

# *First results from the ALMA Large Program*

## **Small Scale Substructure in Protoplanetary Disks**

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Wassily Kandinsky, 1913

**S. Andrews** (Harvard/SAO), **A. Isella** (Rice U.), **K. Dullemond** (U. Heidelberg)  
J. Huang (Harvard/SAO), V. Guzman (ALMA), N. Troncoso (U. Chile), J. Carpenter (ALMA), D. Wilner (Harvard/SAO), Z. Zhu (UNLV), T. Birnstiel (LMU Munich), M. Hughes (Wesleyan), K. Oberg (Harvard/CfA), X. Bai (IASTU/THCA), L. Ricci (JPL), M. Benisty (UMI/U. de Chile)

# What do we learn about disks from radio continuum?

Rich set of information from sub-mm to cm wavelengths

**Dust** component  
(thermal dust emission)

Contrast is not a problem!

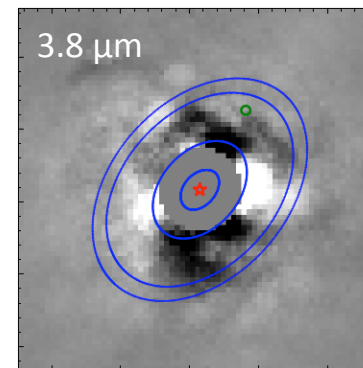
Generally optically thin at  $\lambda > \text{mm}$

$$I_\nu \approx B_\nu(T_d)\tau_\nu \approx \kappa_\nu \Sigma_d T_d$$

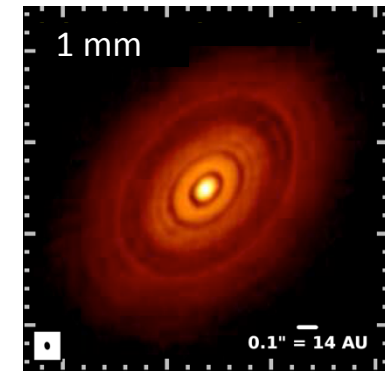
Dust properties

Mass available

Disk  
temperature

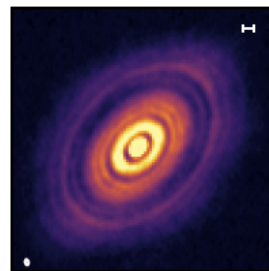


Testi et al. 2015

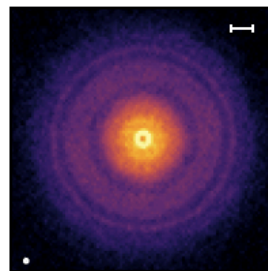


ALMA Partnership +LP et al. 2015

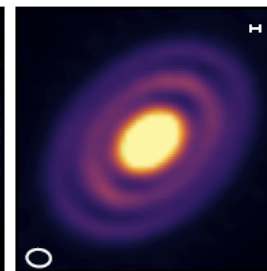
**ALMA** has been  
transformational  
to the field



