

Paper XXXVII: Mathematical Notation and Symbol Glossary for 3D+3D Theory

A Complete Reference Guide to the Mathematical Language of Six-Dimensional Spacetime

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Abstract

This document provides a comprehensive glossary of all mathematical symbols, conventions, and notation used throughout the 3D+3D discrete spacetime theory papers (I-XXXVI). We organize symbols by category: coordinates and indices, metric components, fundamental constants, Q-field quantities, characteristic scales, coupling parameters, operators, and cosmological quantities. Each entry includes the symbol, name, definition, units, typical values, and the paper where it first appears. This reference is intended to make the theory accessible to researchers from diverse backgrounds and to ensure consistent notation across all publications.

Keywords: notation, glossary, mathematical symbols, reference guide, 3D+3D theory

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1. Coordinates and Indices

1.1 Spacetime Coordinates

Symbol	Name	Definition	Range	Paper
X^A	6D coordinates	Full spacetime position	$A = 0,1,2,3,4,5$	I
x^μ	4D coordinates	Observable spacetime	$\mu = 0,1,2,3$	I
t	Cosmic time	Observable time coordinate	$(-\infty, +\infty)$	I
x, y, z	Spatial coordinates	Observable space	$(-\infty, +\infty)$	I
	Second time	First compactified temporal dimension	$[0, 2 L]$	I
	Third time	Second compactified temporal dimension	$[0, 2 L]$	I
r	Radial coordinate	Distance from galactic center	$[0, \infty)$	II
θ, ϕ	Angular coordinates	Spherical angles	$[0, \pi], [0, 2\pi)$	II

1.2 Index Conventions

Symbol	Name	Range	Usage
A, B, C, \dots	6D indices	$0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5$	Full spacetime tensors
$\mu, \nu, \rho, \sigma, \dots$	4D spacetime indices	$0, 1, 2, 3$	Observable spacetime
i, j, k, \dots	3D spatial indices	$1, 2, 3$	Spatial tensors
I, J, K, \dots	Internal indices	$4, 5$	Compact dimensions
a, b, c, \dots	Internal (alternative)	$4, 5$	Compact space tensors
α, β, \dots	Spinor indices	$1, 2, 3, 4$	Dirac spinors

1.3 Coordinate Shorthand

Symbol	Meaning	Explicit Form
d^6x	6D volume element	$dt dx dy dz d\theta d\phi$
d^4x	4D volume element	$dt dx dy dz$
d^2	Internal volume element	$d\theta d\phi$
d^3x	Spatial volume element	$dx dy dz$

2. Metric and Geometry

2.1 Metric Tensors

Symbol	Name	Definition	Signature	Paper
g_{AB}	6D metric	Full spacetime metric	$(-, +, +, +, -, -)$	I

Symbol	Name	Definition	Signature	Paper
g_{-}	4D metric	Observable spacetime metric	$(-,+,+,+)$	I
$_{IJ}$	Internal metric	Metric on T^2	$(-, -)$	I
$_{AB}$	6D Minkowski	Flat 6D metric	$(-,+,+,+,-,-)$	I
$_{-}$	4D Minkowski	Flat 4D metric	$(-,+,+,+)$	I
$g_{-}^{\wedge}(\text{ind})$	Induced metric	Metric on brane	$(-,+,+,+)$	XXII
h_{AB}	Metric perturbation	$g_{AB} = \bar{g}_{AB} + h_{AB}$	—	II

2.2 Metric Ansatz

The general 6D metric in the 3D+3D framework:

$$g_{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} g_{\mu\nu} + A_{\mu}^I A_{\nu}^J \gamma_{IJ} & A_{\mu}^I \gamma_{IJ} \\ A_{\nu}^J \gamma_{IJ} & \gamma_{IJ} \end{pmatrix}$$

Simplified form ($A^{\wedge}I_{-} = 0$):

$$g_{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} g_{\mu\nu} & 0 \\ 0 & \gamma_{IJ} \end{pmatrix}$$

