



Brain Imaging Data Structure Specification

v1.9.0

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The Brain Imaging Data Structure

The Brain Imaging Data Structure (BIDS) is a simple and intuitive way to organize and describe data.

This document defines the BIDS specification, which provides many details to help implement the standard. It includes the core specification as well as many extensions to specific brain imaging modalities, and increasingly also to other kinds of data.

If BIDS is new to you, and you would like to learn more about how to adapt your own datasets to match the BIDS specification, we recommend exploring the [BIDS Starter Kit](#). Alternatively, to get started please read the introduction to the specification.

For an overview of the BIDS ecosystem, visit the [BIDS homepage](#). The entire specification can also be [downloaded as PDF](#).

Introduction

Motivation

Neuroimaging experiments result in complicated data that can be arranged in many different ways. So far there is no consensus how to organize and share data obtained in neuroimaging experiments. Even two researchers working in the same lab can opt to arrange their data in a different way. Lack of consensus (or a standard) leads to misunderstandings and time wasted on rearranging data or rewriting scripts expecting certain structure. Here we describe a simple and easy-to-adopt way of organizing neuroimaging and behavioral data. By using this standard you will benefit in the following ways:

- It will be easy for another researcher to work on your data. To understand the organization of the files and their format you will only need to refer them to this document. This is especially important if you are running your own lab and anticipate more than one person working on the same data over time. By using BIDS you will save time trying to understand and reuse data acquired by a graduate student or postdoc that has already left the lab.
- There are a growing number of data analysis software packages that can understand data organized according to BIDS (see the [up to date list](#)).
- Databases such as [OpenNeuro.org](#) accept datasets organized according to BIDS. If you ever plan to share your data publicly (nowadays some journals require this) you can minimize the additional time and energy spent on publication, and speed up the curation process by using BIDS to structure and describe your data right after acquisition.
- Validation tools such as the [BIDS Validator](#) can check your dataset integrity and help you easily spot missing values.

BIDS was heavily inspired by the format used internally by the OpenfMRI repository that is now known as [OpenNeuro.org](#), and has been supported by the International Neuroinformatics Coordinating Facility ([INCF](#)) and the INCF Neuroimaging Data Sharing (NIDASH) Task Force. While working on BIDS we consulted many neuroscientists to make sure it covers most common experiments, but at the same time is intuitive and easy to adopt. The specification is intentionally based on simple file formats and directory structures to reflect current lab practices and make it accessible to a wide range of scientists coming from different backgrounds.

Extensions

The BIDS specification can be extended in a backwards compatible way and will evolve over time. This is accomplished through community-driven BIDS Extension Proposals (BEPs). For more information about the BEP process, see [Extending the BIDS specification](#).

Citing BIDS

When referring to BIDS in context of academic literature, please cite one or more of the publications listed below. We RECOMMEND that you cite the original publication on BIDS and additionally the publication regarding the datatype you were using (for example, EEG, MEG, iEEG, if available).

For example:

The data used in the study were organized using the Brain Imaging Data Structure (Gorgolewski, K., Auer, T., Calhoun, V. et al., 2016) with the extension for EEG data (Pernet, C.R., Appelhoff, S., Gorgolewski, K.J. et al., 2019).

Original publication

- Gorgolewski, K.J., Auer, T., Calhoun, V.D., Craddock, R.C., Das, S., Duff, E.P., Flandin, G., Ghosh, S.S., Glatard, T., Halchenko, Y.O., Handwerker, D.A., Hanke, M., Keator, D., Li, X., Michael, Z., Maumet, C., Nichols, B.N., Nichols, T.E., Pellman, J., Poline, J.-B., Rokem, A., Schaefer, G., Sochat, V., Triplett, W., Turner, J.A., Varoquaux, G., Poldrack, R.A. (2016). The brain imaging data structure, a format for organizing and describing outputs of neuroimaging experiments. *Scientific Data*, 3 (160044). [doi:10.1038/sdata.2016.44](https://doi.org/10.1038/sdata.2016.44)

Datatype specific publications

EEG

- Pernet, C. R., Appelhoff, S., Gorgolewski, K.J., Flandin, G., Phillips, C., Delorme, A., Oostenveld, R. (2019). EEG-BIDS, an extension to the brain imaging data structure for electroencephalography. *Scientific data*, 6 (103). [doi:10.1038/s41597-019-0104-8](https://doi.org/10.1038/s41597-019-0104-8)

iEEG

- Holdgraf, C., Appelhoff, S., Bickel, S., Bouchard, K., D'Ambrosio, S., David, O., Devinsky, O., Dichter, B., Flinker, A., Foster, B. L., Gorgolewski, K. J., Groen, I., Groppe, D., Gunduz, A., Hamilton, L., Honey, C. J., Jas, M., Knight, R., Lauchaux, J.-P., Lau, J. C., Lee-Messer, C., Lundstrom, B. N., Miller, K. J., Ojemann, J. G., Oostenveld, R., Petridou, N., Piantoni, G., Pigorini, A., Pouratian, N., Ramsey, N. F., Stolk, A., Swann, N. C., Tadel, F., Voytek, B., Wandell, B. A., Winawer, J., Whitaker, K., Zehl, L., Hermes, D. (2019). iEEG-BIDS, extending the Brain Imaging Data Structure specification to human intracranial electrophysiology. *Scientific data*, 6 (102). [doi:10.1038/s41597-019-0105-7](https://doi.org/10.1038/s41597-019-0105-7)

MEG

- Niso Galan, J.G., Gorgolewski, K.J., Bock, E., Brooks, T.L., Flandin, G., Gramfort, A., Henson, R.N., Jas, M., Litvak, V., Moreau, J., Oostenveld, R., Schoffelen, J.-M., Tadel, F., Wexler, J., Baillet, S. (2018). MEG-BIDS, the brain imaging data structure extended to magnetoencephalography. *Scientific Data*, 5 (180110). [doi:10.1038/sdata.2018.110](https://doi.org/10.1038/sdata.2018.110)

PET

- Norgaard, M., Matheson, G.J., Hansen, H.D., Thomas, A., Searle, G., Rizzo, G., Veronese, M., Giacomel, A., Yaqub, M., Tonietto, M., Funck, T., Gillman, A., Boniface, H., Routier, A., Dalenberg, J.R., Betthauser, T., Feingold, F., Markiewicz, C.J., Gorgolewski, K.J., Blair, R.W., Appelhoff, S., Gau, R., Salo, T., Niso, G., Pernet, C.,

Phillips, C., Oostenveld, R., Gallezot, J-D., Carson, R.E., Knudsen, G.M., Innis R.B. & Ganz M. (2021). PET-BIDS, an extension to the brain imaging data structure for positron emission tomography. *Scientific Data*, 9 (65). [doi:10.1038/s41597-022-01164-1](https://doi.org/10.1038/s41597-022-01164-1)

- Knudsen GM, Ganz M, Appelhoff S, Boellaard R, Bormans G, Carson RE, Catana C, Doudet D, Gee AD, Greve DN, Gunn RN, Halldin C, Herscovitch P, Huang H, Keller SH, Lammertsma AA, Lanzenberger R, Liow JS, Lohith TG, Lubberink M, Lyoo CH, Mann JJ, Matheson GJ, Nichols TE, Nørgaard M, Ogden T, Parsey R, Pike VW, Price J, Rizzo G, Rosa-Neto P, Schain M, Scott PJH, Searle G, Slifstein M, Suhara T, Talbot PS, Thomas A, Veronese M, Wong DF, Yaqub M, Zanderigo F, Zoghbi S, Innis RB. (2020). Guidelines for Content and Format of PET Brain Data in Publications and in Archives: A Consensus Paper. *Journal of Cerebral Blood Flow and Metabolism*, 2020 Aug; 40(8): 1576-1585. [doi:10.1177/0271678X20905433](https://doi.org/10.1177/0271678X20905433)

Genetics

- Clara Moreau, Martineau Jean-Louis, Ross Blair, Christopher Markiewicz, Jessica Turner, Vince Calhoun, Thomas Nichols, Cyril Pernet (2020). The genetics-BIDS extension: Easing the search for genetic data associated with human brain imaging. *GigaScience*, 9 (10). [doi:10.1093/gigascience/giaa104](https://doi.org/10.1093/gigascience/giaa104)

Microscopy

- Bourget M.-H., Kametsky L., Ghosh S.S., Mazzamuto G., Lazari A., Markiewicz C.J., Oostenveld R., Niso G., Halchenko Y.O., Lipp I., Takerkart S., Toussaint P.-J., Khan A.R., Nilsson G., Castelli F.M., The BIDS Maintainers and Cohen-Adad J. (2022). Microscopy-BIDS: An Extension to the Brain Imaging Data Structure for Microscopy Data. *Frontiers in Neuroscience*, 16 (871228). [doi:10.3389/fnins.2022.871228](https://doi.org/10.3389/fnins.2022.871228)

qMRI

- Karakuzu, A., Appelhoff, S., Auer, T., Boudreau M., Feingold F., Khan A.R., Lazari A., Markiewicz C.J., Mulder M., Phillips C., Salo T., Stikov N., Whitaker K. and de Hollander G., qMRI-BIDS: An extension to the brain imaging data structure for quantitative magnetic resonance imaging data. *Scientific Data* 9, 517 (2022). [doi:10.1038/s41597-022-01571-4](https://doi.org/10.1038/s41597-022-01571-4)

ASL

- Clement P., Castellaro M., Okell T. W., Thomas D. L., Vandemaele P., Elgayar S., Oliver-Taylor A., Kirk T., Woods J. G., Vos S. B., Kuijter J. P. A., Achten E., van Osch M. J. P., BIDS maintainers, Detre J. A., Lu H., Alsop D. C., Chappell M. A., Hernandez-Garcia L., Petr J. & Mutsaerts H. J. M. M. ASL-BIDS, the brain imaging data structure extension for arterial spin labeling. *Scientific Data* 9, 543 (2022). [doi:10.1038/s41597-022-01615-9](https://doi.org/10.1038/s41597-022-01615-9)

NIRS

- (publication forthcoming)

Motion

- (publication forthcoming)

Research Resource Identifier (RRID)

BIDS has also a [Research Resource Identifier \(RRID\)](#), which you can also include in your citations in addition to relevant publications (see above):

- [RRID:SCR_016124](#)

Common principles

Language

The BIDS specification is written in American English.

Definitions

The keywords "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [\[RFC2119\]](#).

Based on these keywords, we define three requirement levels for specifying data or metadata: REQUIRED, RECOMMENDED, and OPTIONAL. The guiding principles for when particular data is placed under a given requirement level can be loosely described as below:

- **REQUIRED:** Data cannot be interpreted without this information (or the ambiguity is unacceptably high)
- **RECOMMENDED:** Interpretation/utility would be dramatically improved with this information
- **OPTIONAL:** Users and/or tools might find it useful to have this information

Throughout this specification we use a list of terms and abbreviations. To avoid misunderstanding we clarify them here.

1. **Dataset** - A set of neuroimaging and behavioral data acquired for a purpose of a particular study. A dataset consists of data acquired from one or more subjects, possibly from multiple sessions.
2. **Modality** - The category of brain data recorded by a file. For MRI data, different pulse sequences are considered distinct modalities, such as `T1w`, `bold` or `dwi`. For passive recording techniques, such as EEG, MEG or iEEG, the technique is sufficiently uniform to define the modalities `eeg`, `meg` and `ieeg`. When applicable, the modality is indicated in the suffix. The modality may overlap with, but should not be confused with the data type.
3. **Data type** - A functional group of different types of data. Data files are contained in a directory named for the data type. In raw datasets, the data type directory is nested inside subject and (optionally) session directories. BIDS defines the following data types:
 - (a) `func` (task based and resting state functional MRI)
 - (b) `dwi` (diffusion weighted imaging)

- (c) **fmap** (field inhomogeneity mapping data such as field maps)
 - (d) **anat** (structural imaging such as T1, T2, PD, and so on)
 - (e) **perf** (perfusion)
 - (f) **meg** (magnetoencephalography)
 - (g) **eeg** (electroencephalography)
 - (h) **ieeg** (intracranial electroencephalography)
 - (i) **beh** (behavioral)
 - (j) **pet** (positron emission tomography)
 - (k) **micr** (microscopy)
 - (l) **nirs** (near infrared spectroscopy)
 - (m) **motion** (motion)
4. Subject - A person or animal participating in the study. Used interchangeably with term Participant.
 5. Session - A logical grouping of neuroimaging and behavioral data consistent across subjects. Session can (but doesn't have to) be synonymous to a visit in a longitudinal study. In general, subjects will stay in the scanner during one session. However, for example, if a subject has to leave the scanner room and then be re-positioned on the scanner bed, the set of MRI acquisitions will still be considered as a session and match sessions acquired in other subjects. Similarly, in situations where different data types are obtained over several visits (for example fMRI on one day followed by DWI the day after) those can be grouped in one session. Defining multiple sessions is appropriate when several identical or similar data acquisitions are planned and performed on all -or most- subjects, often in the case of some intervention between sessions (for example, training). In the PET context, a session may also indicate a group of related scans, taken in one or more visits.
 6. Sample - A sample pertaining to a subject such as tissue, primary cell or cell-free sample. Sample labels MUST be unique within a subject and it is RECOMMENDED that they be unique throughout the dataset.
 7. Data acquisition - A continuous uninterrupted block of time during which a brain scanning instrument was acquiring data according to particular scanning sequence/protocol.
 8. Task - A set of structured activities performed by the participant. Tasks are usually accompanied by stimuli and responses, and can greatly vary in complexity. For the purpose of this specification we consider the so-called "resting state" a task. In the context of brain scanning, a task is always tied to one data acquisition. Therefore, even if during one acquisition the subject performed multiple conceptually different behaviors (with different sets of instructions) they will be considered one (combined) task.
 9. Event - Something that happens or may be perceived by a test subject as happening at a particular instant during the recording. Events are most commonly associated with on- or offset of stimulus presentations, or with the distinct marker of on- or offset of a subject's response or motor action. Other events may include unplanned incidents (for example, sudden onset of noise and vibrations due to construction work, laboratory device malfunction), changes in task instructions (for example, switching the response hand), or experiment control parameters (for example, changing the stimulus presentation rate over experimental blocks), and noted data feature occurrences (for example, a recording electrode producing noise). In BIDS, each event has an onset time and duration. Note that not all tasks will have recorded events (for example, "resting state").

10. Run - An uninterrupted repetition of data acquisition that has the same acquisition parameters and task (however events can change from run to run due to different subject response or randomized nature of the stimuli). Run is a synonym of a data acquisition. Note that "uninterrupted" may look different by modality due to the nature of the recording. For example, in MRI or MEG, if a subject leaves the scanner, the acquisition must be restarted. For some types of PET acquisitions, a subject may leave and re-enter the scanner without interrupting the scan.
11. index - A nonnegative integer, possibly prefixed with arbitrary number of 0s for consistent indentation, for example, it is 01 in `run-01` following `run-<index>` specification.
12. label - An alphanumeric value, possibly prefixed with arbitrary number of 0s for consistent indentation, for example, it is `rest` in `task-rest` following `task-<label>` specification. Note that labels MUST not collide when casing is ignored (see Case collision intolerance).
13. suffix - An alphanumeric string that forms part of a filename, located after all entities and following a final `_`, right before the file extension; for example, it is `eeg` in `sub-05_task-matchingpennies_eeg.vhdr`.
14. File extension - A portion of the filename after the left-most period (`.`) preceded by any other alphanumeric. For example, `.gitignore` does not have a file extension, but the file extension of `test.nii.gz` is `.nii.gz`. Note that the left-most period is included in the file extension.
15. DEPRECATED - A "deprecated" entity or metadata field SHOULD NOT be used in the generation of new datasets. It remains in the standard in order to preserve the interpretability of existing datasets. Validating software SHOULD warn when deprecated practices are detected and provide a suggestion for updating the dataset to preserve the curator's intent.

Entities

An "entity" is an attribute that can be associated with a file, contributing to the identification of that file as a component of its filename in the form of a hyphen-separated key-value pair.

Each entity has the following attributes:

1. Name: A comprehensive name describing the context of information to be provided via the entity.
2. Key: A short string, typically a compression of the entity name, which uniquely identifies the entity when part of a filename.
3. Value type: The requisite form of the value that gets specified alongside the key whenever the entity appears in a filename. For each entity, the value is of one of two possible types:
 - (a) Index: A non-negative integer, potentially zero-padded for consistent width.
 - (b) Label: An alphanumeric string. Note that labels MUST not collide when casing is ignored (see Case collision intolerance).

The entity format is a string that prescribes how the entity appears within any given filename. For a hypothetical entity with key `"key"`, the format can be either `"key-<index>"` or `"key-<label>"`, depending on the value type of that entity.

An entity instance is the specific manifestation of an entity within the name of a specific file, based on the format of the entity but with a value that provides identifying information to the particular file in whose name it appears.

Depending on context, any one of the entity name, key, format, or a specific entity instance, may be referred to as simply an "entity".

"Subject", "session", "sample", "task", and "run" from the list of definitions above are all examples of entities. The comprehensive list of supported entities is defined in the Entities Appendix; further, whether each is OPTIONAL, REQUIRED, or MUST NOT be provided for various data files, as well as their relative ordering in a filename, are defined in the Entity Tables Appendix.

Compulsory, optional, and additional data and metadata

The following standard describes a way of arranging data and writing down metadata for a subset of neuroimaging experiments. Some aspects of the standard are compulsory. For example a particular filename format is required when storing structural scans. Some aspects are regulated but optional. For example a T2 volume does not need to be included, but when it is available it should be saved under a particular filename specified in the standard. This standard aspires to describe a majority of datasets, but acknowledges that there will be cases that do not fit. In such cases one can include additional files and subdirectories to the existing directory structure following common sense. For example one may want to include eye tracking data in a vendor specific format that is not covered by this standard. The most sensible place to put it is next to the continuous recording file with the same naming scheme but different extensions. The solutions will change from case to case and publicly available datasets will be reviewed to include common data types in the future releases of the BIDS specification.

It is RECOMMENDED that non-compulsory metadata fields (like `notch` in `channels.tsv` files) and/or files (like `events.tsv`) are fully omitted when they are unavailable or unapplicable, instead of specified with an `n/a` value, or included as an empty file (for example an empty `events.tsv` file with only the headers included).

Filesystem structure

Data for each subject are placed in subdirectories named "`sub-<label>`", where string "`<label>`" is substituted with the unique identification label of each subject. Additional information on each participant MAY be provided in a participants file in the root directory of the dataset.

If data for the subject were acquired across multiple sessions, then within the subject directory resides subdirectories named "`ses-<label>`", where string "`<label>`" is substituted with a unique identification label for each session. In datasets where at least one subject has more than one session, this additional subdirectory later SHOULD be added for all subjects in the dataset. Additional information on each session MAY be provided in a sessions file within the subject directory.

Within the session subdirectory (or the subject subdirectory if no session subdirectories are present) are subdirectories named according to data type as defined above. A data type directory SHOULD NOT be defined if there are no files to be placed in that directory.

Other top level directories

In addition to the subject directories, the root directory of a BIDS dataset MAY also contain the following directories:

- **code**: A directory in which to store any code (for example the one used to generate the derivatives from the raw data). See the Code section for more information.
- **derivatives**: Derivative data (for example preprocessed files). See the relevant section for more information.
- **phenotype**: A directory where to store participant level measurements (for example responses from multiple questionnaires) split into individual files separate from `participants.tsv`. See the relevant section for more information.
- **sourcedata**: A directory where to store data before harmonization, reconstruction, and/or file format conversion (for example, E-Prime event logs or DICOM files). See the relevant section for more information.
- **stimuli**: A directory to store any stimulus files used during an experiment. See the relevant section for more information.

Filenames

A filename consists of a chain of entity instances and a suffix all separated by underscores, and an extension. This pattern forms filenames that are both human- and machine-readable. For instance, file `sub-01_task-rest_eeg.edf` contains instances of the "subject" and "task" entities, making it evident from the filename alone that it contains resting-state data from subject 01; the suffix `eeg` and extension `.edf` depend on the imaging modality and the data format, and can therefore convey further details of the file's contents.

For a data file that was collected in a given session from a given subject, the filename MUST begin with the string `sub-<label>_ses-<label>`. Conversely, if the session level is omitted in the directory structure, the file name MUST begin with the string `sub-<label>`, without `ses-<label>`.

Any given entity MUST NOT appear more than once in any filename. For example, filename `sub-01_acq-laser_acq-uneven_electrodes.tsv` is invalid because it uses the "acquisition" entity twice.

In cases where an entity and a metadata field convey similar contextual information, the presence of an entity should not be used as a replacement for the corresponding metadata field. For instance, in echo-planar imaging MRI, the `dir-<label>` entity MAY be used to distinguish files with different phase-encoding directions, but the file's `PhaseEncodingDirection` MUST be specified as metadata.

A summary of all entities in BIDS and the order in which they MUST be specified is available in the entity table in the appendix.

Entity-linked file collections

An entity-linked file collection is a set of files that are related to each other based on a repetitive acquisition of sequential data by changing acquisition parameters one (or multiple) at a time or by being inherent components of the same data. Entity-linked collections are identified by a common suffix, indicating the group of files that should be considered a logical unit. Within each collection, files MUST be distinguished from each other by at least one entity (for example, `echo`) that corresponds to an altered acquisition parameter (`EchoTime`) or that defines a component relationship (for example, `part`). Note that these entities MUST be described by the specification and the parameter changes they declare MUST NOT invalidate the definition of the accompanying suffix. For example, the use of the `echo` entity along with the `T1w` suffix casts doubt on the validity of the identified contrast weighting. Provided the conditions above are satisfied, any suffix (such as `bold`) can identify an entity-linked file collection, although certain suffixes are exclusive for this purpose (for example, `MP2RAGE`). Use cases concerning this convention are compiled in the file collections appendix. This convention is mainly intended for but not limited to MRI modalities.

Case collision intolerance

Filename components are case sensitive, but collisions MUST be avoided when casing is ignored. For example, a dataset cannot contain both `sub-s1` and `sub-S1`, as the labels would collide on a case-insensitive filesystem. Additionally, because the suffix `eeg` is defined, then the suffix `EEG` will not be added to future versions of the standard.

Uniqueness of data files

Data files MUST be uniquely identified by BIDS path components (entities, datatype, suffix). If multiple extensions are permissible (for example, `.nii` and `.nii.gz`), there MUST only be one such file with the same entities, datatype and suffix. This limitation does not apply to metadata files, such as JSON sidecar files or format-specific metadata files.

Note that duplicating files to make the same data available in multiple formats is not permitted. For example, if the files `sub-01_ses-01_sample-A_photo.jpg` and `sub-01_ses-01_sample-A_photo.tif` contain a representation of the same data, then the dataset MUST NOT contain both images. If the files contain different images,

other entities **MUST** be used to distinguish the two.

Filesystem structure & Filenames richness versus distinctness

BIDS provides a rich filesystem structure and rich filenames by using entities, but it is important to keep in mind that files also have to be readable. They have to be readable by machines, and this implies that filenames cannot be longer than 255 characters. They also have to be readable by humans, and this implies minimizing length. A useful way to think about filenaming is distinctness: what is the minimal information needed to distinguish files? A simple illustration is given by using the **ses-** and **run-** entities. A T1 weighted MRI image could, in principle, be called **sub-X_ses-1_run-1_T1w.nii**. When there is only 1 session, and only 1 run, this is not needed as **ses-** and **run-** do not increase distinctiveness. Here, it is recommended to use the shorter version **sub-X_T1w.nii**. In some cases, this principle is enforced in the BIDS validator.

Source vs. raw vs. derived data

BIDS was originally designed to describe and apply consistent naming conventions to raw (unprocessed or minimally processed due to file format conversion) data. During analysis such data will be transformed and partial as well as final results will be saved. Derivatives of the raw data (other than products of DICOM to NIfTI conversion) **MUST** be kept separate from the raw data. This way one can protect the raw data from accidental changes by file permissions. In addition it is easy to distinguish partial results from the raw data and share the latter. See Storage of derived datasets for more on organizing derivatives.

Similar rules apply to source data, which is defined as data before harmonization, reconstruction, and/or file format conversion (for example, E-Prime event logs or DICOM files). Storing actual source files with the data is preferred over links to external source repositories to maximize long term preservation, which would suffer if an external repository would not be available anymore. This specification currently does not go into the details of recommending a particular naming scheme for including different types of source data (such as the raw event logs or parameter files, before conversion to BIDS). However, in the case that these data are to be included:

1. These data **MUST** be kept in separate **sourcedata** directory with a similar directory structure as presented below for the BIDS-managed data. For example: **sourcedata/sub-01/ses-pre/func/sub-01_ses-pre_task-rest_bold.dicom.tgz** or **sourcedata/sub-01/ses-pre/func/MyEvent.sce**.
2. A README file **SHOULD** be found at the root of the **sourcedata** directory or the **derivatives** directory, or both. This file should describe the nature of the raw data or the derived data. We **RECOMMEND** including the PDF print-out with the actual sequence parameters generated by the scanner in the **sourcedata** directory.

Alternatively one can organize their data in the following way

```
my_dataset-1/
  sourcedata
  ...
  rawdata/
    dataset_description.json
    participants.tsv
    sub-01/
    sub-02/
    ...
  derivatives/
    pipeline_1/
```

```
pipeline_2/  
...
```

In this example, where `sourcedata` and `derivatives` are not nested inside `rawdata`, only the `rawdata` subdirectory needs to be a BIDS-compliant dataset. The subdirectories of `derivatives` MAY be BIDS-compliant derivatives datasets (see Non-compliant derivatives for further discussion). This specification does not prescribe anything about the contents of `sourcedata` directories in the above example - nor does it prescribe the `sourcedata`, `derivatives`, or `rawdata` directory names. The above example is just a convention that can be useful for organizing raw, source, and derived data while maintaining BIDS compliance of the raw data directory. When using this convention it is RECOMMENDED to set the `SourceDatasets` field in `dataset_description.json` of each subdirectory of `derivatives` to:

```
{  
  "SourceDatasets": [ {"URL": "../rawdata/"} ]  
}
```

Storage of derived datasets

Derivatives can be stored/distributed in two ways:

1. Under a `derivatives/` subdirectory in the root of the source BIDS dataset directory to make a clear distinction between raw data and results of data processing. A data processing pipeline will typically have a dedicated directory under which it stores all of its outputs. Different components of a pipeline can, however, also be stored under different subdirectories. There are few restrictions on the directory names; it is RECOMMENDED to use the format `<pipeline>-<variant>` in cases where it is anticipated that the same pipeline will output more than one variant (for example, `AFNI-blurring` and `AFNI-noblurring`). For the sake of consistency, the subdirectory name SHOULD be the `GeneratedBy.Name` field in `data_description.json`, optionally followed by a hyphen and a suffix (see Derived dataset and pipeline description).

Example of derivatives with one directory per pipeline:

```
<dataset>/derivatives/fmriprip-v1.4.1/sub-0001  
<dataset>/derivatives/spm/sub-0001  
<dataset>/derivatives/vbm/sub-0001
```

Example of a pipeline with split derivative directories:

```
<dataset>/derivatives/spm-preproc/sub-0001  
<dataset>/derivatives/spm-stats/sub-0001
```

Example of a pipeline with nested derivative directories:

```
<dataset>/derivatives/spm-preproc/sub-0001  
<dataset>/derivatives/spm-preproc/derivatives/spm-stats/sub-0001
```

2. As a standalone dataset independent of the source (raw or derived) BIDS dataset. This way of specifying derivatives is particularly useful when the source dataset is provided with read-only access, for publishing derivatives as independent bodies of work, or for describing derivatives that were created from more than one source dataset. The `sourcedata/` subdirectory MAY be used to include the source dataset(s) that were used to generate the derivatives. Likewise, any code used to generate the derivatives from the source data MAY be included in the `code/` subdirectory.

Example of a derivative dataset including the raw dataset as source:

```
my_processed_data/  
  code/  
    processing_pipeline-1.0.0.img  
    hpc_submitter.sh  
    ...  
  sourcedata/  
    sub-01/  
    sub-02/  
    ...  
  sub-01/  
  sub-02/  
  ...
```

Throughout this specification, if a section applies particularly to derivatives, then Case 1 will be assumed for clarity in templates and examples, but removing `/derivatives/<pipeline>` from the template name will provide the equivalent for Case 2. In both cases, every derivatives dataset is considered a BIDS dataset and must include a `dataset_description.json` file at the root level (see Dataset description). Consequently, files should be organized to comply with BIDS to the full extent possible (that is, unless explicitly contradicted for derivatives). Any subject-specific derivatives should be housed within each subject's directory; if session-specific derivatives are generated, they should be deposited under a session subdirectory within the corresponding subject directory; and so on.

Non-compliant derivatives

Nothing in this specification should be interpreted to disallow the storage/distribution of non-compliant derivatives of BIDS datasets. In particular, if a BIDS dataset contains a `derivatives/` subdirectory, the contents of that directory may be a heterogeneous mix of BIDS Derivatives datasets and non-compliant derivatives.

File format specification

Imaging files

All imaging data **MUST** be stored using the NIfTI file format. We **RECOMMEND** using compressed NIfTI files (`.nii.gz`), either version 1.0 or 2.0. If using compressed files, the gzip header **SHOULD** lack source filenames and timestamps. Imaging data **SHOULD** be converted to the NIfTI format using a tool that provides as much of the NIfTI header information (such as orientation and slice timing information) as possible. Since the NIfTI standard offers limited support for the various image acquisition parameters available in DICOM files, we **RECOMMEND** that users provide additional meta information extracted from DICOM files in a sidecar JSON file (with the same filename as the `.nii[.gz]` file, but with a `.json` extension). Extraction of BIDS compatible metadata can be performed using [dcm2niix](#) and [dicm2nii](#) DICOM to NIfTI converters. The [BIDS-validator](#) will check for conflicts between the JSON file and the data recorded in the NIfTI header.