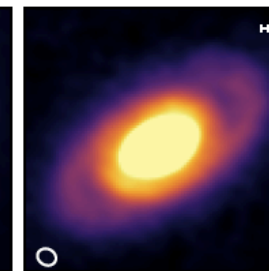
ALMA Partnership et al. 2015



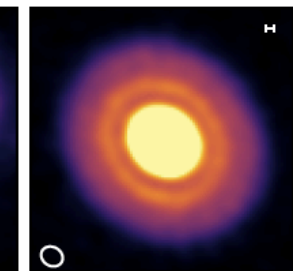
Andrews et al. 2016



Isella et al. 2016



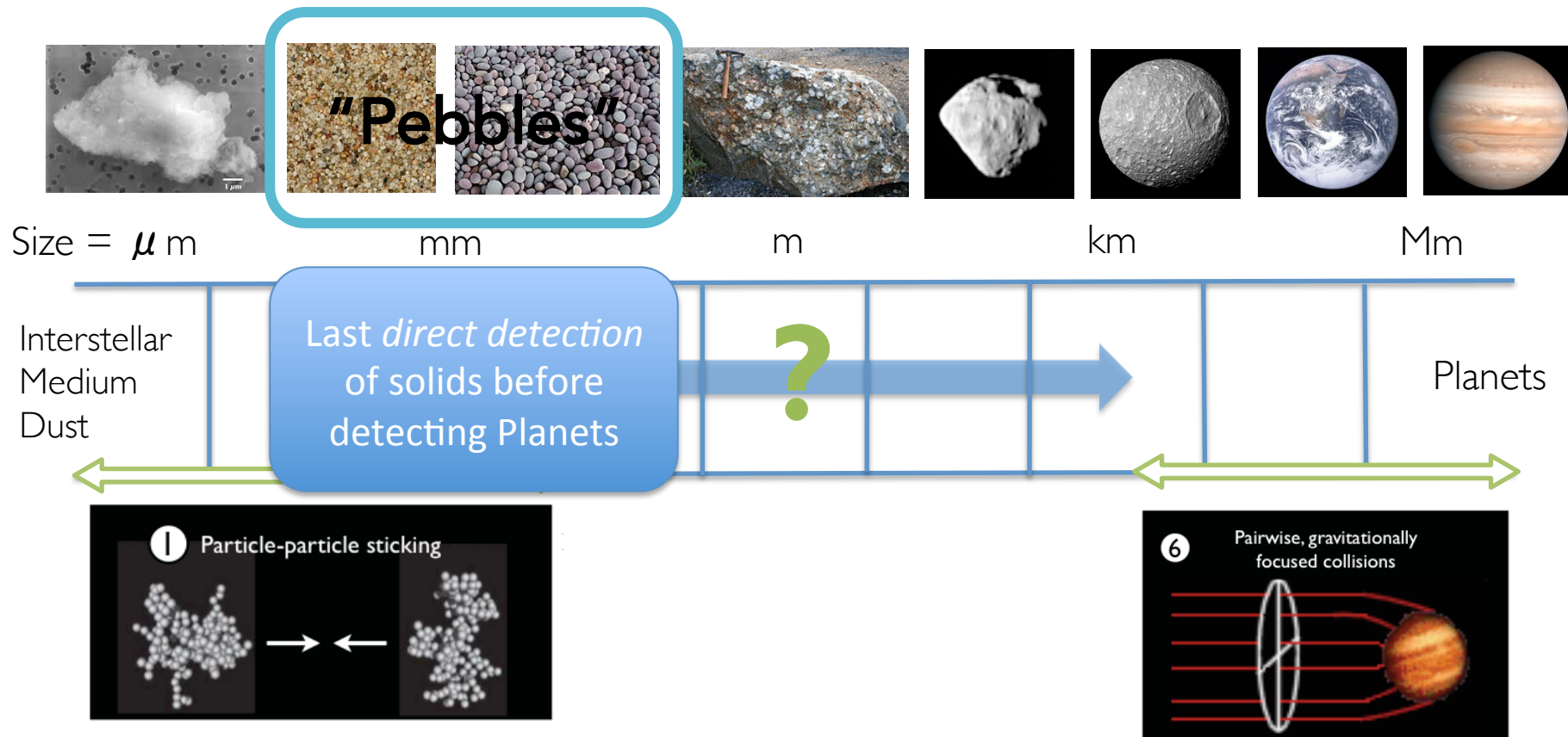
Pérez et al. 2016



Dipierro et al. 2018

# From ISM dust to Planetary Systems

... as seen in Blum's and Najita's talk before ...

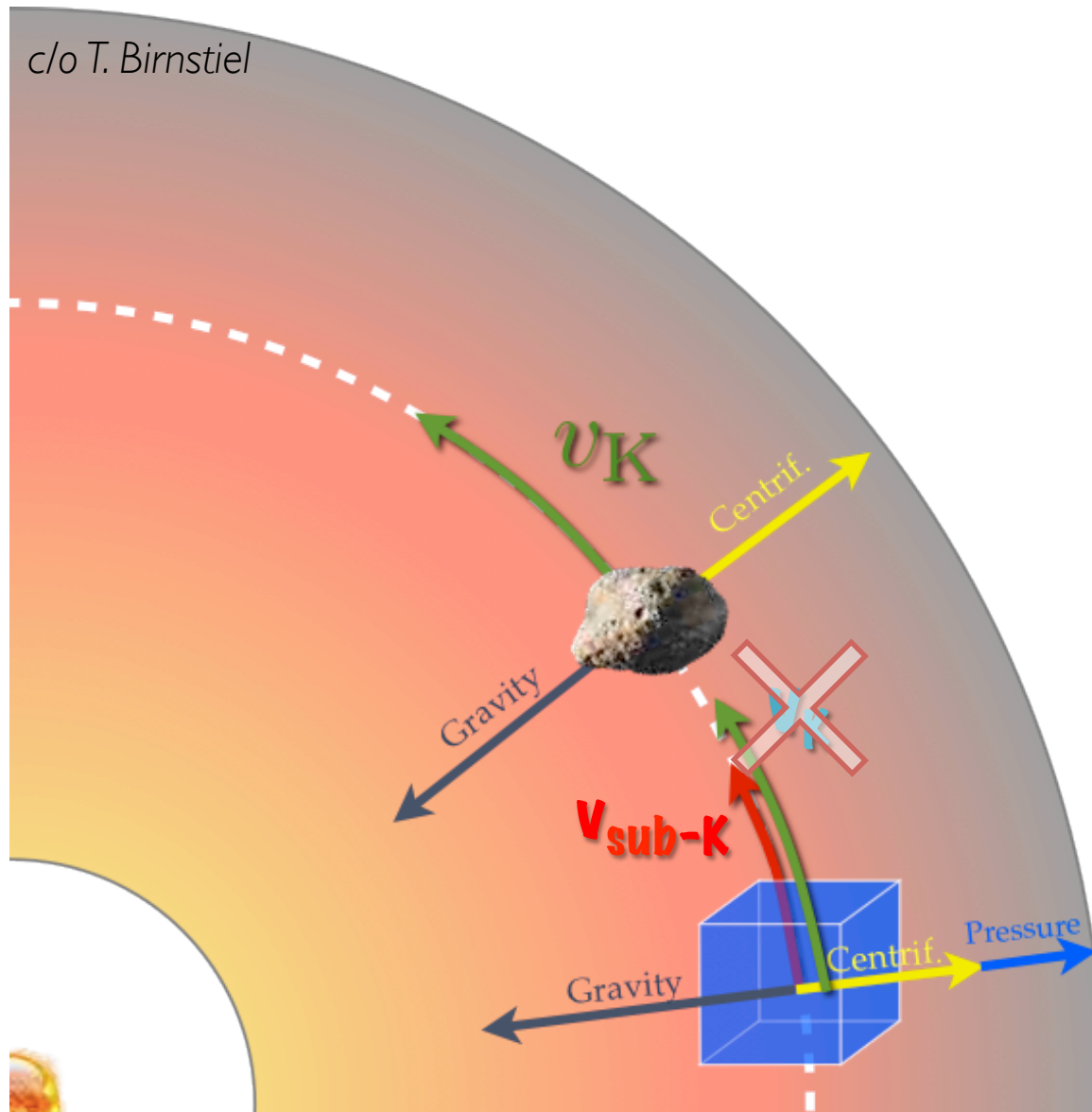


Adapted from Chiang & Youdin (2009)

# Solids Growth: Modulated by the Gas

Dust transport impacts its growth

c/o T. Birnstiel



The radial drift of solids  
*Whipple (1972)*  
*Weidenschilling (1977)*



Drift velocity of the dust:

$$v_{r, dust} \propto \frac{dP}{dr}$$

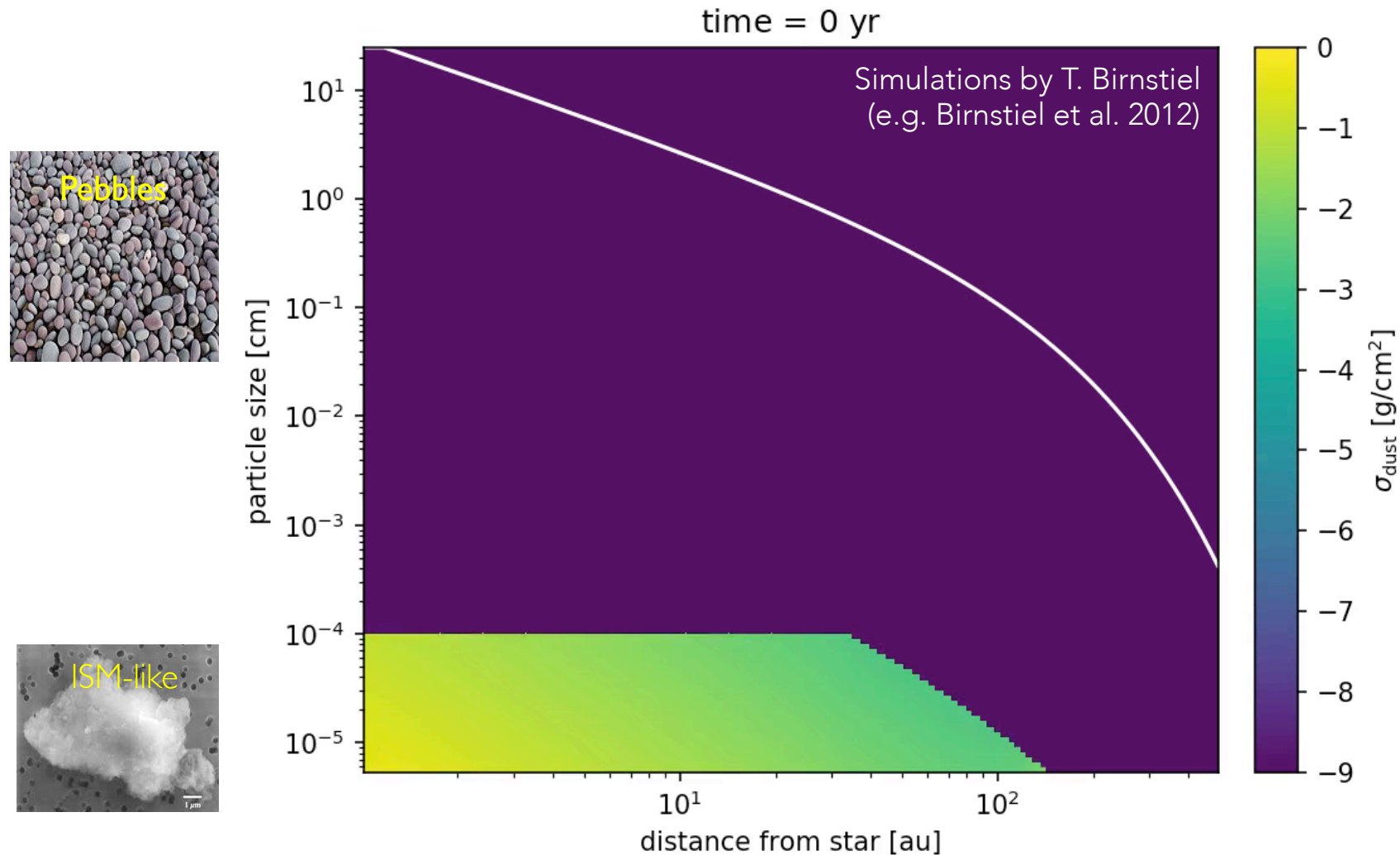
→ Dust drifts toward  $P_{max}$

ry context - March 5, 2018



# Solids Growth: Modulated by the Gas

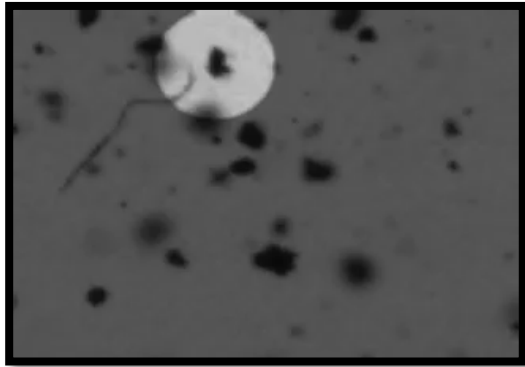
A disk *without substructure* will lose solids needed for planetesimal formation



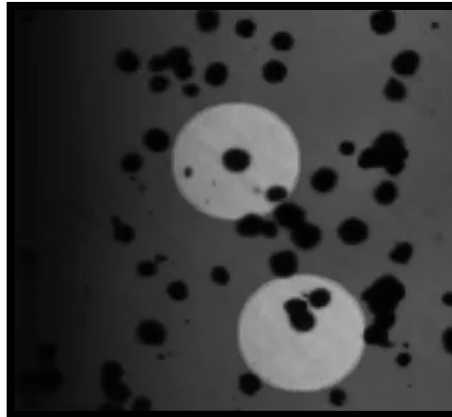
# Solids Growth: Contingent on its Properties

