

Structural Origin of $A = 133/2628$ in the 3D+3D Framework

Fibonacci Lattice, Coherent Mode Rigidity, and the Cosmological Kernel Amplitude

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Abstract

We analyze the algebraic structure of the cosmological kernel amplitude $A = 133/2628 = (1/3)(7/12)(19/73)$ in the 3D+3D framework. We demonstrate that all three factors carry precise Fibonacci-geometric content: (i) $2 \cdot \alpha^2 = 1/3$ is the Einstein-frame scalar coupling, independent of topology; (ii) $\eta_{\text{geom}} = 7/12$ encodes the coherent-mode rigidity $W = u^T K u = 7$ of the Fibonacci kinetic matrix $K = I + A^2$, which decomposes as $W = 2 + 5 = \text{identity_projection} + \text{Fibonacci_invariant}$; (iii) the numerator $19 = 2W + \det(K) = 2 \cdot 7 + 5$ and the denominator $73 = 6 \cdot 12 + 1 = \dim_{6D} \cdot \text{denom}(\eta) + 1$ are both structurally determined by the geometry of the 6D torus with $\tau = i/\phi$. We further show that the full amplitude factorizes as:

$$A = W \cdot (2W+5) / (3 \cdot 12 \cdot (6 \cdot 12 + 1)) = 7 \cdot 19 / (36 \cdot 73)$$

unifying galactic-scale rigidity ($W=7$), Fibonacci topology ($\det(K)=5$), and cosmological geometry ($\dim=6$, $\text{denom}=12$) in a single rational number. These are structural observations about the algebraic content of A ; they do not replace the independent derivation of $\Omega_{\text{geom}} = 19/73$ from the 6D Friedmann equations.

Keywords: Fibonacci matrix, modified gravity, cosmological kernel, golden ratio, 3D+3D framework

1. Introduction

The 3D+3D framework (Calzighetti 2025) predicts a gravitational kernel amplitude:

$$A = 133/2628 = (1/3) * (7/12) * (19/73) \sim 0.050609$$

This number has been verified computationally: the CLASS Boltzmann code with the dynamic Q-field scalar recovers $\mu_{\text{phys}} = A \cdot S(a)/(1+(k/m_Q)^2)$ to $R = 1.000 \pm 0.003$ on 71 independent (k,a) points (Paper BCK v1.0). Each of the three factors has an independent physical origin:

Factor	Value	Physical origin
$2\cdot\alpha^2$	$1/3$	Einstein-frame scalar coupling (Paper LXV)
η_{geom}	$7/12$	Coherent-mode rigidity of $K = I + A^2$ (η_{geom} Lemma)
Ω_{geom}	$19/73$	6D Friedmann equations + Weyl rescaling (Paper LXV)

The question addressed here is: what is the *internal algebraic structure* of these factors? Specifically, where do the integers 7, 12, 19, and 73 come from in the context of the Fibonacci-modular geometry of the torus T^2 with $\tau = i/\varphi$?

We emphasize at the outset that this paper presents **structural observations** — verified algebraic relationships between the numbers of the theory — rather than independent derivations. The value $\Omega_{\text{geom}} = 19/73$ is established by the 6D Friedmann equations (Paper LXV); what we show here is that 19 and 73 each admit a transparent decomposition in terms of the Fibonacci geometry.

2. The Fibonacci Kinetic Matrix $K = I + A^2$

2.1 From $\tau = i/\varphi$ to the kinetic matrix

The single geometric axiom of the 3D+3D framework is:

$$\tau = i/\varphi \quad \text{where } \varphi = (1+\sqrt{5})/2 \text{ is the golden ratio}$$

This choice of the modular parameter of T^2 fixes the compactification scales $L_2/L_3 = \varphi$, which selects the minimal polynomial of φ :

$$p(x) = x^2 - x - 1 \quad (\text{polynomial with root } x = \varphi)$$

The companion matrix of $p(x)$ is the **Fibonacci matrix**:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Its powers generate the Fibonacci sequence: $A^n \cdot [1,0]^T = [F(n+1), F(n)]^T$. The **Q-sector kinetic matrix** is:

$$K = I + A^2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

[Fibonacci Decomposition Lemma v1.1]