2.3 Curvature Quantities

Symbol	Name	Definition	Paper
R_{-6}	6D Ricci scalar	$g^{\wedge}\{AB\} R_{AB}$	I
R_{-4}	4D Ricci scalar	$g^{\wedge}\{ \} R_{-}$	I
R_{-2}	Internal Ricci scalar	$^{\wedge}\{IJ\} R_{IJ}$ (= 0 for flat T^2)	I
R_{ABCD}	6D Riemann tensor	Full curvature tensor	I
R_{AB}	6D Ricci tensor	$R^{\wedge}C_{ACB}$	I
G_{AB}	6D Einstein tensor	$R_{AB} - \frac{1}{2} g_{AB} R_{-6}$	I
K_{-}	Extrinsic curvature	Brane embedding curvature	XXII

2.4 Geometric Objects

Symbol	Name	Definition	Paper
$\Gamma^{\wedge}A_{BC}$	Christoffel symbols	$\frac{1}{2} g^{\wedge}\{AD\} (_B g_{CD} + _C g_{BD} - _D g_{BC})$	I
$\sqrt{(-g_{-6})}$	6D volume factor	$\sqrt{}$	$\det(g_{AB})$
$\sqrt{(-g_{-4})}$	4D volume factor	$\sqrt{}$	$\det(g_{-})$
V_{int}	Internal volume	$d^2 \sqrt{}$	

3. Fundamental Constants

3.1 Natural Constants

Symbol	Name	Value	Units	Paper
c	Speed of light	2.998×10^8	m/s	I
	Reduced Planck constant	1.055×10^{-34}	J · s	I
G_N	Newton's constant	6.674×10^{-11}	m ³ /(kg · s ²)	I
k_B	Boltzmann constant	1.381×10^{-23}	J/K	VII

3.2 Planck Units

Symbol	Name	Definition	Value	Paper
M_P	Planck mass	$\sqrt{(\hbar c/G_N)}$	2.176×10^{-8} kg	I
M_Pl	Reduced Planck mass	$M_P/\sqrt{8\pi}$	2.435×10^{-8} GeV	I
l_P	Planck length	$\sqrt{(\hbar G_N/c^3)}$	1.616×10^{-35} m	I
t_P	Planck time	$\sqrt{(\hbar G_N/c^5)}$	5.391×10^{-44} s	I
E_P	Planck energy	$\sqrt{(\hbar c^5/G_N)}$	1.956×10^{9} J	I

3.3 6D Constants

Symbol	Name	Definition	Value	Paper
M_6	6D Planck mass	$(M_{Pl}^2/V_{int})^{1/4}$	$\sim 3 \times 10^4$ GeV	I
G_6	6D Newton constant	$1/(M_6)^2$	—	I
g_6	6D gravitational coupling	$8\pi G_6 = 8\pi/M_6^2$	—	I

3.4 Standard Model Constants

Symbol	Name	Value	Paper
v	Higgs VEV	246 GeV	XXXV
m_H	Higgs mass	125.1 GeV	XXXV
g	SU(2)_L coupling	0.652	XXXVI
g'	U(1)_Y coupling	0.357	XXXVI
g_s	SU(3)_c coupling	1.22 (at m_Z)	XXXVI
y_t	Top Yukawa	0.99	XXXVI
	Fine structure constant	1/137.036	XXXVI
α_s	Strong coupling	0.118 (at m_Z)	XXXVI

4. Q-Field Quantities

4.1 Q-Field Definitions

Symbol	Name	Definition	Units	Paper
Q	First Q-field	Modulus of dimension	M_Pl	II
Q	Second Q-field	Modulus of dimension	M_Pl	II
Q	Combined Q-field	$\sqrt{(Q^2 + Q^2)}$	M_Pl	II
Q , Q	Background values	Q_i in equilibrium	M_Pl	II
Q_i	Q-field perturbation	Q_i - Q_i	M_Pl	II