Tabular files

Tabular data **MUST** be saved as tab delimited values (`.tsv`) files, that is, CSV files where commas are replaced by tabs. Tabs **MUST** be true tab characters and **MUST NOT** be a series of space characters. Each TSV file **MUST** start with a header line listing the names of all columns (with the exception of physiological and other continuous recordings). It is **RECOMMENDED** that the column names in the header of the TSV file are written in [snake_case](#) with the first letter in lower case (for example, `variable_name`, not `Variable_name`). As for all other data in the TSV files, column names **MUST** be separated with tabs. Furthermore, column names **MUST NOT** be

blank (that is, an empty string) and MUST NOT be duplicated within a single TSV file. String values containing tabs MUST be escaped using double quotes. Missing and non-applicable values MUST be coded as `n/a`. Numerical values MUST employ the dot (.) as decimal separator and MAY be specified in scientific notation, using `e` or `E` to separate the significand from the exponent. TSV files MUST be in UTF-8 encoding.

Example:

```
onset    duration    response_time    correct stop_trial go_trial
200 200 0    n/a n/a n/a
```

Note: The TSV examples in this document (like the one above this note) are occasionally formatted using space characters instead of tabs to improve human readability. Directly copying and then pasting these examples from the specification for use in new BIDS datasets can lead to errors and is discouraged.

Tabular files MAY be optionally accompanied by a simple data dictionary in the form of a JSON [object](#) within a JSON file. The JSON files containing the data dictionaries MUST have the same name as their corresponding tabular files but with `.json` extensions. If a data dictionary is provided, it MAY contain one or more fields describing the columns found in the TSV file (in addition to any other metadata one wishes to include that describe the file as a whole). Note that if a field name included in the data dictionary matches a column name in the TSV file, then that field MUST contain a description of the corresponding column, using an object containing the following fields:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
LongName	OPTIONAL	string	Long (unabbreviated) name of the column.
Description	RECOMMENDED	string	Free-form natural language description. The description of the column.
Levels	RECOMMENDED	object	For categorical variables: An object of possible values (keys) and their descriptions (values).
Units	RECOMMENDED	string	Measurement units for the associated file. SI units in CMIXF formatting are RECOMMENDED (see Units).
Delimiter	OPTIONAL	string	If rows in a column may be interpreted as a lists of values, the character that separates one value from the next.
TermURL	RECOMMENDED	string	URL pointing to a formal definition of this type of data in an ontology available on the web. For example: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/68008297 for "male".
HED	OPTIONAL	string or object of strings	Hierarchical Event Descriptor (HED) information, see the HED for details.

Please note that while both `Units` and `Levels` are RECOMMENDED, typically only one of these two fields would be specified for describing a single TSV file column.

Example:

```
{
  "test": {
    "LongName": "Education level",
    "Description": "Education level, self-rated by participant",
    "Levels": {
      "1": "Finished primary school",
      "2": "Finished secondary school",
      "3": "Student at university",
      "4": "Has degree from university"
    }
  },
  "bmi": {
    "LongName": "Body mass index",
    "Units": "kg/m^2",
    "TermURL": "https://purl.bioontology.org/ontology/SNOMEDCT/60621009"
  }
}
```

Each level can be described with a string as in the example above, or with an object containing the fields `Description` and `TermURL` like in the example below.

```
{
  "sex": {
    "Description": "sex of the participant as reported by the participant",
    "Levels": {
      "M": {
        "Description": "Male",
        "TermURL": "https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/68008297"
      },
      "F": {
        "Description": "Female",
        "TermURL": "https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/68005260"
      }
    }
  }
}
```

Key-value files (dictionaries)

JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) files MUST be used for storing key-value pairs. JSON files MUST be in UTF-8 encoding. Extensive documentation of the format can be found at <https://www.json.org/>, and at <https://tools.ietf.org/html/std90>. Several editors have built-in support for JSON syntax highlighting that aids manual creation

of such files. An online editor for JSON with built-in validation is available at <https://jsoneditoronline.org>. It is RECOMMENDED that keys in a JSON file are written in **CamelCase** with the first letter in upper case (for example, **SamplingFrequency**, not **samplingFrequency**). Note however, when a JSON file is used as an accompanying sidecar file for a TSV file, the keys linking a TSV column with their description in the JSON file need to follow the exact formatting as in the TSV file.

Example of a hypothetical *_bold.json file, accompanying a *_bold.nii file:

```
{
  "RepetitionTime": 3,
  "Instruction": "Lie still and keep your eyes open"
}
```

Example of a hypothetical *_events.json file, accompanying an *_events.tsv file. Note that the JSON file contains a key describing an arbitrary column **stim_presentation_side** in the TSV file it accompanies. See task events section for more information.

```
{
  "stim_presentation_side": {
    "Levels": {
      "1": "stimulus presented on LEFT side",
      "2": "stimulus presented on RIGHT side"
    }
  }
}
```

The Inheritance Principle

1. Any metadata file (such as .json, .bvec or .tsv) MAY be defined at any directory level.
2. For a given data file, any metadata file is applicable to that data file if:
 - (a) It is stored at the same directory level or higher;
 - (b) The metadata and the data filenames possess the same suffix;
 - (c) The metadata filename does not include any entity absent from the data filename.
3. A metadata file MUST NOT have a filename that would be otherwise applicable to some data file based on rules 2.b and 2.c but is made inapplicable based on its location in the directory structure as per rule 2.a.
4. There MUST NOT be multiple metadata files applicable to a data file at one level of the directory hierarchy.
5. If multiple metadata files satisfy criteria 2.a-c above:
 - (a) For tabular files and other simple metadata files (for instance, bvec / bval files for diffusion MRI), accessing metadata associated with a data file MUST consider only the applicable file that is lowest in the filesystem hierarchy.
 - (b) For JSON files, key-values are loaded from files from the top of the directory hierarchy downwards, such that key-values from the top level are inherited by all data files at lower levels to which it is applicable unless overridden by a value for the same key present in another metadata file at a lower level (though it is

RECOMMENDED to minimize the extent of such overrides).

Corollaries:

1. As per rule 3, metadata files applicable only to a specific participant / session MUST be defined in or below the directory corresponding to that participant / session; similarly, a metadata file that is applicable to multiple participants / sessions MUST NOT be placed within a directory corresponding to only one such participant / session.
2. It is permissible for a single metadata file to be applicable to multiple data files at that level of the hierarchy or below. Where such metadata content is consistent across multiple data files, it is RECOMMENDED to store metadata in this way, rather than duplicating that metadata content across multiple metadata files.
3. Where multiple applicable JSON files are loaded as per rule 5.b, key-values can only be overwritten by files lower in the filesystem hierarchy; the absence of a key-value in a later file does not imply the "unsetting" of that field (indeed removal of existing fields is not possible).

Example 1: Demonstration of inheritance principle

```
sub-01/  
  func/  
    sub-01_task-rest_acq-default_bold.nii.gz  
    sub-01_task-rest_acq-longtr_bold.nii.gz  
    sub-01_task-rest_acq-longtr_bold.json  
  task-rest_bold.json
```

Contents of file task-rest_bold.json:

```
{  
  "EchoTime": 0.040,  
  "RepetitionTime": 1.0  
}
```

Contents of file sub-01/func/sub-01_task-rest_acq-longtr_bold.json:

```
{  
  "RepetitionTime": 3.0  
}
```

When reading image sub-01/func/sub-01_task-rest_acq-default_bold.nii.gz, only metadata file task-rest_bold.json is read; file sub-01/func/sub-01_task-rest_acq-longtr_bold.nii.gz is inapplicable as it contains entity "acq-longtr" that is absent from the image path (rule 2.c). When reading image sub-01/func/sub-01_task-rest_acq-longtr_bold.nii.gz, metadata file task-rest_bold.json at the top level is read first, followed by file sub-01/func/sub-01_task-rest_acq-longtr_bold.json at the bottom level (rule 5.b); the value for field "RepetitionTime" is therefore overridden to the value 3.0. The value for field "EchoTime" remains applicable to that image, and is not unset by its absence in the metadata file at the lower level (rule 5.b; corollary 3).

Example 2: Impermissible use of multiple metadata files at one directory level (rule 4)

```
sub-01/  
  ses-test/  
    anat/
```

```
    sub-01_ses-test_T1w.nii.gz
func/
    sub-01_ses-test_task-overtverbgeneration_run-1_bold.nii.gz
    sub-01_ses-test_task-overtverbgeneration_run-2_bold.nii.gz
    sub-01_ses-test_task-overtverbgeneration_bold.json
    sub-01_ses-test_task-overtverbgeneration_run-2_bold.json
```

Example 3: Modification of filesystem structure from Example 2 to satisfy inheritance principle requirements

```
sub-01/
  ses-test/
    sub-01_ses-test_task-overtverbgeneration_bold.json
  anat/
    sub-01_ses-test_T1w.nii.gz
  func/
    sub-01_ses-test_task-overtverbgeneration_run-1_bold.nii.gz
    sub-01_ses-test_task-overtverbgeneration_run-2_bold.nii.gz
    sub-01_ses-test_task-overtverbgeneration_run-2_bold.json
```

Example 4: Single metadata file applying to multiple data files (corollary 2)

```
sub-01/
  anat/
  func/
    sub-01_task-xyz_acq-test1_run-1_bold.nii.gz
    sub-01_task-xyz_acq-test1_run-2_bold.nii.gz
    sub-01_task-xyz_acq-test1_bold.json
```

Participant names and other labels

BIDS allows for custom user-defined `<label>`s and `<index>`es for example, for naming of participants, sessions, acquisition schemes. Note that they **MUST** consist only of allowed characters as described in Definitions above. In `<index>`es we **RECOMMEND** using zero padding (for example, 01 instead of 1 if some participants have two-digit labels) to make alphabetical sorting more intuitive. Note that zero padding **SHOULD NOT** be used to merely maintain uniqueness of `<index>`es.

Please note that a given label or index is distinct from the “prefix” it refers to. For example `sub-01` refers to the `sub` entity (a subject) with the label 01. The `sub-` prefix is not part of the subject label, but must be included in filenames (similarly to other entities).

Specification of paths

Several metadata fields in BIDS require the specification of paths, that is, a string of characters used to uniquely identify a location in a directory structure. For example the `IntendedFor` or `AssociatedEmptyroom` metadata fields.

Throughout BIDS all such paths MUST be specified using the slash character (/), regardless of the operating system that a particular dataset is curated on or used on.

Paths SHOULD NOT be absolute local paths, because these might break when a dataset is used on a different machine. It is RECOMMENDED that all paths specified in a BIDS dataset are relative paths, as specified in the respective descriptions of metadata fields that require the use of paths.

Uniform Resource Indicator

A Uniform Resource Indicator (URI) is a string referring to a resource and SHOULD have the form `<scheme>:[//<authority>]<path>[?<query>][#<fragment>]`, as specified in [RFC 3986](#). This applies to URLs and other common URIs, including Digital Object Identifiers (DOIs), which may be fully specified as `doi:<path>`, for example, [doi:10.5281/zenodo.3686061](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.3686061). A given resource may have multiple URIs. When selecting URIs to add to dataset metadata, it is important to consider specificity and persistence.

Several fields are designated for DOIs, for example, `DatasetDOI` in `dataset_description.json`. DOI values SHOULD be fully specified URIs such as `doi:10.18112/openneuro.ds000001.v1.0.0`. Bare DOIs such as `10.18112/openneuro.ds000001.v1.0.0` are [DEPRECATED][].

BIDS URI

To reference files in BIDS datasets, the following URI scheme may be used:

`bids:[<dataset-name>]:<relative-path>`

The scheme component `bids` identifies a BIDS URI, which defines a `path` component of the form `<dataset-name>:<relative-path>`. The `dataset-name` component is an identifier for a BIDS dataset, and the `relative-path` component is the location of a resource within that BIDS dataset, relative to the root of that dataset. The `relative-path` MUST NOT start with a forward-slash character (/).

Examples:

```
bids::sub-01/fmap/sub-01_dir-AP_epi.nii.gz
bids:ds000001:sub-02/anat/sub-02_T1w.nii.gz
bids:myderivatives:sub-03/func/sub-03_task-rest_space-MNI152_bold.nii.gz
```

If no dataset name is specified, the URI is relative to the current BIDS dataset. This is made more precise in the next section.

Resolution of BIDS URIs

In order to resolve a BIDS URI, the dataset name must be mapped to a BIDS dataset.

The special case "" (that is, the empty string) refers to the BIDS dataset in which the BIDS URI is found. The dataset root is the nearest parent directory that contains a valid `dataset_description.json`.

All other dataset names MUST be specified in the `DatasetLinks` object in `[dataset_description.json][]`, which maps dataset names to URIs that point to BIDS dataset locations. If the scheme is omitted from a URI in `DatasetLinks`, that path is resolved relative to the current dataset root (see `deriv1` example, below).

BIDS URIs cannot be interpreted outside a BIDS dataset, as they require a `dataset_description.json` file to resolve.

Examples

Consider this example `dataset_description.json`:

```
{
  ...
  "DatasetLinks": {
    "deriv1": "derivatives/derivative1",
    "phantoms": "file:///data/phantoms",
    "ds000001": "doi:10.18112/openneuro.ds000001.v1.0.0"
  }
}
```

Here `deriv1` refers to a BIDS Derivatives dataset contained within the current dataset, `phantoms` refers to a BIDS dataset of phantom data stored on the local filesystem, and `ds000001` refers to a BIDS dataset that must be resolved by DOI.

Note that resolving `bids:phantoms:sub-phantom01/anat/sub-phantom01_T1w.nii.gz` is a straightforward concatenation: `file:///data/phantoms/sub-phantom01/anat/sub-phantom01_T1w.nii.gz`. However, retrieving `bids:ds000001:sub-02/anat/sub-02_T1w.nii.gz` requires first resolving the DOI, identifying the retrieval method, possibly retrieving the entire dataset, and finally constructing a URI to the desired resource.

No protocol is currently proposed to automatically resolve all possible BIDS URIs.

Future statement

BIDS URIs are parsable as standard `[URIs]` with scheme `bids` and path `[<dataset-name>]:<relative-path>`. The authority, query and fragment components are unused. Future versions of BIDS may specify interpretations for these components, but MUST NOT change the interpretation of a previously valid BIDS URI. For example, a future version may specify an authority that would allow BIDS URIs to be resolved without reference to a local `dataset_description.json`.

Units

All units SHOULD be specified as per [International System of Units](#) (abbreviated as SI, from the French *Système international (d'unités)*) and can be SI units or [SI derived units](#). In case there are valid reasons to deviate from SI units or SI derived units, the units MUST be specified in the sidecar JSON file. In case data is expressed in SI units or SI derived units, the units MAY be specified in the sidecar JSON file. In case non-standard prefixes are added to SI or non-SI units, these non-standard prefixed units MUST be specified in the JSON file. See the Units Appendix for a list of standard units and prefixes. Note also that for the formatting of SI units, the [CMIXF-12](#) convention for encoding units is RECOMMENDED. CMIXF provides a consistent system for all units and prefix symbols with only basic characters, avoiding symbols that can cause text encoding problems; for example the CMIXF formatting for "micro volts" is `uV`, "degrees Celsius" is `oC` and "Ohm" is `Ohm`. See the Units Appendix for more information.

For additional rules, see below:

- Elapsed time SHOULD be expressed in seconds. Please note that some DICOM parameters have been traditionally expressed in milliseconds. Those need to be converted to seconds.
- Frequency SHOULD be expressed in Hertz.

- Arbitrary units SHOULD be indicated with the string "arbitrary".

Describing dates and timestamps:

- Date time information MUST be expressed in the following format `YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss[.000000][Z]` (year, month, day, hour (24h), minute, second, optional fractional seconds, and optional UTC time indicator). This is almost equivalent to the [RFC3339](#) "date-time" format, with the exception that UTC indicator Z is optional and non-zero UTC offsets are not indicated. If Z is not indicated, time zone is always assumed to be the local time of the dataset viewer. No specific precision is required for fractional seconds, but the precision SHOULD be consistent across the dataset. For example `2009-06-15T13:45:30`.
- Time stamp information MUST be expressed in the following format: `hh:mm:ss[.000000]` For example `13:45:30`.
- Note that, depending on local ethics board policy, date time information may not need to be fully detailed. For example, it is permissible to set the time to `00:00:00` if reporting the exact recording time is undesirable. However, for privacy protection reasons, it is RECOMMENDED to shift dates, as described below, without completely removing time information, as time information can be useful for research purposes.
- Dates can be shifted by a random number of days for privacy protection reasons. To distinguish real dates from shifted dates, it is RECOMMENDED to set shifted dates to the year 1925 or earlier. Note that some data formats do not support arbitrary recording dates. For example, the [EDF](#) data format can only contain recording dates after 1985. For longitudinal studies dates MUST be shifted by the same number of days within each subject to maintain the interval information. For example: `1867-06-15T13:45:30`
- WARNING: The Neuromag/Elekta/MEGIN file format for MEG (`.fif`) does not support recording dates earlier than 1902 roughly. Some analysis software packages (for example, MNE-Python) handle their data as `.fif` internally and will break if recording dates are specified prior to 1902, even if the original data format is not `.fif`. See the MEG File Formats Appendix for more information.
- Age SHOULD be given as the number of years since birth at the time of scanning (or first scan in case of multi session datasets). Using higher accuracy (weeks) should in general be avoided due to privacy protection, unless when appropriate given the study goals, for example, when scanning babies.

Directory structure

Single session example

This is an example of the directory and file structure. Because there is only one session, the session level is not required by the format. For details on individual files see descriptions in the next section:

```
sub-control01/
  anat/
    sub-control01_T1w.nii.gz
    sub-control01_T1w.json
    sub-control01_T2w.nii.gz
    sub-control01_T2w.json
  func/
    sub-control01_task-nback_bold.nii.gz
    sub-control01_task-nback_bold.json
    sub-control01_task-nback_events.tsv
```

```
    sub-control01_task-nback_physio.tsv.gz
    sub-control01_task-nback_physio.json
    sub-control01_task-nback_sbref.nii.gz
dwi/
    sub-control01_dwi.nii.gz
    sub-control01_dwi.bval
    sub-control01_dwi.bvec
fmap/
    sub-control01_phasediff.nii.gz
    sub-control01_phasediff.json
    sub-control01_magnitude1.nii.gz
code/
    deface.py
derivatives/
README
participants.tsv
dataset_description.json
CHANGES
```

Unspecified data

Additional files and directories containing raw data MAY be added as needed for special cases. All non-standard file entities SHOULD conform to BIDS-style naming conventions, including alphabetic entities and suffixes and alphanumeric labels/indices. Non-standard suffixes SHOULD reflect the nature of the data, and existing entities SHOULD be used when appropriate. For example, an ASSET calibration scan might be named `sub-01_acq-ASSET_calibration.nii.gz`.

Non-standard files and directories should be named with care. Future BIDS efforts may standardize new entities and suffixes, changing the meaning of filenames and setting requirements on their contents or metadata. Validation and parsing tools MAY treat the presence of non-standard files and directories as an error, so consult the details of these tools for mechanisms to suppress warnings or provide interpretations of your filenames.

Modality agnostic files

Dataset description

Templates:

- `dataset_description.json`
- `README[.md|.rst|.txt]`
- `CITATION.cff`
- `CHANGES`
- `LICENSE`

`dataset_description.json`

The file `dataset_description.json` is a JSON file describing the dataset.

Every dataset MUST include this file with the following fields:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
Name	REQUIRED	string	Name of the dataset.
BIDSVersion	REQUIRED	string	The version of the BIDS standard that was used.
HEDVersion	RECOMMENDED	string or array of strings	If HED tags are used: The version of the HED schema used to validate HED tags for study. May include a single schema or a base schema and one or more library schema.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
DatasetLinks	REQUIRED if [BIDS URIs][] are used	object of strings	Used to map a given <dataset-name> from a DatasetLinks of the form bids:<dataset-name>:path/within/dataset to a local or remote location. The <dataset-name>: "" (an empty string) is a reserved keyword that MUST NOT be a key in DatasetLinks (example: bids::path/within/dataset).
DatasetType	RECOMMENDED	string	The interpretation of the dataset. For backwards compatibility, the default value is "raw". Must be one of: "raw", "derivative".
License	RECOMMENDED	string	The license for the dataset. The use of license name abbreviations is RECOMMENDED for specifying a license (see License). The corresponding full license text MAY be specified in an additional LICENSE file.
Authors	RECOMMENDED	array of strings	List of individuals who contributed to the creation/curation of the dataset.
Acknowledgements	OPTIONAL	string	Text acknowledging contributions of individuals or institutions beyond those listed in Authors or Funding.
HowToAcknowledge	OPTIONAL	string	Text containing instructions on how researchers using this dataset should acknowledge the original authors. This field can also be used to define a publication that should be cited in publications that use the dataset.
Funding	OPTIONAL	array of strings	List of sources of funding (grant numbers).
EthicsApprovals	OPTIONAL	array of strings	List of ethics committee approvals of the research protocols and/or protocol identifiers.
ReferencesAndLinks	OPTIONAL	array of strings	List of references to publications that contain information on the dataset. A reference may be textual or a ReferencesAndLinks.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
DatasetDOI	OPTIONAL	string	The Digital Object Identifier of the dataset (not the corresponding paper). DOIs SHOULD be expressed as a valid DatasetDOI; bare DOIs such as 10.0.2.3/dfjj.10 are DatasetDOI.
GeneratedBy	RECOMMENDED	array of objects	Used to specify provenance of the dataset.
SourceDatasets	RECOMMENDED	array of objects	Used to specify the locations and relevant attributes of all source datasets. Valid keys in each object include "URL", "DOI" (see SourceDatasets), and "Version" with string values.

Each object in the **GeneratedBy** array includes the following REQUIRED, RECOMMENDED and OPTIONAL keys:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
Name	REQUIRED	string	Name of the pipeline or process that generated the outputs. Use "Manual" to indicate the derivatives were generated by hand, or adjusted manually after an initial run of an automated pipeline.
Version	RECOMMENDED	string	Version of the pipeline
Description	OPTIONAL	string	Plain-text description of the pipeline or process that generated the outputs. RECOMMENDED if Name is "Manual".
CodeURL	OPTIONAL	string	URL where the code used to generate the dataset may be found.
Container	OPTIONAL	object	Used to specify the location and relevant attributes of software container image used to produce the dataset. Valid keys in this object include Type, Tag and URI with string values.

Example:

```
{
  "Name": "The mother of all experiments",
  "BIDSVersion": "1.6.0",
  "DatasetType": "raw",
  "License": "CC0",
  "Authors": [
    "Paul Broca",
    "Carl Wernicke"
  ],
  "Acknowledgements": "Special thanks to Korbinian Brodmann for help in formatting this dataset in BIDS. We thank Alan Lloyd Hodgkin and Andrew Huxley",
  "HowToAcknowledge": "Please cite this paper: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/001012092119281",
  "Funding": [
    "National Institute of Neuroscience Grant F378236MFH1",
    "National Institute of Neuroscience Grant 5RMZ0023106"
  ],
  "EthicsApprovals": [
    "Army Human Research Protections Office (Protocol ARL-20098-10051, ARL 12-040, and ARL 12-041)"
  ],
  "ReferencesAndLinks": [
    "https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/001012092119281",
    "Alzheimer A., & Kraepelin, E. (2015). Neural correlates of presenile dementia in humans. Journal of Neuroscientific Data, 2, 234001. doi:10.234001/jn"
  ],
  "DatasetDOI": "doi:10.0.2.3/dfjj.10",
  "HEDVersion": "8.0.0",
  "GeneratedBy": [
    {
      "Name": "reproin",
      "Version": "0.6.0",
      "Container": {
        "Type": "docker",
        "Tag": "repronim/reproin:0.6.0"
      }
    }
  ],
  "SourceDatasets": [
    {
      "URL": "s3://dicoms/studies/correlates",
      "Version": "April 11 2011"
    }
  ]
}
```

```
}
```

Derived dataset and pipeline description

As for any BIDS dataset, a `dataset_description.json` file MUST be found at the top level of every derived dataset: `<dataset>/derivatives/<pipeline_name>/dataset_description.json`.

In contrast to raw BIDS datasets, derived BIDS datasets MUST include a `GeneratedBy` key:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
GeneratedBy	REQUIRED	array of objects	Used to specify provenance of the dataset.

If a derived dataset is stored as a subdirectory of the raw dataset, then the `Name` field of the first `GeneratedBy` object MUST be a substring of the derived dataset directory name. That is, in a directory `<dataset>/derivatives/<pipeline>[-<variant>]/`, the first `GeneratedBy` object should have a `Name` of `<pipeline>`.

Example:

```
{
  "Name": "fMRIPREP Outputs",
  "BIDSVersion": "1.6.0",
  "DatasetType": "derivative",
  "GeneratedBy": [
    {
      "Name": "fmriprep",
      "Version": "1.4.1",
      "Container": {
        "Type": "docker",
        "Tag": "poldracklab/fmriprep:1.4.1"
      }
    },
    {
      "Name": "Manual",
      "Description": "Re-added RepetitionTime metadata to bold.json files"
    }
  ],
  "SourceDatasets": [
    {
      "DOI": "doi:10.18112/openneuro.ds000114.v1.0.1",
      "URL": "https://openneuro.org/datasets/ds000114/versions/1.0.1",
      "Version": "1.0.1"
    }
  ]
}
```

```
]
}
```

README

A REQUIRED text file, README, SHOULD describe the dataset in more detail. The README file MUST be either in ASCII or UTF-8 encoding and MAY have one of the extensions: .md ([Markdown](#)), .rst ([reStructuredText](#)), or .txt. A BIDS dataset MUST NOT contain more than one README file (with or without extension) at its root directory. BIDS does not make any recommendations with regards to the [Markdown flavor](#) and does not validate the syntax of Markdown and reStructuredText. The README file SHOULD be structured such that its contents can be easily understood even if the used format is not rendered. A guideline for creating a good README file can be found in the [bids-starter-kit](#).

CITATION.cff

A description of the citation information for the dataset, following the [Citation File Format](#) specification. This file permits more detailed and structured descriptions than dataset_description.json.

For most redundant fields between CITATION.cff and dataset_description.json, the CITATION.cff SHOULD take precedence. To avoid inconsistency, metadata present in CITATION.cff SHOULD NOT be included in dataset_description.json, with the exception of Name and DatasetDOI, to ensure that CITATION.cff-unaware tools can generate references to the dataset. In particular, if CITATION.cff is present, the "Authors" field of dataset_description.json MUST be omitted, and the "HowToAcknowledge", "License" and "ReferencesAndLinks" SHOULD be omitted in favor of the CITATION.cff fields message/preferred-citation, license and references.

CHANGES

Version history of the dataset (describing changes, updates and corrections) MAY be provided in the form of a CHANGES text file. This file MUST follow the [CPAN Changelog convention](#). The CHANGES file MUST be either in ASCII or UTF-8 encoding.

Example:

```
1.0.1 2015-08-27
  - Fixed slice timing information.

1.0.0 2015-08-17
  - Initial release.
```

LICENSE

A LICENSE file MAY be provided in addition to the short specification of the used license in the dataset_description.json "License" field. The "License" field and LICENSE file MUST correspond. The LICENSE file MUST be either in ASCII or UTF-8 encoding.

Participants file

Template:

```
participants.tsv
participants.json
```

The purpose of this RECOMMENDED file is to describe properties of participants such as age, sex, handedness, species and strain. If this file exists, it **MUST** contain the column `participant_id`, which **MUST** consist of `sub-<label>` values identifying one row for each participant, followed by a list of optional columns describing participants. Each participant **MUST** be described by one and only one row.

Commonly used optional columns in `participants.tsv` files are `age`, `sex`, `handedness`, `strain`, and `strain_rrid`.

The RECOMMENDED `species` column **SHOULD** be a binomial species name from the [NCBI Taxonomy](#) (for examples `homo sapiens`, `mus musculus`, `rattus norvegicus`). For backwards compatibility, if `species` is absent, the participant is assumed to be `homo sapiens`.

We RECOMMEND to make use of these columns, and in case that you do use them, we RECOMMEND to use the following values for them:

Column name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
<code>participant_id</code>	REQUIRED	string	A participant identifier of the form <code>sub-<label></code> , matching a participant entity found in the dataset. There MUST be exactly one row for each participant. Values in <code>participant_id</code> MUST be unique. This column must appear first in the file.
<code>species</code>	RECOMMENDED	string	The <code>species</code> column SHOULD be a binomial species name from the NCBI Taxonomy (for example, <code>homo sapiens</code> , <code>mus musculus</code> , <code>rattus norvegicus</code>). For backwards compatibility, if <code>species</code> is absent, the participant is assumed to be <code>homo sapiens</code> . This column may appear anywhere in the file.
<code>age</code>	RECOMMENDED	number	Numeric value in years (float or integer value). It is RECOMMENDED to tag participant ages that are 89 or higher as <code>89+</code> , for privacy purposes. This column may appear anywhere in the file.

Column name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
sex	RECOMMENDED	string	String value indicating phenotypical sex, one of "male", "female", "other".For "male", use one of these values: male , m, M, MALE, Male.For "female", use one of these values: female , f, F, FEMALE, Female.For "other", use one of these values: other , o, O, OTHER, Other. This column may appear anywhere in the file.For a list of valid values for this column, see the sex.
handedness	RECOMMENDED	string	String value indicating one of "left", "right", "ambidextrous".For "left", use one of these values: left , l, L, LEFT, Left.For "right", use one of these values: right , r, R, RIGHT, Right.For "ambidextrous", use one of these values: ambidextrous , a, A, AMBIDEXTROUS, Ambidextrous. This column may appear anywhere in the file.For a list of valid values for this column, see the handedness.
strain	RECOMMENDED	string	For species different from homo sapiens , string value indicating the strain of the species, for example: C57BL/6J. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
strain_rrid	RECOMMENDED	string	For species different from homo sapiens , research resource identifier (RRID) of the strain of the species, for example: RRID:IMSR_JAX:000664 . This column may appear anywhere in the file.
Additional Columns	OPTIONAL	n/a	Additional columns are allowed.