2.2 Invariants of K

Invariant	Expression	Value	Significance
Trace	$\text{tr}(K) = 3+2$	5	$= \det(K)$: Fibonacci invariant $F(5)$
Determinant	$\det(K) = 3 \cdot 2 - 1 \cdot 1$	5	$= \text{tr}(K)$: unique self-dual property
Spectral gap	$\lambda_+ - \lambda_-$	$\sqrt{5}$	$= 2\phi - 1$: golden ratio signature
λ_+	$(5+\sqrt{5})/2$	3.618...	$= 2+\phi$: maximum stiffness
λ_-	$(5-\sqrt{5})/2$	1.382...	$= 3-\phi$: minimum stiffness
Coherent mode	$u = (1,1)$	$W = 7$	galactic rigidity (Sec. 3)

The key property $\det(K) = \text{tr}(K) = 5$ is a consequence of the Fibonacci structure: $\det(A) = -1$, so $(\det A)^2 = 1$ and $\det(K) - \text{tr}(K) = (\det A)^2 - 1 = 0$.

3. The Coherent Mode Rigidity $W = 7$

3.1 The galactic coherent mode

Rotation curve observations (SPARC: 175 galaxies, 15 km/s RMS) show that the Q-field contribution to galactic dynamics is dominated by the **coherent mode** in which both temporal moduli oscillate in phase:

$$u = (1, 1)^T \quad [Q_2 \text{ and } Q_3 \text{ in phase}]$$

3.2 Projection onto the coherent mode

The stiffness of the kinetic matrix along the coherent mode is:

$$W = u^T K u = (1,1) \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} (1,1)^T = (1,1) \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} = 7$$

The Fibonacci Decomposition Lemma (Paper FDL v1.1) further establishes:

$$W = u^T I u + u^T A^2 u = 2 + 5 = 7$$

where 2 = projection of the identity matrix (baseline stiffness), and 5 = projection of A^2 (Fibonacci contribution = $\det(K) = \text{tr}(K)$).

This decomposition has the transparent physical reading:

$$W = (\text{base dimensionality of Q-sector}) + (\text{Fibonacci invariant of } K)$$

3.3 Near-golden optimality

The maximum eigenvalue of K is $\lambda_+ = 2+\varphi \approx 3.618$. The coherent mode has $W/2 = 3.5$, so:

$$\lambda_+ / (W/2) = (2+\varphi) / 3.5 \sim 1.0337$$

The galactic coherent mode achieves 96.7% of the maximum possible stiffness. It is the *quasi-golden* mode: nearly aligned with the dominant eigenvector of K (direction $(\varphi,1)^T$), but constrained by the physical requirement $Q_2 = Q_3$. The shortfall is exactly $\varphi - 3/2$ (Paper K Modular Structure v1.1).

4. From $W = 7$ to $\eta_{\text{geom}} = 7/12$

The η_{geom} Lemma (Paper eta-geom v1.1) derives, from the effective 4D kinetic Lagrangian after reduction on T^2 :

$$\eta_{\text{geom}} = (W / 3) * (1/4) = W / 12 = 7/12$$

The factor 3 comes from the number of spatial dimensions in the effective theory, and 4 from the normalization of the kinetic term. Together:

$$\eta_{\text{geom}} = 7/12 = W / (3 * 4) = W / 12$$

The denominator 12 is therefore **not** an independent number: it is fixed by $\text{dim_space} \times \text{normalization} = 3 \times 4 = 12$.

5. Algebraic Content of 19 and 73

5.1 The numerator $19 = 2W + \det(K)$

The numerator of $\Omega_{\text{geom}} = 19/73$ decomposes as:

$$19 = 2 * W + \det(K) = 2 * 7 + 5 = 14 + 5 = 19$$

Term	Value	Origin
$2 \cdot W$	14	$2 \times$ coherent-mode rigidity
$\det(K)$	5	Fibonacci invariant of $K = I + A^2$
$\text{Sum} = 2W + \det(K)$	19	Numerator of Ω_{geom}

Remark: The period $T_3 = \pi \cdot L_3 = \pi \cdot 6.0 \approx 18.85 \text{ yr} \approx 19 \text{ yr}$ of the smaller compact temporal dimension coincides numerically with this algebraic expression. Whether this is a coincidence or a deeper constraint is an open question.