4.2 Q-Field Parameters

Symbol	Name	Definition	Value	Paper
m	Q mass	$2/T$	$\sim 7 \times 10^2$ eV	II
m	Q mass	$2/T$	$\sim 1.1 \times 10^{23}$ eV	II
T	Q oscillation period	$2R/c$	30 years	XI
T	Q oscillation period	$2R/c$	19 years	XI
	Q angular frequency	$2/T = m$ (=1)	—	XI
	Q angular frequency	$2/T = m$ (=1)	—	XI

4.3 Q-Field Amplitudes

Symbol	Name	Typical Value	Paper
A	Q amplitude	$\sim 10^1$ M_Pl	II
A	Q amplitude	$\sim 10^1$ M_Pl	II
	Q	$_{\max}$	Maximum total amplitude

4.4 Q-Field Lagrangian Terms

$$\mathcal{L}_Q = -\frac{1}{2}(\partial_\mu Q_2)^2 - \frac{1}{2}m_2^2 Q_2^2 - \frac{1}{2}(\partial_\mu Q_3)^2 - \frac{1}{2}m_3^2 Q_3^2 - V_{int}(Q_2, Q_3)$$

5. Characteristic Scales

5.1 Compactification Radii

Symbol	Name	Definition	Value	Paper
R	compactification radius	$L/(2)$	~ 1.4 ly	I
R	compactification radius	$L/(2)$	~ 3.7 ly	I
L	circumference	$2R$	~ 9 ly	I
L	circumference	$2R$	~ 23 ly	I

5.2 Characteristic Wavelengths

Symbol	Name	Definition	Value	Paper
λ_n	First characteristic scale	$c \times T = 2 R$	4.30 kpc	II
	Second characteristic scale	$c \times T = 2 R$	11.7 kpc	II
	n-th harmonic scale	$\times \lambda_{n-2}$	—	V

5.3 Harmonic Scale Ladder

The characteristic scales follow a **golden ratio progression**:

$$\lambda_n = \lambda_2 \times \varphi^{n-2}$$

n	Scale	Value	Astrophysical Correspondence
1		2.66 kpc	Inner galaxy
2		4.30 kpc	Fundamental scale
3		6.96 kpc	Disk scale
4		11.3 kpc	Outer disk
5		18.2 kpc	Halo transition
6		29.5 kpc	MW halo
7		47.7 kpc	Local Group
8		77.2 kpc	Satellite distribution

5.4 Critical Scales

Symbol	Name	Definition	Value	Paper
r_c	Core radius	Transition to Q-dominated	\sim	IV
r_V	Vainshtein radius	Screening activation	$(G_N M / \Lambda^3)^{1/3}$	XXVI
M_{crit}	Critical mass	Dark matter threshold	$1.8 \times 10^{11} M_\odot$	XXXI

6. Coupling Parameters

6.1 Q-Matter Coupling

Symbol	Name	Definition	Value	Paper
α_Q	Q-matter coupling	$\ln(m)/Q$	3.2 ± 0.8	IV
	Q-matter coupling	$\ln(m)/Q$	3.2 ± 0.8	IV
β	Brane tension coefficient	$2/Q^2$	$\sim O(1)$	XXVII
γ	Brane tension coefficient	$2/Q^2$	$\sim O(1)$	XXVII

6.2 Q-Higgs Coupling

Symbol	Name	Definition	Value	Paper
	Q-Higgs portal coupling	Coefficient of Q^2	H	²
α_{crit}	Critical coupling	Minimum for first-order PT	0.26	XXXVI

6.3 Q-SM Couplings (Dimension-5 and -6)

Symbol	Name	Operator	Strength	Paper
c_S	Scalar Q-fermion	$(c_S/M_P) Q^-$	$\sim O(1)$	XXXVI
c_P	Pseudoscalar Q-fermion	$(c_P/M_P) Q^-$	$\sim O(1)$	XXXVI
c_F	Q-gauge (EM)	$(c_F/M_P^2) Q^2 F^2$	$\sim O(1)$	XXXVI
c_W	Q-gauge (SU(2))	$(c_W/M_P^2) Q^2 W^2$	$\sim O(1)$	XXXVI
c_g	Q-gluon	$(c_g/M_P^2) Q^2 G^2$	$\sim O(1)$	XXXVI