Throughout BIDS you can indicate missing values with **n/a** (for "not available").

`participants.tsv` example:

```
participant_id age sex handedness group
```

```
sub-01 34 M right read
sub-02 12 F right write
sub-03 33 F n/a read
```

It is RECOMMENDED to accompany each `participants.tsv` file with a sidecar `participants.json` file to describe the TSV column names and properties of their values (see also the section on tabular files). Such sidecar files are needed to interpret the data, especially so when optional columns are defined beyond `age`, `sex`, `handedness`, `species`, `strain`, and `strain_rrid`, such as `group` in this example, or when a different age unit is needed (for example, gestational weeks). If no `units` is provided for age, it will be assumed to be in years relative to date of birth.

`participants.json` example:

```
{
  "age": {
    "Description": "age of the participant",
    "Units": "year"
  },
  "sex": {
    "Description": "sex of the participant as reported by the participant",
    "Levels": {
      "M": "male",
      "F": "female"
    }
  },
  "handedness": {
    "Description": "handedness of the participant as reported by the participant",
    "Levels": {
      "left": "left",
      "right": "right"
    }
  },
  "group": {
    "Description": "experimental group the participant belonged to",
    "Levels": {
      "read": "participants who read an inspirational text before the experiment",
      "write": "participants who wrote an inspirational text before the experiment"
    }
  }
}
```

Samples file

Template:

`samples.tsv`
`samples.json`

The purpose of this file is to describe properties of samples, indicated by the `sample` entity. This file is REQUIRED if `sample-<label>` is present in any filename within the dataset. Each sample MUST be described by one and only one row.

Column name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
<code>sample_id</code>	REQUIRED	string	A sample identifier of the form <code>sample-<label></code> , matching a sample entity found in the dataset. The combination of <code>sample_id</code> and <code>participant_id</code> MUST be unique.
<code>participant_id</code>	REQUIRED	string	A participant identifier of the form <code>sub-<label></code> , matching a participant entity found in the dataset. The combination of <code>sample_id</code> and <code>participant_id</code> MUST be unique.
<code>sample_type</code>	REQUIRED	string	Biosample type defined by ENCODE Biosample Type . Must be one of: "cell line", "in vitro differentiated cells", "primary cell", "cell-free sample", "cloning host", "tissue", "whole organisms", "organoid", "technical sample".
<code>pathology</code>	RECOMMENDED	string	String value describing the pathology of the sample or type of control. When different from healthy, pathology SHOULD be specified. The pathology may be specified in either <code>samples.tsv</code> or <code>sessions.tsv</code> , depending on whether the pathology changes over time.
<code>derived_from</code>	RECOMMENDED	string	<code>sample-<label></code> entity from which a sample is derived, for example a slice of tissue (<code>sample-02</code>) derived from a block of tissue (<code>sample-01</code>).

Column name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
Additional Columns	OPTIONAL	n/a	Additional columns are allowed.

`samples.tsv` example:

```
sample_id participant_id sample_type derived_from
sample-01 sub-01 tissue n/a
sample-02 sub-01 tissue sample-01
sample-03 sub-01 tissue sample-01
sample-04 sub-02 tissue n/a
sample-05 sub-02 tissue n/a
```

It is RECOMMENDED to accompany each `samples.tsv` file with a sidecar `samples.json` file to describe the TSV column names and properties of their values (see also the section on tabular files).

`samples.json` example:

```
{
  "sample_type": {
    "Description": "type of sample from ENCODE Biosample Type (https://www.encodeproject.org/profiles/biosample\_type)",
  },
  "derived_from": {
    "Description": "sample_id from which the sample is derived"
  }
}
```

Phenotypic and assessment data

Template:

```
phenotype/
  <measurement_tool_name>.tsv
  <measurement_tool_name>.json
```

Optional: Yes

If the dataset includes multiple sets of participant level measurements (for example responses from multiple questionnaires) they can be split into individual files separate from `participants.tsv`.

Each of the measurement files MUST be kept in a `/phenotype` directory placed at the root of the BIDS dataset and MUST end with the `.tsv` extension. Filenames SHOULD be chosen to reflect the contents of the file. For example, the "Adult ADHD Clinical Diagnostic Scale" could be saved in a file called `/phenotype/acds_adult.tsv`.

The files can include an arbitrary set of columns, but one of them MUST be `participant_id` and the entries of that column MUST correspond to the subjects in the BIDS dataset and `participants.tsv` file.

As with all other tabular data, the additional phenotypic information files MAY be accompanied by a JSON file describing the columns in detail (see Tabular files).

In addition to the column descriptions, the JSON file MAY contain the following fields:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
MeasurementToolMetadata	OPTIONAL	object	A description of the measurement tool as a whole. Contains two fields: "Description" and "TermURL". "Description" is a free text description of the measurement tool. "TermURL" is a URL to an entity in an ontology corresponding to this tool.
Derivative	OPTIONAL	boolean	Indicates that values in the corresponding column are transformations of values from other columns (for example a summary score based on a subset of items in a questionnaire). Must be one of: "true", "false".

As an example, consider the contents of a file called `phenotype/acds_adult.json`:

```
{
  "MeasurementToolMetadata": {
    "Description": "Adult ADHD Clinical Diagnostic Scale V1.2",
    "TermURL": "https://www.cognitiveatlas.org/task/id/trm_5586ff878155d"
  },
  "adhd_b": {
    "Description": "B. CHILDHOOD ONSET OF ADHD (PRIOR TO AGE 7)",
    "Levels": {
      "1": "YES",
      "2": "NO"
    }
  },
  "adhd_c_dx": {
    "Description": "As child met A, B, C, D, E and F diagnostic criteria",
    "Levels": {
      "1": "YES",
```

```

    "2": "NO"
  }
}
}

```

Please note that in this example `MeasurementToolMetadata` includes information about the questionnaire and `adhd_b` and `adhd_c_dx` correspond to individual columns.

In addition to the keys available to describe columns in all tabular files (`LongName`, `Description`, `Levels`, `Units`, and `TermURL`) the `participants.json` file as well as phenotypic files can also include column descriptions with a `Derivative` field that, when set to true, indicates that values in the corresponding column is a transformation of values from other columns (for example a summary score based on a subset of items in a questionnaire).

Scans file

Template:

```

sub-<label>/
  [ses-<label>/]
    sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_scans.tsv
    sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_scans.json

```

Optional: Yes

The purpose of this file is to describe timing and other properties of each recording file within one session. In general, each of these files SHOULD be described by exactly one row.

For file formats that are based on several files of different extensions, or a directory of files with different extensions (multi-file file formats), only that file SHOULD be listed that would also be passed to analysis software for reading the data. For example for BrainVision data (`.vhdr`, `.vmrk`, `.eeg`), only the `.vhdr` SHOULD be listed; for EEGLAB data (`.set`, `.fdt`), only the `.set` file SHOULD be listed; and for CTF data (`.ds`), the whole `.ds` directory SHOULD be listed, and not the individual files in that directory.

Some neural recordings consist of multiple parts, that span several files, but that share the same extension. For example in entity-linked file collections, commonly used for qMRI, where recordings may be linked through entities such as `echo` and `part` (using `.nii` or `.nii.gz` extensions). For another example consider the case of large files in `.fif` format that are linked through the `split` entity (see Split files). Such recordings MUST be documented with one row per file (unlike the case of multi-file file formats described above).

Column name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
filename	REQUIRED	string	Relative paths to files. There MUST be exactly one row for each file. Values in <code>filename</code> MUST be unique. This column must appear first in the file.

Column name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
acq_time	OPTIONAL	string	Acquisition time refers to when the first data point in each run was acquired. Furthermore, if this header is provided, the acquisition times of all files from the same recording MUST be identical. Datetime format and their anonymization are described in acq_time. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
Additional Columns	OPTIONAL	n/a	Additional columns are allowed.

Additional fields can include external behavioral measures relevant to the scan. For example vigilance questionnaire score administered after a resting state scan. All such included additional fields SHOULD be documented in an accompanying `_scans.json` file that describes these fields in detail (see Tabular files).

Example `_scans.tsv`:

```
filename    acq_time
func/sub-control01_task-nback_bold.nii.gz  1877-06-15T13:45:30
func/sub-control01_task-motor_bold.nii.gz  1877-06-15T13:55:33
meg/sub-control01_task-rest_split-01_meg.nii.gz 1877-06-15T12:15:27
meg/sub-control01_task-rest_split-02_meg.nii.gz 1877-06-15T12:15:27
```

Sessions file

Template:

```
sub-<label>/
  sub-<label>_sessions.tsv
```

Optional: Yes

In case of multiple sessions there is an option of adding additional `sessions.tsv` files describing variables changing between sessions. In such case one file per participant SHOULD be added. These files MUST include a `session_id` column and describe each session by one and only one row. Column names in `sessions.tsv` files MUST be different from group level participant key column names in the `participants.tsv` file.

Column name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
session_id	REQUIRED	string	A session identifier of the form ses-<i><label></i> , matching a session found in the dataset. There MUST be exactly one row for each session. Values in session_id MUST be unique. This column must appear first in the file.
acq_time	OPTIONAL	string	Acquisition time refers to when the first data point of the first run was acquired. Datetime format and their anonymization are described in acq_time . This column may appear anywhere in the file.
pathology	RECOMMENDED	string	String value describing the pathology of the sample or type of control. When different from healthy , pathology SHOULD be specified. The pathology may be specified in either samples.tsv or sessions.tsv , depending on whether the pathology changes over time. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
Additional Columns	OPTIONAL	n/a	Additional columns are allowed.

`_sessions.tsv` example:

```

session_id  acq_time    systolic_blood_pressure
ses-predrug 2009-06-15T13:45:30 120
ses-postdrug 2009-06-16T13:45:30 100
ses-followup 2009-06-17T13:45:30 110

```

Code

Template: `code/*`

Source code of scripts that were used to prepare the dataset MAY be stored here. Examples include anonymization or defacing of the data, or the conversion from the format of the source data to the BIDS format (see source vs. raw vs. derived data). Extra care should be taken to avoid including original IDs or any identifiable information with the source code. There are no limitations or recommendations on the language and/or code organization of these scripts at the moment.

Magnetic Resonance Imaging

Common metadata fields

MR Data described in the following sections share the following RECOMMENDED metadata fields (stored in sidecar JSON files). MRI acquisition parameters are divided into several categories based on "A checklist for fMRI acquisition methods reporting in the literature" ([article](#)) by Ben Inglis.

When adding additional metadata please use the CamelCase version of [DICOM ontology terms](#) whenever possible. See also recommendations on JSON files.

Hardware information

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
Manufacturer	RECOMMENDED	string	Manufacturer of the equipment that produced the measurements. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0008, 0070 Manufacturer .
ManufacturersModelName	RECOMMENDED	string	Manufacturer's model name of the equipment that produced the measurements. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0008, 1090 Manufacturers Model Name .
DeviceSerialNumber	RECOMMENDED	string	The serial number of the equipment that produced the measurements. A pseudonym can also be used to prevent the equipment from being identifiable, so long as each pseudonym is unique within the dataset. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 1000 DeviceSerialNumber .

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
StationName	RECOMMENDED	string	Institution defined name of the machine that produced the measurements. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0008, 1010 Station Name .
SoftwareVersions	RECOMMENDED	string	Manufacturer's designation of software version of the equipment that produced the measurements. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 1020 Software Versions .
HardcopyDeviceSoftwareVersion	HardcopyDeviceSoftwareVersion	string	Manufacturer's designation of the software of the device that created this Hardcopy Image (the printer). Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 101A Hardcopy Device Software Version .
MagneticFieldStrength	RECOMMENDED, but REQUIRED for Arterial Spin Labeling	number	Nominal field strength of MR magnet in Tesla. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 0087 Magnetic Field Strength .
ReceiveCoilName	RECOMMENDED	string	Information describing the receiver coil. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 1250 Receive Coil Name , although not all vendors populate that DICOM Tag, in which case this field can be derived from an appropriate private DICOM field.
ReceiveCoilActiveElements	RECOMMENDED	string	Information describing the active/selected elements of the receiver coil. This does not correspond to a tag in the DICOM ontology. The vendor-defined terminology for active coil elements can go in this field.
GradientSetType	RECOMMENDED	string	It should be possible to infer the gradient coil from the scanner model. If not, for example because of a custom upgrade or use of a gradient insert set, then the specifications of the actual gradient coil should be reported independently.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
MRTransmitCoilSequence	RECOMMENDED	string	This is a relevant field if a non-standard transmit coil is used. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 9049 MR Transmit Coil Sequence.
MatrixCoilMode	RECOMMENDED	string	(If used) A method for reducing the number of independent channels by combining in analog the signals from multiple coil elements. There are typically different default modes when using un-accelerated or accelerated (for example, "GRAPPA", "SENSE") imaging.
CoilCombinationMethod	RECOMMENDED	string	Almost all fMRI studies using phased-array coils use root-sum-of-squares (rSOS) combination, but other methods exist. The image reconstruction is changed by the coil combination method (as for the matrix coil mode above), so anything non-standard should be reported.

Example for ReceiveCoilActiveElements:

For Siemens, coil channels are typically not activated/selected individually, but rather in pre-defined selectable "groups" of individual channels, and the list of the "groups" of elements that are active/selected in any given scan populates the `Coil String` entry in Siemens' private DICOM fields (for example, `HEA;HEP` for the Siemens standard 32 ch coil when both the anterior and posterior groups are activated). This is a flexible field that can be used as most appropriate for a given vendor and coil to define the "active" coil elements. Since individual scans can sometimes not have the intended coil elements selected, it is preferable for this field to be populated directly from the DICOM for each individual scan, so that it can be used as a mechanism for checking that a given scan was collected with the intended coil elements selected.

Institution information

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
InstitutionName	RECOMMENDED	string	The name of the institution in charge of the equipment that produced the measurements. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0008, 0080 InstitutionName.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
InstitutionAddress	RECOMMENDED	string	The address of the institution in charge of the equipment that produced the measurements. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0008, 0081 InstitutionAddress .
InstitutionalDepartmentName	RECOMMENDED	string	The department in the institution in charge of the equipment that produced the measurements. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0008, 1040 Institutional Department Name .

Sequence Specifics

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
PulseSequenceType	RECOMMENDED	string	A general description of the pulse sequence used for the scan (for example, "MPRAGE", "Gradient Echo EPI", "Spin Echo EPI", "Multiband gradient echo EPI").
ScanningSequence	RECOMMENDED	string or array of strings	Description of the type of data acquired. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 0020 Scanning Sequence .
SequenceVariant	RECOMMENDED	string or array of strings	Variant of the ScanningSequence. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 0021 Sequence Variant .
ScanOptions	RECOMMENDED	string or array of strings	Parameters of ScanningSequence. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 0022 Scan Options .
SequenceName	RECOMMENDED	string	Manufacturer's designation of the sequence name. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 0024 Sequence Name .

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
PulseSequenceDetails	RECOMMENDED	string	Information beyond pulse sequence type that identifies the specific pulse sequence used (for example, "Standard Siemens Sequence distributed with the VB17 software", "Siemens WIP ### version #.##," or "Sequence written by X using a version compiled on MM/DD/YYYY").
NonlinearGradientCorrection	RECOMMENDED, but REQUIRED if NonlinearGradientCorrection data are present	boolean	Boolean stating if the image saved has been corrected for gradient nonlinearities by the scanner sequence. Must be one of: "true", "false".
MRAcquisitionType	RECOMMENDED, but REQUIRED for Arterial Spin Labeling	string	Type of sequence readout. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 0023 MR Acquisition Type. Must be one of: "2D", "3D".
MTState	RECOMMENDED	boolean	Boolean stating whether the magnetization transfer pulse is applied. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 9020 Magnetization Transfer. Must be one of: "true", "false".
MTOffsetFrequency	OPTIONAL	number	The frequency offset of the magnetization transfer pulse with respect to the central H1 Larmor frequency in Hertz (Hz).
MTPulseBandwidth	OPTIONAL	number	The excitation bandwidth of the magnetization transfer pulse in Hertz (Hz).
MTNumberOfPulses	OPTIONAL	number	The number of magnetization transfer RF pulses applied before the readout.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
MTPulseShape	OPTIONAL	string	Shape of the magnetization transfer RF pulse waveform. The value "GAUSSHANN" refers to a Gaussian pulse with a Hanning window. The value "SINCHANN" refers to a sinc pulse with a Hanning window. The value "SINGGAUSS" refers to a sinc pulse with a Gaussian window. Must be one of: "HARD", "GAUSSIAN", "GAUSSHANN", "SINC", "SINCHANN", "SINGGAUSS", "FERMI".
MTPulseDuration	OPTIONAL	number	Duration of the magnetization transfer RF pulse in seconds.
SpoilingState	RECOMMENDED	boolean	Boolean stating whether the pulse sequence uses any type of spoiling strategy to suppress residual transverse magnetization. Must be one of: "true", "false".
SpoilingType	OPTIONAL	string	Specifies which spoiling method(s) are used by a spoiled sequence. Must be one of: "RF", "GRADIENT", "COMBINED".
SpoilingRFPhaseIncrement	OPTIONAL	number	The amount of incrementation described in degrees, which is applied to the phase of the excitation pulse at each TR period for achieving RF spoiling.
SpoilingGradientMoment	OPTIONAL	number	Zeroth moment of the spoiler gradient lobe in millitesla times second per meter (mT.s/m).
SpoilingGradientDuration	OPTIONAL	number	The duration of the spoiler gradient lobe in seconds. The duration of a trapezoidal lobe is defined as the summation of ramp-up and plateau times.

In- and Out-of-Plane Spatial Encoding

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
NumberShots	RECOMMENDED	number or array of numbers	The number of RF excitations needed to reconstruct a slice or volume (may be referred to as partition). Please mind that this is not the same as Echo Train Length which denotes the number of k-space lines collected after excitation in a multi-echo readout. The data type array is applicable for specifying this parameter before and after the k-space center is sampled. Please see NumberShots in the qMRI appendix for corresponding calculations.
ParallelReductionFactorInPlane	RECOMMENDED	number	The parallel imaging (for instance, GRAPPA) factor in plane. Use the denominator of the fraction of k-space encoded for each slice. For example, 2 means half of k-space is encoded. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 9069 Parallel Reduction Factor In-plane.
ParallelReductionFactorOutOfPlane	RECOMMENDED	number	The parallel imaging (for instance, GRAPPA) factor in the second phase encoding dimension of 3D sequences. Use the denominator of the fraction of k-space encoded in the second phase encoding dimension. For example, 2 means half of k-space is encoded. Will typically be 1 for 2D sequences, as each slice in a 2D acquisition is usually fully encoded. ParallelReductionFactorOutOfPlane should not be confused with MultibandAccelerationFactor , as they imply different methods of accelerating the acquisition. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 9155 Parallel Reduction Factor out-of-plane.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
ParallelAcquisitionTechnique	RECOMMENDED	string	The type of parallel imaging used (for example "GRAPPA", "SENSE"). Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 9078 Parallel Acquisition Technique .
PartialFourier	RECOMMENDED	number	The fraction of partial Fourier information collected. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 9081 Partial Fourier .
PartialFourierDirection	RECOMMENDED	string	The direction where only partial Fourier information was collected. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 9036 Partial Fourier Direction .
EffectiveEchoSpacing	RECOMMENDED, but REQUIRED if corresponding fieldmap data present	number	The "effective" sampling interval, specified in seconds, between lines in the phase-encoding direction, defined based on the size of the reconstructed image in the phase direction. It is frequently, but incorrectly, referred to as "dwell time" (see the "DwellTime" parameter for actual dwell time). It is REQUIRED for unwarping distortions using field maps. Note that beyond just in-plane acceleration, a variety of other manipulations to the phase encoding need to be accounted for properly, including partial fourier, phase oversampling, phase resolution, phase field-of-view and interpolation. 2Must be a number greater than 0.
MixingTime	RECOMMENDED	number	In the context of a stimulated- and spin-echo 3D EPI sequence for B1+ mapping, corresponds to the interval between spin- and stimulated-echo pulses. In the context of a diffusion-weighted double spin-echo sequence, corresponds to the interval between two successive diffusion sensitizing gradients, specified in seconds.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
PhaseEncodingDirection	RECOMMENDED, but REQUIRED if corresponding fieldmap data is present or when using multiple runs with different phase encoding directions (which can be later used for field inhomogeneity correction).	string	The letters i, j, k correspond to the first, second and third axis of the data in the NIFTI file. The polarity of the phase encoding is assumed to go from zero index to maximum index unless - sign is present (then the order is reversed - starting from the highest index instead of zero). PhaseEncodingDirection is defined as the direction along which phase is was modulated which may result in visible distortions. Note that this is not the same as the DICOM term InPlanePhaseEncodingDirection which can have ROW or COL values. Must be one of: "i", "i-", "j", "j-", "k", "k-".
TotalReadoutTime	RECOMMENDED, but REQUIRED if corresponding 'field/distortion' maps acquired with opposing phase encoding directions are present (see TotalReadoutTime)	number	This is actually the "effective" total readout time, defined as the readout duration, specified in seconds, that would have generated data with the given level of distortion. It is NOT the actual, physical duration of the readout train. If "EffectiveEchoSpacing" has been properly computed, it is just $\text{EffectiveEchoSpacing} * (\text{ReconMatrixPE} - 1)$.

2Conveniently, for Siemens data, this value is easily obtained as $1 / (\text{BWPPPE} * \text{ReconMatrixPE})$, where BWPPPE is the "BandwidthPerPixelPhaseEncode" in DICOM Tag 0019, 1028 and ReconMatrixPE is the size of the actual reconstructed data in the phase direction (which is NOT reflected in a single DICOM Tag for all possible aforementioned scan manipulations). See [Acquiring and using field maps - LCNI](#) and [TotalReadoutTime - dcm_qa](#).

3We use the time between the center of the first "effective" echo and the center of the last "effective" echo, sometimes called the "FSL definition".

Timing Parameters

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
EchoTime	RECOMMENDED, but REQUIRED if corresponding fieldmap data is present, or the data comes from a multi-echo sequence or Arterial Spin Labeling.	number or array of numbers	The echo time (TE) for the acquisition, specified in seconds. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 0081 Echo Time (please note that the DICOM term is in milliseconds not seconds). The data type number may apply to files from any MRI modality concerned with a single value for this field, or to the files in a EchoTime where the value of this field is iterated using the EchoTime. The data type array provides a value for each volume in a 4D dataset and should only be used when the volume timing is critical for interpretation of the data, such as in EchoTime or variable echo time fMRI sequences.
InversionTime	RECOMMENDED	number	The inversion time (TI) for the acquisition, specified in seconds. Inversion time is the time after the middle of inverting RF pulse to middle of excitation pulse to detect the amount of longitudinal magnetization. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 0082 Inversion Time (please note that the DICOM term is in milliseconds not seconds). Must be a number greater than 0.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
DwellTime	RECOMMENDED	number	Actual dwell time (in seconds) of the receiver per point in the readout direction, including any oversampling. For Siemens, this corresponds to DICOM field 0019, 1018 (in ns). This value is necessary for the OPTIONAL readout distortion correction of anatomicals in the HCP Pipelines. It also usefully provides a handle on the readout bandwidth, which isn't captured in the other metadata tags. Not to be confused with "EffectiveEchoSpacing", and the frequent mislabeling of echo spacing (which is spacing in the phase encoding direction) as "dwell time" (which is spacing in the readout direction).

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
SliceTiming	RECOMMENDED, but REQUIRED for sparse sequences that do not have the DelayTime field set, and Arterial Spin Labeling with MRAcquisitionType set on 2D.	array of numbers	The time at which each slice was acquired within each volume (frame) of the acquisition. Slice timing is not slice order -- rather, it is a list of times containing the time (in seconds) of each slice acquisition in relation to the beginning of volume acquisition. The list goes through the slices along the slice axis in the slice encoding dimension (see below). Note that to ensure the proper interpretation of the "SliceTiming" field, it is important to check if the OPTIONAL SliceEncodingDirection exists. In particular, if "SliceEncodingDirection" is negative, the entries in "SliceTiming" are defined in reverse order with respect to the slice axis, such that the final entry in the "SliceTiming" list is the time of acquisition of slice 0. Without this parameter slice time correction will not be possible.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
SliceEncodingDirection	RECOMMENDED	string	The axis of the NIfTI data along which slices were acquired, and the direction in which "SliceTiming" is defined with respect to. i, j, k identifiers correspond to the first, second and third axis of the data in the NIfTI file. A - sign indicates that the contents of "SliceTiming" are defined in reverse order - that is, the first entry corresponds to the slice with the largest index, and the final entry corresponds to slice index zero. When present, the axis defined by "SliceEncodingDirection" needs to be consistent with the slice_dim field in the NIfTI header. When absent, the entries in "SliceTiming" must be in the order of increasing slice index as defined by the NIfTI header. Must be one of: "i", "i-", "j", "j-", "k", "k-".

RF & Contrast

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
FlipAngle	RECOMMENDED, but REQUIRED if LookLocker is set to true	number or array of numbers	Flip angle (FA) for the acquisition, specified in degrees. Corresponds to: DICOM Tag 0018, 1314 Flip Angle . The data type number may apply to files from any MRI modality concerned with a single value for this field, or to the files in a FlipAngle where the value of this field is iterated using the FlipAngle. The data type array provides a value for each volume in a 4D dataset and should only be used when the volume timing is critical for interpretation of the data, such as in FlipAngle or variable flip angle fMRI sequences.
NegativeContrast	OPTIONAL	boolean	true or false value specifying whether increasing voxel intensity (within sample voxels) denotes a decreased value with respect to the contrast suffix. This is commonly the case when Cerebral Blood Volume is estimated via usage of a contrast agent in conjunction with a T2* weighted acquisition protocol. Must be one of: " true ", " false ".

Slice Acceleration

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
MultibandAccelerationFactor	RECOMMENDED	number	The multiband factor, for multiband acquisitions.

Anatomical landmarks

Useful for multimodal co-registration with MEG, (S)EEG, TMS, and so on.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinates	RECOMMENDED	object of arrays	Key-value pairs of any number of additional anatomical landmarks and their coordinates in voxel units (where first voxel has index 0,0,0) relative to the associated anatomical MRI (for example, {"AC": [127,119,149], "PC": [128,93,141], "IH": [131,114,206]}, or {"NAS": [127,213,139], "LPA": [52,113,96], "RPA": [202,113,91]}). Each array MUST contain three numeric values corresponding to x, y, and z axis of the coordinate system in that exact order.

Echo-Planar Imaging and B0 mapping

Echo-Planar Imaging (EPI) schemes typically used in the acquisition of diffusion and functional MRI may also be intended for estimating the B0 field nonuniformity inside the scanner (in other words, mapping the field) without the acquisition of additional MRI schemes such as gradient-recalled echo (GRE) sequences that are stored under the `fmap/` directory of the BIDS structure.

The modality labels `dwi` (under `dwi/`), `bold` (under `func/`), `asl` (under `perf/`), `sbref` (under `dwi/`, `func/` or `perf/`), and any modality under `fmap/` are allowed to encode the MR protocol intent for fieldmap estimation using the following metadata:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
B0FieldIdentifier	RECOMMENDED	string or array of strings	The presence of this key states that this particular 3D or 4D image MAY be used for fieldmap estimation purposes. Each "B0FieldIdentifier" MUST be a unique string within one participant's tree, shared only by the images meant to be used as inputs for the estimation of a particular instance of the B0 field estimation. It is RECOMMENDED to derive this identifier from DICOM Tags, for example, DICOM tag 0018, 1030 Protocol Name, or DICOM tag 0018, 0024 Sequence Name when the former is not defined (for example, in GE devices.)
B0FieldSource	RECOMMENDED	string or array of strings	At least one existing "B0FieldIdentifier" defined by images in the participant's tree. This field states the B0 field estimation designated by the "B0FieldIdentifier" that may be used to correct the dataset for distortions caused by B0 inhomogeneities. "B0FieldSource" and "B0FieldIdentifier" MAY both be present for images that are used to estimate their own B0 field, for example, in "pepolar" acquisitions.

Anatomy imaging data

Anatomy MRI sequences measure static, structural features of the brain.

This datatype is divided into two groups: non-parametric and parametric.

Non-parametric structural images have an arbitrary scale. For example, T1w data are T1-weighted, but the values do not correspond to actual T1 value estimates.

Parametric structural imaging, on the other hand, use a non-arbitrary scale. For example, a T1map file contains T1 value estimates, in seconds.

Non-parametric structural MR images

Template:

```
sub-<label>/
  [ses-<label>/]
    anat/
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_task-<label>][_acq-<label>][_ce-<label>][_rec-<label>][_run-<index>][_echo-<index>][_part-<mag|phase|real|imag>]
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_task-<label>][_acq-<label>][_ce-<label>][_rec-<label>][_run-<index>][_echo-<index>][_part-<mag|phase|real|imag>]
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_task-<label>][_acq-<label>][_ce-<label>][_rec-<label>][_run-<index>][_chunk-<index>]_UNIT1.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_task-<label>][_acq-<label>][_ce-<label>][_rec-<label>][_run-<index>][_chunk-<index>]_UNIT1.nii.gz]
```

Legend:

- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, [_ses-<label>]) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in <>, separated by |.
- _<suffix> means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- .<extension> means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- [.gz] means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

Currently supported non-parametric structural MR images include the following:

Name	suffix	Description
Fluid attenuated inversion recovery image	FLAIR	In arbitrary units (arbitrary). Structural images with predominant T2 contribution (also known as T2-FLAIR), in which signal from fluids (for example, CSF) is nulled out by adjusting inversion time, coupled with notably long repetition and echo times.
PD and T2 weighted image	PDT2	In arbitrary units (arbitrary). A two-volume 4D image, where the volumes are, respectively, PDw and T2w images acquired simultaneously. If separated into 3D volumes, the PDw and T2w suffixes SHOULD be used instead, and an acquisition entity MAY be used to distinguish the images from others with the same suffix, for example, acq-PDT2_PDw.nii and acq-PDT2_T2w.nii.

