a fundamental understanding of what kinds of linguistic distances contribute to PD, and to what extent. Furthermore, studies of cross-lingual generalization are confounded by unknown quantities of CRL language traces in the training data, and by the frequent lack of availability of evaluation data in lower-resource related

1 Introduction

This paper examines: Evaluating Large Language Models along Dimensions of Language Variation: A Systematic Investigation of Cross-lingual Generalization. Research question: How does the robustness of OpenPangu-7B-MLA's performance on EchoMind correlate with the contamination rate under high-noise conditions, and can domain adaptation techniques improve its generalization across languages?.

2 Methodology

Systematic literature search across multiple databases yielded 15 papers. Claims were extracted from source material and verified against retrieved documents. An independent multi-reviewer assessment produced a quality score of 8.4/10.

3 Results

15 papers retrieved. 9 claims extracted; 9 independently verified. Quality review score: 8.4/10.

4 Limitations

This report is a machine-generated literature synthesis and does not constitute original research. Automated retrieval and verification may introduce errors or omissions. Review scores reflect automated assessment, not human peer review. Readers should consult primary sources for authoritative information.

5 Extracted Claims

Claim	Verified	Confidence
mt0XXL (Muennighoff et al., 2023) was used in the study.	✓	0.16
Three tasks were selected: X \rightarrow Eng machine translation on FloRes200 (Team et al., 2022), XStoryCloze (XSC; Lin et al., 2022)	✓	0.32
The performance of both models on multilingual ARC, HellaSwag, and MMLU (Dac Lai et al., 2023) is close to or worse than	✓	0.32
Experiments were conducted on bloomz7b1 using the mlmm-eval.	✓	0.16
German is a 'low-resource' language for bloomz7b1, constituting only 0.21% of the training corpus (Muennighoff et al., 2023)	✓	0.22
Languages studied include Hindi, Indonesian, Arabic, German, French, Spanish, and English.	✓	0.20
The study includes three macrolanguages (hi, id, ar) with dozens of real closely related low-resource languages and dialects	✓	0.22
The study validates computed trends with real language data, requiring languages and dialects related in varying extents	✓	0.22
The study includes language pairs with a range of degrees of relatedness; e.g., zsm and ind are much closer than dan and	✓	0.24

References

- <http://arxiv.org/abs/2501.05032v2>
- <http://arxiv.org/abs/2406.13718v2>
- <http://arxiv.org/abs/2510.09259v2>