5.2 The denominator $73 = 6 \cdot 12 + 1$

The denominator of $\Omega_{\text{geom}} = 19/73$ decomposes as:

$$73 = 6 \cdot 12 + 1 = \text{dim}_{6D} \cdot \text{denom}(\eta_{\text{geom}}) + 1$$

Term	Value	Origin
dim_6D	6	Total number of spacetime dimensions in 3D+3D
denom(eta_geom)	12	Denominator of eta_geom = 7/12
Product	72	$= 6 \times 12$
+1	1	Background Weyl-rescaling identity contribution
Sum = 6·12+1	73	Denominator of Omega_geom

The term +1 corresponds to the identity contribution in the Weyl rescaling of the 6D metric to the 4D Einstein frame.

5.3 Unified factorization of $A = 133/2628$

Combining the results of Sections 3–5:

$$\begin{aligned} A &= W \cdot (2W + \text{det}(K)) / (3 \cdot 12 \cdot (6 \cdot 12 + 1)) \\ &= 7 \cdot 19 / (36 \cdot 73) \\ &= 133 / 2628 \end{aligned}$$

Factor	Algebraic form	Value	Physical content
Numerator 1	W	7	Coherent-mode rigidity (galactic scale)
Numerator 2	$2W + \text{det}(K)$	19	2×rigidity + Fibonacci invariant
Denominator 1	$3 \cdot 12 = 36$	36	$c_{\text{sigma_denom}} \times \eta_{\text{denom}}$
Denominator 2	$6 \cdot 12 + 1 = 73$	73	6D geometry + unit correction

The key structural observation is: **the same quantity $W = 7$ that determines the galactic scale $\lambda_2 = \eta_{\text{geom}} \cdot a_0^{\text{grav}}$ also appears explicitly in the numerator of the cosmological kernel amplitude.** Galactic dynamics and cosmological growth of structure share the same Fibonacci-geometric origin.

6. The Complete Chain: $\phi \rightarrow A = 133/2628$

$\tau = i/\phi$

[geometric axiom]

↓ minimal polynomial

 $p(x) = x^2 - x - 1$

↓ companion matrix

 $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

[Fibonacci matrix]

↓

 $K = I + A^2 = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$

[Q-sector kinetic matrix]

↓

 $\det(K) = \text{tr}(K) = 5$

[Fibonacci invariant F(5)]

↓ coherent mode $u=(1,1)$

 $W = u^T K u = 2 + 5 = 7$

[galactic rigidity]

↓ 4D kinetic reduction

 $\eta_{\text{geom}} = W/12 = 7/12$

↓ 6D Friedmann equations

 $\Omega_{\text{geom}} = (2W+5)/(6 \cdot 12+1) = 19/73$

↓

 $A = (1/3) \cdot (7/12) \cdot (19/73) = 7 \cdot 19 / (36 \cdot 73) = 133/2628$

↓

 $\mu(k,a) = A \cdot S(a) / (1+(k/m_Q)^2)$

[cosmological kernel]

↓ CLASS v0.4 verification

 $R = \mu_{\text{phys}}/\mu_{\text{th}} = 1.000 \pm 0.003$

[71 points, 100% pass]

7. Discussion

7.1 Observational status

Scale	Effect	Predicted value
$k = 0.05 \text{ h/Mpc (BAO)}$	$\delta P/P \text{ at } z=0$	$\sim 8.9\%$
$k = 0.20 \text{ h/Mpc (mid)}$	$\delta P/P \text{ at } z=0$	$\sim 4.7\%$
$k = m_Q = 0.20 \text{ h/Mpc}$	$\mu(m_Q, z=0)$	~ 0.023
Growth index	$\gamma = 0.567$	to be tested by Euclid
Dark energy	$w_0 = -0.80$	to be tested by DESI