Name	suffix	Description
Proton density (PD) weighted image	PDw	In arbitrary units (arbitrary). The contrast of these images is mainly determined by spatial variations in the spin density (1H) of the imaged specimen. This contrast is achieved at short echo times and long repetition times; for gradient echo, this weighting is also possible with a short TR ($TR \ll T1$) and a small flip angle.
T1-weighted image	T1w	In arbitrary units (arbitrary). The contrast of these images is mainly determined by spatial variations in the longitudinal relaxation time of the imaged specimen. In spin-echo sequences this contrast is achieved at relatively short repetition and echo times. To achieve this weighting in gradient-echo images, again, short repetition and echo times are selected; however, at relatively large flip angles. Another common approach to increase T1 weighting in gradient-echo images is to add an inversion preparation block to the beginning of the imaging sequence (for example, TurboFLASH or MP-RAGE).
T2star weighted image	T2starw	In arbitrary units (arbitrary). The contrast of these images is mainly determined by spatial variations in the (observed) transverse relaxation time of the imaged specimen. In spin-echo sequences, this effect is negated as the excitation is followed by an inversion pulse. The contrast of gradient-echo images natively depends on T2-star effects. However, for T2-star variation to dominate the image contrast, gradient-echo acquisitions are carried out at long repetition and echo times, and at small flip angles.
T2-weighted image	T2w	In arbitrary units (arbitrary). The contrast of these images is mainly determined by spatial variations in the (true) transverse relaxation time of the imaged specimen. In spin-echo sequences this contrast is achieved at relatively long repetition and echo times. Generally, gradient echo sequences are not the most suitable option for achieving T2 weighting, as their contrast natively depends on T2-star rather than on T2.

Name	suffix	Description
Homogeneous (flat) T1-weighted MP2RAGE image	UNIT1	In arbitrary units (arbitrary). UNIT1 images are REQUIRED to use this suffix regardless of the method used to generate them. Note that although this image is T1-weighted, regions without MR signal will contain white salt-and-pepper noise that most segmentation algorithms will fail on. Therefore, it is important to dissociate it from T1w. Please see UNIT1 in the qMRI appendix for further information.
Angiogram	angio	Magnetic resonance angiography sequences focus on enhancing the contrast of blood vessels (generally arteries, but sometimes veins) against other tissue types.
Inplane T1	inplaneT1	In arbitrary units (arbitrary). T1 weighted structural image matched to a functional (task) image.
Inplane T2	inplaneT2	In arbitrary units (arbitrary). T2 weighted structural image matched to a functional (task) image.

The `part-<label>` entity is used to indicate which component of the complex representation of the MRI signal is represented in voxel data. This entity is associated with the DICOM Tag 0008, 9208. Allowed label values for this entity are `phase`, `mag`, `real` and `imag`, which are typically used in `part-mag/part-phase` or `part-real/part-imag` pairs of files. For example:

```
sub-01/
  anat/
    sub-01_part-mag_T1w.nii.gz
    sub-01_part-mag_T1w.json
    sub-01_part-phase_T1w.nii.gz
    sub-01_part-phase_T1w.json
```

Phase images MAY be in radians or in arbitrary units. The sidecar JSON file MUST include the units of the `phase` image. The possible options are `rad` or `arbitrary`.

For example, for `sub-01_part-phase_T1w.json`:

```
{
  "Units": "rad"
}
```

When there is only a magnitude image of a given type, the `part` entity MAY be omitted.

Parametric structural MR images

Structural MR images whose intensity is represented in a non-arbitrary scale constitute parametric maps.

Template:

```
sub-<label>/
  [ses-<label>/]
  anat/
    sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_task-<label>][_acq-<label>][_ce-<label>][_rec-<label>][_run-<index>][_chunk-<index>]_<suffix>.json
    sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_task-<label>][_acq-<label>][_ce-<label>][_rec-<label>][_run-<index>][_chunk-<index>]_<suffix>.nii[.gz]
```

Legend:

- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, [_ses-<label>]) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in <>, separated by |.
- _<suffix> means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- .<extension> means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- [.gz] means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

Currently supported parametric maps include:

Name	suffix	Description
Quantitative susceptibility map (QSM)	Chimap	In parts per million (ppm). QSM allows for determining the underlying magnetic susceptibility of tissue (Chi) (Wang & Liu, 2014). Chi maps are REQUIRED to use this suffix regardless of the method used to generate them.
Equilibrium magnetization (M0) map	M0map	In arbitrary units (arbitrary). A common quantitative MRI (qMRI) fitting variable that represents the amount of magnetization at thermal equilibrium. M0 maps are RECOMMENDED to use this suffix if generated by qMRI applications (for example, variable flip angle T1 mapping).
Magnetization transfer ratio image	MTRmap	In arbitrary units (arbitrary). MTR maps are REQUIRED to use this suffix regardless of the method used to generate them. MTRmap intensity values are RECOMMENDED to be represented in percentage in the range of 0-100%.
Macromolecular tissue volume (MTV) image	MTVmap	In arbitrary units (arbitrary). MTV maps are REQUIRED to use this suffix regardless of the method used to generate them.
Magnetization transfer saturation image	MTsat	In arbitrary units (arbitrary). MTsat maps are REQUIRED to use this suffix regardless of the method used to generate them.

Name	suffix	Description
Myelin water fraction image	MWFmap	In arbitrary units (arbitrary). MWF maps are REQUIRED to use this suffix regardless of the method used to generate them. MWF intensity values are RECOMMENDED to be represented in percentage in the range of 0-100%.
Proton density image	PDmap	In arbitrary units (arbitrary). PD maps are REQUIRED to use this suffix regardless of the method used to generate them.
Longitudinal relaxation rate image	R1map	In seconds-1 (1/s). R1 maps ($R1 = 1/T1$) are REQUIRED to use this suffix regardless of the method used to generate them.
True transverse relaxation rate image	R2map	In seconds-1 (1/s). R2 maps ($R2 = 1/T2$) are REQUIRED to use this suffix regardless of the method used to generate them.
Observed transverse relaxation rate image	R2starmap	In seconds-1 (1/s). R2-star maps ($R2star = 1/T2star$) are REQUIRED to use this suffix regardless of the method used to generate them.
RF receive sensitivity map	RB1map	In arbitrary units (arbitrary). Radio frequency (RF) receive (B1-) sensitivity maps are REQUIRED to use this suffix regardless of the method used to generate them. RB1map intensity values are RECOMMENDED to be represented as percent multiplicative factors such that $Amplitude_{effective} = B1-intensity * Amplitude_{ideal}$.
Observed signal amplitude (S0) image	S0map	In arbitrary units (arbitrary). For a multi-echo (typically fMRI) sequence, S0 maps index the baseline signal before exponential (T2-star) signal decay. In other words: the exponential of the intercept for a linear decay model across log-transformed echos. For more information, please see, for example, the tedana documentation . S0 maps are RECOMMENDED to use this suffix if derived from an ME-fMRI dataset.
Longitudinal relaxation time image	T1map	In seconds (s). T1 maps are REQUIRED to use this suffix regardless of the method used to generate them. See this interactive book on T1 mapping for further reading on T1-mapping.
T1 in rotating frame (T1 rho) image	T1rho	In seconds (s). T1-rho maps are REQUIRED to use this suffix regardless of the method used to generate them.

Name	suffix	Description
True transverse relaxation time image	T2map	In seconds (s). T2 maps are REQUIRED to use this suffix regardless of the method used to generate them.
Observed transverse relaxation time image	T2starmap	In seconds (s). T2-star maps are REQUIRED to use this suffix regardless of the method used to generate them.
RF transmit field image	TB1map	In arbitrary units (arbitrary). Radio frequency (RF) transmit (B1+) field maps are REQUIRED to use this suffix regardless of the method used to generate them. TB1map intensity values are RECOMMENDED to be represented as percent multiplicative factors such that $\text{FlipAngle}_{\text{effective}} = \text{B1+intensity} * \text{FlipAngle}_{\text{nominal}}$.

Parametric images listed in the table above are typically generated by processing a file collection. Please visit the file collections appendix to see the list of suffixes available for quantitative MRI (qMRI) applications associated with these maps. For any other details on the organization of parametric maps, their recommended metadata fields, and the application specific entity or metadata requirement levels of file collections that can generate them, visit the qMRI appendix.

Defacing masks

If the structural images included in the dataset were defaced (to protect identity of participants) one MAY provide the binary mask that was used to remove facial features in the form of `_defacemask` files. In such cases, the OPTIONAL `mod-<label>` entity corresponds to modality suffix, such as `T1w` or `inplaneT1`, referenced by the defacemask image. For example, `sub-01_mod-T1w_defacemask.nii.gz`.

Template:

```
sub-<label>/
  [ses-<label>/]
    anat/
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_task-<label>][_acq-<label>][_ce-<label>][_rec-<label>][_run-<index>][_mod-<label>][_chunk-<index>]_defacemask.js
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_task-<label>][_acq-<label>][_ce-<label>][_rec-<label>][_run-<index>][_mod-<label>][_chunk-<index>]_defacemask.nii
```

Legend:

- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, `[_ses-<label>]`) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in `<>`, separated by `|`.
- `_<suffix>` means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- `.<extension>` means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- `[.gz]` means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

Task metadata for anatomical scans

The OPTIONAL `task-<label>` entity can be used in order to allow tasks during structural MR acquisitions, for example pre-described motion paradigms such as nodding, to be described.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
TaskName	RECOMMENDED if <code>task</code> entity is present	string	Name of the task. No two tasks should have the same name. The task label included in the filename is derived from this "TaskName" field by removing all non-alphanumeric characters (that is, all except those matching <code>[0-9a-zA-Z]</code>). For example "TaskName" "faces n-back" or "head nodding" will correspond to task labels <code>facesnback</code> and <code>headnodding</code> , respectively.
TaskDescription	RECOMMENDED if <code>task</code> entity is present	string	Longer description of the task.
Instructions	RECOMMENDED if <code>task</code> entity is present	string	Text of the instructions given to participants before the recording.

Some meta information about the acquisition MAY be provided in an additional JSON file. See Common metadata fields for a list of terms and their definitions. There are also some OPTIONAL JSON fields specific to anatomical scans:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
ContrastBolusIngredient	OPTIONAL	string	Active ingredient of agent. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 1048 <code>Contrast/Bolus Ingredient</code> . Must be one of: "IODINE", "GADOLINIUM", "CARBON DIOXIDE", "BARIUM", "XENON", "UNKNOWN", "NONE".

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
RepetitionTimeExcitation	OPTIONAL	number	The interval, in seconds, between two successive excitations. DICOM Tag 0018, 0080 best refers to this parameter. This field may be used together with the "RepetitionTimePreparation" for certain use cases, such as MP2RAGE . Use RepetitionTimeExcitation (in combination with "RepetitionTimePreparation" if needed) for anatomy imaging data rather than "RepetitionTime" as it is already defined as the amount of time that it takes to acquire a single volume in the RepetitionTimeExcitation section. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
RepetitionTimePreparation	OPTIONAL	number or array of numbers	The interval, in seconds, that it takes a preparation pulse block to re-appear at the beginning of the succeeding (essentially identical) pulse sequence block. The data type number may apply to files from any MRI modality concerned with a single value for this field. The data type array provides a value for each volume in a 4D dataset and should only be used when the volume timing is critical for interpretation of the data, such as in RepetitionTimePreparation.

Deprecated suffixes

Some suffixes that were available in versions of the specification prior to 1.5.0 have been deprecated. These suffixes are ambiguous and have been superseded by more precise conventions. Therefore, they are not recommended for use in new datasets. They are, however, still valid suffixes, to maintain backwards compatibility.

The following suffixes are valid, but SHOULD NOT be used for new BIDS compatible datasets (created after version 1.5.0.):

Name	suffix	Description
Fast-Low-Angle-Shot image	FLASH	FLASH (Fast-Low-Angle-Shot) is a vendor-specific implementation for spoiled gradient echo acquisition. It is commonly used for rapid anatomical imaging and also for many different qMRI applications. When used for a single file, it does not convey any information about the image contrast. When used in a file collection, it may result in conflicts across filenames of different applications. Change: Removed from suffixes.
Proton density image	PD	Ambiguous, may refer to a parametric image or to a conventional image. Change: Replaced by PDw or PDmap.
T2* image	T2star	Ambiguous, may refer to a parametric image or to a conventional image. Change: Replaced by T2starw or T2starmap.

Task (including resting state) imaging data

Currently supported image contrasts include:

Name	suffix	Description
Blood-Oxygen-Level Dependent image	bold	Blood-Oxygen-Level Dependent contrast (specialized T2* weighting)
Cerebral blood volume image	cbv	Cerebral Blood Volume contrast (specialized T2* weighting or difference between T1 weighted images)
Phase image	phase	phase. Phase information associated with magnitude information stored in BOLD contrast. This suffix should be replaced by the phase in conjunction with the bold suffix.

Template:

```
sub-<label>/
  [ses-<label>/]
    func/
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>] [_ce-<label>] [_rec-<label>] [_dir-<label>] [_run-<index>] [_echo-<index>] [_part-<mag|phase>]
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>] [_ce-<label>] [_rec-<label>] [_dir-<label>] [_run-<index>] [_echo-<index>] [_part-<mag|phase>]
```

```

sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_ce-<label>][_rec-<label>][_dir-<label>][_run-<index>][_echo-<index>][_part-<mag|phase>]
sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_ce-<label>][_rec-<label>][_dir-<label>][_run-<index>][_echo-<index>][_part-<mag|phase>]
sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_ce-<label>][_rec-<label>][_dir-<label>][_run-<index>][_echo-<index>][_part-<mag|phase>]
sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_ce-<label>][_rec-<label>][_dir-<label>][_run-<index>][_echo-<index>][_part-<mag|phase>]
sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_ce-<label>][_rec-<label>][_dir-<label>][_run-<index>][_echo-<index>][_chunk-<index>]
sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_ce-<label>][_rec-<label>][_dir-<label>][_run-<index>][_echo-<index>][_chunk-<index>]
sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_ce-<label>][_rec-<label>][_dir-<label>][_run-<index>]_events.json
sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_ce-<label>][_rec-<label>][_dir-<label>][_run-<index>]_events.tsv
sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_ce-<label>][_rec-<label>][_dir-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_physio.json
sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_ce-<label>][_rec-<label>][_dir-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_physio.tsv
sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_ce-<label>][_rec-<label>][_dir-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_stim.json
sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_ce-<label>][_rec-<label>][_dir-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_stim.tsv.gz

```

Legend:

- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, [_ses-<label>]) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in <>, separated by |.
- _<suffix> means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- .<extension> means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- [.gz] means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

Functional imaging consists of techniques that support rapid temporal repetition. This includes, but is not limited to, task based fMRI, as well as resting state fMRI, which is treated like any other task. For task based fMRI, a corresponding task events file (see below) MUST be provided (please note that this file is not necessary for resting state scans). For multiband acquisitions, one MAY also save the single-band reference image with the **sbref** suffix (for example, sub-control01_task-nback_sbref.nii.gz).

Multi-echo data MUST be split into one file per echo using the **echo-<index>** entity. For example:

```

sub-01/
func/
sub-01_task-cuedSGT_run-1_echo-1_bold.nii.gz
sub-01_task-cuedSGT_run-1_echo-1_bold.json
sub-01_task-cuedSGT_run-1_echo-2_bold.nii.gz
sub-01_task-cuedSGT_run-1_echo-2_bold.json
sub-01_task-cuedSGT_run-1_echo-3_bold.nii.gz
sub-01_task-cuedSGT_run-1_echo-3_bold.json

```

Please note that the <index> denotes the number/index (in the form of a nonnegative integer) of the echo not the echo time value which needs to be stored in the field EchoTime of the separate JSON file.

Complex-valued data MUST be split into one file for each data type. For BOLD data, there are separate suffixes for magnitude (**_bold**) and phase (**_phase**) data, but the **_phase** suffix is deprecated. Newly generated datasets SHOULD NOT use the **_phase** suffix, and the suffix will be removed from the specification in the next major release. For backwards compatibility, **_phase** is considered equivalent to **_part-phase_bold**. When the **_phase** suffix is not used, each file shares the same name with the exception of the **part-<mag|phase>** or **part-<real|imag>** entity.

For example:

```
sub-01/  
  func/  
    sub-01_task-cuedSGT_part-mag_bold.nii.gz  
    sub-01_task-cuedSGT_part-mag_bold.json  
    sub-01_task-cuedSGT_part-phase_bold.nii.gz  
    sub-01_task-cuedSGT_part-phase_bold.json  
    sub-01_task-cuedSGT_part-mag_sbref.nii.gz  
    sub-01_task-cuedSGT_part-mag_sbref.json  
    sub-01_task-cuedSGT_part-phase_sbref.nii.gz  
    sub-01_task-cuedSGT_part-phase_sbref.json
```

Some meta information about the acquisition MUST be provided in an additional JSON file.

Required fields

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
RepetitionTime	REQUIRED mutually exclusive with VolumeTiming	number	The time in seconds between the beginning of an acquisition of one volume and the beginning of acquisition of the volume following it (TR). When used in the context of functional acquisitions this parameter best corresponds to DICOM Tag 0020, 0110 : the "time delta between images in a dynamic of functional set of images" but may also be found in DICOM Tag 0018, 0080 : "the period of time in msec between the beginning of a pulse sequence and the beginning of the succeeding (essentially identical) pulse sequence". This definition includes time between scans (when no data has been acquired) in case of sparse acquisition schemes. This value MUST be consistent with the 'pixdim[4]' field (after accounting for units stored in 'xyzt_units' field) in the NIfTI header. This field is mutually exclusive with VolumeTiming. Must be a number greater than 0.
VolumeTiming	REQUIRED mutually exclusive with RepetitionTime	array of numbers	The time at which each volume was acquired during the acquisition. It is described using a list of times referring to the onset of each volume in the BOLD series. The list must have the same length as the BOLD series, and the values must be non-negative and monotonically increasing. This field is mutually exclusive with "RepetitionTime" and "DelayTime". If defined, this requires acquisition time (TA) be defined via either "SliceTiming" or "AcquisitionDuration" be defined.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
TaskName	REQUIRED	string	Name of the task. No two tasks should have the same name. The task label included in the filename is derived from this "TaskName" field by removing all non-alphanumeric characters (that is, all except those matching [0-9a-zA-Z]). For example "TaskName" "faces n-back" or "head nodding" will correspond to task labels facesnback and headnodding, respectively. A RECOMMENDED convention is to name resting state task using labels beginning with rest .

For the fields described above and in the following section, the term "Volume" refers to a reconstruction of the object being imaged (for example, brain or part of a brain). In case of multiple channels in a coil, the term "Volume" refers to a combined image rather than an image from each coil.

Other RECOMMENDED metadata

Timing Parameters

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
NumberOfVolumesDiscardedByScanner	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of volumes ("dummy scans") discarded by the scanner (as opposed to those discarded by the user post hoc) before saving the imaging file. For example, a sequence that automatically discards the first 4 volumes before saving would have this field as 4. A sequence that does not discard dummy scans would have this set to 0. Please note that the onsets recorded in the <code>events.tsv</code> file should always refer to the beginning of the acquisition of the first volume in the corresponding imaging file - independent of the value of "NumberOfVolumesDiscardedByScanner" field. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
NumberOfVolumesDiscardedByUser	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of volumes ("dummy scans") discarded by the user before including the file in the dataset. If possible, including all of the volumes is strongly RECOMMENDED. Please note that the onsets recorded in the <code>events.tsv</code> file should always refer to the beginning of the acquisition of the first volume in the corresponding imaging file - independent of the value of "NumberOfVolumesDiscardedByUser" field. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
DelayTime	RECOMMENDED	number	User specified time (in seconds) to delay the acquisition of data for the following volume. If the field is not present it is assumed to be set to zero. Corresponds to Siemens CSA header field <code>lDelayTimeInTR</code> . This field is REQUIRED for sparse sequences using the "RepetitionTime" field that do not have the "SliceTiming" field set to allow for accurate calculation of "acquisition time". This field is mutually exclusive with "VolumeTiming".
AcquisitionDuration	RECOMMENDED, but REQUIRED for sequences that are described with the <code>VolumeTiming</code> field and that do not have the <code>SliceTiming</code> field set to allow for accurate calculation of "acquisition time"	number	Duration (in seconds) of volume acquisition. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 9073 <code>Acquisition Duration</code> . This field is mutually exclusive with "RepetitionTime". Must be a number greater than 0.
DelayAfterTrigger	RECOMMENDED	number	Duration (in seconds) from trigger delivery to scan onset. This delay is commonly caused by adjustments and loading times. This specification is entirely independent of "NumberOfVolumesDiscardedByScanner" or "NumberOfVolumesDiscardedByUser", as the delay precedes the acquisition.

The following table recapitulates the different ways that specific fields have to be populated for functional sequences. Note that all these options can be used for non sparse sequences but that only options B, D and E are valid for sparse sequences.

	RepetitionTime	SliceTiming	AcquisitionDuration	DelayTime	VolumeTiming
option A	[X]		[]		[]
option B	[]	[X]		[]	[X]
option C	[]		[X]	[]	[X]
option D	[X]	[X]	[]		[]

	RepetitionTime	SliceTiming	AcquisitionDuration	DelayTime	VolumeTiming
option E	[X]		[]	[X]	[]

Legend

- [X] --> MUST be defined
- --> MUST NOT be defined
- empty cell --> MAY be specified

fMRI task information

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
Instructions	RECOMMENDED	string	Text of the instructions given to participants before the recording. This is especially important in context of resting state recordings and distinguishing between eyes open and eyes closed paradigms.
TaskDescription	RECOMMENDED	string	Longer description of the task.
CogAtlasID	RECOMMENDED	string	CogAtlasID of the corresponding Cognitive Atlas Task term.
CogPOID	RECOMMENDED	string	CogPOID of the corresponding CogPO term.

See Common metadata fields for a list of additional terms and their definitions.

Example:

```
sub-01/
  func/
    sub-01_task-nback_bold.json

{
  "TaskName": "N Back",
  "RepetitionTime": 0.8,
  "EchoTime": 0.03,
  "FlipAngle": 78,
  "SliceTiming": [0.0, 0.2, 0.4, 0.6, 0.0, 0.2, 0.4, 0.6, 0.0, 0.2, 0.4, 0.6, 0.0, 0.2, 0.4, 0.6],
  "MultibandAccelerationFactor": 4,
```

```

    "ParallelReductionFactorInPlane": 2,
    "PhaseEncodingDirection": "j",
    "InstitutionName": "Stanford University",
    "InstitutionAddress": "450 Serra Mall, Stanford, CA 94305-2004, USA",
    "DeviceSerialNumber": "11035",
    "B0FieldSource": ["phasediff_fmap0", "pepolar_fmap0"]
}

```

Diffusion imaging data

Several [example datasets](#) contain diffusion imaging data formatted using this specification and that can be used for practical guidance when curating a new dataset:

- [genetics_ukbb](#)
- [eeg_rest_fmri](#)
- [ds114](#)
- [ds000117](#)

Diffusion-weighted imaging data acquired for a participant. Currently supported image types include:

Name	suffix	Description
Diffusion-weighted image	dwi	Diffusion-weighted imaging contrast (specialized T2 weighting).
Single-band reference image	sbref	Single-band reference for one or more multi-band dwi images.

Template:

```

sub-<label>/
  [ses-<label>/]
    dwi/
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_rec-<label>][_dir-<label>][_run-<index>][_part-<mag|phase|real|imag>][_chunk-<index>]_dwi.bval
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_rec-<label>][_dir-<label>][_run-<index>][_part-<mag|phase|real|imag>][_chunk-<index>]_dwi.bvec
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_rec-<label>][_dir-<label>][_run-<index>][_part-<mag|phase|real|imag>][_chunk-<index>]_dwi.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_rec-<label>][_dir-<label>][_run-<index>][_part-<mag|phase|real|imag>][_chunk-<index>]_dwi.nii.gz
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_rec-<label>][_dir-<label>][_run-<index>][_part-<mag|phase|real|imag>][_chunk-<index>]_sbref.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_rec-<label>][_dir-<label>][_run-<index>][_part-<mag|phase|real|imag>][_chunk-<index>]_sbref.nii.gz
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_rec-<label>][_dir-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_physio.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_rec-<label>][_dir-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_physio.tsv.gz
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_rec-<label>][_dir-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_stim.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_rec-<label>][_dir-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_stim.tsv.gz

```

Legend:

- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, `[_ses-<label>]`) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in `<>`, separated by `|`.
- `_<suffix>` means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- `.<extension>` means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- `[.gz]` means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

The `run-<index>` entity is RECOMMENDED to encode the splits of multipart DWI scans (see below for more information on multipart DWI schemes).

Combining multi- and single-band acquisitions. The single-band reference image MAY be stored with suffix `sbref` (for example, `dwi/sub-control01_sbref.nii.gz`) as long as the image has no corresponding [gradient information](#) (`[_]dwi.bval` and `[_]dwi.bvec` [sidecar files](#)) to be stored.

Otherwise, if some gradient information is associated to the single-band diffusion image and a multi-band diffusion image also exists, the `acq-<label>` entity MUST be used to distinguish both images. In such a case, two files could have the following names: `sub-01_acq-singleband_dwi.nii.gz` and `sub-01_acq-multiband_dwi.nii.gz`. The user is free to choose any other label than `singleband` and `multiband`, as long as they are consistent across subjects and sessions.

REQUIRED gradient orientation information

The REQUIRED gradient orientation information corresponding to a DWI acquisition MUST be stored using `[_]dwi.bval` and `[_]dwi.bvec` pairs of files. The `[_]dwi.bval` and `[_]dwi.bvec` files MAY be saved on any level of the directory structure and thus define those values for all sessions and/or subjects in one place (see the inheritance principle).

As an exception to the common principles that parameters are constant across runs, the gradient table information (stored within the `[_]dwi.bval` and `[_]dwi.bvec` files) MAY change across DWI runs.

Gradient orientation file formats. The `[_]dwi.bval` and `[_]dwi.bvec` files MUST follow the [FSL format](#): The `[_]dwi.bvec` file contains 3 rows with N space-delimited floating-point numbers (corresponding to the N volumes in the corresponding NIfTI file.) The first row contains the x elements, the second row contains the y elements and the third row contains the z elements of a unit vector in the direction of the applied diffusion gradient, where the i-th elements in each row correspond together to the i-th volume, with `[0,0,0]` for non-diffusion-weighted (also called `b=0` or low-`b`) volumes. Following the FSL format for the `[_]dwi.bvec` specification, the coordinate system of the b vectors MUST be defined with respect to the coordinate system defined by the header of the corresponding `_dwi` NIfTI file and not the scanner's device coordinate system (see Coordinate systems). The most relevant limitation imposed by this choice is that the gradient information cannot be directly stored in this format if the scanner generates b-vectors in scanner coordinates.

Example of `[_]dwi.bvec` file, with N=6, with two `b=0` volumes in the beginning:

```
0 0 0.021828 -0.015425 -0.70918 -0.2465
0 0 0.80242 0.22098 -0.00063106 0.1043
0 0 -0.59636 0.97516 -0.70503 -0.96351
```

The `[_]dwi.bval` file contains the b-values (in `s/mm2`) corresponding to the volumes in the relevant NIfTI file, with 0 designating `b=0` volumes, space-delimited.

Example of `[_]dwi.bval` file, corresponding to the previous `[_]dwi.bvec` example:

```
0 0 2000 2000 1000 1000
```

Multipart (split) DWI schemes

Some MR schemes cannot be acquired directly by some scanner devices, requiring to generate several DWI runs that were originally meant to belong in a single one. For instance, some GE scanners cannot collect more than ≈ 160 volumes in a single run under fast-changing gradients, so acquiring HCP-style diffusion images will require splitting the DWI scheme in several runs. Because researchers will generally optimize the data splits, these will likely not be able to be directly concatenated. BIDS permits defining arbitrary groupings of these multipart scans with the following metadata:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
MultipartID	OPTIONAL	string	A unique (per participant) label tagging DWI runs that are part of a multipart scan.

JSON example:

```
{
  "MultipartID": "dwi_1"
}
```

For instance, if there are two phase-encoding directions (AP, PA), and two runs each, and the intent of the researcher is that all of them are part of a unique multipart scan, then they will tag all four runs with the same MultipartID (shown at the right-hand side of the file listing):

```
sub-1/
  dwi                                # MultipartID/
    sub-1_dir-AP_run-1_dwi.nii.gz    # dwi_1
    sub-1_dir-AP_run-2_dwi.nii.gz    # dwi_1
    sub-1_dir-PA_run-1_dwi.nii.gz    # dwi_1
    sub-1_dir-PA_run-2_dwi.nii.gz    # dwi_1
```

If, conversely, the researcher wanted to store two multipart scans, one possibility is to combine matching phase-encoding directions:

```
sub-1/
  dwi                                # MultipartID/
    sub-1_dir-AP_run-1_dwi.nii.gz    # dwi_1
    sub-1_dir-AP_run-2_dwi.nii.gz    # dwi_1
    sub-1_dir-PA_run-1_dwi.nii.gz    # dwi_2
    sub-1_dir-PA_run-2_dwi.nii.gz    # dwi_2
```

Alternatively, the researcher's intent could be combining opposed phase-encoding runs instead:

```
sub-1/
  dwi                                # MultipartID/
    sub-1_dir-AP_run-1_dwi.nii.gz    # dwi_1
    sub-1_dir-AP_run-2_dwi.nii.gz    # dwi_2
```

```
sub-1_dir-PA_run-1_dwi.nii.gz # dwi_1
sub-1_dir-PA_run-2_dwi.nii.gz # dwi_2
```

The MultipartID metadata MAY be used with the acq-<label> entity, for example:

```
sub-1/
dwi                                     # MultipartID/
sub-1_acq-shell1_run-1_dwi.nii.gz      # dwi_1
sub-1_acq-shell1_run-2_dwi.nii.gz      # dwi_2
sub-1_acq-shell2_run-1_dwi.nii.gz      # dwi_1
sub-1_acq-shell2_run-2_dwi.nii.gz      # dwi_2
```

Other RECOMMENDED metadata

The `PhaseEncodingDirection` and `TotalReadoutTime` metadata fields are RECOMMENDED to enable the correction of geometrical distortions with fieldmap information. See Common metadata fields for a list of additional terms that can be included in the corresponding JSON file.

