

# PILLER IN STEAM GENERATING HEAT PUMPS

Piller Blowers & Compressors GmbH





# PILLER AT A GLANCE

## FACTS AND FIGURES

Founded	1909
Employees <i>ww/Moringen</i>	450 / 370
Export ratio	85%
Sector	Machine Building
Headquarters	Moringen, Germany
Subsidiaries	Piller BC Shanghai, China Piller SEA Pte. Ltd., Singapore Piller TSC Blower Corp., USA
Joint Ventures	Piller Global (India), India Piller SUR, Brazil Sunteco Ltd., Korea
Production	Piller Blower Technologies Taicang, China





# MADE BY PILLER

## ENTIRE FAN CONSTRUCTED IN GERMANY



## EXPERTS IN WELDING AND BALANCING



## TOP MACHINERY EQUIPMENT

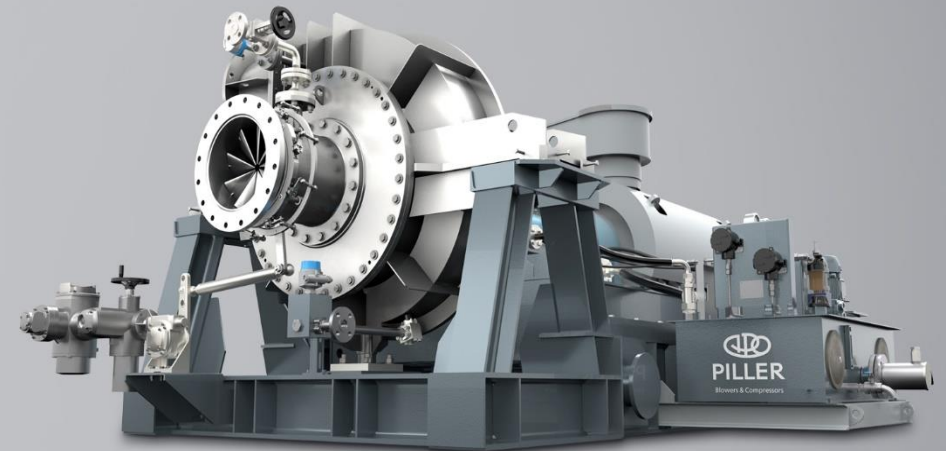
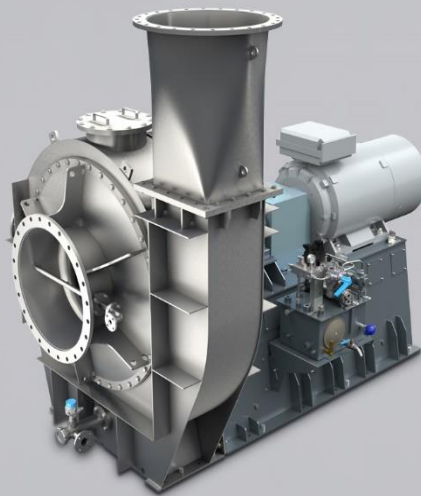


## HIGH SKILLED PERSONNEL



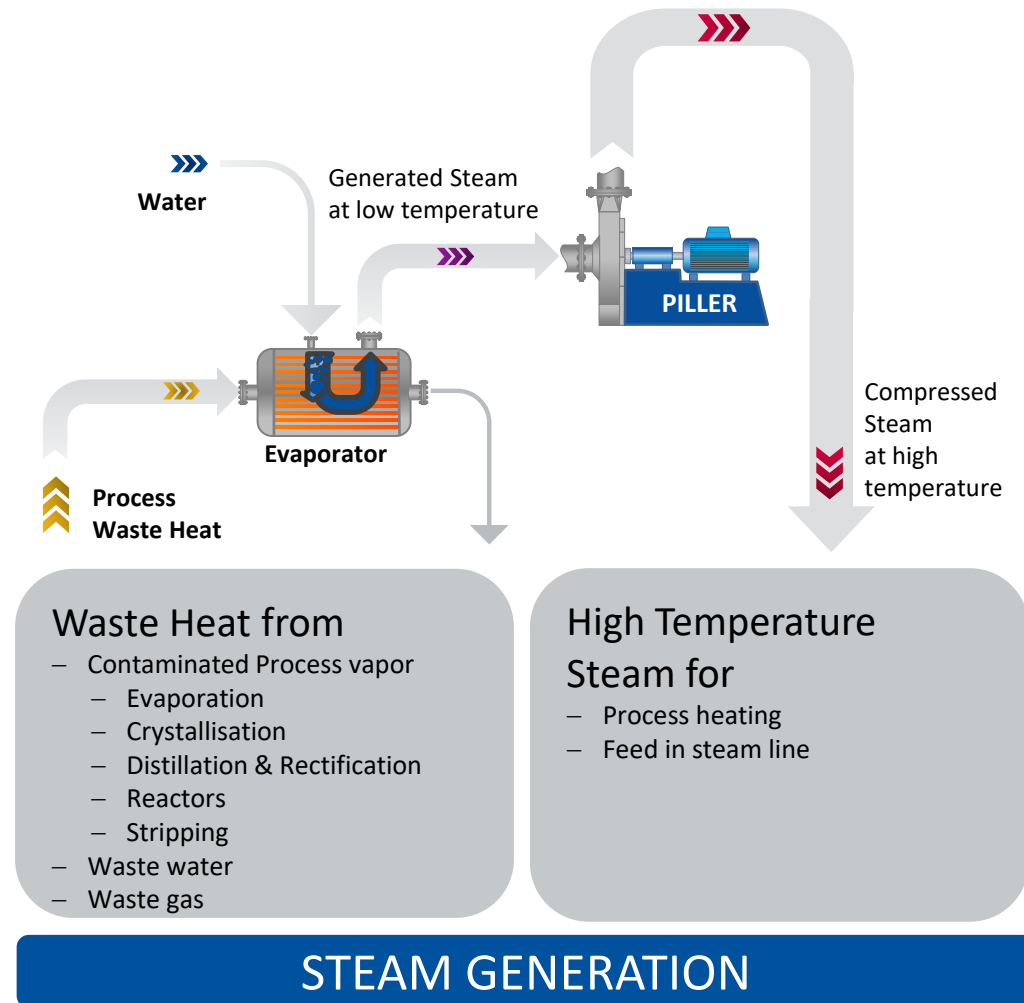
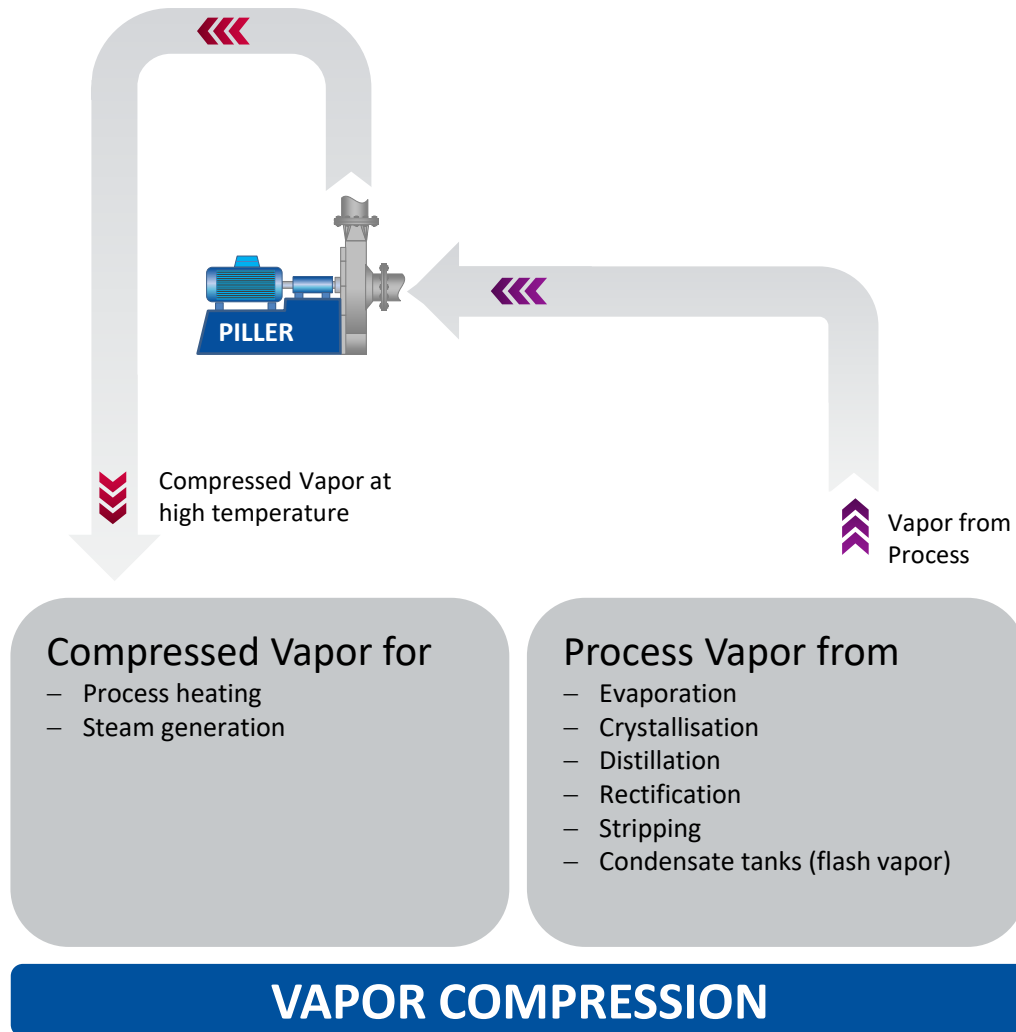
# VAPOLINE

