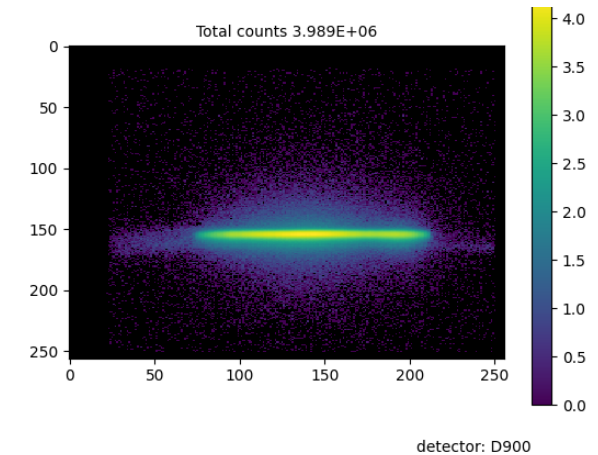
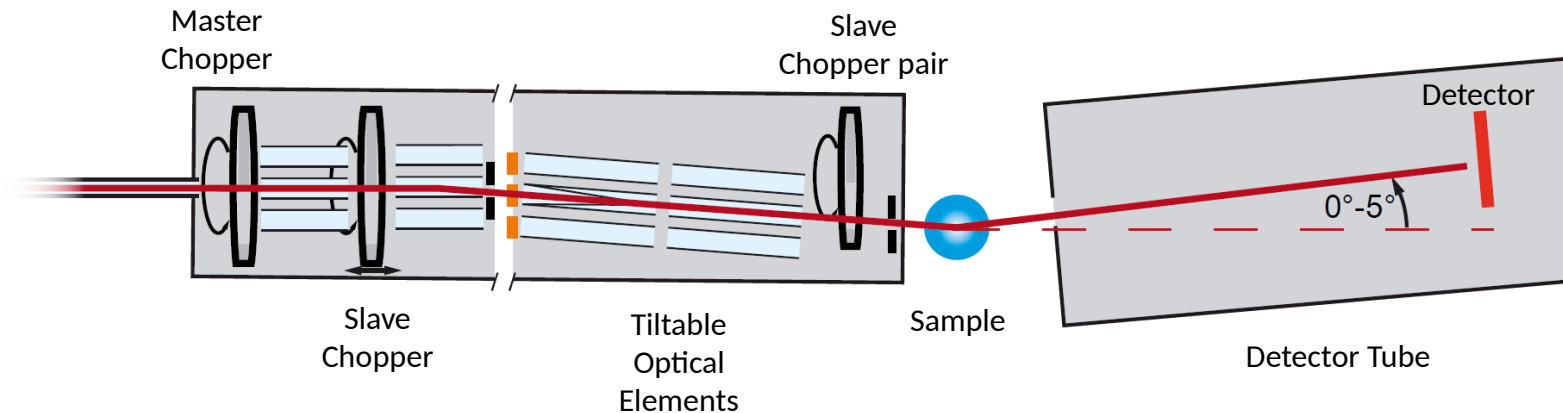