e.g. outcomes of collisions depend on composition/structure of grains

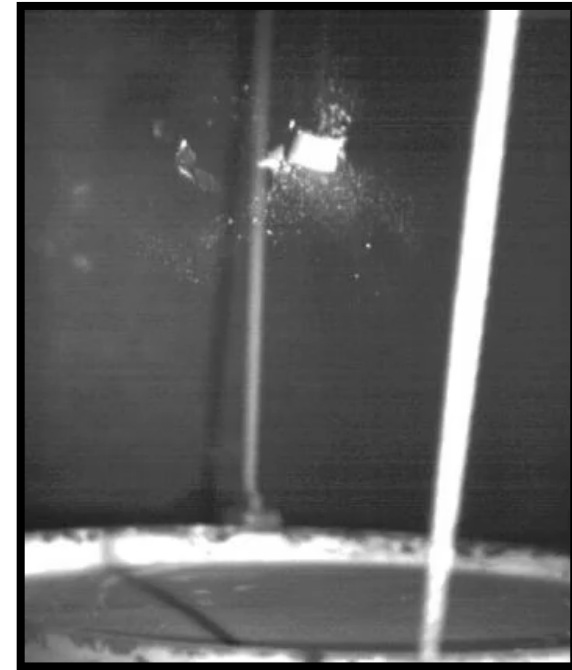
Sticking



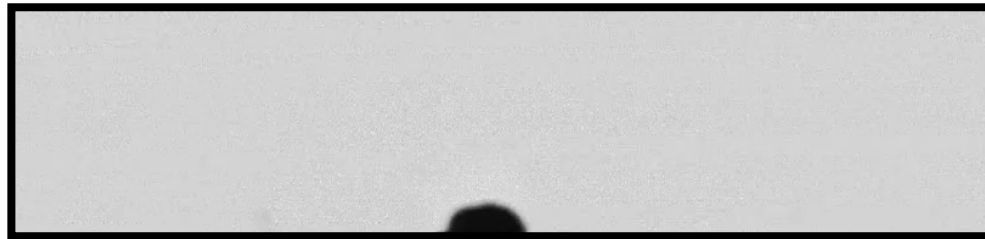
Bouncing



Fragmentation



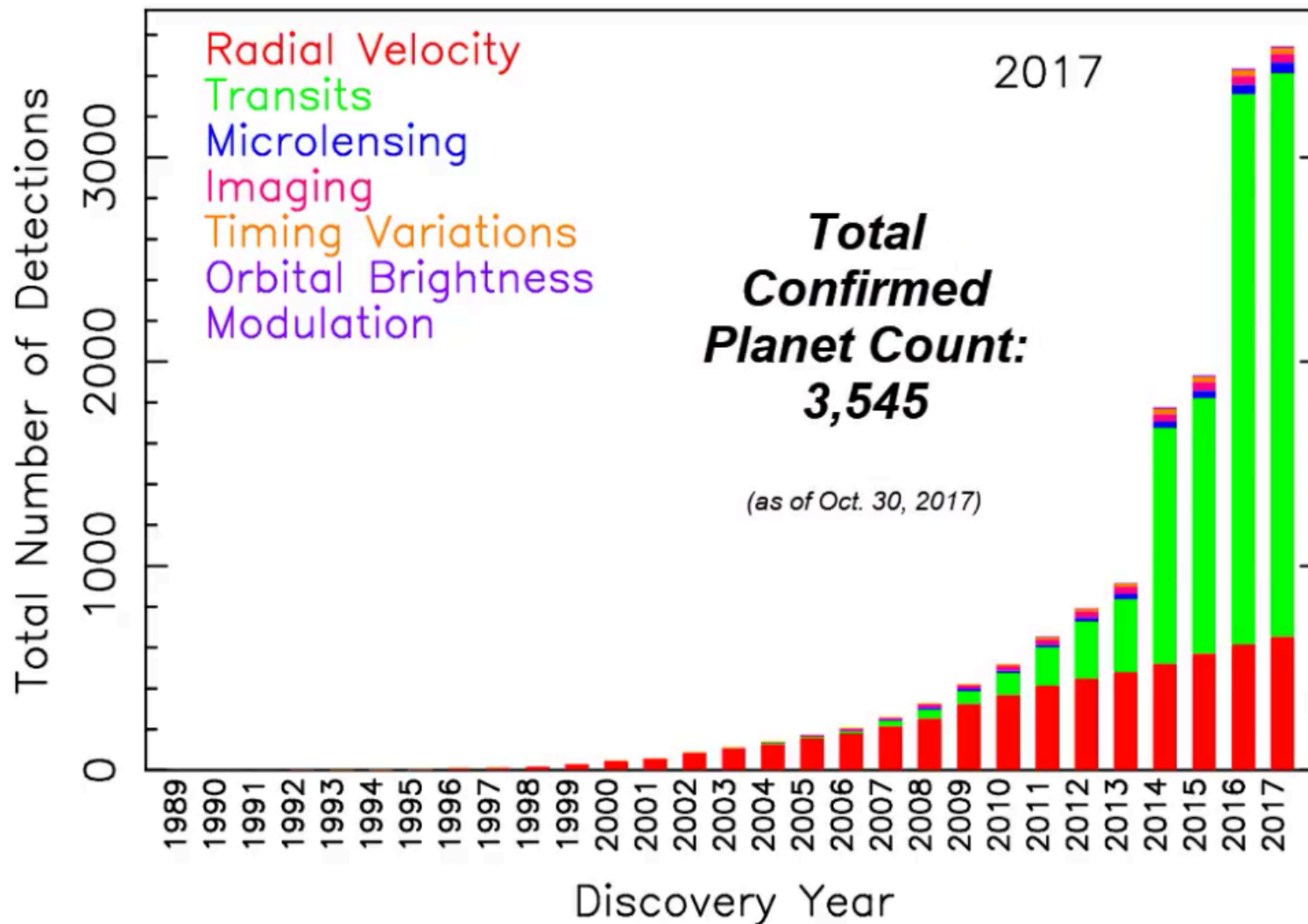
Mass Transfer



*Experiments from J. Blum's Lab  
Movies courtesy of J. Blum and collaborators,  
see e.g. Blum & Wurm 2008, Güttler et al. 2010*