JSON example:

```
{
  "PhaseEncodingDirection": "j-",
  "TotalReadoutTime": 0.095,
  "B0FieldSource": ["phasediff_fmap0", "pepolar_fmap0"]
}
```

Arterial Spin Labeling perfusion data

Several [example ASL datasets](#) have been formatted using this specification and can be used for practical guidance when curating a new dataset.

Template:

```
sub-<label>/
[ses-<label>/]
perf/
  sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_rec-<label>][_dir-<label>][_run-<index>]_asl.json
  sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_rec-<label>][_dir-<label>][_run-<index>]_asl.nii.gz]
  sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_rec-<label>][_dir-<label>][_run-<index>]_m0scan.json
  sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_rec-<label>][_dir-<label>][_run-<index>]_m0scan.nii.gz]
  sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_rec-<label>][_dir-<label>][_run-<index>]_aslcontext.tsv
  sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_rec-<label>][_run-<index>]_asllabeling.jpg
  sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_rec-<label>][_run-<index>]_asllabeling.png
  sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_rec-<label>][_run-<index>]_asllabeling.tif
  sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_rec-<label>][_dir-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_physio.json
```

```

sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_rec-<label>][_dir-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_physio.tsv.gz
sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_rec-<label>][_dir-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_stim.json
sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_rec-<label>][_dir-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_stim.tsv.gz

```

Legend:

- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, [_ses-<label>]) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in <>, separated by |.
- _<suffix> means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- .<extension> means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- [.gz] means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

The complete ASL time series should be stored as a 4D NIfTI file in the original acquisition order, accompanied by two ancillary files: *_asl.json and *_aslcontext.tsv.

***_aslcontext.tsv**

The *_aslcontext.tsv table consists of a single column of labels identifying the volume_type of each volume in the corresponding *_asl.nii.gz file. Volume types are defined in the following table, based on DICOM Tag 0018, 9257 ASL Context. Note that the volume_types control and label within BIDS only serve to specify the magnetization state of the blood and thus the ASL subtraction order. See the ASL Appendix for more information on control and label.

volume_type	Definition
control	The control image is acquired in the exact same way as the label image, except that the magnetization of the blood flowing into the imaging region has not been inverted.
label	The label image is acquired in the exact same way as the control image, except that the blood magnetization flowing into the imaging region has been inverted.
m0scan	The M0 image is a calibration image, used to estimate the equilibrium magnetization of blood.
deltam	The deltaM image is a perfusion-weighted image, obtained by the subtraction of control - label.
cbf	The cerebral blood flow (CBF) image is produced by dividing the deltaM by the M0, quantified into mL/100g/min (See also doi:10.1002/mrm.25197).

If the control and label images are not available, their derivative deltam should be stored within the *_asl.nii.gz and specified in the *_aslcontext.tsv instead. If the deltam is not available, cbf should be stored within the *_asl.nii.gz and specified in the *_aslcontext.tsv. When cbf is stored within the *_asl.nii.gz, its units need to be specified in the *_asl.json as well. Note that the raw images, including the m0scan, may also be used for quality control. See the ASL Appendix for examples of the three possible cases, in order of decreasing preference.

Scaling

The `*_asl.nii.gz` and `*_m0scan.nii.gz` should contain appropriately scaled data, and no additional scaling factors are allowed other than the scale slope in the respective NIfTI headers.

_asllabeling.

An anonymized screenshot of the planning of the labeling slab/plane with respect to the imaging slab or slices. This screenshot is based on DICOM macro C.8.13.5.14. See `LabelingLocationDescription` for more details.

M0

The `m0scan` can either be stored inside the 4D ASL time-series NIfTI file or as a separate NIfTI file, depending on whether it was acquired within the ASL time-series or as a separate scan. These and other M0 options are specified in the `REQUIRED M0Type` field of the `*_asl.json` file. It can also be stored under `fmap/sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_ce-<label>]_dir-<label>[_run-<index>]_m0scan.nii.gz`, when the pepolar approach is used.

***_asl.json** file

Depending on the method used for ASL acquisition ((P)CASL or PASL) different metadata fields are applicable. Additionally, some common metadata fields are `REQUIRED` for the `*_asl.json`: `MagneticFieldStrength`, `MRAcquisitionType`, `EchoTime`, `SliceTiming` in case `MRAcquisitionType` is defined as `2D`, `RepetitionTimePreparation`, and `FlipAngle` in case `LookLocker` is `true`. See the ASL Appendix for more information on the most common ASL sequences.

Common metadata fields applicable to both (P)CASL and PASL

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
ArterialSpinLabelingType	REQUIRED	string	The arterial spin labeling type. Must be one of: "CASL", "PCASL", "PASL".

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
PostLabelingDelay	REQUIRED	number or array of numbers	This is the postlabeling delay (PLD) time, in seconds, after the end of the labeling (for "CASL" or "PCASL") or middle of the labeling pulse (for "PASL") until the middle of the excitation pulse applied to the imaging slab (for 3D acquisition) or first slice (for 2D acquisition). Can be a number (for a single-PLD time series) or an array of numbers (for multi-PLD and Look-Locker). In the latter case, the array of numbers contains the PLD of each volume, namely each <code>control</code> and <code>label</code> , in the acquisition order. Any image within the time-series without a PLD, for example an <code>m0scan</code> , is indicated by a zero. Based on DICOM Tags 0018, 9079 <code>Inversion Times</code> and 0018, 0082 <code>InversionTime</code> .
BackgroundSuppression	REQUIRED	boolean	Boolean indicating if background suppression is used. Must be one of: "true", "false".
M0Type	REQUIRED	string	Describes the presence of M0 information. "Separate" means that a separate <code>*_m0scan.nii.gz</code> is present. "Included" means that an <code>m0scan</code> volume is contained within the current <code>*_asl.nii.gz</code> . "Estimate" means that a single whole-brain M0 value is provided. "Absent" means that no specific M0 information is present. Must be one of: "Separate", "Included", "Estimate", "Absent".
TotalAcquiredPairs	REQUIRED	number	The total number of acquired <code>control-label</code> pairs. A single pair consists of a single <code>control</code> and a single <code>label</code> image. Must be a number greater than 0.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
VascularCrushing	RECOMMENDED	boolean	Boolean indicating if Vascular Crushing is used. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 9259 ASL Crusher Flag. Must be one of: "true", "false".
AcquisitionVoxelSize	RECOMMENDED	array of numbers	An array of numbers with a length of 3, in millimeters. This parameter denotes the original acquisition voxel size, excluding any inter-slice gaps and before any interpolation or resampling within reconstruction or image processing. Any point spread function effects, for example due to T2-blurring, that would decrease the effective resolution are not considered here.
LabelingOrientation	RECOMMENDED	array of numbers	Orientation of the labeling plane ((P)CASL) or slab (PASL). The direction cosines of a normal vector perpendicular to the ASL labeling slab or plane with respect to the patient. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 9255 ASL Slab Orientation.
LabelingDistance	RECOMMENDED	number	Distance from the center of the imaging slab to the center of the labeling plane ((P)CASL) or the leading edge of the labeling slab (PASL), in millimeters. If the labeling is performed inferior to the isocenter, this number should be negative. Based on DICOM macro C.8.13.5.14.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
LabelingLocationDescription	RECOMMENDED	string	Description of the location of the labeling plane ("CASL" or "PCASL") or the labeling slab ("PASL") that cannot be captured by fields LabelingOrientation or LabelingDistance . May include a link to an anonymized screenshot of the planning of the labeling slab/plane with respect to the imaging slab or slices *_asllabeling.* . Based on DICOM macro C.8.13.5.14.
LookLocker	OPTIONAL	boolean	Boolean indicating if a Look-Locker readout is used. Must be one of: "true", "false".
LabelingEfficiency	OPTIONAL	number	Labeling efficiency, specified as a number between zero and one, only if obtained externally (for example phase-contrast based). Must be a number greater than 0.
M0Estimate	OPTIONAL, but REQUIRED if M0Type is Estimate	number	A single numerical whole-brain M0 value (referring to the M0 of blood), only if obtained externally (for example retrieved from CSF in a separate measurement). Must be a number greater than 0.
BackgroundSuppressionNumberPulses	OPTIONAL, but RECOMMENDED if BackgroundSuppression is true	number	The number of background suppression pulses used. Note that this excludes any effect of background suppression pulses applied before the labeling. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
BackgroundSuppressionPulseTime	OPTIONAL, but RECOMMENDED if BackgroundSuppression is true	array of numbers	Array of numbers containing timing, in seconds, of the background suppression pulses with respect to the start of the labeling. In case of multi-PLD with different background suppression pulse times, only the pulse time of the first PLD should be defined.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
VascularCrushingVENC	OPTIONAL, but RECOMMENDED if VascularCrushing is true	number or array of numbers	The crusher gradient strength, in centimeters per second. Specify either one number for the total time-series, or provide an array of numbers, for example when using QUASAR, using the value zero to identify volumes for which VascularCrushing was turned off. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 925A ASL Crusher Flow Limit.

(P)CASL-specific metadata fields

These fields can only be used when ArterialSpinLabelingType is "CASL" or "PCASL". See the ASL Appendix for more information on the (P)CASL sequence and the Labeling Pulse fields.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
PCASLType	RECOMMENDED if ArterialSpinLabelingType is "PCASL"	string	The type of gradient pulses used in the control condition. Must be one of: "balanced", "unbalanced".
CASLType	RECOMMENDED if ArterialSpinLabelingType is "CASL"	string	Describes if a separate coil is used for labeling. Must be one of: "single-coil", "double-coil".

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
LabelingDuration	REQUIRED	number or array of numbers	Total duration of the labeling pulse train, in seconds, corresponding to the temporal width of the labeling bolus for "PCASL" or "CASL". In case all control-label volumes (or deltam or CBF) have the same LabelingDuration, a scalar must be specified. In case the control-label volumes (or deltam or cbf) have a different "LabelingDuration", an array of numbers must be specified, for which any m0scan in the timeseries has a "LabelingDuration" of zero. In case an array of numbers is provided, its length should be equal to the number of volumes specified in *_aslcontext.tsv. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 9258 ASL Pulse Train Duration.
LabelingPulseAverageGradient	RECOMMENDED	number	The average labeling gradient, in milliteslas per meter. Must be a number greater than 0.
LabelingPulseMaximumGradient	RECOMMENDED	number	The maximum amplitude of the gradient switched on during the application of the labeling RF pulse(s), in milliteslas per meter. Must be a number greater than 0.
LabelingPulseAverageB1	RECOMMENDED	number	The average B1-field strength of the RF labeling pulses, in microteslas. As an alternative, "LabelingPulseFlipAngle" can be provided. Must be a number greater than 0.
LabelingPulseDuration	RECOMMENDED	number	Duration of the individual labeling pulses, in milliseconds. Must be a number greater than 0.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
LabelingPulseFlipAngle	RECOMMENDED	number	The flip angle of a single labeling pulse, in degrees, which can be given as an alternative to "LabelingPulseAverageB1". Must be a number greater than 0 and less than or equal to 360.
LabelingPulseInterval	RECOMMENDED	number	Delay between the peaks of the individual labeling pulses, in milliseconds. Must be a number greater than 0.

PASL-specific metadata fields

These fields can only be used when **ArterialSpinLabelingType** is PASL. See the ASL Appendix for more information on the PASL sequence and the BolusCutOff fields.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
BolusCutOffFlag	REQUIRED	boolean	Boolean indicating if a bolus cut-off technique is used. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 925C ASL Bolus Cut-off Flag. Must be one of: "true", "false".
PASLType	RECOMMENDED	string	Type of the labeling pulse of the PASL labeling, for example "FAIR", "EPISTAR", or "PICORE".
LabelingSlabThickness	RECOMMENDED	number	Thickness of the labeling slab in millimeters. For non-selective FAIR a zero is entered. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 9254 ASL Slab Thickness. Must be a number greater than 0.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
BolusCutOffDelayTime	OPTIONAL, but REQUIRED if BolusCutOffFlag is true	number or array of numbers	Duration between the end of the labeling and the start of the bolus cut-off saturation pulse(s), in seconds. This can be a number or array of numbers, of which the values must be non-negative and monotonically increasing, depending on the number of bolus cut-off saturation pulses. For Q2TIPS, only the values for the first and last bolus cut-off saturation pulses are provided. Based on DICOM Tag 0018, 925F ASL Bolus Cut-off Delay Time.
BolusCutOffTechnique	OPTIONAL, but REQUIRED if BolusCutOffFlag is true	string	Name of the technique used, for example "Q2TIPS", "QUIPSS", "QUIPSSII". Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 925E ASL Bolus Cut-off Technique.

m0scan metadata fields

Some common metadata fields are REQUIRED for the *_m0scan.json: EchoTime, RepetitionTimePreparation, and FlipAngle in case LookLocker is true.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
IntendedFor	REQUIRED	string or array	The paths to files for which the associated file is intended to be used. Contains one or more IntendedFor. Using forward-slash separated paths relative to the participant subdirectory is IntendedFor. This is used to refer to the ASL time series for which the *_m0scan.nii[.gz] is intended.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
AcquisitionVoxelSize	RECOMMENDED	array of numbers	An array of numbers with a length of 3, in millimeters. This parameter denotes the original acquisition voxel size, excluding any inter-slice gaps and before any interpolation or resampling within reconstruction or image processing. Any point spread function effects, for example due to T2-blurring, that would decrease the effective resolution are not considered here.

The following table recapitulates the ASL field dependencies. If Source field (column 1) contains the Value specified in column 2, then the Requirements in column 4 are imposed on the Dependent fields in column 3. See the ASL Appendix for this information in the form of flowcharts.

Source field	Value	Dependent field	Requirements
MRAcquisitionType	2D / 3D	SliceTiming	[X] / []
LookLocker	true	FlipAngle	[X]
ArterialSpinLabelingType	PCASL	LabelingDuration	[X]
ArterialSpinLabelingType	PASL	BolusCutOffFlag	[X]
BolusCutOffFlag	true / false	BolusCutOffDelayTime	[X] / []
BolusCutOffFlag	true / false	BolusCutOffTechnique	[X] / []
M0Type	Separate	*/perf/	contains *_m0scan.nii.gz and *_m0scan.json
M0Type	Included	*_aslcontext.tsv	contains m0scan
M0Type	Estimate	M0Estimate	[X]
*_aslcontext.tsv	cbf	Units	[X]

Legend

- [X] --> MUST be defined
- --> MUST NOT be defined

Fieldmap data

Data acquired to correct for B0 inhomogeneities can come in different forms. The current version of this standard considers four different scenarios:

1. Phase-difference map

2. Two phase maps
3. Direct field mapping
4. "PEpolar" fieldmaps

These four different types of field mapping strategies can be encoded using the following image types:

Name	suffix	Description
EPI	epi	The phase-encoding polarity (PEpolar) technique combines two or more Spin Echo EPI scans with different phase encoding directions to estimate the underlying inhomogeneity/deformation map.
Fieldmap	fieldmap	Some MR schemes such as spiral-echo imaging (SEI) sequences are able to directly provide maps of the B0 field inhomogeneity.
Magnitude	magnitude	Field-mapping MR schemes such as gradient-recalled echo (GRE) generate a Magnitude image to be used for anatomical reference. Requires the existence of Phase, Phase-difference or Fieldmap maps.
Magnitude	magnitude1	Magnitude map generated by GRE or similar schemes, associated with the first echo in the sequence.
Magnitude	magnitude2	Magnitude map generated by GRE or similar schemes, associated with the second echo in the sequence.
Phase	phase1	Phase map generated by GRE or similar schemes, associated with the first echo in the sequence.
Phase	phase2	Phase map generated by GRE or similar schemes, associated with the second echo in the sequence.
Phase-difference	phasediff	Some scanners subtract the <code>phase1</code> from the <code>phase2</code> map and generate a unique <code>phasediff</code> file. For instance, this is a common output for the built-in fieldmap sequence of Siemens scanners.

Expressing the MR protocol intent for fieldmaps

Fieldmaps are typically acquired with the purpose of correcting one or more EPI scans under `dwi/`, `func/`, or `perf/` for distortions derived from B0 nonuniformity.

Using `B0FieldIdentifier` metadata

The general purpose `B0FieldIdentifier` MRI metadata is RECOMMENDED for the prescription of the B0 field estimation intent of the original acquisition protocol. `B0FieldIdentifier` and `B0FieldSource` duplicate the capabilities of the original `IntendedFor` approach (see below), while permitting more complex use cases. It is RECOMMENDED to use both approaches to maintain compatibility with tools that support older datasets.

Using **IntendedFor** metadata

Fieldmap data MAY be linked to the specific scan(s) it was acquired for by filling the **IntendedFor** field in the corresponding JSON file.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
IntendedFor	OPTIONAL	string or array	The paths to files for which the associated file is intended to be used. Contains one or more IntendedFor. Using forward-slash separated paths relative to the participant subdirectory is IntendedFor. This field is OPTIONAL, and in case the fieldmaps do not correspond to any particular scans, it does not have to be filled.

For example:

```
{
  "IntendedFor": [
    "bids::sub-01/ses-pre/func/sub-01_ses-pre_task-motor_run-1_bold.nii.gz",
    "bids::sub-01/ses-pre/func/sub-01_ses-pre_task-motor_run-2_bold.nii.gz"
  ]
}
```

Types of fieldmaps

Case 1: Phase-difference map and at least one magnitude image

[Example datasets](#) containing that type of fieldmap can be found here:

- [7t_trt](#)
- [genetics_ukbb](#)
- [ds000117](#)

Template:

```
sub-<label>/
  [ses-<label>/]
    fmap/
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_chunk-<index>]_magnitude1.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_chunk-<index>]_magnitude1.nii.gz]
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_chunk-<index>]_magnitude2.json
```

```
sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_chunk-<index>]_magnitude2.nii.gz]
sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_chunk-<index>]_phasediff.json
sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_chunk-<index>]_phasediff.nii.gz]
```

Legend:

- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, [_ses-<label>]) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in <>, separated by |.
- _<suffix> means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- .<extension> means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- [.gz] means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

where the REQUIRED _phasediff image corresponds to the phase-drift map between echo times, the REQUIRED _magnitude1 image corresponds to the shorter echo time, and the OPTIONAL _magnitude2 image to the longer echo time.

Required fields:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
EchoTime1	REQUIRED	number	The time (in seconds) when the first (shorter) echo occurs. Must be a number greater than 0.
EchoTime2	REQUIRED	number	The time (in seconds) when the second (longer) echo occurs. Must be a number greater than 0.

In this particular case, the sidecar JSON file sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_run-<index>]_phasediff.json MUST define the time of two echos used to map the phase and finally calculate the phase-difference map. For example:

```
{
  "EchoTime1": 0.00600,
  "EchoTime2": 0.00746,
  "B0FieldIdentifier": "phasediff_fmap0"
}
```

Case 2: Two phase maps and two magnitude images

Similar to case 1, but instead of a precomputed phase-difference map, two separate phase images and two magnitude images corresponding to first and second echos are available.

Template:

```
sub-<label>/
  [ses-<label>/]
```

```
fmap/
  sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_chunk-<index>]_magnitude1.json
  sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_chunk-<index>]_magnitude1.nii.gz]
  sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_chunk-<index>]_magnitude2.json
  sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_chunk-<index>]_magnitude2.nii.gz]
  sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_chunk-<index>]_phase1.json
  sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_chunk-<index>]_phase1.nii.gz]
  sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_chunk-<index>]_phase2.json
  sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_chunk-<index>]_phase2.nii.gz]
```

Legend:

- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, [_ses-<label>]) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in <>, separated by |.
- _<suffix> means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- .<extension> means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- [.gz] means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

Required fields:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
EchoTime	REQUIRED	number	The time (in seconds) when the echo corresponding to this map was acquired. Must be a number greater than 0.

Each phase map has a corresponding sidcar JSON file to specify its corresponding EchoTime. For example, sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_run-<index>]_phase2.json may read:

```
{
  "EchoTime": 0.00746,
  "B0FieldIdentifier": "phases_fmap0"
}
```

Case 3: Direct field mapping

In some cases (for example GE), the scanner software will directly reconstruct a B0 field map along with a magnitude image used for anatomical reference.

Template:

```
sub-<label>/
  [ses-<label>/]
    fmap/
```

```
sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_chunk-<index>]_fieldmap.json
sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_chunk-<index>]_fieldmap.nii.gz]
sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_chunk-<index>]_magnitude.json
sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_chunk-<index>]_magnitude.nii.gz]
```

Legend:

- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, [_ses-<label>]) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in <>, separated by |.
- _<suffix> means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- .<extension> means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- [.gz] means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

Required fields:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
Units	REQUIRED	string	Measurement units for the associated file. SI units in CMIXF formatting are RECOMMENDED (see Units). Fieldmaps must be in units of Hertz ("Hz"), radians per second ("rad/s"), or Tesla ("T").

For example:

```
{
  "Units": "rad/s",
  "IntendedFor": "bids::sub-01/func/sub-01_task-motor_bold.nii.gz",
  "B0FieldIdentifier": "b0map_fmap0"
}
```

See Using IntendedFor metadata for details on the IntendedFor field.

Case 4: Multiple phase encoded directions ("pepolar")

An [example dataset](#) containing that type of fieldmap can be found here:

- [ieeg_visual_multimodal](#)

The phase-encoding polarity (PEpolar) technique combines two or more Spin Echo EPI scans with different phase encoding directions to estimate the distortion map corresponding to the nonuniformities of the B0 field. These *_epi.nii.gz - or *_m0scan.nii.gz for arterial spin labeling perfusion data - files can be 3D or 4D -- in the latter case, all timepoints share the same scanning parameters. Examples of software tools using these kinds of images are FSL TOPUP and AFNI 3dqwarp.

Template:

```

sub-<label>/
  [ses-<label>/]
    fmap/
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_ce-<label>]_dir-<label>[_run-<index>][_chunk-<index>]_epi.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_ce-<label>]_dir-<label>[_run-<index>][_chunk-<index>]_epi.nii[.gz]

```

Legend:

- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, [_ses-<label>]) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in <>, separated by |.
- _<suffix> means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- .<extension> means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- [.gz] means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

The dir-<label> entity is REQUIRED for these files. This entity MUST be used in addition to the REQUIRED PhaseEncodingDirection metadata field (see Filename structure).

Required fields:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
PhaseEncodingDirection	REQUIRED	string	The letters i, j, k correspond to the first, second and third axis of the data in the NIFTI file. The polarity of the phase encoding is assumed to go from zero index to maximum index unless - sign is present (then the order is reversed - starting from the highest index instead of zero). PhaseEncodingDirection is defined as the direction along which phase is modulated which may result in visible distortions. Note that this is not the same as the DICOM term InPlanePhaseEncodingDirection which can have ROW or COL values. Must be one of: "i", "i-", "j", "j-", "k", "k-".

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
TotalReadoutTime	REQUIRED	number	This is actually the "effective" total readout time, defined as the readout duration, specified in seconds, that would have generated data with the given level of distortion. It is NOT the actual, physical duration of the readout train. If "EffectiveEchoSpacing" has been properly computed, it is just $\text{EffectiveEchoSpacing} * (\text{ReconMatrixPE} - 1)$.

For example:

```
{
  "PhaseEncodingDirection": "j-",
  "TotalReadoutTime": 0.095,
  "IntendedFor": "bids::sub-01/func/sub-01_task-motor_bold.nii.gz",
  "B0FieldIdentifier": "pepolar_fmap0"
}
```

See Using IntendedFor metadata for details on the IntendedFor field.

As for other EPI sequences, these field mapping sequences may have any of the in-plane spatial encoding metadata keys. However, please note that PhaseEncodingDirection and TotalReadoutTime keys are REQUIRED for these field mapping sequences.

Magnetoencephalography

Support for Magnetoencephalography (MEG) was developed as a BIDS Extension Proposal. Please see Citing BIDS on how to appropriately credit this extension when referring to it in the context of the academic literature.

The following example MEG datasets have been formatted using this specification and can be used for practical guidance when curating a new dataset.

- [multimodal MEG and MRI](#)

Further datasets are available from the [BIDS examples repository](#).

MEG recording data

Template:

```
sub-<label>/
  [ses-<label>/]
    meg/
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_proc-<label>][_split-<index>]_meg.<extension>
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_proc-<label>][_split-<index>]_meg.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_acq-<calibration>_meg.dat
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_acq-<crosstalk>_meg.fif
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_space-<label>]_markers.mrk
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_space-<label>]_markers.sqd
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>]_events.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>]_events.tsv
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_proc-<label>][_recording-<label>]_physio.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_proc-<label>][_recording-<label>]_physio.tsv.gz
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_proc-<label>][_recording-<label>]_stim.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_proc-<label>][_recording-<label>]_stim.tsv.gz
```

Legend:

- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, [`_ses-<label>`]) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in `<>`, separated by `|`.
- `_<suffix>` means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- `.<extension>` means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- [`.gz`] means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

Unprocessed MEG data MUST be stored in the native file format of the MEG instrument with which the data was collected. With the MEG specification of BIDS, we wish to promote the adoption of good practices in the management of scientific data. Hence, the emphasis is not to impose a new, generic data format for the modality, but rather to standardize the way data is stored in repositories. Further, there is currently no widely accepted standard file format for MEG, but major software applications, including free and open-source solutions for MEG data analysis, provide readers of such raw files.

Some software readers may skip important metadata that is specific to MEG system manufacturers. It is therefore RECOMMENDED that users provide additional meta information extracted from the manufacturer raw data files in a sidecar JSON file. This allows for easy searching and indexing of key metadata elements without the need to parse files in proprietary data format. Other relevant files MAY be included alongside the MEG data; examples are provided below.

This template is for MEG data of any kind, including but not limited to task-based, resting-state, and noise recordings. If multiple Tasks were performed within a single Run, the task description can be set to `task-multitask`. The `*_meg.json` file SHOULD contain details on the Tasks.

Some manufacturers' data storage conventions use directories which contain data files of various nature: for example, CTF's `.ds` format, or BTi/4D's data directory. Yet other manufacturers split their files once they exceed a certain size limit. For example Neuromag/Elekta/Megin, which can produce several files for a single recording. Both `some_file.fif` and `some_file-1.fif` would belong to a single recording. In BIDS, the `split` entity is RECOMMENDED to deal with split files. If there are multiple parts of a recording and the optional `scans.tsv` is provided, remember to list all files separately in `scans.tsv` and that the entries for the `acq_time` column in `scans.tsv` MUST all be identical, as described in Scans file.

The Neuromag/Elekta/Megin system may also produce datasets that require a set of `crosstalk` and `calibration` files to be used properly (see also filename templates above). Please refer to Cross-talk and fine-calibration files for more information on this detail.

Another manufacturer-specific detail pertains to the KIT/Yokogawa/Ricoh system, which saves the MEG sensor coil positions in a separate file with two possible filename extensions (`.sqd`, `.mrk`). For these files, the `markers` suffix MUST be used. For example: `sub-01_task-nback_markers.sqd`

Please refer to the MEG File Formats Appendix for general information on how to deal with such manufacturer specifics and to see more examples.

The `proc-<label>` entity is analogous to the `rec-<label>` entity for MRI, and denotes a variant of a file that was a result of particular processing performed on the device. This is useful for files produced in particular by Neuromag/Elekta/MEGIN's MaxFilter (for example, `sss`, `tsss`, `trans`, `quat`, `mc`), which some installations impose to be run on raw data prior to analysis. Such processing steps are needed for example because of active shielding software corrections that have to be performed to before the MEG data can actually be exploited.

Recording (i)EEG simultaneously with MEG

Note that if (i)EEG is recorded with a separate amplifier, it SHOULD be stored separately under a new `/eeg` data type (see the EEG and iEEG specifications).

If however (i)EEG is recorded simultaneously with the same MEG system, it MAY be stored under the `/meg` data type. In that case, it SHOULD have the same sampling frequency as MEG (see `SamplingFrequency` field below). Furthermore, (i)EEG sensor coordinates MAY be recorded in an `electrodes.tsv` file using MEG-specific coordinate systems (see Coordinate System JSON below and the Coordinate Systems Appendix).

Sidecar JSON (*_meg.json)

For consistency between studies and institutions, we encourage users to extract the values of metadata fields from the actual raw data. Whenever possible, please avoid using ad hoc wording.

Those fields MUST be present:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
SamplingFrequency	REQUIRED	number	Sampling frequency (in Hz) of all the data in the recording, regardless of their type (for example, 2400). The sampling frequency of data channels that deviate from the main sampling frequency SHOULD be specified in the <code>channels.tsv</code> file.
PowerLineFrequency	REQUIRED	number or "n/a"	Frequency (in Hz) of the power grid at the geographical location of the instrument (for example, 50 or 60).
DewarPosition	REQUIRED	string	Position of the dewar during the MEG scan: "upright", "supine" or "degrees" of angle from vertical: for example on CTF systems, "upright=15°, supine=90°".
SoftwareFilters	REQUIRED	object of objects or "n/a"	Object of temporal software filters applied, or "n/a" if the data is not available. Each key-value pair in the JSON object is a name of the filter and an object in which its parameters are defined as key-value pairs (for example, {"Anti-aliasing filter": {"half-amplitude cutoff (Hz)": 500, "Roll-off": "6dB/Octave"}}).
DigitizedLandmarks	REQUIRED	boolean	true or false value indicating whether anatomical landmark points (fiducials) are contained within this recording. Must be one of: "true", "false".