Blowers and Compressors for Vapor Compression



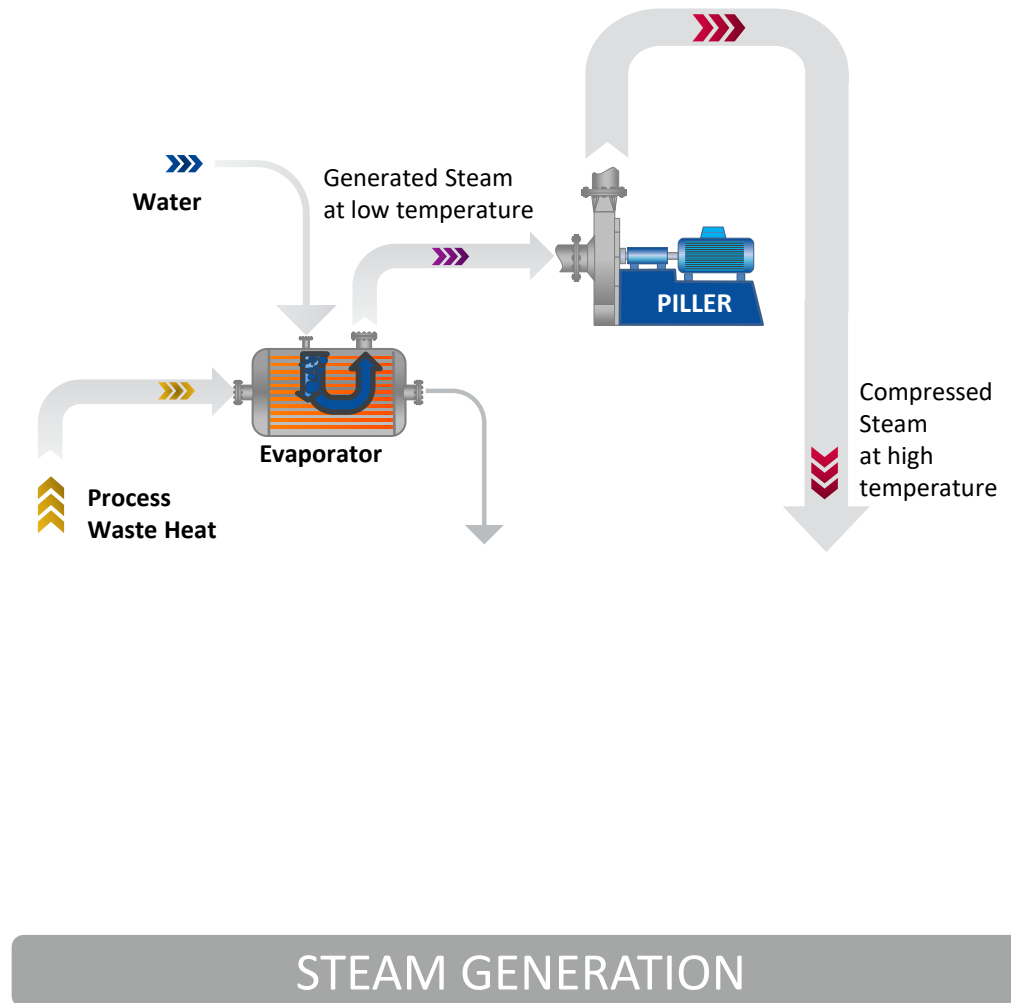
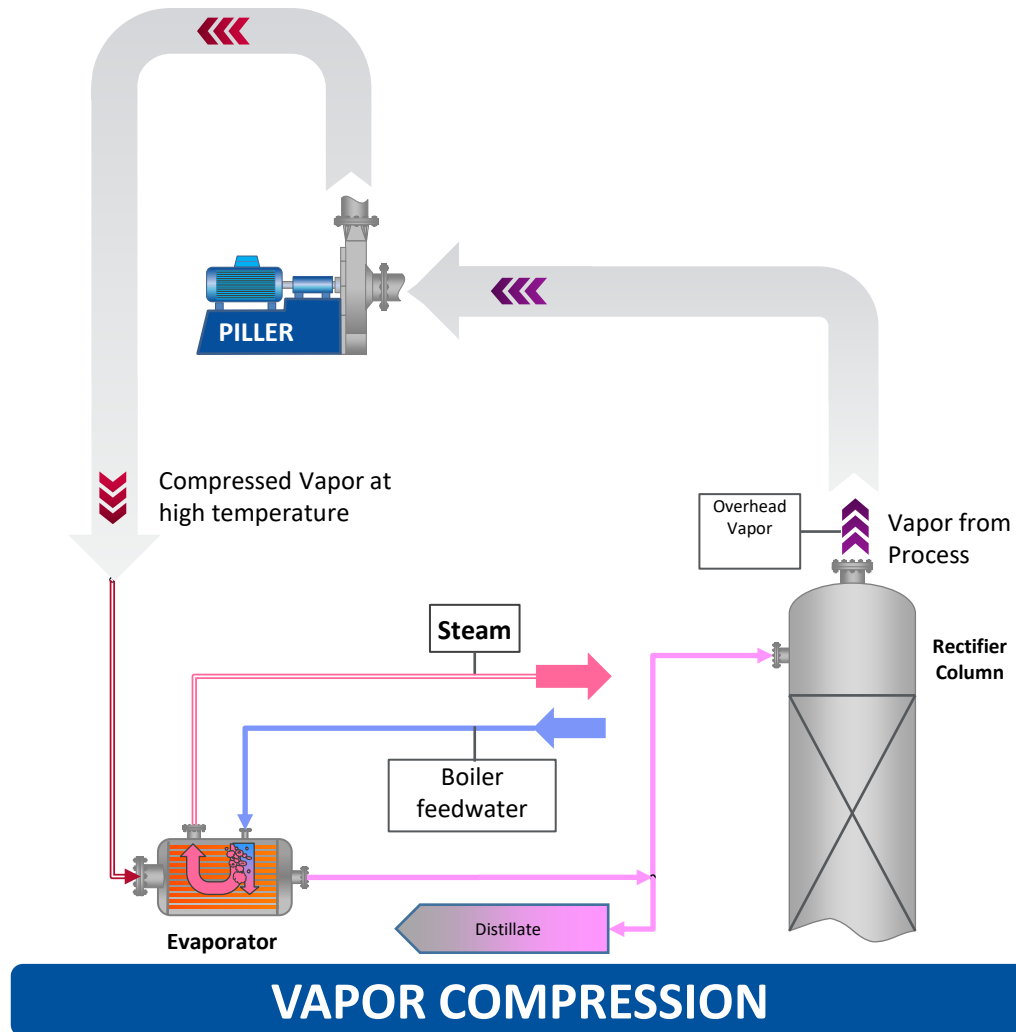