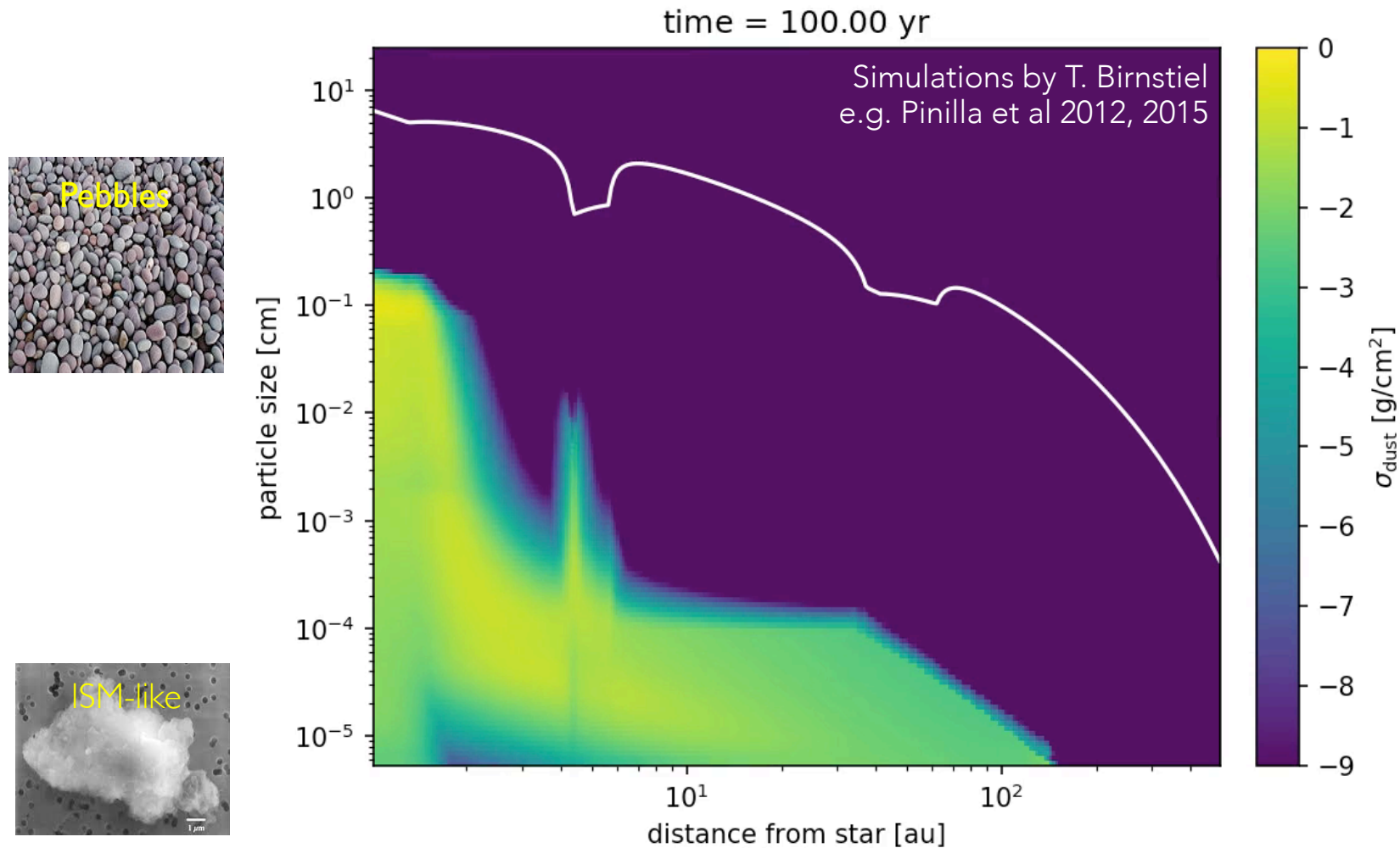
# Nature somehow overcomes these barriers

... after all, planets exist!



# What promotes solid concentration?

A disk with *substructure* will concentrate solids needed for planetesimal formation

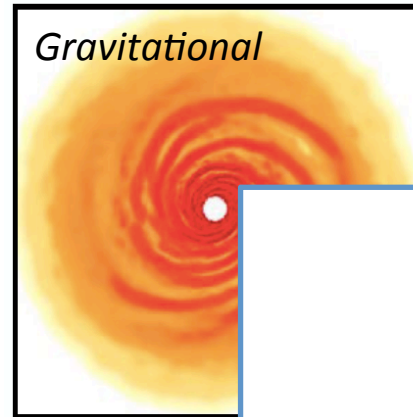




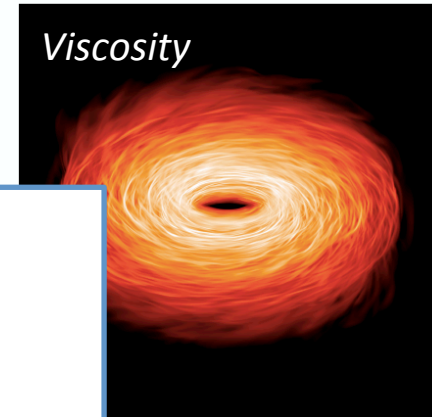
# How is substructure created?

There are plenty of ways!