6.4 Gravitational Coupling

Symbol	Name	Definition	Paper
G_{eff}	Effective Newton constant	$G_N \times S(r)$	II
	Einstein coupling	$8 G_N = 1/M_{Pl}^2$	I

7. Screening and Potential

7.1 Screening Function

Symbol	Name	Definition	Paper
$S(r)$	Screening function	$G_{\text{eff}}(r)/G_N$	II
$S_2(r)$	Q^2 screening	$1 + \beta_2^2 Q^2(r)/M_{Pl}^2$	IV
$S_3(r)$	Q^3 screening	$1 + \beta_3^2 Q^3(r)/M_{Pl}^2$	IV

Full screening function:

$$S(r) = 1 + \beta_2^2 \left(\frac{Q_2(r)}{M_{Pl}} \right)^2 + \beta_3^2 \left(\frac{Q_3(r)}{M_{Pl}} \right)^2$$

7.2 Q-Field Profiles

Radial profile (sourced by mass M):

$$Q_2(r) = \frac{\beta_2 G_N M}{r} (1 - e^{-r/\lambda_2})$$

$$Q_3(r) = \frac{\beta_3 G_N M}{r} (1 - e^{-r/\lambda_3})$$

7.3 Effective Potential

Symbol	Name	Definition	Paper
Φ_N	Newtonian potential	$-G_N M/r$	II
Φ_{eff}	Effective potential	$\Phi_N \times S(r)$	II
Φ_Q	Q-field potential	$\Phi_{\text{eff}} - \Phi_N$	IV
$V_5(r)$	Fifth force potential	$- G_N m m e^{\{-r/\}/r}$	XXXVI

7.4 Vainshtein Mechanism

Symbol	Name	Definition	Paper
r_V	Vainshtein radius	$(G_N M/\Lambda^3)^{1/3}$	XXVI
Λ	Strong coupling scale	$(M_{\text{Pl}} m_Q^2)^{1/3}$	XXVI
α_5	Fifth force strength	$c_S^2/(4)$	XXXVI

8. Kaluza-Klein Spectrum

8.1 KK Mode Indices

Symbol	Name	Range	Paper
n	mode number	$0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots$	XXII
n	mode number	$0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots$	XXII
(n, n)	KK mode label	Integer pairs	XXII

8.2 KK Mass Formula

$$M_{n_2, n_3}^2 = \frac{n_2^2}{R_2^2} + \frac{n_3^2}{R_3^2}$$

8.3 Special Modes

Mode	(n, n)	Mass	Interpretation
Zero mode	(0, 0)	0	4D graviton
First tower	(1, 0)	$1/R$	Q-like excitation
Second tower	(0, 1)	$1/R$	Q-like excitation
Mixed	(1, 1)	$\sqrt{(1/R)^2 + (1/R)^2}$	Combined excitation

8.4 KK Coupling

Symbol	Name	Definition	Paper
$g_{\{n,n\}}$	KK mode coupling	$1/M_P \times (\text{overlap integral})$	XXII

9. Cosmological Quantities

9.1 Background Cosmology

Symbol	Name	Definition	Value	Paper
H	Hubble parameter	\dot{a}/a	$H = 67.4 \text{ km/s/Mpc}$	XVI
H	Hubble constant today	$H(t)$	67.4 km/s/Mpc	XVI
$a(t)$	Scale factor	Expansion of universe	1 today	XVI
z	Redshift	$a/a - 1$	—	XVI
ρ_c	Critical density	$3H^2/(8 G_N)$	—	XVI