# PILLER BLOWERS FOR HEAT PUMP APPLICATIONS



# HEAT PUMP SYSTEMS WITH PILLER BLOWERS & COMPRESSORS

## DIRECT VAPOR COMPRESSION

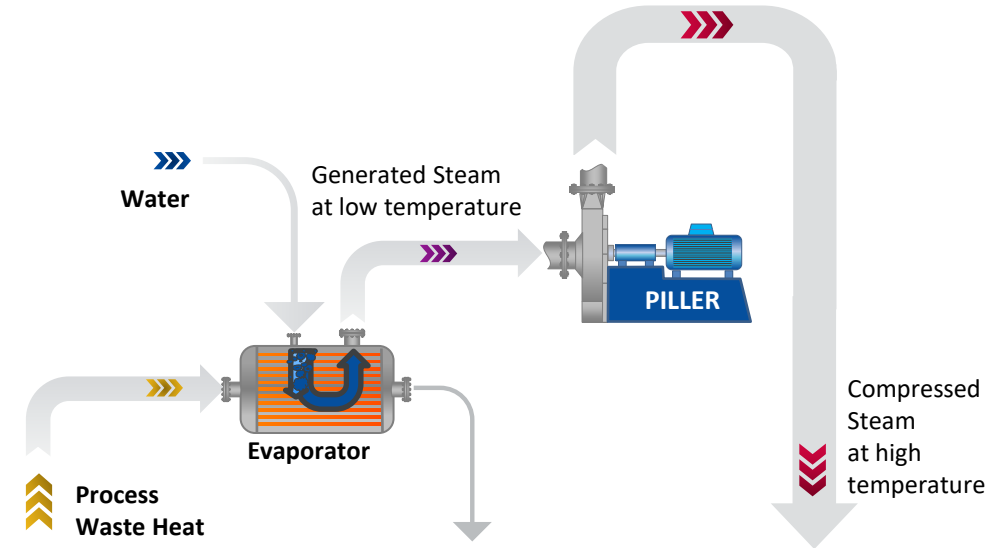


# HEAT PUMP SYSTEMS WITH PILLER BLOWERS & COMPRESSORS

## DIRECT VAPOR COMPRESSION



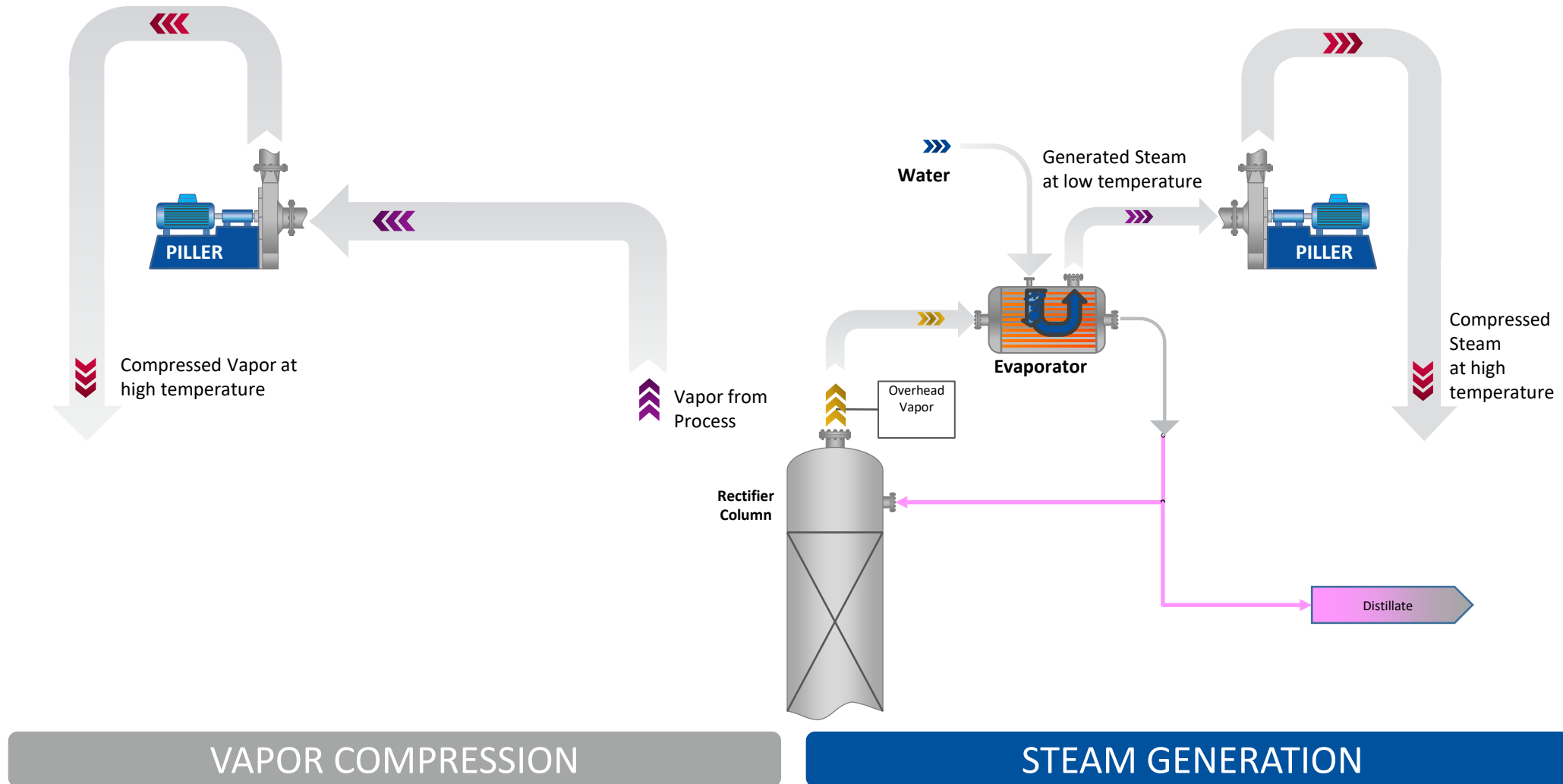
VAPOR COMPRESSION



STEAM GENERATION

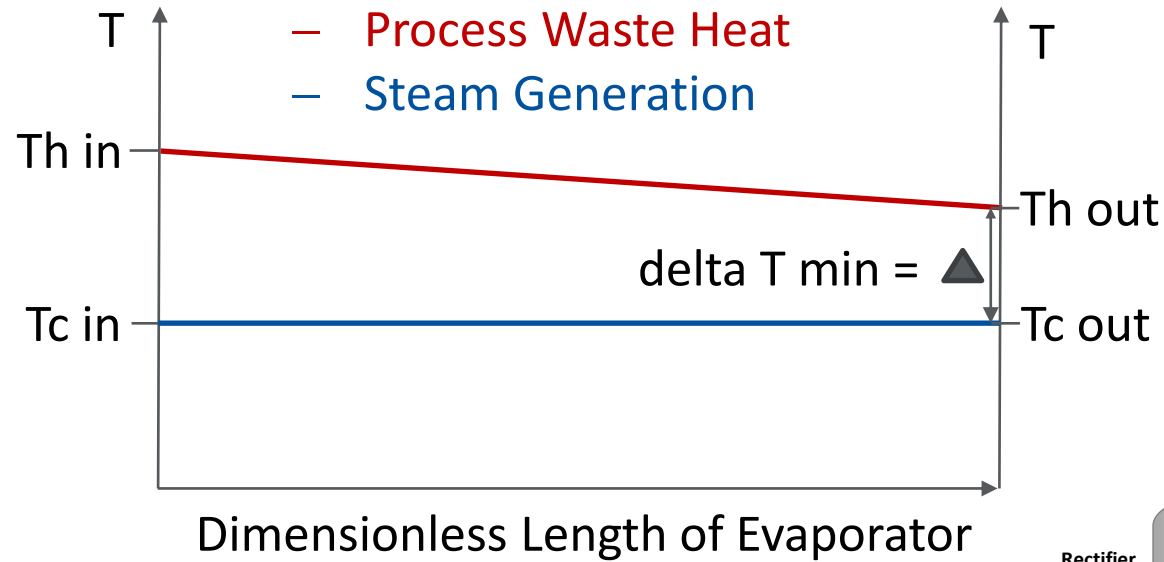