## Instabilities



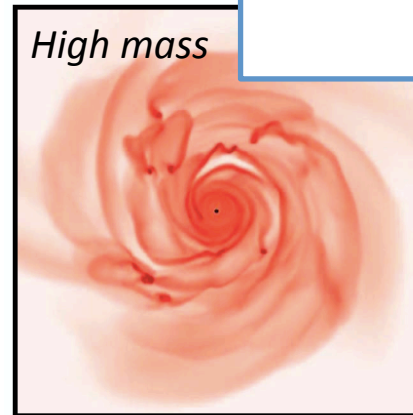
Dipier



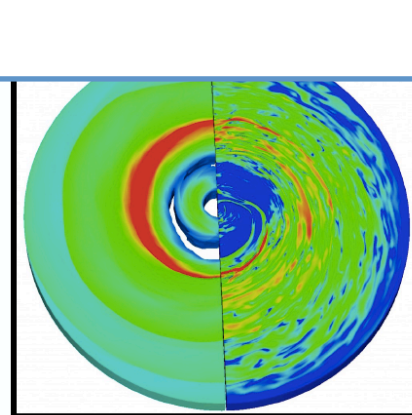
M. Flock

Talks by:  
M. Montesinos  
G. Bertrang  
N. Cuello  
M. Gárate

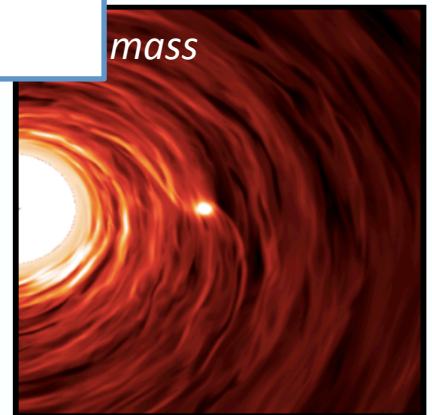
## Companions



Lichtenberg & Schleicher 2015

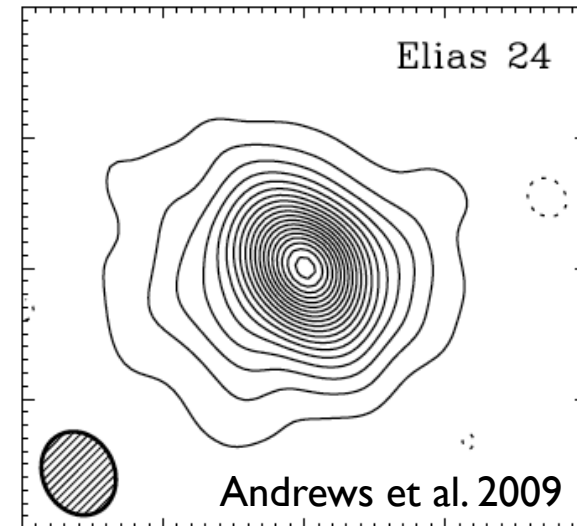
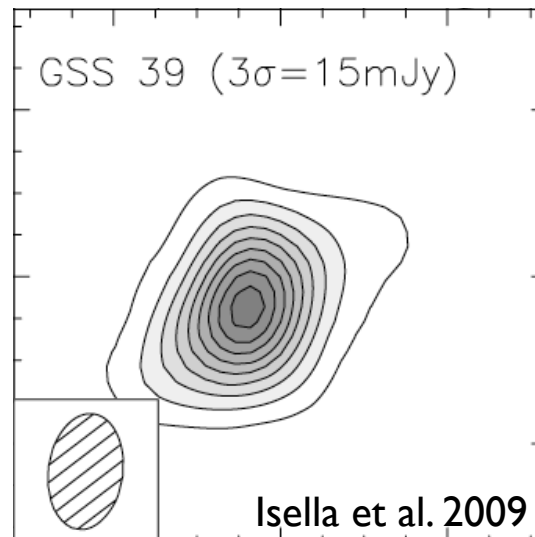
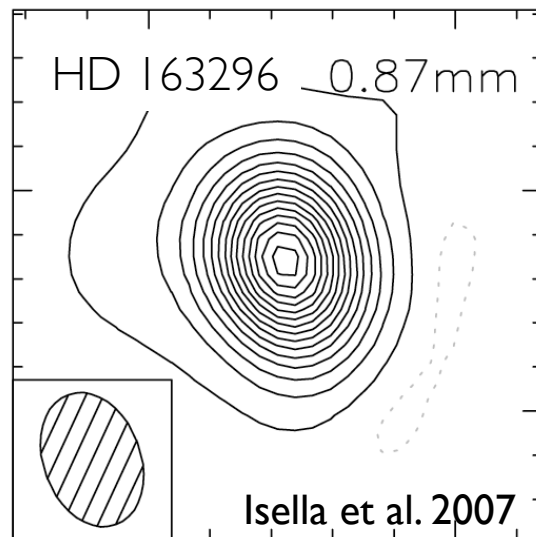
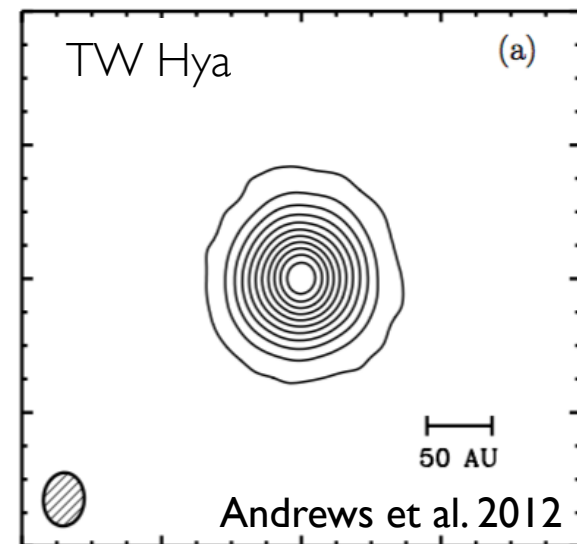
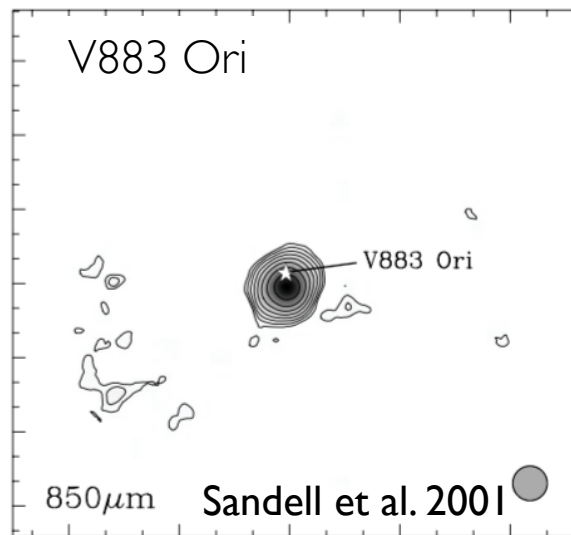
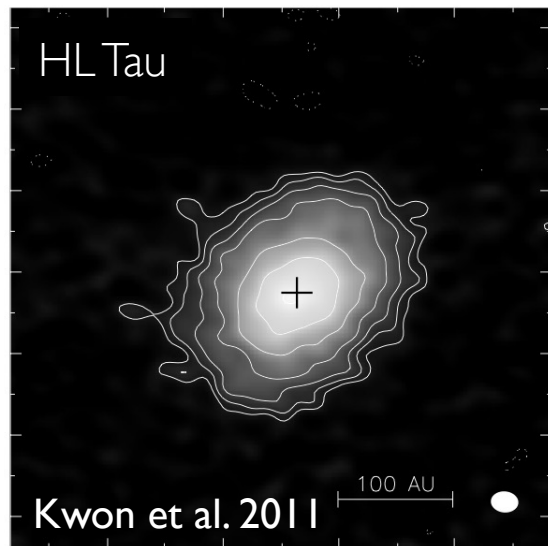