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
DigitizedHeadPoints	REQUIRED	boolean	<code>true</code> or <code>false</code> value indicating whether head points outlining the scalp/face surface are contained within this recording. Must be one of: " <code>true</code> ", " <code>false</code> ".

Those fields SHOULD be present:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
MEGChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of MEG channels (for example, 275). Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
MEGREFChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of MEG reference channels (for example, 23). For systems without such channels (for example, Neuromag Vectorview), <code>MEGREFChannelCount</code> should be set to 0. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
EEGChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of EEG channels recorded simultaneously (for example, 21). Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
ECOGChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of ECoG channels. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
SEEGChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of SEEG channels. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
EOGChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of EOG channels. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
ECGChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of ECG channels. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
EMGChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of EMG channels. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
MiscChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of miscellaneous analog channels for auxiliary signals. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
TriggerChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of channels for digital (binary TTL) triggers or analog equivalents (TTL in volt). Corresponds to the TRIG channel type. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
RecordingDuration	RECOMMENDED	number	Length of the recording in seconds (for example, 3600).
RecordingType	RECOMMENDED	string	Defines whether the recording is "continuous", "discontinuous", or "epoched", where "epoched" is limited to time windows about events of interest (for example, stimulus presentations or subject responses). Must be one of: "continuous", "epoched", "discontinuous".
EpochLength	RECOMMENDED	number	Duration of individual epochs in seconds (for example, 1) in case of epoched data. If recording was continuous or discontinuous, leave out the field. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
ContinuousHeadLocalization	RECOMMENDED	boolean	true or false value indicating whether continuous head localisation was performed. Must be one of: "true", "false".
HeadCoilFrequency	RECOMMENDED	number or array of numbers	List of frequencies (in Hz) used by the head localisation coils ('HLC' in CTF systems, 'HPI' in Neuromag/Elekta/MEGIN, 'COH' in BTi/4D) that track the subject's head position in the MEG helmet (for example, [293, 307, 314, 321]).
MaxMovement	RECOMMENDED	number	Maximum head movement (in mm) detected during the recording, as measured by the head localisation coils (for example, 4.8).

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
SubjectArtefactDescription	RECOMMENDED	string	Freeform description of the observed subject artifact and its possible cause (for example, "Vagus Nerve Stimulator", "non-removable implant"). If this field is set to "n/a", it will be interpreted as absence of major source of artifacts except cardiac and blinks.
AssociatedEmptyRoom	RECOMMENDED	array or string	One or more AssociatedEmptyRoom pointing to empty-room file(s) associated with the subject's MEG recording. Using forward-slash separated paths relative to the dataset root is AssociatedEmptyRoom.
HardwareFilters	RECOMMENDED	object of objects or "n/a"	Object of temporal hardware filters applied, or "n/a" if the data is not available. Each key-value pair in the JSON object is a name of the filter and an object in which its parameters are defined as key-value pairs. For example, {"Highpass RC filter": {"Half amplitude cutoff (Hz)": 0.0159, "Roll-off": "6dB/Octave"}}.

These fields MAY be present:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
ElectricalStimulation	OPTIONAL	boolean	Boolean field to specify if electrical stimulation was done during the recording (options are <code>true</code> or <code>false</code>). Parameters for event-like stimulation should be specified in the <code>events.tsv</code> file. Must be one of: <code>"true"</code> , <code>"false"</code> .

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
ElectricalStimulationParameters	OPTIONAL	string	Free form description of stimulation parameters, such as frequency or shape. Specific onsets can be specified in the <code>events.tsv</code> file. Specific shapes can be described here in freeform text.

Hardware information

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
Manufacturer	RECOMMENDED	string	Manufacturer of the equipment that produced the measurements. For MEG scanners, this must be one of: "CTF", "Elekta/Neuromag", "BTi/4D", "KIT/Yokogawa", "ITAB", "KRISS", "Other". See the Manufacturer for preferred names.
ManufacturersModelName	RECOMMENDED	string	Manufacturer's model name of the equipment that produced the measurements. See the ManufacturersModelName for preferred names.
SoftwareVersions	RECOMMENDED	string	Manufacturer's designation of software version of the equipment that produced the measurements.
DeviceSerialNumber	RECOMMENDED	string	The serial number of the equipment that produced the measurements. A pseudonym can also be used to prevent the equipment from being identifiable, so long as each pseudonym is unique within the dataset.

Task information

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
TaskName	REQUIRED	string	Name of the task. No two tasks should have the same name. The task label included in the filename is derived from this "TaskName" field by removing all non-alphanumeric characters (that is, all except those matching [0-9a-zA-Z]). For example "TaskName" "faces n-back" or "head nodding" will correspond to task labels facesnback and headnodding, respectively. A RECOMMENDED convention is to name resting state task using labels beginning with rest .
TaskDescription	RECOMMENDED	string	Longer description of the task.
Instructions	RECOMMENDED	string	Text of the instructions given to participants before the recording. This is especially important in context of resting state recordings and distinguishing between eyes open and eyes closed paradigms.
CogAtlasID	RECOMMENDED	string	CogAtlasID of the corresponding Cognitive Atlas Task term.
CogPOID	RECOMMENDED	string	CogPOID of the corresponding CogPO term.

Institution information

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
InstitutionName	RECOMMENDED	string	The name of the institution in charge of the equipment that produced the measurements.
InstitutionAddress	RECOMMENDED	string	The address of the institution in charge of the equipment that produced the measurements.
InstitutionalDepartmentName	RECOMMENDED	string	The department in the institution in charge of the equipment that produced the measurements.

Specific EEG fields

If recorded with MEG, see Recording EEG simultaneously with MEG SHOULD be present:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
EEGPlacementScheme	OPTIONAL	string	Placement scheme of EEG electrodes. Either the name of a standardized placement system (for example, "10-20") or a list of standardized electrode names (for example, ["Cz", "Pz"]).
CapManufacturer	OPTIONAL	string	Name of the cap manufacturer (for example, "EasyCap").
CapManufacturersModelName	OPTIONAL	string	Manufacturer's designation of the cap model (for example, "actiCAP 64 Ch Standard-2").
EEGReference	OPTIONAL	string	General description of the reference scheme used and (when applicable) of location of the reference electrode in the raw recordings (for example, "left mastoid", "Cz", "CMS"). If different channels have a different reference, this field should have a general description and the channel specific reference should be defined in the <code>channels.tsv</code> file.

Example *_meg.json

```
{
  "InstitutionName": "Stanford University",
  "InstitutionAddress": "450 Serra Mall, Stanford, CA 94305-2004, USA",
  "Manufacturer": "CTF",
  "ManufacturersModelName": "CTF-275",
  "DeviceSerialNumber": "11035",
  "SoftwareVersions": "Acq 5.4.2-linux-20070507",
  "PowerLineFrequency": 60,
  "SamplingFrequency": 2400,
  "MEGChannelCount": 270,
  "MEGREFChannelCount": 26,
```

```
"EEGChannelCount": 0,
"EOGChannelCount": 2,
"ECGChannelCount": 1,
"EMGChannelCount": 0,
  "DewarPosition": "upright",
"SoftwareFilters": {
  "SpatialCompensation": {"GradientOrder": "3rd"}
},
"RecordingDuration": 600,
"RecordingType": "continuous",
"EpochLength": 0,
"TaskName": "rest",
"ContinuousHeadLocalization": true,
"HeadCoilFrequency": [1470,1530,1590],
"DigitizedLandmarks": true,
"DigitizedHeadPoints": true
}
```

Note that the date and time information SHOULD be stored in the Study key file (`scans.tsv`), see Scans file. Date time information MUST be expressed as indicated in Units

Channels description (`*_channels.tsv`)

Template:

```
sub-<label>/
  [ses-<label>/]
    meg/
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_proc-<label>]_channels.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_proc-<label>]_channels.tsv
```

Legend:

- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, `[_ses-<label>]`) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in `<>`, separated by `|`.
- `_<suffix>` means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- `.<extension>` means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- `[".gz"]` means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

This file is RECOMMENDED as it provides easily searchable information across BIDS datasets. For example for general curation, response to queries, or for batch analysis. To avoid confusion, the channels SHOULD be listed in the order they appear in the MEG data file. Any number of additional columns MAY be added to provide additional information about the channels. Missing values MUST be indicated with `"n/a"`.

The columns of the channels description table stored in `*_channels.tsv` are:

Column name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
name	REQUIRED	string	Label of the channel. Values in name MUST be unique. This column must appear first in the file.
type	REQUIRED	string	Type of channel; MUST use the channel types listed below. Note that the type MUST be in upper-case. This column must appear second in the file. For a list of valid values for this column, see the type.
units	REQUIRED	string	Physical unit of the value represented in this channel, for example, V for Volt, or fT/cm for femto Tesla per centimeter (see units). This column must appear third in the file.
description	OPTIONAL	string	Brief free-text description of the channel, or other information of interest. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
sampling_frequency	OPTIONAL	number	Sampling rate of the channel in Hz. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
low_cutoff	OPTIONAL	number or "n/a"	Frequencies used for the high-pass filter applied to the channel in Hz. If no high-pass filter applied, use n/a. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
high_cutoff	OPTIONAL	number or "n/a"	Frequencies used for the low-pass filter applied to the channel in Hz. If no low-pass filter applied, use n/a. Note that hardware anti-aliasing in A/D conversion of all MEG/EEG electronics applies a low-pass filter; specify its frequency here if applicable. This column may appear anywhere in the file.

Column name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
notch	OPTIONAL	string	Frequencies used for the notch filter applied to the channel, in Hz. If notch filters are applied at multiple frequencies, these frequencies MAY be specified as a list, for example, [60, 120, 180]. If no notch filter was applied, use n/a. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
software_filters	OPTIONAL	string or "n/a"	List of temporal and/or spatial software filters applied (for example, SSS, SpatialCompensation). Note that parameters should be defined in the general MEG sidecar .json file. Indicate n/a in the absence of software filters applied. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
status	OPTIONAL	string	Data quality observed on the channel. A channel is considered bad if its data quality is compromised by excessive noise. If quality is unknown, then a value of n/a may be used. Description of noise type SHOULD be provided in [status_description]. This column may appear anywhere in the file. Must be one of: "good", "bad", "n/a".
status_description	OPTIONAL	string	Freeform text description of noise or artifact affecting data quality on the channel. It is meant to explain why the channel was declared bad in the status column. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
Additional Columns	OPTIONAL	n/a	Additional columns are allowed if they are defined in the associated metadata file.

Restricted keyword list for field **type**. Note that upper-case is REQUIRED:

Keyword	Description
MEGMAG	MEG magnetometer
MEGGRADAXIAL	MEG axial gradiometer
MEGGRADPLANAR	MEG planar gradiometer
MEGREFMAG	MEG reference magnetometer
MEGREFGRADAXIAL	MEG reference axial gradiometer
MEGREFGRADPLANAR	MEG reference planar gradiometer
MEGOTHER	Any other type of MEG sensor
EEG	Electrode channel
ECOG	Electrode channel
SEEG	Electrode channel
DBS	Electrode channel
VEOG	Vertical EOG (electrooculogram)
HEOG	Horizontal EOG
EOG	Generic EOG channel
ECG	ElectroCardioGram (heart)
EMG	ElectroMyoGram (muscle)
TRIG	Analog (TTL in Volt) or digital (binary TTL) trigger channel
AUDIO	Audio signal
PD	Photodiode
EYEGAZE	Eye Tracker gaze
PUPIL	Eye Tracker pupil diameter
MISC	Miscellaneous
SYSCLOCK	System time showing elapsed time since trial started
ADC	Analog to Digital input
DAC	Digital to Analog output
HLU	Measured position of head and head coils
FITERR	Fit error signal from each head localization coil
OTHER	Any other type of channel

Examples of free text for field description:

- stimulus
- response
- vertical EOG
- horizontal EOG
- skin conductance
- sats
- intracranial
- eyetracker

Example *_channels.tsv

```
name type units description
VEOG VEOG V vertical EOG
FDI EMG V left first dorsal interosseous
UDIO001 TRIG V analog trigger signal
UADC001 AUDIO V envelope of audio signal presented to participant
```

Coordinate System JSON (*_coordsystem.json)

Template:

```
sub-<label>/
  [ses-<label>/]
    meg/
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>]_coordsystem.json
```

Legend:

- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, [_ses-<label>]) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in <>, separated by |.
- _<suffix> means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- .<extension> means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- [.gz] means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

OPTIONAL. A JSON document specifying the coordinate system(s) used for the MEG, EEG, head localization coils, and anatomical landmarks.

MEG and EEG sensors:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
MEGCoordinateSystem	REQUIRED	string	Defines the coordinate system for the MEG sensors. See the MEGCoordinateSystem for a list of restricted keywords for coordinate systems. If "Other", provide definition of the coordinate system in "MEGCoordinateSystemDescription". For a list of valid values for this field, see the MEGCoordinateSystem.
MEGCoordinateUnits	REQUIRED	string	Units of the coordinates of "MEGCoordinateSystem". Must be one of: "m", "mm", "cm", "n/a".

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
MEGCoordinateSystemDescription	OPTIONAL, but REQUIRED if MEGCoordinateSystem is Other	string	Free-form text description of the coordinate system. May also include a link to a documentation page or paper describing the system in greater detail.
EEGCoordinateSystem	OPTIONAL	string	Defines the coordinate system for the EEG sensors. See the EEGCoordinateSystem for a list of restricted keywords for coordinate systems. If "Other", provide definition of the coordinate system in EEGCoordinateSystemDescription. See [Recording EEG simultaneously with MEG] (/modality-specific-files/magnetoencephalography.html#recording-eeg-simultaneously-with-meg). Preferably the same as the MEGCoordinateSystem. For a list of valid values for this field, see the EEGCoordinateSystem.
EEGCoordinateUnits	OPTIONAL	string	Units of the coordinates of EEGCoordinateSystem. Must be one of: "m", "mm", "cm", "n/a".
EEGCoordinateSystemDescription	OPTIONAL, but REQUIRED if EEGCoordinateSystem is Other	string	Free-form text description of the coordinate system. May also include a link to a documentation page or paper describing the system in greater detail. See [Recording EEG simultaneously with MEG] (/modality-specific-files/magnetoencephalography.html#recording-eeg-simultaneously-with-meg).

Head localization coils:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
HeadCoilCoordinates	OPTIONAL	object of arrays	Key-value pairs describing head localization coil labels and their coordinates, interpreted following the HeadCoilCoordinateSystem (for example, {"NAS": [12.7, 21.3, 13.9], "LPA": [5.2, 11.3, 9.6], "RPA": [20.2, 11.3, 9.1]}). Note that coils are not always placed at locations that have a known anatomical name (for example, for Neuromag/Elekta/MEGIN, Yokogawa systems); in that case generic labels can be used (for example, {"coil1": [12.2, 21.3, 12.3], "coil2": [6.7, 12.3, 8.6], "coil3": [21.9, 11.0, 8.1]}). Each array MUST contain three numeric values corresponding to x, y, and z axis of the coordinate system in that exact order.
HeadCoilCoordinateSystem	OPTIONAL	string	Defines the coordinate system for the head coils. See the HeadCoilCoordinateSystem for a list of restricted keywords for coordinate systems. If "Other", provide definition of the coordinate system in HeadCoilCoordinateSystemDescription. For a list of valid values for this field, see the HeadCoilCoordinateSystem.
HeadCoilCoordinateUnits	OPTIONAL	string	Units of the coordinates of HeadCoilCoordinateSystem. Must be one of: "m", "mm", "cm", "n/a".
HeadCoilCoordinateSystemDescription	OPTIONAL, but REQUIRED if HeadCoilCoordinateSystem is Other	string	Free-form text description of the coordinate system. May also include a link to a documentation page or paper describing the system in greater detail.

Digitized head points:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
DigitizedHeadPoints	OPTIONAL	boolean	true or false value indicating whether head points outlining the scalp/face surface are contained within this recording. Must be one of: "true", "false".
DigitizedHeadPointsCoordinateSystem	OPTIONAL	string	Defines the coordinate system for the digitized head points. See the DigitizedHeadPointsCoordinateSystem for a list of restricted keywords for coordinate systems. If "Other", provide definition of the coordinate system in "DigitizedHeadPointsCoordinateSystemDescription". For a list of valid values for this field, see the DigitizedHeadPointsCoordinateSystem.
DigitizedHeadPointsCoordinateUnits	OPTIONAL	string	Units of the coordinates of "DigitizedHeadPointsCoordinateSystem". Must be one of: "m", "mm", "cm", "n/a".
DigitizedHeadPointsCoordinateSystemDescription	OPTIONAL, but REQUIRED if DigitizedHeadPointsCoordinateSystem is Other	string	Free-form text description of the coordinate system. May also include a link to a documentation page or paper describing the system in greater detail.

Anatomical MRI:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
IntendedFor	OPTIONAL	string or array	The paths to files for which the associated file is intended to be used. Contains one or more IntendedFor. Using forward-slash separated paths relative to the participant subdirectory is IntendedFor. This is used to identify the structural MRI(s), possibly of different types if a list is specified, to be used with the MEG recording.

Anatomical landmarks:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinates	OPTIONAL	object of arrays	Key-value pairs of the labels and 3-D digitized locations of anatomical landmarks, interpreted following the "AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinateSystem" (for example, {"NAS": [12.7, 21.3, 13.9], "LPA": [5.2, 11.3, 9.6], "RPA": [20.2, 11.3, 9.1]}). Each array MUST contain three numeric values corresponding to x, y, and z axis of the coordinate system in that exact order.
AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinateSystem	OPTIONAL	string	Defines the coordinate system for the anatomical landmarks. See the AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinateSystem for a list of restricted keywords for coordinate systems. If "Other", provide definition of the coordinate system in "AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinateSystemDescription". Preferably the same as the MEGCoordinateSystem. For a list of valid values for this field, see the AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinateSystem.
AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinateUnits	OPTIONAL	string	Units of the coordinates of "AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinateSystem". Must be one of: "m", "mm", "cm", "n/a".
AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinateSystemDescription	OPTIONAL, but REQUIRED if AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinateSystem is Other	string	Free-form text description of the coordinate system. May also include a link to a documentation page or paper describing the system in greater detail.

It is also RECOMMENDED that the MRI voxel coordinates of the actual anatomical landmarks for co-registration of MEG with structural MRI are stored in the `AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinates` field in the JSON sidecar of the corresponding T1w MRI anatomical data of the subject seen in the MEG session (see Anatomy Imaging Data).

For example: "sub-01/ses-mri/anat/sub-01_ses-mri_acq-mprage_T1w.json"

In principle, these locations are those of absolute anatomical markers. However, the marking of NAS, LPA and RPA is more ambiguous than that of for example, AC and PC. This may result in some variability in their 3-D digitization from session to session, even for the same participant. The solution would be to use only one T1w file and

populate the `AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinates` field with session-specific labels for example, "NAS-session1": [127,213,139], "NAS-session2": [123,220,142].

Fiducials information:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
FiducialsDescription	OPTIONAL	string	Free-form text description of how the fiducials such as vitamin-E capsules were placed relative to anatomical landmarks, and how the position of the fiducials were measured (for example, "both with Polhemus and with T1w MRI").

For more information on the definition of anatomical landmarks, please visit: [How are the Left and Right Pre-Auricular \(LPA and RPA\) points defined? - FieldTrip Toolbox](#)

For more information on typical coordinate systems for MEG-MRI coregistration: [How are the different head and MRI coordinate systems defined? - FieldTrip Toolbox](#) or: [Coordinate Systems - Brainstorm toolbox](#)

Landmark photos (*_photo.<extension>)

Photos of the anatomical landmarks and/or head localization coils (*_photo.<extension>)

Template:

```
sub-<label>/
  [ses-<label>/]
    meg/
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>]_photo.jpg
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>]_photo.png
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>]_photo.tif
```

Legend:

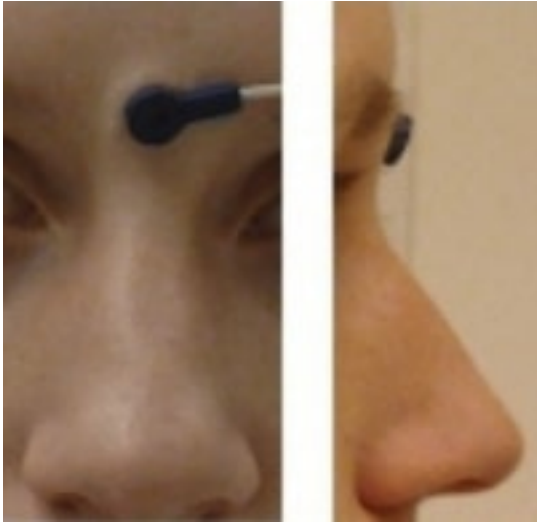
- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, [_ses-<label>]) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in <>, separated by |.
- _<suffix> means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- .<extension> means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- [.gz] means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

Photos of the anatomical landmarks and/or head localization coils on the subject's head are RECOMMENDED. If the coils are not placed at the location of actual anatomical landmarks, these latter may be marked with a piece of felt-tip taped to the skin. Please note that the photos may need to be cropped or blurred to conceal identifying features prior to sharing, depending on the terms of the consent given by the participant.

The `acq-<label>` entity can be used to indicate acquisition of different photos of the same face (or other body part in different angles to show, for example, the location of the nasion (NAS) as opposed to the right periauricular point (RPA)).

Example `*_photo.<extension>`

Example of the NAS fiducial placed between the eyebrows, rather than at the actual anatomical nasion: `sub-0001_ses-001_acq-NAS_photo.jpg`



Head shape and electrode description (`*_headshape.<extension>`)

Template:

```
sub-<label>/
  [ses-<label>/]
    meg/
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>]_headshape.*
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>]_headshape.pos
```

Legend:

- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, `[_ses-<label>]`) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in `<>`, separated by `|`.
- `_<suffix>` means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- `._<extension>` means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- `[.gz]` means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

This file is RECOMMENDED.

The 3-D locations of points that describe the head shape and/or EEG electrode locations can be digitized and stored in separate files. The `acq-<label>` entity can be used when more than one type of digitization is done for a session, for example when the head points are in a separate file from the EEG locations. These files are stored in the specific format of the 3-D digitizer's manufacturer (see the MEG File Formats Appendix).

For example:

```
sub-control01/  
  ses-01/  
    sub-control01_ses-01_acq-HEAD_headshape.pos  
    sub-control01_ses-01_acq-EEG_headshape.pos
```

Note that the `*_headshape` file(s) is shared by all the runs and tasks in a session. If the subject needs to be taken out of the scanner and the head-shape has to be updated, then for MEG it could be considered to be a new session.

Empty-room MEG recordings

Empty-room MEG recordings capture the environmental and recording system's noise.

It is RECOMMENDED to explicitly specify which empty-room recording should be used with which experimental run(s) or session(s). This can be done via the `AssociatedEmptyRoom` field in the `*_meg.json` sidecar files.

Empty-room recordings may be collected once per day, where a single empty-room recording may be shared between multiple subjects and/or sessions (see Example 1). Empty-room recordings can also be collected for each individual experimental session (see Example 2).

In the case of empty-room recordings being associated with multiple subjects and/or sessions, it is RECOMMENDED to store the empty-room recording inside a subject directory named `sub-emptyroom`. If a `session-<label>` entity is present, its label SHOULD be the date of the empty-room recording in the format `YYYYMMDD`, that is `ses-YYYYMMDD`. The `scans.tsv` file containing the date and time of the acquisition SHOULD also be included. The rationale is that this naming scheme will allow users to easily retrieve the empty-room recording that best matches a particular experimental session, based on date and time of the recording. It should be possible to query empty-room recordings just like usual subject recordings, hence all metadata sidecar files (such as the `channels.tsv`) file SHOULD be present as well.

In the case of empty-room recordings being collected for the individual experimental session, it is recommended to store the empty-room recording along with that subject and session.

In either case, the label for the `task-<label>` entity in the empty-room recording SHOULD be set to `noise`.

Example 1

One empty-room recording per day, applying to all subjects for that day.

```
sub-control01/  
sub-control02/  
sub-emptyroom/  
  ses-20170801/
```

```
sub-emptyroom_ses-20170801_scans.tsv
meg/
  sub-emptyroom_ses-20170801_task-noise_meg.ds
  sub-emptyroom_ses-20170801_task-noise_meg.json
  sub-emptyroom_ses-20170801_task-noise_channels.tsv
```

Example 2

One recording per session, stored within the session directory.

```
sub-control01/
  ses-01/
    sub-01_ses-01_scans.tsv
    meg/
      sub-control01_ses-01_task-rest_meg.ds
      sub-control01_ses-01_task-rest_meg.json
      sub-control01_ses-01_task-rest_channels.tsv
      sub-control01_ses-01_task-noise_meg.ds
      sub-control01_ses-01_task-noise_meg.json
      sub-control01_ses-01_task-noise_channels.tsv
```

Electroencephalography

Support for Electroencephalography (EEG) was developed as a BIDS Extension Proposal. Please see Citing BIDS on how to appropriately credit this extension when referring to it in the context of the academic literature.

Several [example EEG datasets](#) have been formatted using this specification and can be used for practical guidance when curating a new dataset.

EEG recording data

Template:

```
sub-<label>/
  [ses-<label>/]
    eeg/
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>]_eeg.<extension>
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>]_eeg.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>]_events.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>]_events.tsv
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_physio.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_physio.tsv.gz
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_stim.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_stim.tsv.gz
```

Legend:

- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, [_ses-<label>]) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in <>, separated by |.
- _<suffix> means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- .<extension> means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- [.gz] means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

The EEG community uses a variety of formats for storing raw data, and there is no single standard that all researchers agree on. For BIDS, EEG data MUST be stored in one of the following formats:

Format	Extension(s)	Description
European data format	.edf	Each recording consists of a single .edf file. edf+ files are permitted. The capital .EDF extension MUST NOT be used.
BrainVision Core Data Format	.vhdr, .vmrk, .eeg	Each recording consists of a .vhdr, .vmrk, .eeg file triplet.
EEGLAB	.set, .fdt	The format used by the MATLAB toolbox EEGLAB . Each recording consists of a .set file with an OPTIONAL .fdt file.
Biosemi	.bdf	Each recording consists of a single .bdf file. bdf+ files are permitted. The capital .BDF extension MUST NOT be used.

It is RECOMMENDED to use the European data format, or the BrainVision data format. It is furthermore discouraged to use the other accepted formats over these RECOMMENDED formats, particularly because there are conversion scripts available in most commonly used programming languages to convert data into the RECOMMENDED formats. The data in their original format, if different from the supported formats, can be stored in the `/sourcedata` directory.

The original data format is especially valuable in case conversion elicits the loss of crucial metadata specific to manufacturers and specific EEG systems. We also encourage users to provide additional meta information extracted from the manufacturer specific data files in the sidecar JSON file. Other relevant files MAY be included alongside the original EEG data in `/sourcedata`.

Note the `RecordingType`, which depends on whether the data stream on disk is interrupted or not. Continuous data is by definition 1 segment without interruption. Epoched data consists of multiple segments that all have the same length (for example, corresponding to trials) and that have gaps in between. Discontinuous data consists of multiple segments of different length, for example due to a pause in the acquisition.

Note that for proper documentation of EEG recording metadata it is important to understand the difference between electrode and channel: An EEG electrode is attached to the skin, whereas a channel is the combination of the analog differential amplifier and analog-to-digital converter that result in a potential (voltage) difference that is stored in the EEG dataset. We employ the following short definitions:

- Electrode = A single point of contact between the acquisition system and the recording site (for example, scalp, neural tissue, ...). Multiple electrodes can be organized as caps (for EEG), arrays, grids, leads, strips, probes, shafts, and so on.
- Channel = A single analog-to-digital converter in the recording system that regularly samples the value of a transducer, which results in the signal being represented as a time series in the digitized data. This can be connected to two electrodes (to measure the potential difference between them), a magnetic field or magnetic gradient sensor, temperature sensor, accelerometer, and so on.

Although the reference and ground electrodes are often referred to as channels, they are in most common EEG systems not recorded by themselves. Therefore they are not represented as channels in the data. The type of referencing for all channels and optionally the location of the reference electrode and the location of the ground electrode MAY be specified.

Sidecar JSON (*_eeg.json)

For consistency between studies and institutions, we encourage users to extract the values of these fields from the actual raw data. Whenever possible, please avoid using ad hoc wording.

Those fields MUST be present:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
EEGReference	REQUIRED	string	General description of the reference scheme used and (when applicable) of location of the reference electrode in the raw recordings (for example, "left mastoid", "Cz", "CMS"). If different channels have a different reference, this field should have a general description and the channel specific reference should be defined in the <code>channels.tsv</code> file.
SamplingFrequency	REQUIRED	number	Sampling frequency (in Hz) of all the data in the recording, regardless of their type (for example, 2400). The sampling frequency of data channels that deviate from the main sampling frequency SHOULD be specified in the <code>channels.tsv</code> file.
PowerLineFrequency	REQUIRED	number or "n/a"	Frequency (in Hz) of the power grid at the geographical location of the instrument (for example, 50 or 60).
SoftwareFilters	REQUIRED	object of objects or "n/a"	Object of temporal software filters applied, or "n/a" if the data is not available. Each key-value pair in the JSON object is a name of the filter and an object in which its parameters are defined as key-value pairs (for example, {"Anti-aliasing filter": {"half-amplitude cutoff (Hz)": 500, "Roll-off": "6dB/Octave"}}).