9.2 Density Parameters

Symbol	Name	Definition	Value (3D+3D)	Paper
Ω_b	Baryon density	ρ_b/ρ_c	0.049	XVI
Ω_r	Radiation density	ρ_r/ρ_c	~ 10	XVI
Ω_Q	Q-field density	ρ_Q/ρ_c	Replaces Ω_{DM}	XVI
Ω_Λ	Dark energy	ρ_Λ/ρ_c	0.69 (geometric)	XVI
Ω_{tot}	Total density	$\sum \Omega_i$	1.00	XVI

9.3 Power Spectrum

Symbol	Name	Definition	Paper
$P(k)$	Matter power spectrum		ρ_k
$\Delta^2(k)$	Dimensionless spectrum	$k^3 P(k)/(2\pi^2)$	V
$\xi(r)$	Correlation function	FT of $P(k)$	V
	Amplitude at 8 Mpc/h	—	XVI

10. Phase Transition Parameters

10.1 Effective Potential

Symbol	Name	Definition	Paper
$V_{eff}(\phi, T)$	Effective potential	$V + V_{CW} + V_T + V_{daisy}$	XXXVI
V	Tree-level potential	$- \phi^2/2 + \phi^4/4$	XXXVI

Symbol	Name	Definition	Paper
V_CW	Coleman-Weinberg	1-loop zero-T correction	XXXVI
V_T	Thermal potential	Finite-T correction	XXXVI
V_daisy	Daisy resummation	Ring diagram correction	XXXVI

10.2 Critical Parameters

Symbol	Name	Definition	Value (SM+Q)	Paper
T_c	Critical temperature	$V_{\text{eff}}(v_c) = V_{\text{eff}}(0)$	142 GeV	XXXVI
v_c	Critical VEV	Higgs VEV at T_c	156 GeV	XXXVI
v_c/T_c	Transition strength	Sphaleron suppression	1.1	XXXVI
T_n	Nucleation temperature	$\Gamma \times H \sim 1$	135 GeV	XXXVI

10.3 Transition Dynamics

Symbol	Name	Definition	Value	Paper
	Transition strength	$\Delta V / v_{\text{rad}}$	0.05	XXXVI
$1/H$	Inverse duration	$T_c d(S/T)/dT$	~ 300	XXXVI
v_w	Wall velocity	Bubble expansion speed	0.4-0.6	XXXVI
S	Bounce action	O(3) Euclidean action	—	XXXVI

10.4 Gravitational Waves

Symbol	Name	Definition	Value	Paper
Ω_{GW}	GW density	ρ_{GW} / v_c	$\sim 10^{-12}$	XXXVI
f_{peak}	Peak frequency	—	~ 2 mHz	XXXVI
h	GW strain	Characteristic amplitude	—	XXIV

11. Observational Quantities

11.1 Rotation Curves

Symbol	Name	Definition	Units	Paper
$v_c(r)$	Circular velocity	$\sqrt{r \times d\Phi/dr}$	km/s	IV
v_{bar}	Baryonic velocity	From visible mass	km/s	IV
v_{3D3D}	Q-field contribution	$\sqrt{(v_c^2 - v_{\text{bar}}^2)}$	km/s	IV
v_{∞}	Asymptotic velocity	$v_c(r \rightarrow \infty)$	km/s	IV

Key prediction:

$$v_{\text{3D3D}} = \sqrt{\frac{\beta^2 G_N M}{2\lambda}} \approx 90 \text{ km/s (universal)}$$

11.2 Gravitational Lensing

Symbol	Name	Definition	Paper
Σ_{crit}	Critical surface density	$c^2 D_s / (4 G D_d D_{\text{ds}})$	XXXII
	Convergence	$\Sigma / \Sigma_{\text{crit}}$	XXXII
	Shear	Tidal distortion	XXXII
r_E	Einstein radius	$\sqrt{(4GM D_{\text{ds}} / (c^2 D_d D_s))}$	XXXII

11.3 Pulsar Timing

Symbol	Name	Definition	Paper
TOA	Time of arrival	Pulse arrival time	XI
Δt	Timing residual	Observed - predicted TOA	XI
P	Pulsar period	Rotation period	XI
\dot{P}	Period derivative	Spin-down rate	XI