Z. Zhu

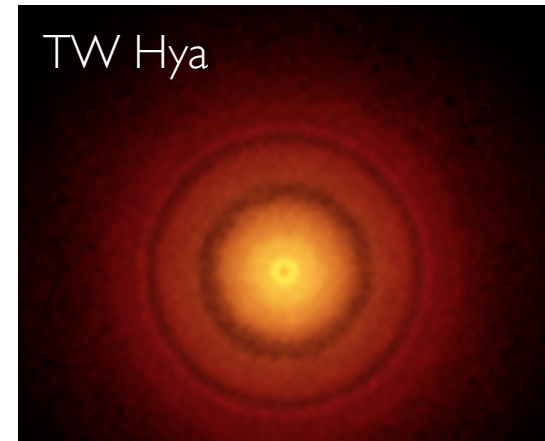
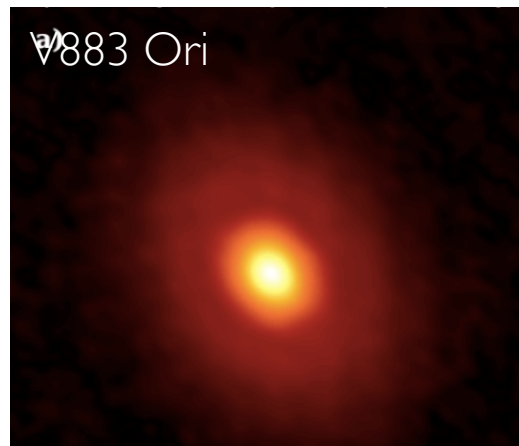
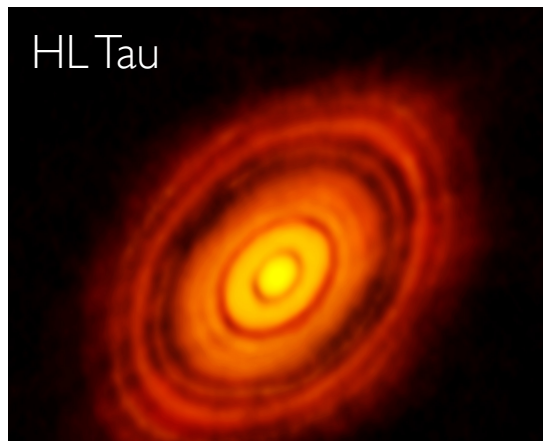


C. Baruteau

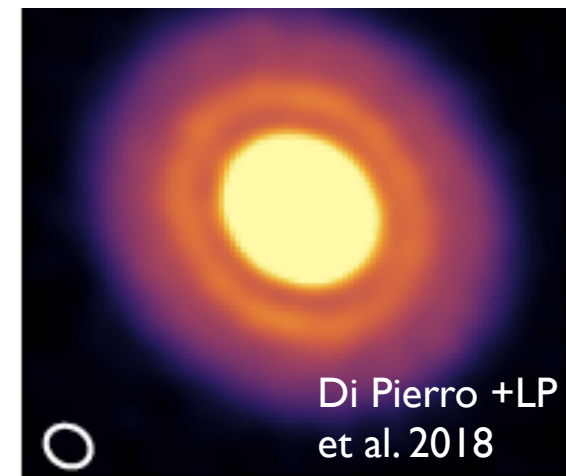
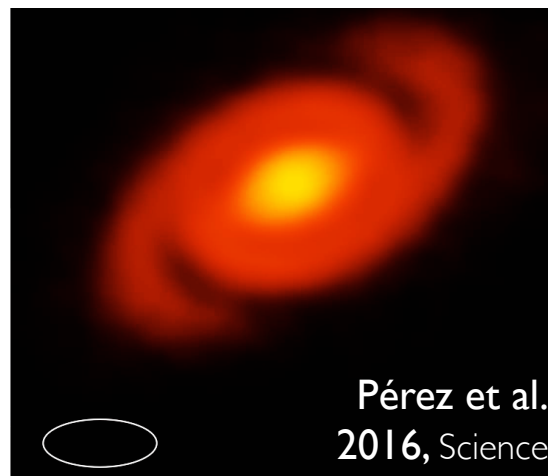
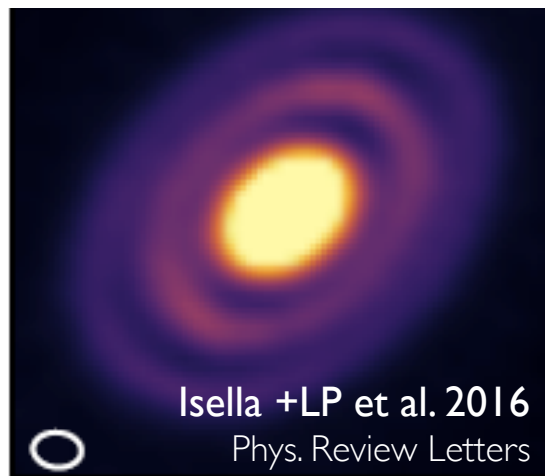
# A mm-wave gallery of protostellar disks **pre-ALMA**



# A mm-wave gallery of protostellar disks **post-ALMA**



**Motivate the need for an homogeneous sample!**



# ALMA Large Program in Protoplanetary Disks

*“Small-scale substructures in Protoplanetary Disks”*

## **Plan:**

- 240 GHz (Band 6) observations of 20 classical disks
- Angular resolution  $\sim 5$  AU
- Sensitivity  $\sim 17$  microJy/beam

## **Goals:**

Understand prevalence, forms, scales, spacings, symmetry, amplitudes, etc. of substructures in a representative sample of classical disks

## **Observational Status:**

43.5/46 EBs completed; very preliminary images on the next slide!