# HEAT PUMP SYSTEMS WITH PILLER BLOWERS & COMPRESSORS

## STEAM GENERATION AND COMPRESSION

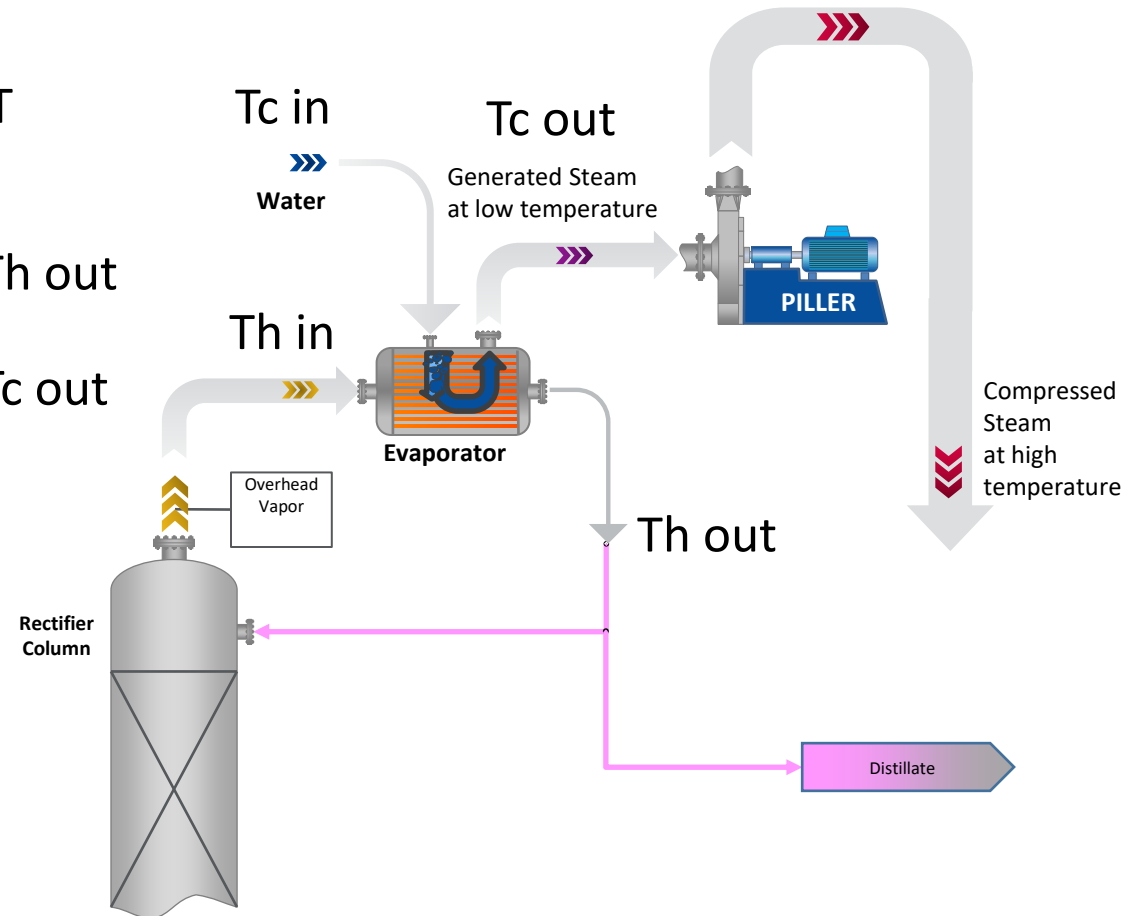




# STEAM GENERATION TEMPERATURE PROFILE



- $T_{h\ out}$  defines waste heat stream or vice versa
- $T_{h\ out}$  and  $\Delta T_{min}$  define steam inlet to compressor
- Waste heat stream defines mass flow of generated steam