Those fields SHOULD be present:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
CapManufacturer	RECOMMENDED	string	Name of the cap manufacturer (for example, "EasyCap").
CapManufacturersModelName	RECOMMENDED	string	Manufacturer's designation of the cap model (for example, "actiCAP 64 Ch Standard-2").
EEGChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of EEG channels recorded simultaneously (for example, 21). Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
ECGChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of ECG channels. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
EMGChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of EMG channels. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
EOGChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of EOG channels. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
MISCChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of miscellaneous channels not covered otherwise. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
TriggerChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of channels for digital (binary TTL) triggers or analog equivalents (TTL in volt). Corresponds to the TRIG channel type. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
RecordingDuration	RECOMMENDED	number	Length of the recording in seconds (for example, 3600).
RecordingType	RECOMMENDED	string	Defines whether the recording is "continuous", "discontinuous", or "epoched", where "epoched" is limited to time windows about events of interest (for example, stimulus presentations or subject responses). Must be one of: "continuous", "epoched", "discontinuous".
EpochLength	RECOMMENDED	number	Duration of individual epochs in seconds (for example, 1) in case of epoched data. If recording was continuous or discontinuous, leave out the field. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
EEGGround	RECOMMENDED	string	Description of the location of the ground electrode (for example, "placed on right mastoid (M2)").
HeadCircumference	RECOMMENDED	number	Circumference of the participant's head, expressed in cm (for example, 58). Must be a number greater than 0.
EEGPlacementScheme	RECOMMENDED	string	Placement scheme of EEG electrodes. Either the name of a standardized placement system (for example, "10-20") or a list of standardized electrode names (for example, ["Cz", "Pz"]).
HardwareFilters	RECOMMENDED	object of objects or "n/a"	Object of temporal hardware filters applied, or "n/a" if the data is not available. Each key-value pair in the JSON object is a name of the filter and an object in which its parameters are defined as key-value pairs. For example, {"Highpass RC filter": {"Half amplitude cutoff (Hz)": 0.0159, "Roll-off": "6dB/Octave"}}.
SubjectArtefactDescription	RECOMMENDED	string	Freeform description of the observed subject artifact and its possible cause (for example, "Vagus Nerve Stimulator", "non-removable implant"). If this field is set to "n/a", it will be interpreted as absence of major source of artifacts except cardiac and blinks.

These fields MAY be present:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
ElectricalStimulation	OPTIONAL	boolean	Boolean field to specify if electrical stimulation was done during the recording (options are <code>true</code> or <code>false</code>). Parameters for event-like stimulation should be specified in the <code>events.tsv</code> file. Must be one of: <code>"true"</code> , <code>"false"</code> .
ElectricalStimulationParameters	OPTIONAL	string	Free form description of stimulation parameters, such as frequency or shape. Specific onsets can be specified in the <code>events.tsv</code> file. Specific shapes can be described here in freeform text.

Hardware information

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
Manufacturer	RECOMMENDED	string	Manufacturer of the equipment that produced the measurements.
ManufacturersModelName	RECOMMENDED	string	Manufacturer's model name of the equipment that produced the measurements.
SoftwareVersions	RECOMMENDED	string	Manufacturer's designation of software version of the equipment that produced the measurements.
DeviceSerialNumber	RECOMMENDED	string	The serial number of the equipment that produced the measurements. A pseudonym can also be used to prevent the equipment from being identifiable, so long as each pseudonym is unique within the dataset.

Task information

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
TaskName	REQUIRED	string	Name of the task. No two tasks should have the same name. The task label included in the filename is derived from this "TaskName" field by removing all non-alphanumeric characters (that is, all except those matching [0-9a-zA-Z]). For example "TaskName" "faces n-back" or "head nodding" will correspond to task labels facesnback and headnodding, respectively. A RECOMMENDED convention is to name resting state task using labels beginning with rest .
TaskDescription	RECOMMENDED	string	Longer description of the task.
Instructions	RECOMMENDED	string	Text of the instructions given to participants before the recording. This is especially important in context of resting state recordings and distinguishing between eyes open and eyes closed paradigms.
CogAtlasID	RECOMMENDED	string	CogAtlasID of the corresponding Cognitive Atlas Task term.
CogPOID	RECOMMENDED	string	CogPOID of the corresponding CogPO term.
Institution information			
Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
InstitutionName	RECOMMENDED	string	The name of the institution in charge of the equipment that produced the measurements.
InstitutionAddress	RECOMMENDED	string	The address of the institution in charge of the equipment that produced the measurements.
InstitutionalDepartmentName	RECOMMENDED	string	The department in the institution in charge of the equipment that produced the measurements.

Example *_eeg.json

```
{
  "TaskName": "Seeing stuff",
  "TaskDescription": "Subjects see various images for which phase, amplitude spectrum, and color vary continuously",
  "Instructions": "Your task is to detect images when they appear for the 2nd time, only then press the response button with your right/left hand (count)",
  "InstitutionName": "The world best university, 10 Beachfront Avenue, Papeete",
  "SamplingFrequency": 2400,
  "Manufacturer": "Brain Products",
  "ManufacturersModelName": "BrainAmp DC",
  "CapManufacturer": "EasyCap",
  "CapManufacturersModelName": "M1-ext",
  "EEGChannelCount": 87,
  "EOGChannelCount": 2,
  "ECGChannelCount": 1,
  "EMGChannelCount": 0,
  "MiscChannelCount": 0,
  "TriggerChannelCount": 1,
  "PowerLineFrequency": 50,
  "EEGPlacementScheme": "10 percent system",
  "EEGReference": "single electrode placed on FCz",
  "EEGGround": "placed on AFz",
  "SoftwareFilters": {
    "Anti-aliasing filter": {
      "half-amplitude cutoff (Hz)": 500,
      "Roll-off": "6dB/Octave"
    }
  },
  "HardwareFilters": {
    "ADC's decimation filter (hardware bandwidth limit)": {
      "-3dB cutoff point (Hz)": 480,
      "Filter order sinc response": 5
    }
  },
  "RecordingDuration": 600,
  "RecordingType": "continuous"
}
```

Note that the date and time information SHOULD be stored in the Study key file ([scans.tsv](#)). Date time information MUST be expressed as indicated in Units

Channels description (*_channels.tsv)

Template:

```
sub-<label>/
  [ses-<label>/]
    eeg/
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>]_channels.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>]_channels.tsv
```

Legend:

- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, [_ses-<label>]) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in <>, separated by |.
- _<suffix> means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- .<extension> means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- [.gz] means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

This file is RECOMMENDED as it provides easily searchable information across BIDS datasets. For example for general curation, response to queries, or for batch analysis. To avoid confusion, the channels SHOULD be listed in the order they appear in the EEG data file. Any number of additional columns MAY be added to provide additional information about the channels.

Note that electrode positions SHOULD NOT be added to this file, but to *_electrodes.tsv. Furthermore, the entries in *_electrodes.tsv and *_channels.tsv do not have to match exactly, as for example in the case of recording a single EOG channel from a bipolar referencing scheme of two electrodes, or a data channel originating from an auxiliary, non-electrode device. That is, in most cases *_electrodes.tsv will have more entries than *_channels.tsv. See the examples for *_channels.tsv below, and for *_electrodes.tsv in "Electrodes description".

The columns of the channels description table stored in *_channels.tsv are:

Column name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
name	REQUIRED	string	Label of the channel. Values in name MUST be unique. This column must appear first in the file.
type	REQUIRED	string	Type of channel; MUST use the channel types listed below. Note that the type MUST be in upper-case. This column must appear second in the file. For a list of valid values for this column, see the type.

Column name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
units	REQUIRED	string	Physical unit of the value represented in this channel, for example, V for Volt, or fT/cm for femto Tesla per centimeter (see units). This column must appear third in the file.
description	OPTIONAL	string	Brief free-text description of the channel, or other information of interest. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
sampling_frequency	OPTIONAL	number	Sampling rate of the channel in Hz. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
reference	OPTIONAL	string	Name of the reference electrode(s). This column is not needed when it is common to all channels. In that case the reference electrode(s) can be specified in *_eeg.json as EEGReference). This column may appear anywhere in the file.
low_cutoff	OPTIONAL	number or "n/a"	Frequencies used for the high-pass filter applied to the channel in Hz. If no high-pass filter applied, use n/a. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
high_cutoff	OPTIONAL	number or "n/a"	Frequencies used for the low-pass filter applied to the channel in Hz. If no low-pass filter applied, use n/a. Note that hardware anti-aliasing in A/D conversion of all MEG/EEG electronics applies a low-pass filter; specify its frequency here if applicable. This column may appear anywhere in the file.

Column name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
notch	OPTIONAL	string	Frequencies used for the notch filter applied to the channel, in Hz. If notch filters are applied at multiple frequencies, these frequencies MAY be specified as a list, for example, [60, 120, 180]. If no notch filter was applied, use n/a. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
status	OPTIONAL	string	Data quality observed on the channel. A channel is considered bad if its data quality is compromised by excessive noise. If quality is unknown, then a value of n/a may be used. Description of noise type SHOULD be provided in [status_description]. This column may appear anywhere in the file. Must be one of: "good", "bad", "n/a".
status_description	OPTIONAL	string	Freeform text description of noise or artifact affecting data quality on the channel. It is meant to explain why the channel was declared bad in the status column. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
Additional Columns	OPTIONAL	n/a	Additional columns are allowed if they are defined in the associated metadata file.

Restricted keyword list for field **type** in alphabetic order (shared with the MEG and iEEG modality; however, only the types that are common in EEG data are listed here). Note that upper-case is REQUIRED:

Keyword	Description
AUDIO	Audio signal
EEG	Electroencephalogram channel
EOG	Generic electrooculogram (eye), different from HEOG and VEOG
ECG	Electrocardiogram (heart)
EMG	Electromyogram (muscle)
EYEGAZE	Eye tracker gaze

Keyword	Description
GSR	Galvanic skin response
HEOG	Horizontal EOG (eye)
MISC	Miscellaneous
PPG	Photoplethysmography
PUPIL	Eye tracker pupil diameter
REF	Reference channel
RESP	Respiration
SYSCLOCK	System time showing elapsed time since trial started
TEMP	Temperature
TRIG	Analog (TTL in Volt) or digital (binary TTL) trigger channel
VEOG	Vertical EOG (eye)

Examples of free-form text for field description

- n/a
- stimulus
- response
- skin conductance
- battery status

Example *_channels.tsv

See also the corresponding electrodes.tsv example.

name	type	units	description	reference	status	status_description
VEOG	VEOG	uV	left eye	VEOG-, VEOG+	good	n/a
FDI	EMG	uV	left first dorsal interosseous	FDI-, FDI+	good	n/a
Cz	EEG	uV	n/a	REF	bad	high frequency noise
UADC001	MISC	n/a	envelope of audio signal	n/a	good	n/a

Electrodes description (*_electrodes.tsv)

Template:

```
sub-<label>/
  [ses-<label>/]
    eeg/
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_space-<label>]_electrodes.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_space-<label>]_electrodes.tsv
```

Legend:

- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, [_ses-<label>]) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in <>, separated by |.
- _<suffix> means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- .<extension> means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- [.gz] means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

File that gives the location of EEG electrodes. Note that coordinates are expected in cartesian coordinates according to the `EEGCoordinateSystem` and `EEGCoordinateUnits` fields in `*_coordsystem.json`. If an `*_electrodes.tsv` file is specified, a `*_coordsystem.json` file MUST be specified as well. The order of the required columns in the `*_electrodes.tsv` file MUST be as listed below.

Column name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
name	REQUIRED	string	Name of the electrode contact point. Values in <code>name</code> MUST be unique. This column must appear first in the file.
x	REQUIRED	number	Recorded position along the x-axis. This column must appear second in the file.
y	REQUIRED	number	Recorded position along the y-axis. This column must appear third in the file.
z	REQUIRED	number or "n/a"	Recorded position along the z-axis. This column must appear fourth in the file.
type	RECOMMENDED	string	Type of the electrode (for example, cup, ring, clip-on, wire, needle). This column may appear anywhere in the file.
material	RECOMMENDED	string	Material of the electrode (for example, Tin, Ag/AgCl, Gold). This column may appear anywhere in the file.
impedance	RECOMMENDED	number	Impedance of the electrode, units MUST be in kOhm. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
Additional Columns	OPTIONAL	n/a	Additional columns are allowed if they are defined in the associated metadata file.

Example `*_electrodes.tsv`

See also the corresponding `electrodes.tsv` example.

name	x	y	z	type	material
VEOG+	n/a	n/a	n/a	cup	Ag/AgCl
VEOG-	n/a	n/a	n/a	cup	Ag/AgCl
FDI+	n/a	n/a	n/a	cup	Ag/AgCl
FDI-	n/a	n/a	n/a	cup	Ag/AgCl
GND	-0.0707	0.0000	-0.0707	clip-on	Ag/AgCl
Cz	0.0000	0.0714	0.0699	cup	Ag/AgCl
REF	-0.0742	-0.0200	-0.0100	cup	Ag/AgCl

The `acq-<label>` entity can be used to indicate acquisition of the same data. For example, this could be the recording of electrode positions with a different electrode position recording device, or repeated digitization before and after the recording.

Coordinate System JSON (`*_coordsystem.json`)

Template:

```
sub-<label>/
  [ses-<label>/]
    eeg/
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_space-<label>]_coordsystem.json
```

Legend:

- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, `[_ses-<label>]`) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in `<>`, separated by `|`.
- `_<suffix>` means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- `.<extension>` means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- `[.gz]` means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

A `*_coordsystem.json` file is used to specify the fiducials, the location of anatomical landmarks, and the coordinate system and units in which the position of electrodes and landmarks is expressed. The `*_coordsystem.json` is REQUIRED if the optional `*_electrodes.tsv` is specified. If a corresponding anatomical MRI is available, the locations of landmarks and fiducials according to that scan should also be stored in the `*_T1w.json` file which goes alongside the MRI data.

For disambiguation, we employ the following definitions for fiducials and anatomical landmarks respectively:

- Fiducials are objects with a well defined location used to facilitate the localization of electrodes and co-registration with other geometric data such as the participant's own T1 weighted magnetic resonance head image, a T1 weighted template head image, or a spherical head model. Commonly used fiducials are vitamin-E pills, which show clearly in an MRI, or reflective spheres that are localized with an infrared optical tracking system.
- Anatomical landmarks are locations on a research subject such as the nasion, which is the intersection of the frontal bone and two nasal bones of the human skull.

Fiducials are typically used in conjunction with anatomical landmarks. An example would be the placement of vitamin-E pills on top of anatomical landmarks, or the placement of LEDs on the nasion and preauricular points to triangulate the position of other LED-lit electrodes on a research subject's head.

- For more information on the definition of anatomical landmarks, please visit: [How are the Left and Right Pre-Auricular \(LPA and RPA\) points defined? - FieldTrip Toolbox](#)
- For more information on coordinate systems for coregistration, please visit: [How are the different head and MRI coordinate systems defined? - FieldTrip Toolbox](#)

General fields:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
IntendedFor	OPTIONAL	string or array	The paths to files for which the associated file is intended to be used. Contains one or more IntendedFor. Using forward-slash separated paths relative to the participant subdirectory is IntendedFor. This identifies the MRI or CT scan associated with the electrodes, landmarks, and fiducials.

Fields relating to the EEG electrode positions:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
EEGCoordinateSystem	REQUIRED	string	Defines the coordinate system for the EEG sensors. See the EEGCoordinateSystem for a list of restricted keywords for coordinate systems. If "Other", provide definition of the coordinate system in EEGCoordinateSystemDescription. For a list of valid values for this field, see the EEGCoordinateSystem.
EEGCoordinateUnits	REQUIRED	string	Units of the coordinates of EEGCoordinateSystem. Must be one of: "m", "mm", "cm", "n/a".
EEGCoordinateSystemDescription	RECOMMENDED, but REQUIRED if EEGCoordinateSystem is "Other"	string	Free-form text description of the coordinate system. May also include a link to a documentation page or paper describing the system in greater detail.

Fields relating to the position of fiducials measured during an EEG session/run:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
FiducialsDescription	OPTIONAL	string	Free-form text description of how the fiducials such as vitamin-E capsules were placed relative to anatomical landmarks, and how the position of the fiducials were measured (for example, "both with Polhemus and with T1w MRI").
FiducialsCoordinates	RECOMMENDED	object of arrays	Key-value pairs of the labels and 3-D digitized position of anatomical landmarks, interpreted following the "FiducialsCoordinateSystem" (for example, {"NAS": [12.7,21.3,13.9], "LPA": [5.2,11.3,9.6], "RPA": [20.2,11.3,9.1]}). Each array MUST contain three numeric values corresponding to x, y, and z axis of the coordinate system in that exact order.
FiducialsCoordinateSystem	RECOMMENDED	string	Defines the coordinate system for the fiducials. Preferably the same as the "EEGCoordinateSystem". See the FiducialsCoordinateSystem for a list of restricted keywords for coordinate systems. If "Other", provide definition of the coordinate system in "FiducialsCoordinateSystemDescription". For a list of valid values for this field, see the FiducialsCoordinateSystem.
FiducialsCoordinateUnits	RECOMMENDED	string	Units in which the coordinates that are listed in the field "FiducialsCoordinateSystem" are represented. Must be one of: "m", "mm", "cm", "n/a".
FiducialsCoordinateSystemDescription	RECOMMENDED, but REQUIRED if FiducialsCoordinateSystem is "Other"	string	Free-form text description of the coordinate system. May also include a link to a documentation page or paper describing the system in greater detail.

Fields relating to the position of anatomical landmark measured during an EEG session/run:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinates	RECOMMENDED	object of arrays	Key-value pairs of the labels and 3-D digitized locations of anatomical landmarks, interpreted following the "AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinateSystem" (for example, {"NAS": [12.7, 21.3, 13.9], "LPA": [5.2, 11.3, 9.6], "RPA": [20.2, 11.3, 9.1]}). Each array MUST contain three numeric values corresponding to x, y, and z axis of the coordinate system in that exact order.
AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinateSystem	RECOMMENDED	string	Defines the coordinate system for the anatomical landmarks. See the AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinateSystem for a list of restricted keywords for coordinate systems. If "Other", provide definition of the coordinate system in "AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinateSystemDescription". Preferably the same as the EEGCoordinateSystem. For a list of valid values for this field, see the AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinateSystem.
AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinateUnits	RECOMMENDED	string	Units of the coordinates of "AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinateSystem". Must be one of: "m", "mm", "cm", "n/a".
AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinateSystemDescription	RECOMMENDED, but REQUIRED if AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinateSystem is "Other"	string	Free-form text description of the coordinate system. May also include a link to a documentation page or paper describing the system in greater detail.

If the position of anatomical landmarks is measured using the same system or device used to measure electrode positions, and if thereby the anatomical landmarks are expressed in the same coordinates, the coordinates of the anatomical landmarks can be specified in `electrodes.tsv`. The same applies to the coordinates of the fiducials.

Anatomical landmarks or fiducials measured on an anatomical MRI that match the landmarks or fiducials during an EEG session/run, must be stored separately in the corresponding `*_T1w.json` or `*_T2w.json` file and should be expressed in voxels (starting from [0, 0, 0]).

Example *_coordsystem.json

```
{
  "IntendedFor": "bids::sub-01/ses-01/anat/sub-01_T1w.nii",
  "EEGCoordinateSystem": "Other",
  "EEGCoordinateUnits": "mm",
  "EEGCoordinateSystemDescription": "RAS orientation: Origin halfway between LPA and RPA, positive x-axis towards RPA, positive y-axis orthogonal to x-axis, positive z-axis towards the nose",
  "FiducialsDescription": "Electrodes and fiducials were digitized with Polhemus, fiducials were recorded as the center of vitamin E capsules stucked on the scalp"
}
```

Landmark photos (*_photo.<extension>)

Photos of the anatomical landmarks and/or fiducials.

Template:

```
sub-<label>/
  [ses-<label>/]
    eeg/
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>]_photo.jpg
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>]_photo.png
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>]_photo.tif
```

Legend:

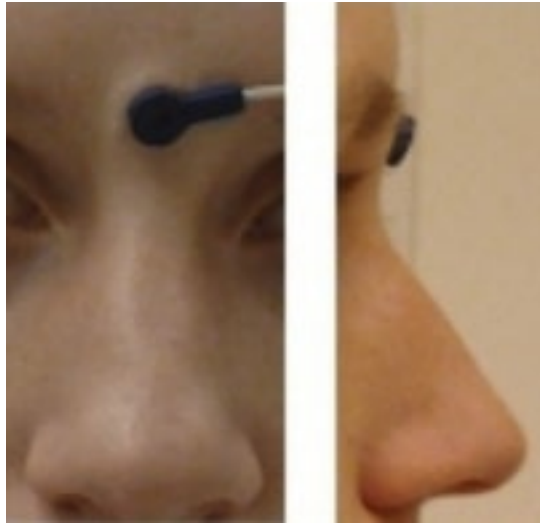
- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, [_ses-<label>]) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in <>, separated by |.
- _<suffix> means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- .<extension> means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- [.gz] means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

Photos of the anatomical landmarks and/or fiducials are OPTIONAL. Please note that the photos may need to be cropped or blurred to conceal identifying features prior to sharing, depending on the terms of the consent given by the participant.

The acq-<label> entity can be used to indicate acquisition of different photos of the same face (or other body part in different angles to show, for example, the location of the nasion (NAS) as opposed to the right periauricular point (RPA)).

Example *_photo.<extension>

Picture of a NAS fiducial placed between the eyebrows, rather than at the actual anatomical nasion: sub-0001_ses-001_acq-NAS_photo.jpg



Intracranial Electroencephalography

Support for Intracranial Electroencephalography (iEEG) was developed as a BIDS Extension Proposal. Please see Citing BIDS on how to appropriately credit this extension when referring to it in the context of the academic literature.

Several [example iEEG datasets](#) have been formatted using this specification and can be used for practical guidance when curating a new dataset.

iEEG recording data

Template:

```
sub-<label>/
  [ses-<label>/]
    ieeg/
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>]_ieeg.<extension>
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>]_ieeg.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>]_events.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>]_events.tsv
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_physio.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_physio.tsv.gz
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_stim.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_stim.tsv.gz
```

Legend:

- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, [_ses-<label>]) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in <>, separated by |.
- _<suffix> means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- .<extension> means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- [.gz] means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

The iEEG community uses a variety of formats for storing raw data, and there is no single standard that all researchers agree on. For BIDS, iEEG data **MUST** be stored in one of the following formats:

Format	Extension(s)	Description
European data format	<code>.edf</code>	Each recording consists of a <code>.edf</code> single file. <code>edf+</code> files are permitted. The capital <code>.EDF</code> extension MUST NOT be used.
BrainVision Core Data Format	<code>.vhdr</code> , <code>.vmrk</code> , <code>.eeg</code>	Each recording consists of a <code>.vhdr</code> , <code>.vmrk</code> , <code>.eeg</code> file triplet.
EEGLAB	<code>.set</code> , <code>.fdt</code>	The format used by the MATLAB toolbox EEGLAB . Each recording consists of a <code>.set</code> file with an OPTIONAL <code>.fdt</code> file.
Neurodata Without Borders	<code>.nwb</code>	Each recording consists of a single <code>.nwb</code> file.
MEF3	<code>.mefd</code>	Each recording consists of a <code>.mefd</code> directory.

It is **RECOMMENDED** to use the European data format, or the BrainVision data format. It is furthermore discouraged to use the other accepted formats over these **RECOMMENDED** formats, particularly because there are conversion scripts available in most commonly used programming languages to convert data into the **RECOMMENDED** formats.

Future versions of BIDS may extend this list of supported file formats. File formats for future consideration **MUST** have open access documentation, **MUST** have open source implementation for both reading and writing in at least two programming languages and **SHOULD** be widely supported in multiple software packages. Other formats that may be considered in the future should have a clear added advantage over the existing formats and should have wide adoption in the BIDS community.

The data format in which the data was originally stored is especially valuable in case conversion elicits the loss of crucial metadata specific to manufacturers and specific iEEG systems. We also encourage users to provide additional meta information extracted from the manufacturer-specific data files in the sidecar JSON file. Other relevant files **MAY** be included alongside the original iEEG data in the `/sourcedata` directory.

Note the `RecordingType`, which depends on whether the data stream on disk is interrupted or not. Continuous data is by definition 1 segment without interruption. Epoched data consists of multiple segments that all have the same length (for example, corresponding to trials) and that have gaps in between. Discontinuous data consists of multiple segments of different length, for example due to a pause in the acquisition.

Terminology: Electrodes vs. Channels

For proper documentation of iEEG recording metadata it is important to understand the difference between electrode and channel: an iEEG electrode is placed on or in the brain, whereas a channel is the combination of the analog differential amplifier and analog-to-digital converter that result in a potential (voltage) difference that is stored in the iEEG dataset. We employ the following short definitions:

- **Electrode** = A single point of contact between the acquisition system and the recording site (for example, scalp, neural tissue, ...). Multiple electrodes can be organized as arrays, grids, leads, strips, probes, shafts, caps (for EEG), and so forth.

- Channel = A single analog-to-digital converter in the recording system that regularly samples the value of a transducer, which results in the signal being represented as a time series in the digitized data. This can be connected to two electrodes (to measure the potential difference between them), a magnetic field or magnetic gradient sensor, temperature sensor, accelerometer, and so forth.

Although the reference and ground electrodes are often referred to as channels, they are in most common iEEG systems not recorded by themselves. Therefore they are not represented as channels in the data. The type of referencing for all channels and optionally the location of the reference electrode and the location of the ground electrode MAY be specified.

Sidcar JSON (*_ieeg.json)

For consistency between studies and institutions, we encourage users to extract the values of metadata fields from the actual raw data. Whenever possible, please avoid using ad hoc wording.

Those fields MUST be present:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
iEEGReference	REQUIRED	string	General description of the reference scheme used and (when applicable) of location of the reference electrode in the raw recordings (for example, "left mastoid", "bipolar", "T01" for electrode with name T01, "intracranial electrode on top of a grid, not included with data", "upside down electrode"). If different channels have a different reference, this field should have a general description and the channel specific reference should be defined in the <code>channels.tsv</code> file.
SamplingFrequency	REQUIRED	number	Sampling frequency (in Hz) of all the data in the recording, regardless of their type (for example, 2400). The sampling frequency of data channels that deviate from the main sampling frequency SHOULD be specified in the <code>channels.tsv</code> file.
PowerLineFrequency	REQUIRED	number or "n/a"	Frequency (in Hz) of the power grid at the geographical location of the instrument (for example, 50 or 60).

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
SoftwareFilters	REQUIRED	object of objects or "n/a"	Object of temporal software filters applied, or "n/a" if the data is not available. Each key-value pair in the JSON object is a name of the filter and an object in which its parameters are defined as key-value pairs (for example, {"Anti-aliasing filter": {"half-amplitude cutoff (Hz)": 500, "Roll-off": "6dB/Octave"}}).

Those fields SHOULD be present:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
DCOffsetCorrection	DCOffsetCorrection	string	A description of the method (if any) used to correct for a DC offset. If the method used was subtracting the mean value for each channel, use "mean".
HardwareFilters	RECOMMENDED	object of objects or "n/a"	Object of temporal hardware filters applied, or "n/a" if the data is not available. Each key-value pair in the JSON object is a name of the filter and an object in which its parameters are defined as key-value pairs. For example, {"Highpass RC filter": {"Half amplitude cutoff (Hz)": 0.0159, "Roll-off": "6dB/Octave"}}.
ElectrodeManufacturer	RECOMMENDED	string	Can be used if all electrodes are of the same manufacturer (for example, "AD-TECH", "DIXI"). If electrodes of different manufacturers are used, please use the corresponding table in the <code>_electrodes.tsv</code> file.
ElectrodeManufacturersModelName	RECOMMENDED	string	If different electrode types are used, please use the corresponding table in the <code>_electrodes.tsv</code> file.
ECOGChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of ECoG channels. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
SEEGChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of SEEG channels. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
EEGChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of EEG channels recorded simultaneously (for example, 21). Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
EOGChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of EOG channels. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
ECGChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of ECG channels. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
EMGChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of EMG channels. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
MiscChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of miscellaneous analog channels for auxiliary signals. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
TriggerChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of channels for digital (binary TTL) triggers or analog equivalents (TTL in volt). Corresponds to the TRIG channel type. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
RecordingDuration	RECOMMENDED	number	Length of the recording in seconds (for example, 3600).
RecordingType	RECOMMENDED	string	Defines whether the recording is "continuous", "discontinuous", or "epoched", where "epoched" is limited to time windows about events of interest (for example, stimulus presentations or subject responses). Must be one of: "continuous", "epoched", "discontinuous".
EpochLength	RECOMMENDED	number	Duration of individual epochs in seconds (for example, 1) in case of epoched data. If recording was continuous or discontinuous, leave out the field. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
iEEGGround	RECOMMENDED	string	Description of the location of the ground electrode ("placed on right mastoid (M2)").

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
iEEGPlacementScheme	RECOMMENDED	string	Freeform description of the placement of the iEEG electrodes. Left/right/bilateral/depth/surface (for example, "left frontal grid and bilateral hippocampal depth" or "surface strip and STN depth" or "clinical indication bitemporal, bilateral temporal strips and left grid").
iEEGElectrodeGroups	RECOMMENDED	string	Field to describe the way electrodes are grouped into strips, grids or depth probes. For example, "grid1: 10x8 grid on left temporal pole, strip2: 1x8 electrode strip on xxx".
SubjectArtefactDescription	RECOMMENDED	string	Freeform description of the observed subject artifact and its possible cause (for example, "Vagus Nerve Stimulator", "non-removable implant"). If this field is set to "n/a", it will be interpreted as absence of major source of artifacts except cardiac and blinks.

These fields MAY be present:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
ElectricalStimulation	OPTIONAL	boolean	Boolean field to specify if electrical stimulation was done during the recording (options are <code>true</code> or <code>false</code>). Parameters for event-like stimulation should be specified in the <code>events.tsv</code> file. Must be one of: " <code>true</code> ", " <code>false</code> ".