7.2 Structural vs derived — epistemological distinction

Claim	Status	Source
$\text{eta_geom} = 7/12$	DERIVED from first principles	eta_geom Lemma v1.1
$\text{Omega_geom} = 19/73$	DERIVED from 6D Friedmann	Paper LXV
$19 = 2W + \det(K)$	STRUCTURAL OBSERVATION (verified)	This paper
$73 = 6 \cdot 12 + 1$	STRUCTURAL OBSERVATION (verified)	This paper
$A = W \cdot (2W+5)/(36 \cdot 73)$	ALGEBRAIC IDENTITY (exact)	This paper

The structural observations are exact algebraic identities between independently established numbers. They are *not* post-hoc tuning: the values $W=7$, $\det(K)=5$, $\dim=6$, $\text{denom}(\text{eta})=12$ are all fixed by the axiom $\tau = i/\phi$ and the dimensional reduction, without reference to Omega_geom .

7.3 The Fibonacci-cosmological bridge

The most striking aspect of the factorization $A = W \cdot (2W+\det(K))/(36 \cdot 73)$ is that $W = 7$ appears *twice*: once explicitly in the numerator (galactic rigidity), and once implicitly through $2W+5 = 19 = \text{numerator}(\text{Omega_geom})$. The same quantity that governs galactic rotation curves also governs the amplitude of cosmological structure growth, through the algebraic content of the Fibonacci kinetic matrix.

8. Conclusions

1. The amplitude factorizes as $A = 7 \cdot 19/(36 \cdot 73)$ where: $7 = \text{coherent-mode rigidity } W$; $19 = 2W+\det(K) = 2 \cdot 7+5$; $36 = 3 \cdot 12 = \text{denominators of } c_sigma \text{ and } \text{eta_geom}$; $73 = 6 \cdot 12+1 = \dim_6D \cdot \text{denom}(\text{eta}) + 1$.
2. The coherent-mode rigidity $W = 7$ decomposes as $W = 2+5$, where 2 is the identity projection and $5 = \det(K) = \text{tr}(K)$ is the Fibonacci invariant of $K = I + A^2$.
3. The same $W = 7$ governs both the galactic scale $\lambda_2 = (7/12) \cdot a_0^{\text{grav}}$ and the cosmological kernel amplitude. Galactic and cosmological dynamics share the same Fibonacci-geometric origin.
4. These are structural observations (verified algebraic identities), not independent derivations. The values $\text{Omega_geom} = 19/73$ and $\text{eta_geom} = 7/12$ are derived from first principles in separate papers; this paper reveals their Fibonacci content.

Pre-registration note: The kill-switch predictions ($w_0 = -0.80$, $\gamma = 0.567$, $\lambda_{13} = 0.856 \text{ Mpc}$, LZ null) are pre-registered on Zenodo prior to Euclid DR1 and DESI DR2 data releases.

References

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Appendix A — Vega Red Team Verification

Claim	Algebraic check	Result
$W = u^T K u = 7$	$(1,1)[\underline{3,1},\underline{1,2}]^T = (1,1)(4,3)^T = 7$	PASS: exact
$W = 2+5$	$u^T I u = 2; u^T A^2 u = 5; \text{sum} = 7$	PASS: exact
$\det(K) = \text{tr}(K) = 5$	$3 \cdot 2 - 1 \cdot 1 = 5; 3 + 2 = 5$	PASS: exact
$19 = 2W + \det(K)$	$2 \cdot 7 + 5 = 19$	PASS: exact
$73 = 6 \cdot 12 + 1$	$6 \cdot 12 + 1 = 73$	PASS: exact
$A = 7 \cdot 19 / (36 \cdot 73)$	$7 \cdot 19 = 133; 36 \cdot 73 = 2628$	PASS: exact
$133 / 2628 = 0.050609$	Calculator verify	PASS: exact
Omega_geom independence	19/73 NOT derived from W here	PASS: correctly noted
$\lambda+ = 2+\varphi$	$(5+\sqrt{5})/2 = 3.618 = 2+1.618$	PASS: exact
Quasi-golden ratio 1.0337	$(2+\varphi)/3.5 = 3.618/3.5$	PASS: 3.37%

Vega note: The key risk in this paper is conflating structural observations with derivations. The authors correctly label Omega_geom = 19/73 as "derived independently in Paper LXV" and the decompositions 19 = 2W+5 and 73 = 6·12+1 as "structural observations (verified)". This distinction is adequate. All algebraic checks pass exactly.