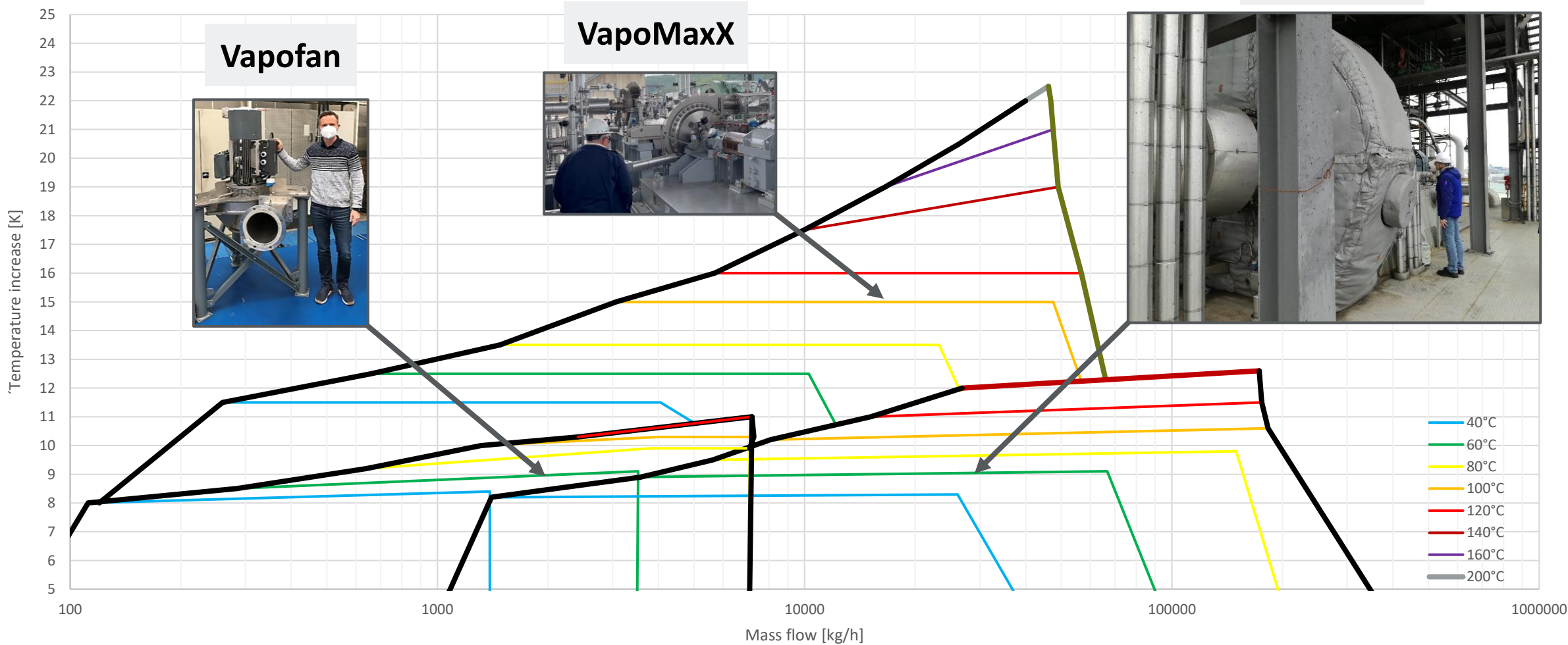


STEAM GENERATION

# COMPRESSOR SELECTION

## OPERATION RANGE MVR (H2O)

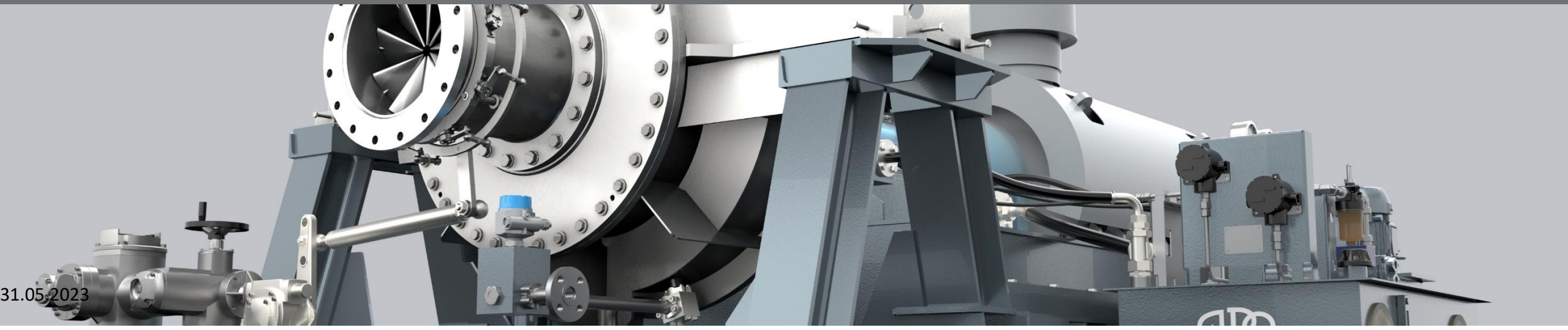
Vapoflex





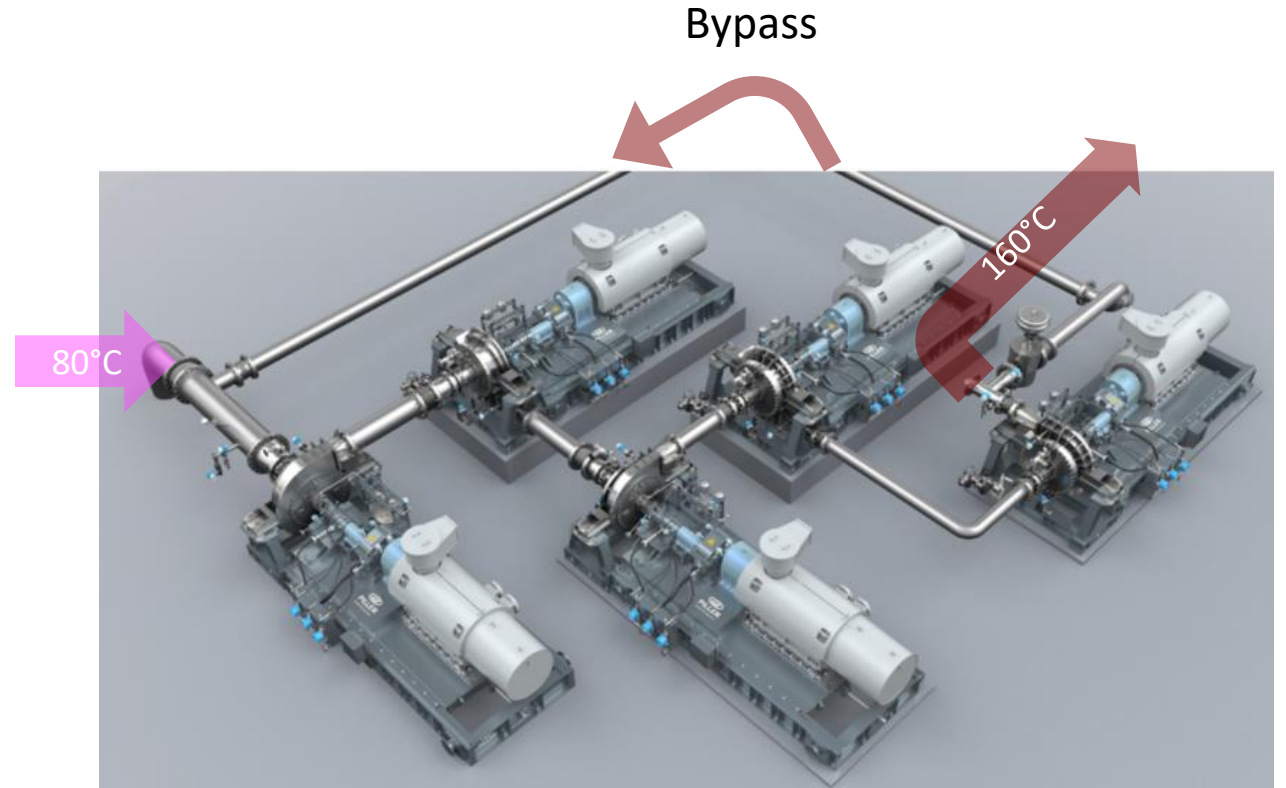
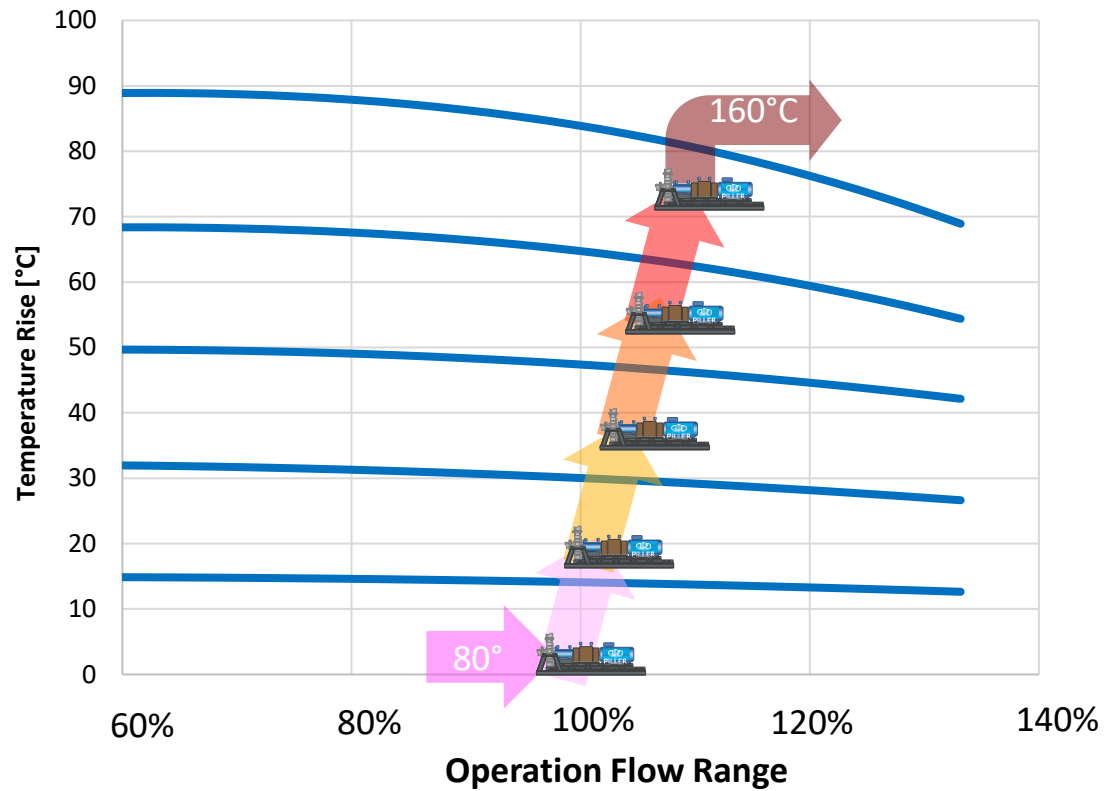