12. Mathematical Operators

12.1 Differential Operators

Symbol	Name	Definition
∂_μ	Partial derivative	$\partial / \partial x^\mu$
∇_A	Covariant derivative (6D)	$\nabla_A = \partial_A + \Gamma$ connection
∇_μ	Covariant derivative (4D)	$\nabla_\mu = \partial_\mu + \Gamma$ connection
\square_4	d'Alembertian (4D)	$\square_4 = \nabla^\mu \nabla_\mu$
\square_6	d'Alembertian (6D)	$\square_6 = \nabla^A \nabla_A$
∇^2	Laplacian (3D)	$\nabla^2 = \partial^2 / \partial x^2 + \partial^2 / \partial y^2 + \partial^2 / \partial z^2$
Δ	Laplace-Beltrami	Generalized Laplacian

12.2 Tensor Operations

Symbol	Name	Definition
$A_{(\mu\nu)}$	Symmetrization	$(A_{\mu\nu} + A_{\nu\mu})/2$
$A_{[\mu\nu]}$	Antisymmetrization	$(A_{\mu\nu} - A_{\nu\mu})/2$
$A^\mu{}_\mu$	Trace	$g^{\mu\nu} A_{\mu\nu}$
$\delta^\mu{}_\nu$	Kronecker delta	1 if $\mu = \nu$, 0 otherwise
$\epsilon_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma}$	Levi-Civita (4D)	Totally antisymmetric
$\epsilon_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma\tau\omega}$	Levi-Civita (6D)	Totally antisymmetric

12.3 Special Functions

Symbol	Name	Definition	Paper
$J_B(x^2)$	Bosonic thermal integral	$y^2 \ln(1 - e^{-\sqrt{y^2 + x^2}}) dy$	XXXVI
$J_F(x^2)$	Fermionic thermal integral	$y^2 \ln(1 + e^{-\sqrt{y^2 + x^2}}) dy$	XXXVI
$Y_n(x)$	Bessel function 2nd kind	Standard definition	IV
$J_n(x)$	Bessel function 1st kind	Standard definition	IV
$K_n(x)$	Modified Bessel	Exponentially decaying	IV

13. Greek Letter Summary

Letter	Lowercase	Primary Usage in 3D+3D
Alpha		Transition strength, coupling coefficients
Beta		Q-matter coupling, transition rate
Gamma		Internal metric, Lorentz factor
Delta		Perturbation, variation
Epsilon		Small parameter, Levi-Civita
Eta		Minkowski metric, baryon asymmetry
Theta		Angular coordinate, QCD θ -term
Kappa		Gravitational coupling, convergence
Lambda		Characteristic scale, cosmological constant
Mu		4D index, mass parameter
Nu		4D index, frequency
Xi		Q-Higgs coupling
Pi		Self-energy, 3.14159...
Rho		Density, 4D index
Sigma		Brane tension, surface density
Tau		Internal time coordinates
Phi		Potential, Higgs field, golden ratio
Chi		Moduli deformation
Psi		Fermion field, wavefunction
Omega		Density parameter, angular frequency

14. Latin Letter Summary

Letter	Primary Usage in 3D+3D
A, B, C	6D indices
a	Scale factor, internal index
c	Speed of light, coefficients
G	Newton's constant, gluon field

Letter	Primary Usage in 3D+3D
g	Metric, gauge coupling
H	Hubble parameter, Higgs, Hamiltonian
h	Metric perturbation, Planck constant
L	Lagrangian, circumference
M	Mass
m	Mass (particle), mode number
n	Mode number, number density
P	Power spectrum, pressure
Q	Q-field
R	Ricci scalar, radius
r	Radial coordinate
S	Action, screening function
T	Temperature, period
t	Time
V	Potential, volume
v	Velocity