# **REFSANS@MLZ instrument (meta-information for reference catalogs)**

ORSO Meeting  
2023-06-21

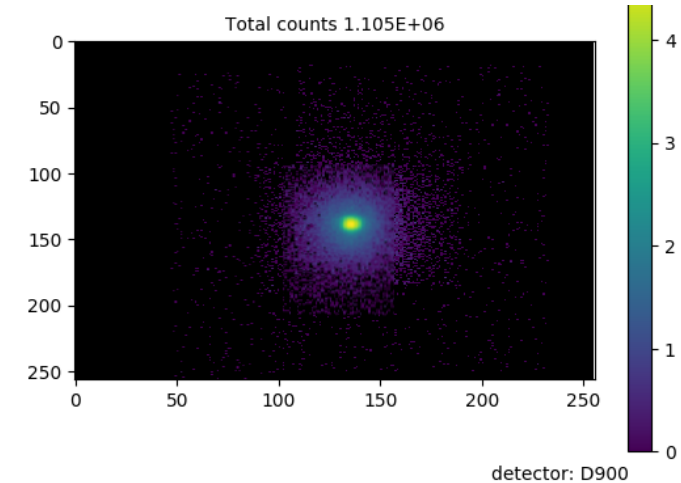
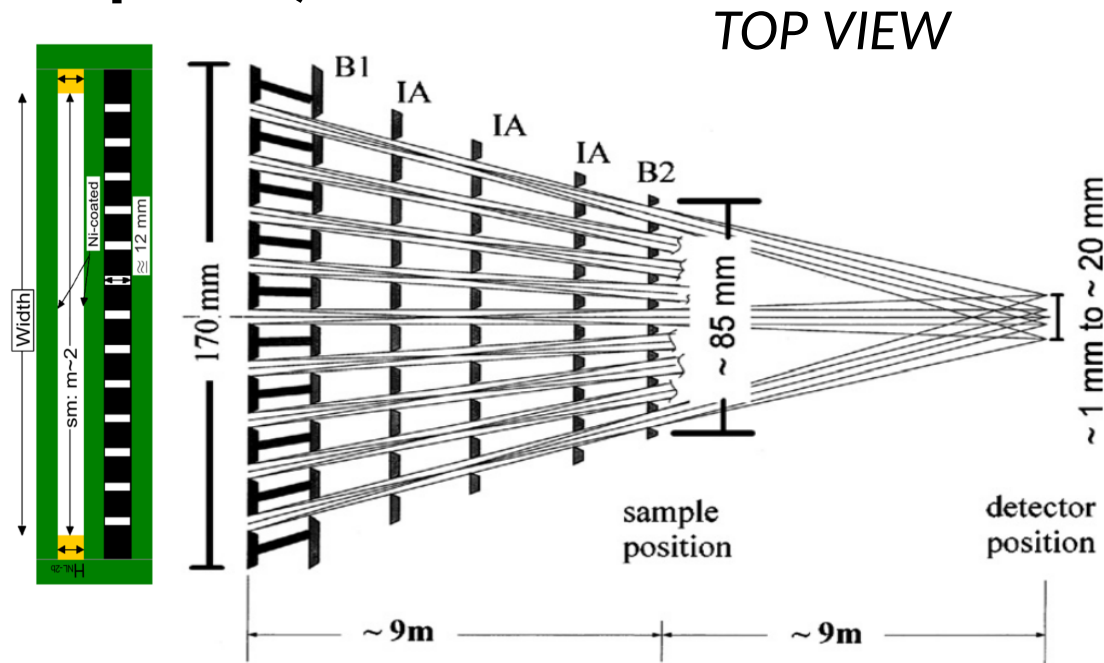
Jonas Graetz, Gaetano Mangiapia, Sebastian Busch  
FAU Erlangen-Nürnberg,  
Helmholtz-Zentrum Hereon, Außenstelle MLZ, Garching.

# The REFSANS Instrument: Neutron Reflectometry (& GISANS)



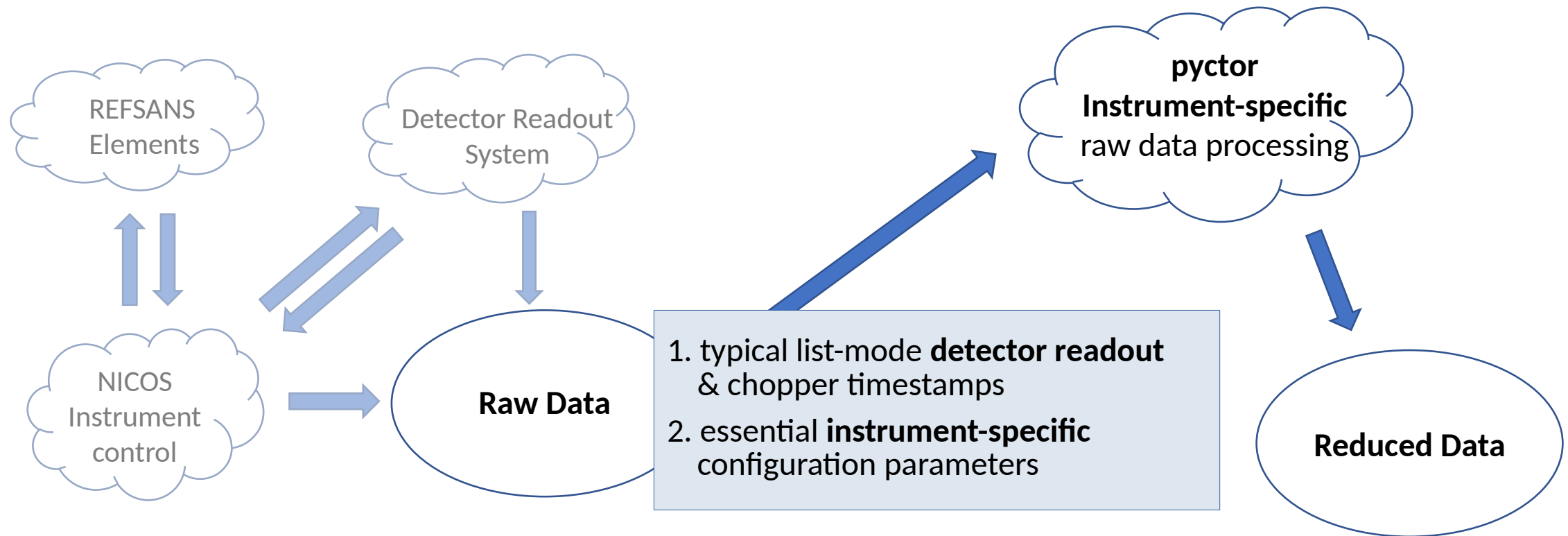
- TOF & List-mode acq: retrospective/adaptable binning of wavelength and time (kinetics)
- $\lambda$ -resolution and -range: tunable from 1-10% and (usually) from 3 – 21 Å
- typical  $Q_z$  range: 0.005 – 0.25 Å<sup>-1</sup>
- beam divergence: Independent control of horiz. / vert. divergence
- liquid interfaces: beam tiltable by up to 2.75°
- beam cross section: max. 80 x 12mm on sample