# PILLER VAPOMAXX APPLICATION

High Performance vapor compressor



# MULTI STAGE CONFIGURATION

## MULTI-STAGE – 5 VAPOMAXX IN SERIES

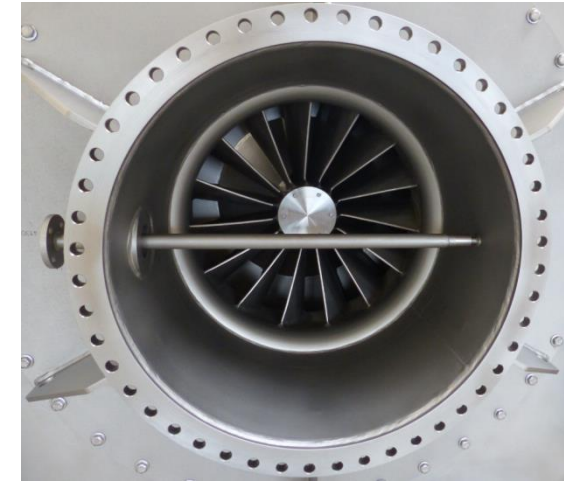
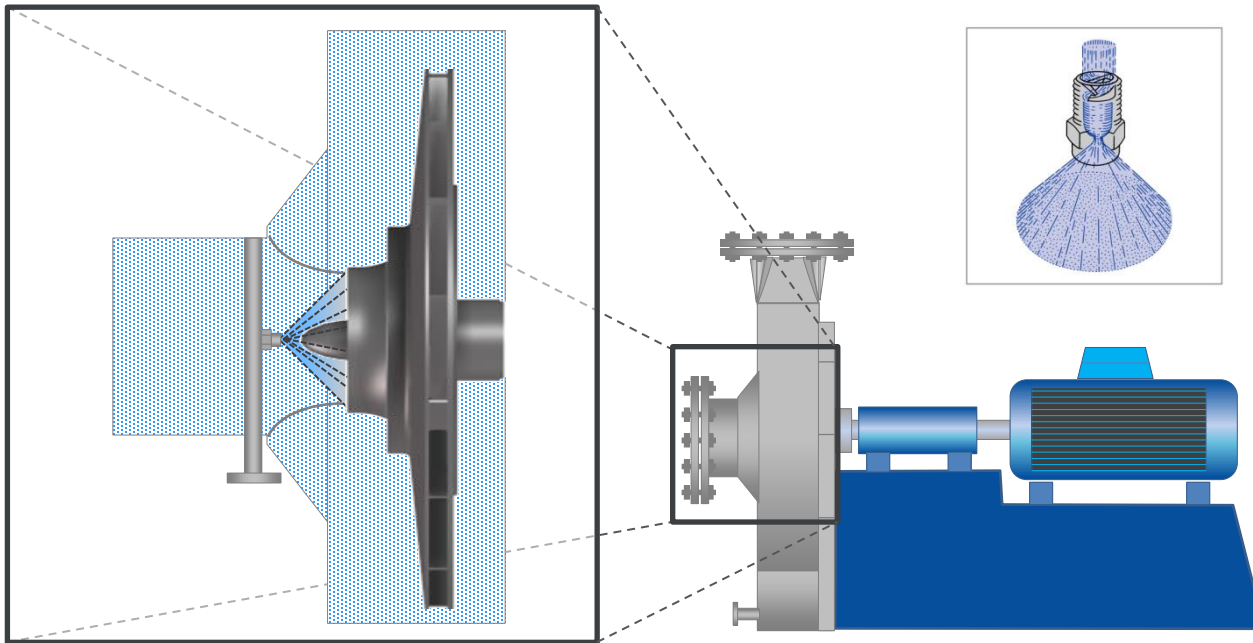
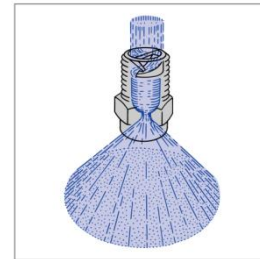