15. Numerical Constants

15.1 Mathematical Constants

Symbol	Name	Value	Usage
	Pi	3.14159265...	Circular geometry
e	Euler’s number	2.71828182...	Exponentials
	Golden ratio	$(1+\sqrt{5})/2 = 1.6180339...$	Scale ladder
_E	Euler-Mascheroni	0.5772156...	Thermal functions

15.2 Key 3D+3D Numbers

Quantity	Value	Significance
	4.30 kpc	Fundamental galactic scale
	11.7 kpc	Second galactic scale
T	30 years	First oscillation period
T	19 years	Second oscillation period
T /T	30/19 1.579	Near-golden ratio
v_3D3D	90 km/s	Universal velocity scale
M_crit	1.8 × 10¹¹ M_	Dark matter threshold
	3.2 ± 0.8	Matter coupling
	0.3-0.5	Q-Higgs coupling

15.3 Ratio Relationships

Ratio	Value	Origin
/	2.72 ²	Golden ratio squared
T /T	1.579	Near golden ratio
R /R		By construction
/		Harmonic ladder

Appendix A: Unit Conversions

A.1 Length

Unit	In meters	In kpc
1 kpc	3.086×10^1 m	1
1 Mpc	3.086×10^{22} m	1000
1 ly	9.461×10^1 m	3.066×10
1 AU	1.496×10^{11} m	4.848×10

A.2 Mass

Unit	In kg	In M _⊙
1 M _⊙	1.989×10^3 kg	1
1 GeV/c ²	1.783×10^{-2} kg	8.96×10^{-10}
1 M _{Pl}	2.176×10^{-6} kg	1.09×10^{-32}

A.3 Time

Unit	In seconds	In years
1 year	3.156×10^7 s	1
1 Hubble time	4.55×10^{17} s	1.44×10^{10}

A.4 Energy

Unit	In Joules	In eV
1 eV	1.602×10^{-19} J	1
1 GeV	1.602×10^{-10} J	10 ⁹

Appendix B: Signature Conventions

B.1 The 6D Signature

The 3D+3D theory uses:

$$\eta_{AB} = \text{diag}(-1, +1, +1, +1, -1, -1)$$

Index assignment: - 0: t (observable time) $\rightarrow -$ - 1: x (space) $\rightarrow +$ - 2: y (space) $\rightarrow +$ - 3: z (space) $\rightarrow +$ - 4: (compact time) $\rightarrow -$ - 5: (compact time) $\rightarrow -$

B.2 Why Multiple Time Dimensions?

The $(-, -)$ signature for internal dimensions ensures:

1. **Q-fields have standard kinetic terms** (positive kinetic energy)
 2. **Compactification projects out ghosts** (Paper XXII)
 3. **4D physics remains causal** (observable sector unchanged)
-

Appendix C: Quick Reference Card

Essential Formulas

Screening function:

$$S(r) = 1 + \beta_2^2 \frac{Q_2^2}{M_{Pl}^2} + \beta_3^2 \frac{Q_3^2}{M_{Pl}^2}$$

Q-field profile:

$$Q_i(r) = \frac{\beta_i G_N M}{r} (1 - e^{-r/\lambda_i})$$

Rotation curve:

$$v_c^2(r) = v_{bar}^2(r) + v_{3D3D}^2(r)$$

Universal velocity:

$$v_{3D3D} = \sqrt{\frac{\beta^2 G_N M}{2\lambda}} \approx 90 \text{ km/s}$$

Scale ladder:

$$\lambda_n = \lambda_2 \times \varphi^{n-2}$$

Period ratio:

$$\frac{T_2}{T_3} = \frac{30}{19} \approx 1.579 \approx \varphi$$

Key Parameters (Copy-Paste Ready)

= 4.30 kpc
= 11.7 kpc
T = 30 years
T = 19 years
= 3.2 ± 0.8
= 0.3-0.5
v_3D3D = 90 km/s
M_crit = 1.8×10^{11} M_
= 1.618034

— End of Paper XXXVII —

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This glossary is intended as a living document and will be updated as the theory develops.

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