## **Analysis ongoing:**

Look for first papers (with data product release) in the fall

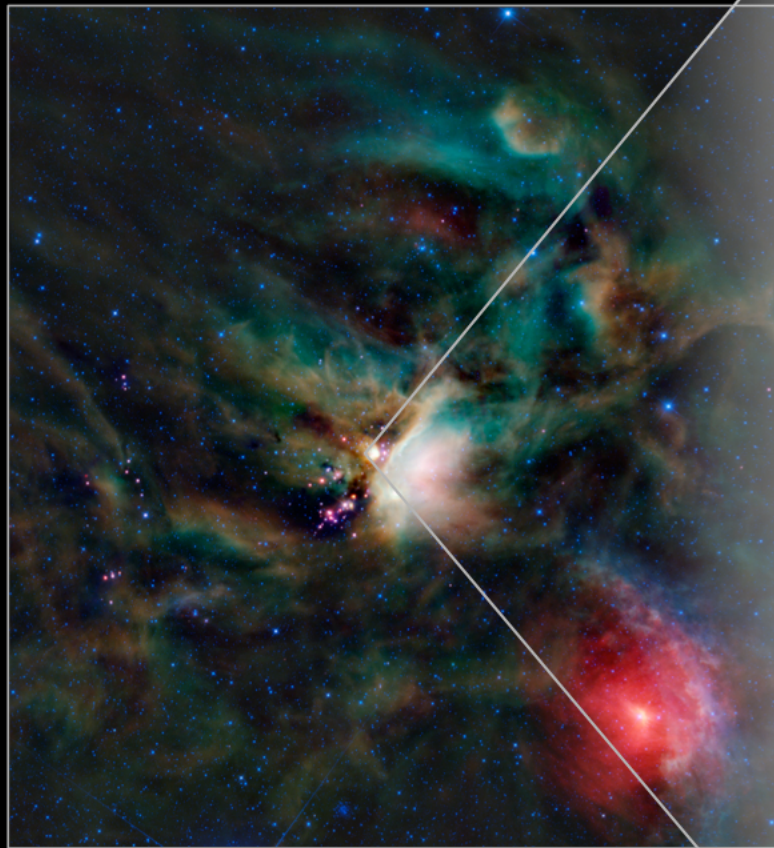


P R E L I M I N A R Y !

P R E L I M I N A R Y !

# Our old friend ... Elias 2-27

Spiral arms observed in the radio continuum for the first time



The Ophiuchus star-forming region

Image Credit: NASA/JPL-Caltech/WISE Team

Elias 2-27 as seen by ALMA

*Kuiper Belt orbit*



Pérez et al. 2016, Science

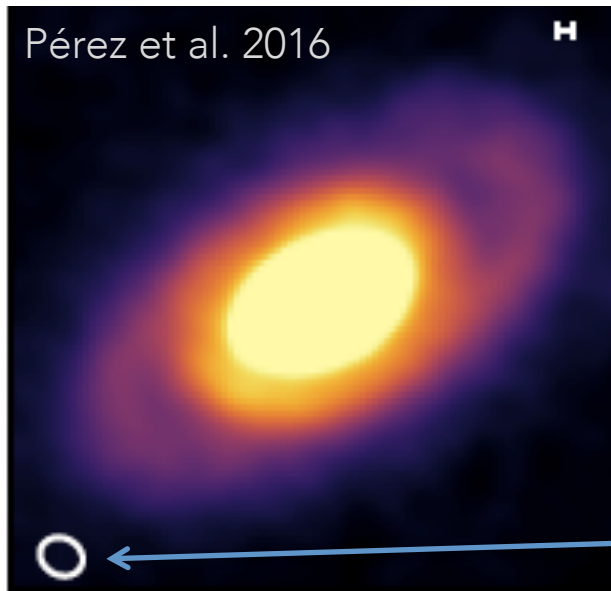
Credit: B. Saxton (NRAO/AUI/NSF);  
ALMA (ESO/NAOJ/NRAO); L. Pérez (MPIfR)

# Our old friend ... Elias 2-27

Spiral arms observed in the radio continuum for the first time

Elias 2-27 star  $\sim 0.5 M_{\text{sun}}$

Class II  $\sim 1\text{-}3\text{Myr}$  old



ALMA Large Program

PRELIMINARY  
IMAGE!

Spirals are not  
unique  
to this object!

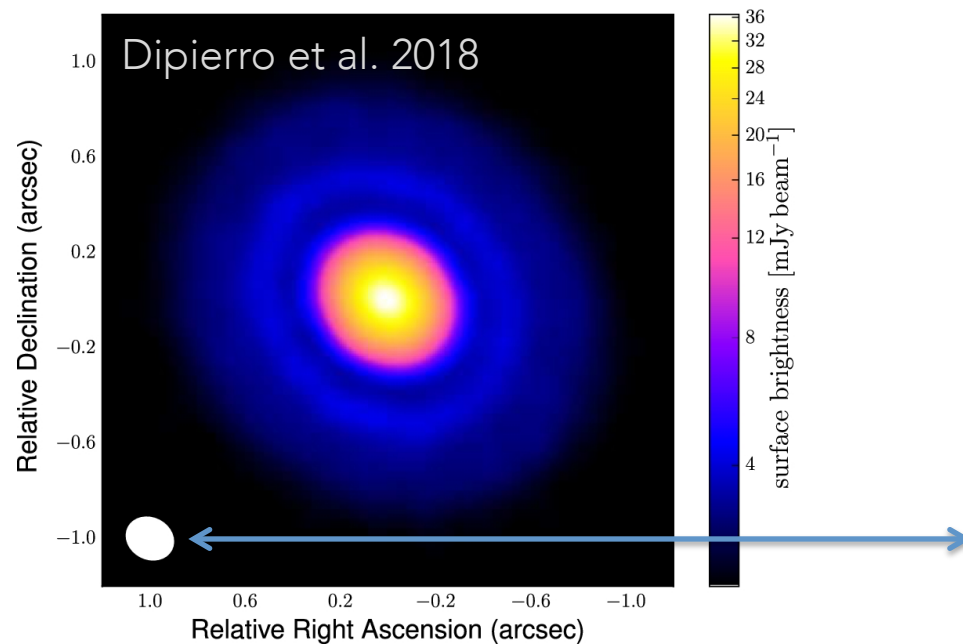
P R E L I M I N A R Y !

# Our newer friend ... Elias 24

Rings and gaps in the disk revealed by ALMA

Elias 24 disk  $\sim 0.1$  Msun

Class II  $\sim 1$  Myr old



ALMA Large Program

PRELIMINARY  
IMAGE!

See also:  
Cox et al. 2017  
Cieza et al. 2017

Rings are not  
unique  
to this object!



# Ongoing Follow-up of ALMA Large Program

Pilot programs approved, looking to complete the sample over next cycles

**ALMA Program Status:**  
3 disks observed!  
Data to be delivered



Cycle 5 ALMA observations at 3 mm to check for dust trapping in substructure  
(PI: L. Pérez)

**NACO Program Status:**  
On the queue  
to be observed



PI01 NACO L' observations to check for companions creating substructure  
(PI: L. Pérez)

# ALMA Large Program will provide new insights into processes that transform the disk reservoir into a planetary system

## Structure?

Substructure is needed to prevent solids from drifting and to form planets

A multitude of structures: new detections pave the way to understand star & planet formation

## Evolution?

We are getting to understand basic disk evolution from mm-wave disk observations

We can now test if features predicted in disk evolution are present in most disks