# WATER INJECTION: DESUPERHEAT

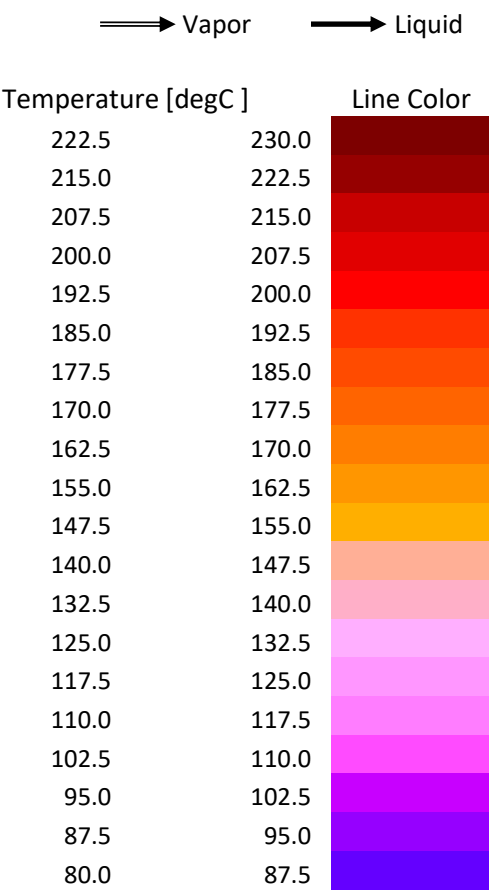
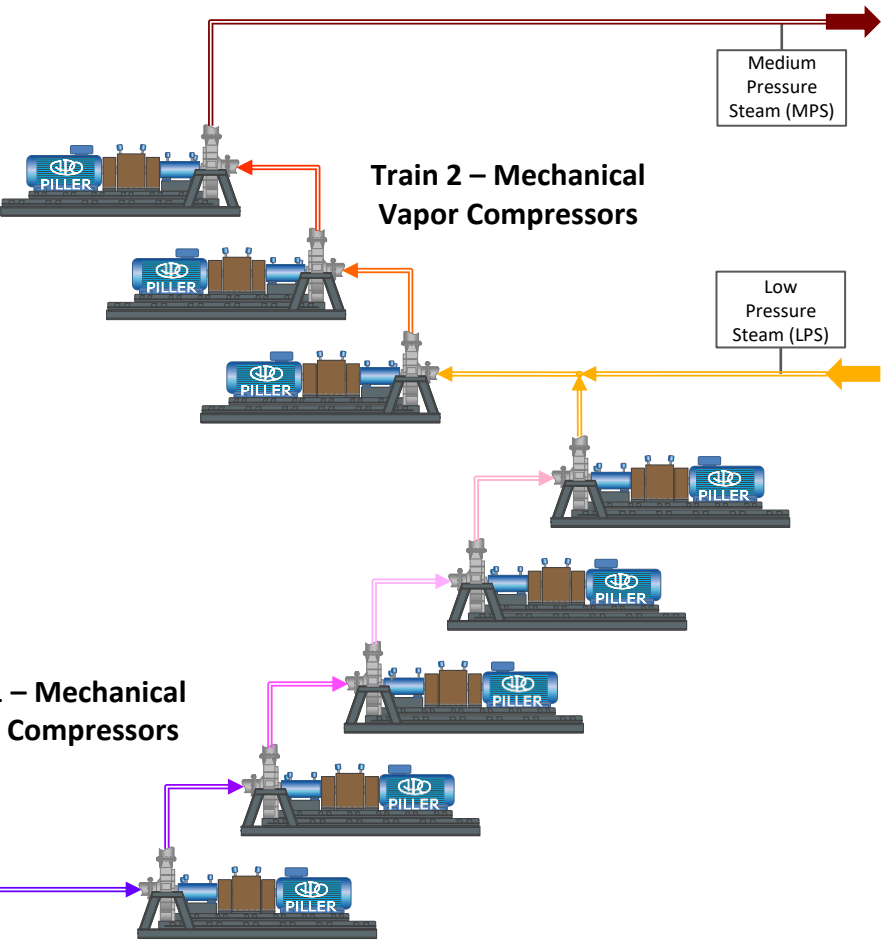
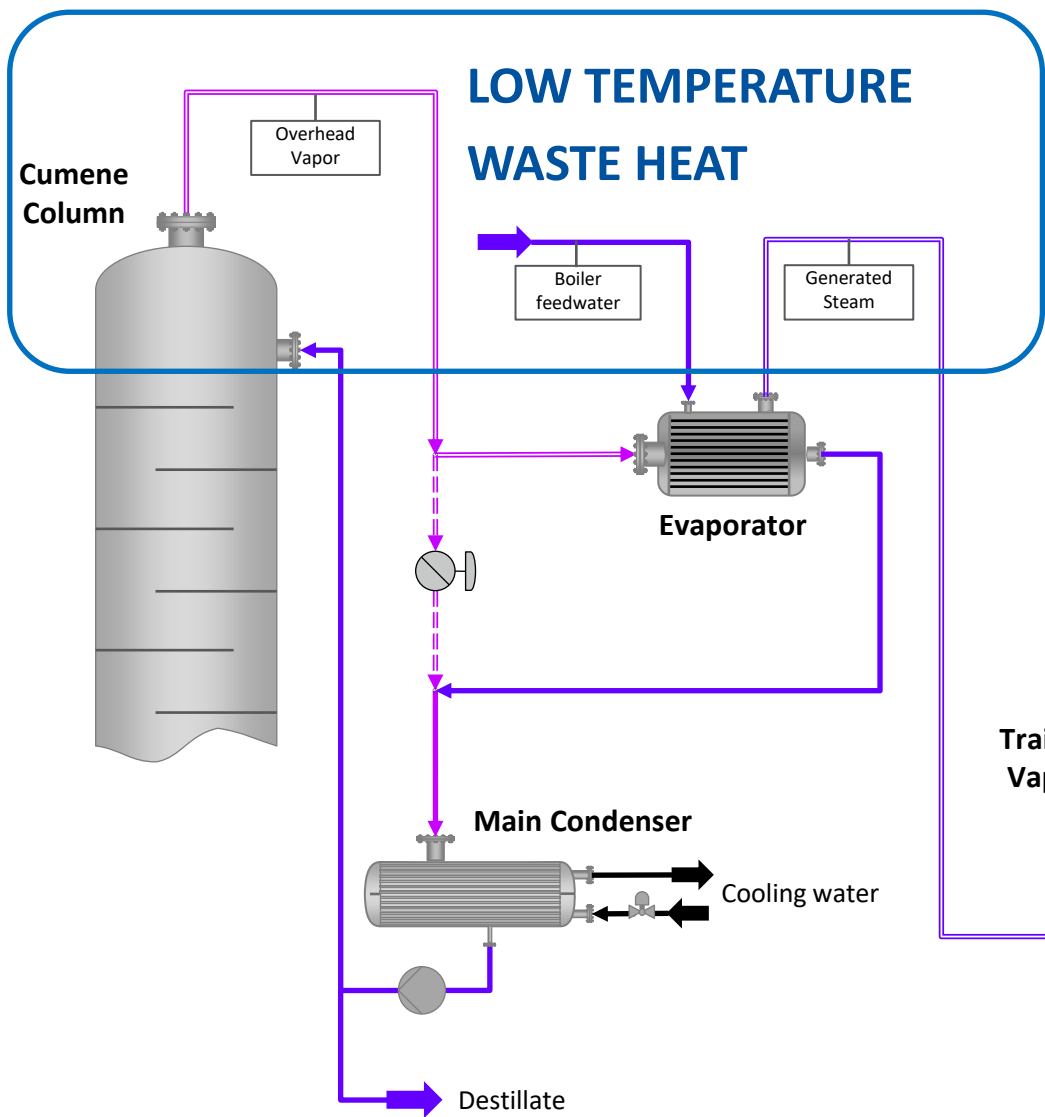
## INJECTION WATER