# The REFSANS Instrument: (GISANS Option:)



- Radially collimated beam focused on the detector active area, at ~ 9m from the sample.
- Possibility to move the detector laterally, for an asymmetric  $Q_y$  range
- typical  $Q$  ranges:  $Q_z$  0.005 – 0.25  $\text{\AA}^{-1}$ ;  $Q_y$   $9.5 \times 10^{-5}$  – 0.18  $\text{\AA}^{-1}$

# The REFSANS reduction workflow:



*most of the (essential) raw meta&data is only useable in the context of deep knowledge of the specific (often unique) instrument design*

# The REFSANS meta-data groups:



- [global] : general user/experiment/sample information
- [shutter] : list, open/closed
- [chopper\_config], [chopper]: chopper speed, positions, mode, disc phases & positions, ..
- [optic], [NOK\_mode], [NOK\_position], [slit\_mode], [slit\_position]: optics & beampath configuration details
- [polarizator] : status, flipper, direction
- [sample] : collimator, goniometer, slits, samplechange, sample dimensions
- [detector] : geometry/alignment
- [vacuum] : pressures
- [se\_...] : sample environment system(s) parameters
- [monitor]
- [Extra]

# The relevant meta-data categories, qualitatively:



- **classic user/facility/proposal metadata**
- **classic reflectometry meta-data**
  - q ranges / angles / wavelengths,
  - sample tilting vs setup tilting,
  - beam collimation & footprint on sample
- **instrument information:**
  - probe (neutrons/x-rays): relevant to contrast, flux, resolution and specific reduction steps
  - 2D / 1D detector, detector type (w.r.t specific corrections required)
  - Q selection technique: monochromator vs TOF (neutrons)
  - (neutrons.) horizontal vs. Vertical geometry, affects ballistic corrections (and resolution)
- **reduction information:**
  - employed peak fitting models/methods
  - ballistic correction models (e.g. explicit modeling vs. cancellation-of-effects)
  - beam fluctuation compensation (monitor, none, error estimation)

# Relevant Reference-Data Information:



- **General** (derived) **method specific information** such as e.g. wavelength & resolution
- **Sample:** information / **persistent** reference to sample/**documentation**
- **Instrument identifier** + **DOI** of applicable **description** of the **present (unique) instrument design**/parameters and its related data evaluation concept
- **Raw data** with applicable **instrument specific parameters** (such as e.g. chopper and slit configurations, or monochromator, etc; and beam monitor / error information)
- **Analysis script** transforming instrument-specific raw data **to method specific "universal" format** (e.g. Reflectivity/Signal vs. Q)
- If not part of the script, **persistent reference** to a (versioned/reproducible, e.g. git) repository of the **required libraries**
- If applicable / not covered by the instrument description, a **DOI** to the description of the instrument/software specific raw **data reduction steps** (here: pyctor)
- If applicable: **documentation** of custom / manual **parameter choices** e.g. custom fit models, or specific ballistic trajectory correction method