

Read the following chart to learn about the most helpful types of feedback that peer reviews focus on.

Types of Peer Review Feedback

As the Writing Center document on Peer Review indicates, when you peer review a classmate's draft, you are in effect applying your Reading Comprehension skills. You are looking for the writer's main point and exploring whether the ideas are focused, organized, developed, and clearly and effectively conveyed.

Read the following chart to learn about the most helpful types of feedback that peer reviews focus on.

Type of Feedback	Function
Request for Minor Change or Clarification	This helps the writer to identify minor weaknesses like a missing transition or an unclear sentence that needs revising.
Request for Moderate Change	This helps the writer to identify more serious concerns like missing examples, details, and information.
Request for Major Change	This helps the writer to see where the most serious weaknesses are, like an unclear or unfocused or unlimited thesis, or it may help the writer to see where paragraph information is irrelevant to the thesis and should be removed.
Editing Alert	This helps the writer to identify grammar and punctuation errors that will need attention.

CMO107M3 Reading – Part 3

Revising and Editing Your Writing

Successful writers understand that revising is an integral part of the writing process. It is important for authors to spend the majority of their time revising their texts. Revising and editing are two separate processes that are often used interchangeably by novice writers. Revising requires a significant alteration in a piece of writing, such as enriching the content, or giving the piece clarity; editing, however, is not as involved and would include fixing typos and grammatical errors. Although editing can be a part of this process, revising generally involves changes that concern bigger issues, such as content and organization. While revising, a writer might notice that one idea needs to be developed more thoroughly, and another idea omitted. The writer might decide that rearranging paragraphs will provide clarity and support for their argument, strengthening the paper as a whole. Writers should also change grammar and punctuation while revising, but if that is all they are doing then they are simply editing.