- Saturation to optimize heat transfer
- Cleaning effect
- Nearly the same temperature as the vapor
- Amount depending on operating point



*Sight Glass for Visual Inspection*

# IMPLEMENTING AN INDUSTRIAL HEAT PUMP TO A CUMENE COLUMN

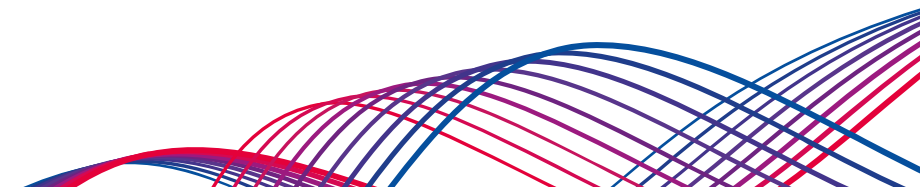




# CASE STUDY: OPTIMIZING ENERGY EFFICIENCY WITH VAPOR COMPRESSION TECHNOLOGY

## IMPLEMENTING AN INDUSTRIAL HEAT PUMP TO A CUMENE COLUMN

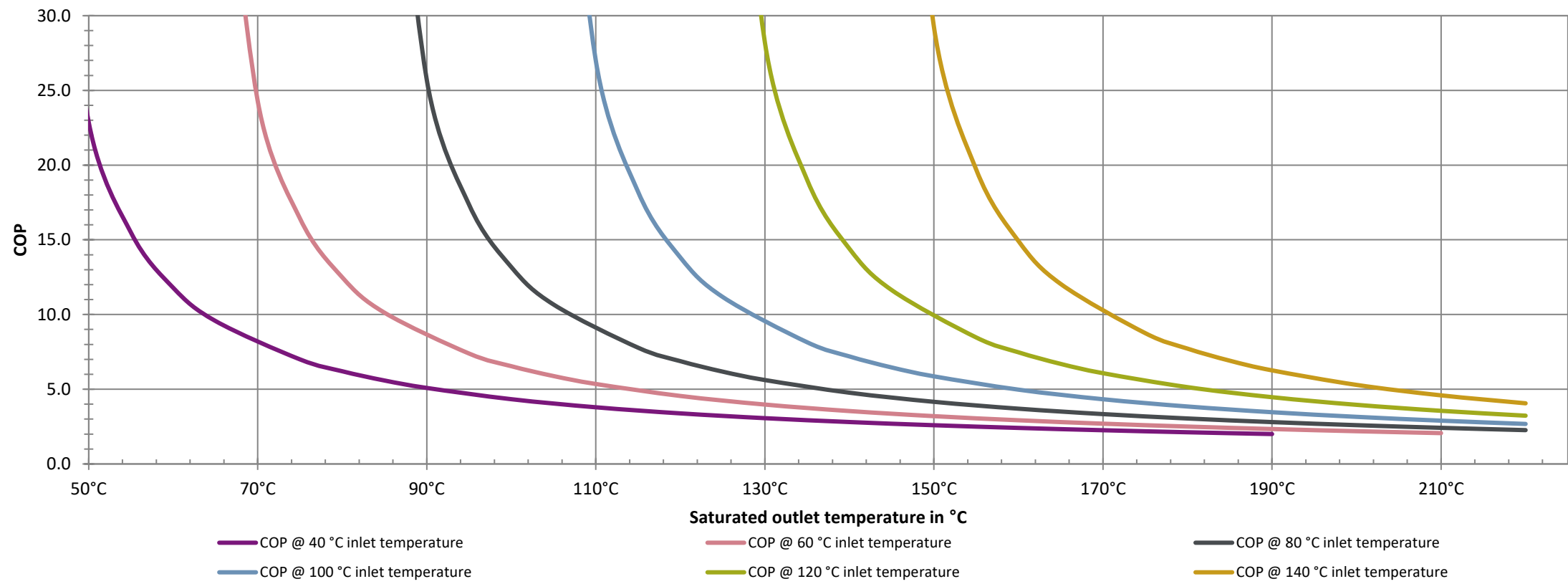
- 42 tons of steam are supplied per hour
- Energy cost savings: 8 Million € per year
- Reduction of CO<sub>2</sub> emissions by 10.650 tons per year
- Resulting COPs
  - First train: 3.81  
compression from 0.47 bara and 80 degC saturated steam to 5.2 bara and 160 degC low pressure steam (LPS)
  - Second train: 5.29  
resulting in medium pressure steam (MPS) at 19.6 bara and slightly superheated to 230 degC
  - Combined: 2.24  
compression from 80 degC to 211.5 degC saturated (train 2 weighted by inlet mass flow)



# PREDICTION OF COP – STEAM COMPRESSION WITH INJECTION COOLING



COP for different inlet temperatures - MVR steam heat pump



# PREDICTION OF COP – STEAM COMPRESSION WITH INJECTION COOLING

## COP for different inlet temperatures - MVR steam heat pump