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
ElectricalStimulationParameters	OPTIONAL	string	Free form description of stimulation parameters, such as frequency or shape. Specific onsets can be specified in the <code>events.tsv</code> file. Specific shapes can be described here in freeform text.

Note that the date and time information SHOULD be stored in the study key file (`scans.tsv`). Date time information MUST be expressed as indicated in Units

Hardware information

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
Manufacturer	RECOMMENDED	string	Manufacturer of the equipment that produced the measurements. For example, "TDT", "Blackrock".
ManufacturersModelName	RECOMMENDED	string	Manufacturer's model name of the equipment that produced the measurements.
SoftwareVersions	RECOMMENDED	string	Manufacturer's designation of software version of the equipment that produced the measurements.
DeviceSerialNumber	RECOMMENDED	string	The serial number of the equipment that produced the measurements. A pseudonym can also be used to prevent the equipment from being identifiable, so long as each pseudonym is unique within the dataset.

Task information

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
TaskName	REQUIRED	string	Name of the task. No two tasks should have the same name. The task label included in the filename is derived from this "TaskName" field by removing all non-alphanumeric characters (that is, all except those matching [0-9a-zA-Z]). For example "TaskName" "faces n-back" or "head nodding" will correspond to task labels <code>facesnback</code> and <code>headnodding</code> , respectively. A RECOMMENDED convention is to name resting state task using labels beginning with <code>rest</code> .
TaskDescription	RECOMMENDED	string	Longer description of the task.
Instructions	RECOMMENDED	string	Text of the instructions given to participants before the recording. This is especially important in context of resting state recordings and distinguishing between eyes open and eyes closed paradigms.
CogAtlasID	RECOMMENDED	string	CogAtlasID of the corresponding Cognitive Atlas Task term.
CogPOID	RECOMMENDED	string	CogPOID of the corresponding CogPO term.

Note that the `TaskName` field does not have to be a "behavioral task" that subjects perform, but can reflect some information about the conditions present when the data was acquired (for example, "`rest`", "`sleep`", or "`seizure`").

Institution information

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
InstitutionName	RECOMMENDED	string	The name of the institution in charge of the equipment that produced the measurements.
InstitutionAddress	RECOMMENDED	string	The address of the institution in charge of the equipment that produced the measurements.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
InstitutionDepartmentName	RECOMMENDED	string	The department in the institution in charge of the equipment that produced the measurements.

Example *_ieeg.json

```
{
  "TaskName": "visual",
  "InstitutionName": "Stanford Hospital and Clinics",
  "InstitutionAddress": "300 Pasteur Dr, Stanford, CA 94305",
  "Manufacturer": "Tucker Davis Technologies",
  "ManufacturersModelName": "n/a",
  "TaskDescription": "visual gratings and noise patterns",
  "Instructions": "look at the dot in the center of the screen and press the button when it changes color",
  "iEEGReference": "left mastoid",
  "SamplingFrequency": 1000,
  "PowerLineFrequency": 60,
  "SoftwareFilters": "n/a",
  "HardwareFilters": {"Highpass RC filter": {"Half amplitude cutoff (Hz)": 0.0159, "Roll-off": "6dB0ctave"}},
  "ElectrodeManufacturer": "AdTech",
  "ECOGChannelCount": 120,
  "SEEGChannelCount": 0,
  "EEGChannelCount": 0,
  "EOGChannelCount": 0,
  "ECGChannelCount": 0,
  "EMGChannelCount": 0,
  "MiscChannelCount": 0,
  "TriggerChannelCount": 0,
  "RecordingDuration": 233.639,
  "RecordingType": "continuous",
  "iEEGGround": "placed on the right mastoid",
  "iEEGPlacementScheme": "right occipital temporal surface",
  "ElectricalStimulation": false
}
```

Channels description (*_channels.tsv)

Template:

```
sub-<label>/
  [ses-<label>/]
    ieeg/
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>]_channels.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>]_channels.tsv
```

Legend:

- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, [_ses-<label>]) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in <>, separated by |.
- _<suffix> means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- .<extension> means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- [.gz] means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

A channel represents one time series recorded with the recording system (for example, there can be a bipolar channel, recorded from two electrodes or contact points on the tissue). Although this information can often be extracted from the iEEG recording, listing it in a simple .tsv document makes it easy to browse or search (for example, searching for recordings with a sampling frequency of >=1000 Hz). Hence, the channels.tsv file is RECOMMENDED. Channels SHOULD appear in the table in the same order they do in the iEEG data file. Any number of additional columns MAY be provided to provide additional information about the channels. Note that electrode positions SHOULD NOT be added to this file but to *_electrodes.tsv.

The columns of the channels description table stored in *_channels.tsv are:

Column name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
name	REQUIRED	string	Label of the channel. When a corresponding electrode is specified in _electrodes.tsv, the name of that electrode MAY be specified here and the reference electrode name MAY be provided in the reference column. Values in name MUST be unique.This column must appear first in the file.
type	REQUIRED	string	Type of channel; MUST use the channel types listed below. Note that the type MUST be in upper-case. This column must appear second in the file.For a list of valid values for this column, see the type.
units	REQUIRED	string	Physical unit of the value represented in this channel, for example, V for Volt, or fT/cm for femto Tesla per centimeter (see units). This column must appear third in the file.

Column name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
low_cutoff	REQUIRED	number or "n/a"	Frequencies used for the high-pass filter applied to the channel in Hz. If no high-pass filter applied, use n/a. This column must appear fourth in the file.
high_cutoff	REQUIRED	number or "n/a"	Frequencies used for the low-pass filter applied to the channel in Hz. If no low-pass filter applied, use n/a. Note that hardware anti-aliasing in A/D conversion of all MEG/EEG electronics applies a low-pass filter; specify its frequency here if applicable. This column must appear fifth in the file.
reference	OPTIONAL	string or "n/a"	Specification of the reference (for example, mastoid, ElectrodeName01, intracranial, CAR, other, n/a). If the channel is not an electrode channel (for example, a microphone channel) use n/a. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
group	OPTIONAL	string or number	Which group of channels (grid/strip/seeg/depth) this channel belongs to. This is relevant because one group has one cable-bundle and noise can be shared. This can be a name or number. Note that any groups specified in <code>_electrodes.tsv</code> must match those present here. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
sampling_frequency	OPTIONAL	number	Sampling rate of the channel in Hz. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
description	OPTIONAL	string	Brief free-text description of the channel, or other information of interest. This column may appear anywhere in the file.

Column name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
notch	OPTIONAL	string	Frequencies used for the notch filter applied to the channel, in Hz. If notch filters are applied at multiple frequencies, these frequencies MAY be specified as a list, for example, [60, 120, 180]. If no notch filter was applied, use n/a. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
status	OPTIONAL	string	Data quality observed on the channel. A channel is considered bad if its data quality is compromised by excessive noise. If quality is unknown, then a value of n/a may be used. Description of noise type SHOULD be provided in [status_description]. This column may appear anywhere in the file. Must be one of: "good", "bad", "n/a".
status_description	OPTIONAL	string	Freeform text description of noise or artifact affecting data quality on the channel. It is meant to explain why the channel was declared bad in the status column. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
Additional Columns	OPTIONAL	n/a	Additional columns are allowed if they are defined in the associated metadata file.

Restricted keyword list for field type in alphabetic order (shared with the MEG and EEG modality; however, only types that are common in iEEG data are listed here). Note that upper-case is REQUIRED:

Keyword	Description
EEG	Electrode channel from electroencephalogram
ECOG	Electrode channel from electrocorticogram (intracranial)
SEEG	Electrode channel from stereo-electroencephalogram (intracranial)
DBS	Electrode channel from deep brain stimulation electrode (intracranial)
VEOG	Vertical EOG (electrooculogram)
HEOG	Horizontal EOG

Keyword	Description
EOG	Generic EOG channel if HEOG or VEOG information not available
ECG	ElectroCardioGram (heart)
EMG	ElectroMyoGram (muscle)
TRIG	Analog (TTL in Volt) or digital (binary TTL) trigger channel
AUDIO	Audio signal
PD	Photodiode
EYEGAZE	Eye Tracker gaze
PUPIL	Eye Tracker pupil diameter
MISC	Miscellaneous
SYSCLOCK	System time showing elapsed time since trial started
ADC	Analog to Digital input
DAC	Digital to Analog output
REF	Reference channel
OTHER	Any other type of channel

Examples of free-form text for field description:

- intracranial
- stimulus
- response
- vertical EOG
- skin conductance

Example `*_channels.tsv`

name	type	units	low_cutoff	high_cutoff	status	status_description
LT01	ECOG	uV	300	0.11	good	n/a
LT02	ECOG	uV	300	0.11	bad	broken
H01	SEEG	uV	300	0.11	bad	line_noise
ECG1	ECG	uV	n/a	0.11	good	n/a
TR1	TRIG	n/a	n/a	n/a	good	n/a

Electrode description (`*_electrodes.tsv`)

Template:

```
sub-<label>/  
  [ses-<label>/]
```

```
ieeg/
  sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_space-<label>]_electrodes.json
  sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_space-<label>]_electrodes.tsv
```

Legend:

- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, [_ses-<label>]) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in <>, separated by |.
- _<suffix> means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- .<extension> means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- [.gz] means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

File that gives the location, size and other properties of iEEG electrodes. Note that coordinates are expected in cartesian coordinates according to the `iEEGCoordinateSystem` and `iEEGCoordinateUnits` fields in `*_coordsystem.json`. If an `*_electrodes.tsv` file is specified, a `*_coordsystem.json` file MUST be specified as well.

The optional `space-<label>` entity (`*[_space-<label>]_electrodes.tsv`) can be used to indicate the way in which electrode positions are interpreted. The `space-<label>` MUST be taken from one of the modality specific lists in the Coordinate Systems Appendix. For example for iEEG data, the restricted keywords listed under iEEG Specific Coordinate Systems are acceptable for `<label>`.

For examples:

- `*_space-MNI152Lin` (electrodes are coregistered and scaled to a specific MNI template)
- `*_space-Talairach` (electrodes are coregistered and scaled to Talairach space)

When referring to the `*_electrodes.tsv` file in a certain space as defined above, the `space-<label>` of the accompanying `*_coordsystem.json` MUST correspond.

For example:

```
sub-01/
  sub-01_space-Talairach_electrodes.tsv
  sub-01_space-Talairach_coordsystem.json
  ...
```

The order of the required columns in the `*_electrodes.tsv` file MUST be as listed below. The x, y, and z columns indicate the positions of the center of each electrode in Cartesian coordinates. Units are specified in `space-<label>_coordsystem.json`.

Column name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
name	REQUIRED	string	Name of the electrode contact point. Values in <code>name</code> MUST be unique. This column must appear first in the file.
x	REQUIRED	number	Recorded position along the x-axis. This column must appear second in the file.

Column name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
y	REQUIRED	number	Recorded position along the y-axis. This column must appear third in the file.
z	REQUIRED	number or "n/a"	Recorded position along the z-axis. If electrodes are in 2D space this should be a column of n/a values. This column must appear fourth in the file.
size	REQUIRED	number	Surface area of the electrode, units MUST be in mm^2 . This column must appear fifth in the file.
material	RECOMMENDED	string	Material of the electrode (for example, Tin, Ag/AgCl, Gold). This column may appear anywhere in the file.
manufacturer	RECOMMENDED	string	The manufacturer for each electrode. Can be used if electrodes were manufactured by more than one company. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
group	RECOMMENDED	string or number	Which group of channels (grid/strip/seeg/depth) this channel belongs to. This is relevant because one group has one cable-bundle and noise can be shared. This can be a name or number. Note that any group specified here should match a group specified in <code>_channels.tsv</code> . This column may appear anywhere in the file.
hemisphere	RECOMMENDED	string	The hemisphere in which the electrode is placed. This column may appear anywhere in the file. Must be one of: "L", "R".
type	OPTIONAL	string	Type of the electrode (for example, cup, ring, clip-on, wire, needle). This column may appear anywhere in the file.
impedance	OPTIONAL	number	Impedance of the electrode, units MUST be in $\text{k}\Omega$. This column may appear anywhere in the file.

Column name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
dimension	OPTIONAL	string	Size of the group (grid/strip/probe) that this electrode belongs to. Must be of form [AxB] with the smallest dimension first (for example, [1x8]). This column may appear anywhere in the file.
Additional Columns	OPTIONAL	n/a	Additional columns are allowed if they are defined in the associated metadata file.

Example *_electrodes.tsv

```

name  x    y    z    size  manufacturer
LT01  19  -39  -16  2.3    Integra
LT02  23  -40  -19  2.3    Integra
H01   27  -42  -21  5       AdTech

```

Coordinate System JSON (*_coordsystem.json)

Template:

```

sub-<label>/
  [ses-<label>/]
    ieeg/
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>][_space-<label>]_coordsystem.json

```

Legend:

- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, [_ses-<label>]) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in <>, separated by |.
- _<suffix> means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- .<extension> means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- [.gz] means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

This *_coordsystem.json file contains the coordinate system in which electrode positions are expressed. The associated MRI, CT, X-Ray, or operative photo can also be specified.

General fields:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
IntendedFor	OPTIONAL	string or array	<p>The paths to files for which the associated file is intended to be used. Contains one or more IntendedFor. Using forward-slash separated paths relative to the dataset root is IntendedFor. If only a surface reconstruction is available, this should point to the surface reconstruction file. Note that this file should have the same coordinate system specified in iEEGCoordinateSystem. For example, T1:</p> <p>'bids::sub-<label>/ses-<label>/anat/sub-01_T1</p> <p>Surface:</p> <p>'bids::derivatives/surfaces/sub-<label>/ses-sub-01_hemi-R_desc-T1w_pial.surf.gii'</p> <p>Operative photo:</p> <p>'bids::sub-<label>/ses-<label>/ieeg/sub-0001_ses-01_acq-photo1_photo.jpg'</p> <p>Talairach:</p> <p>'bids::derivatives/surfaces/sub-Talairach/se sub-Talairach_hemi-R_pial.surf.gii'</p>

Fields relating to the iEEG electrode positions:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
iEEGCoordinateSystem	REQUIRED	string	Defines the coordinate system for the iEEG sensors. See the iEEGCoordinateSystem for a list of restricted keywords for coordinate systems. If "Other", provide definition of the coordinate system in iEEGCoordinateSystemDescription. If positions correspond to pixel indices in a 2D image (of either a volume-rendering, surface-rendering, operative photo, or operative drawing), this MUST be "Pixels". For more information, see the section on iEEGCoordinateSystem. For a list of valid values for this field, see the iEEGCoordinateSystem.
iEEGCoordinateUnits	REQUIRED	string	Units of the *_electrodes.tsv. MUST be "pixels" if iEEGCoordinateSystem is Pixels. Must be one of: "pixels", "m", "mm", "cm", "n/a".
iEEGCoordinateSystemDescription	RECOMMENDED, but REQUIRED if iEEGCoordinateSystem is "Other"	string	Free-form text description of the coordinate system. May also include a link to a documentation page or paper describing the system in greater detail.
iEEGCoordinateProcessingDescription	RECOMMENDED	string	Has any post-processing (such as projection) been done on the electrode positions (for example, "surface_projection", "none").
iEEGCoordinateProcessingReference	RECOMMENDED	string	A reference to a paper that defines in more detail the method used to localize the electrodes and to post-process the electrode positions.

Recommended 3D coordinate systems

It is preferred that electrodes are localized in a 3D coordinate system (with respect to a pre- and/or post-operative anatomical MRI or CT scans or in a standard space as specified in the BIDS Coordinate Systems Appendix about preferred names of coordinate systems, such as ACPC).

Allowed 2D coordinate systems

If electrodes are localized in 2D space (only x and y are specified and z is "n/a"), then the positions in this file MUST correspond to the locations expressed in pixels on the photo/drawing/rendering of the electrodes on the brain. In this case, `iEEGCoordinateSystem` MUST be defined as "Pixels", and `iEEGCoordinateUnits` MUST be defined as "pixels" (note the difference in capitalization). Furthermore, the coordinates MUST be (row,column) pairs, with (0,0) corresponding to the upper left pixel and (N,0) corresponding to the lower left pixel.

Multiple coordinate systems

If electrode positions are known in multiple coordinate systems (for example, MRI, CT and MNI), these spaces can be distinguished by the optional `space-<label>` field, see the `*_electrodes.tsv`-section for more information. Note that the `space-<label>` fields must correspond between `*_electrodes.tsv` and `*_coordsystem.json` if they refer to the same data.

Example `*_coordsystem.json`

```
{
  "IntendedFor": "bids::sub-01/ses-01/anat/sub-01_T1w.nii.gz",
  "iEEGCoordinateSystem": "ACPC",
  "iEEGCoordinateUnits": "mm",
  "iEEGCoordinateSystemDescription": "Coordinate system with the origin at anterior commissure (AC), negative y-axis going through the posterior comm",
  "iEEGCoordinateProcessingDescription": "surface_projection",
  "iEEGCoordinateProcessingReference": "Hermes et al., 2010 JNeuroMeth"
}
```

Photos of the electrode positions (`*_photo.<extension>`)

Template:

```
sub-<label>/
  [ses-<label>/]
    ieeg/
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>]_photo.jpg
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>]_photo.png
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>]_photo.tif
```

Legend:

- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, `[_ses-<label>]`) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in `<>`, separated by |.
- `_<suffix>` means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- `.<extension>` means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- `[.gz]` means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

These can include photos of the electrodes on the brain surface, photos of anatomical features or landmarks (such as sulcal structure), and fiducials. Photos can also include an X-ray picture, a flatbed scan of a schematic drawing made during surgery, or screenshots of a brain rendering with electrode positions. The photos may need to be cropped and/or blurred to conceal identifying features or entirely omitted prior to sharing, depending on obtained consent.

If there are photos of the electrodes, the `acq-<label>` entity should be specified with:

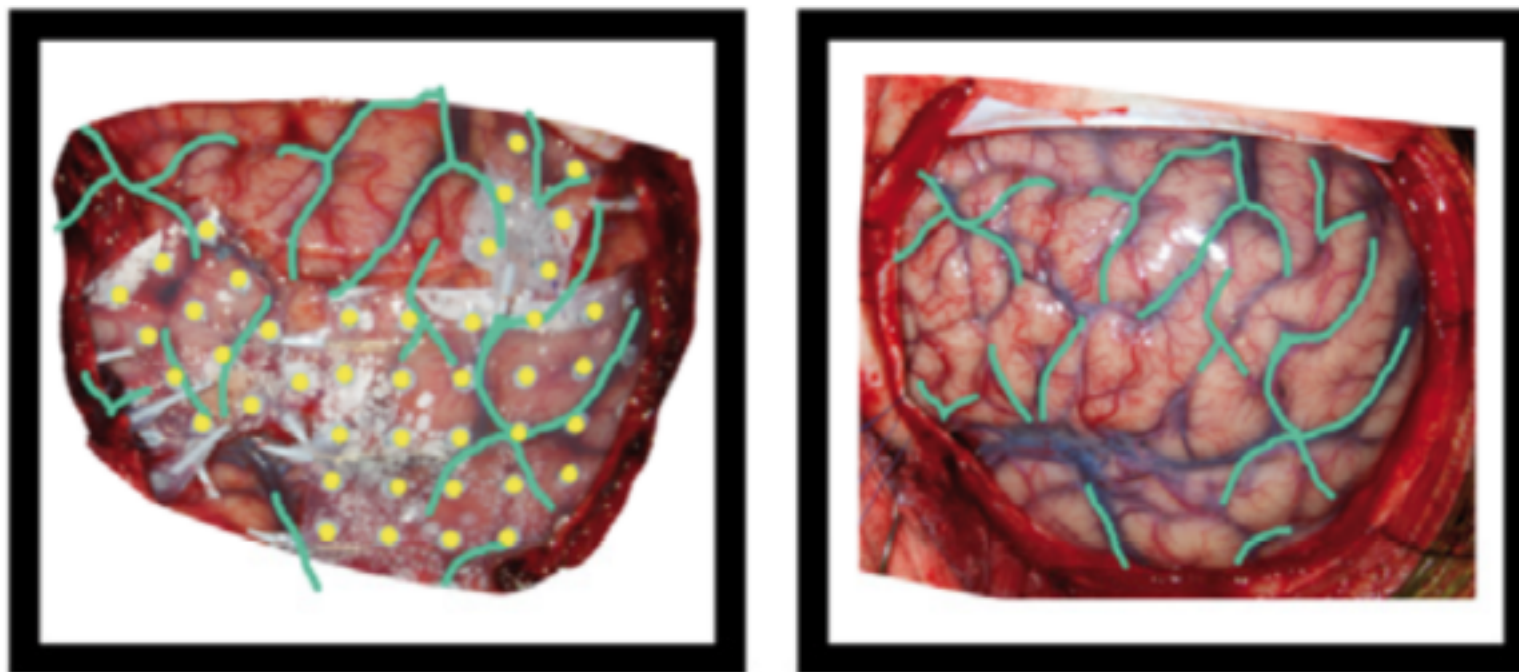
- `*_photo.<extension>` in case of an operative photo
- `*_acq-xray#_photo.<extension>` in case of an x-ray picture
- `*_acq-drawing#_photo.<extension>` in case of a drawing or sketch of electrode placements
- `*_acq-render#_photo.<extension>` in case of a rendering

The `ses-<label>` entity may be used to specify when the photo was taken.

Example `*_photo.<extension>`

Example of the operative photo of ECoG electrodes (here is an annotated example in which electrodes and vasculature are marked, taken from Hermes et al., JNeuroMeth 2010).

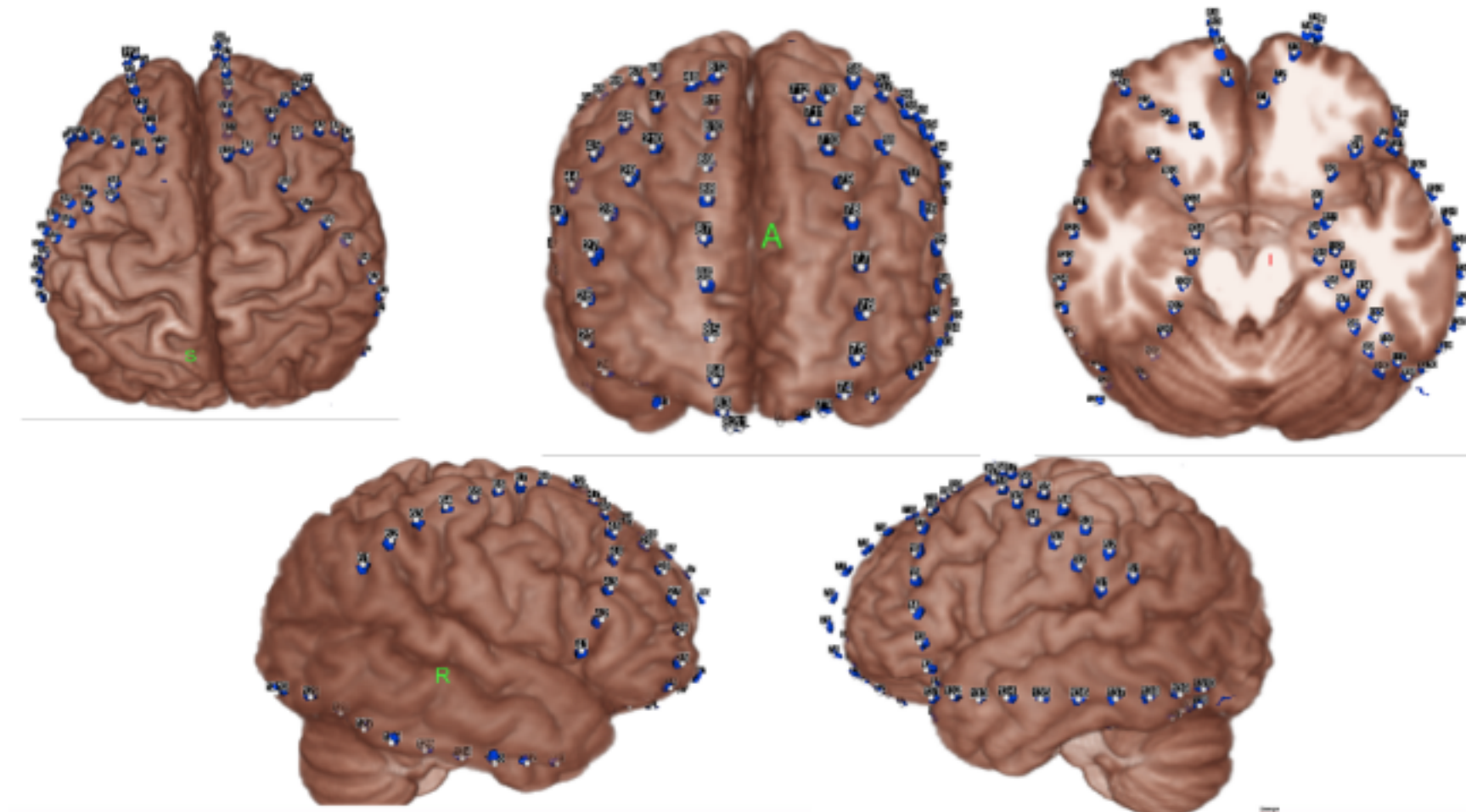
```
sub-01/  
  ses-0001/  
    sub-0001_ses-01_acq-photo1_photo.jpg  
    sub-0001_ses-01_acq-photo2_photo.jpg  
    ...
```



Below is an example of a volume rendering of the cortical surface with a superimposed subdural electrode implantation. This map is often provided by the EEG technician and provided to the epileptologists (for example, see Burneo JG et al.

1. [doi:10.1016/j.clineuro.2014.03.020](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.clineuro.2014.03.020)).

sub-0002_ses-01_acq-render_photo.jpg



Electrical stimulation

In case of electrical stimulation of brain tissue by passing current through the iEEG electrodes, and the electrical stimulation has an event structure (on-off, onset, duration), the `*_events.tsv` file can contain the electrical stimulation parameters in addition to other events. Note that these can be intermixed with other task events. Electrical stimulation parameters can be described in columns called `electrical_stimulation_<label>`, with labels chosen by the researcher and optionally defined in more detail in an accompanying `*_events.json` file (as per the main BIDS spec). Functions for complex stimulation patterns can, similar as when a video is presented, be stored in a directory in the `/stimuli/` directory. For example: `/stimuli/electrical_stimulation_functions/biphasic.tsv`

Example *_events.tsv

onset	duration	trial_type	electrical_stimulation_type	electrical_stimulation_site	electrical_stimulation_current
1.2	0.001	electrical_stimulation	biphasic	LT01-LT02	0.005
1.3	0.001	electrical_stimulation	biphasic	LT01-LT02	0.005
2.2	0.001	electrical_stimulation	biphasic	LT02-LT03	0.005
4.2	1	electrical_stimulation	complex	LT02-LT03	n/a
15.2	3	auditory_stimulus	n/a	n/a	n/a

Task events

The purpose of this file is to describe timing and other properties of events recorded during a run. Events are, for example, stimuli presented to the participant or participant responses (see Definitions). A single event file MAY include any combination of stimulus, response, and other events. Events MAY overlap in time. Please mind that this does not imply that only so called "event related" study designs are supported (in contrast to "block" designs) - each "block of events" can be represented by an individual row in the `events.tsv` file (with a long duration).

Template:

```
sub-<label>/[ses-<label>]
  <data_type>/
    <matches>_events.tsv
    <matches>_events.json
```

Where `<matches>` corresponds to task filename. For example: `sub-control01_task-nback`.

Each task events file **REQUIRES** a corresponding task data file. It is also possible to have a single `events.tsv` file describing events for all participants and runs (see Inheritance Principle). As with all other tabular data, `events.tsv` files MAY be accompanied by a JSON file describing the columns in detail (see Tabular Files).

The tabular files consists of one row per event and a set of **REQUIRED** and **OPTIONAL** columns:

Column name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
onset	REQUIRED	number	Onset (in seconds) of the event, measured from the beginning of the acquisition of the first data point stored in the corresponding task data file. Negative onsets are allowed, to account for events that occur prior to the first stored data point. For example, in case there is an in-scanner training phase that begins before the scanning sequence has started events from this sequence should have negative onset time counting down to the beginning of the acquisition of the first volume. If any data points have been discarded before forming the data file (for example, "dummy volumes" in BOLD fMRI), a time of 0 corresponds to the first stored data point and not the first acquired data point. This column must appear first in the file.
duration	REQUIRED	number or "n/a"	Duration of the event (measured from onset) in seconds. Must always be either zero or positive (or n/a if unavailable). A "duration" value of zero implies that the delta function or event is so short as to be effectively modeled as an impulse. This column must appear second in the file.
trial_type	OPTIONAL	string	Primary categorisation of each trial to identify them as instances of the experimental conditions. For example: for a response inhibition task, it could take on values go and no-go to refer to response initiation and response inhibition experimental conditions. This column may appear anywhere in the file.

Column name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
response_time	OPTIONAL	number or "n/a"	Response time measured in seconds. A negative response time can be used to represent preemptive responses and n/a denotes a missed response. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
HED	OPTIONAL	string	Hierarchical Event Descriptor (HED) Tag. See the HED for details. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
stim_file	OPTIONAL	string	Represents the location of the stimulus file (such as an image, video, or audio file) presented at the given onset time. There are no restrictions on the file formats of the stimuli files, but they should be stored in the /stimuli directory (under the root directory of the dataset; with OPTIONAL subdirectories). The values under the stim_file column correspond to a path relative to /stimuli. For example images/cat03.jpg will be translated to /stimuli/images/cat03.jpg. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
channel	OPTIONAL	string	Channel(s) associated with an event. If multiple channels are specified, they MUST be separated by a delimiter specified in the "Delimiter" field describing the channel column. For example, channels separated with a comma (,) require the events.json file to contain "channel": {"Delimiter": ", "}. In the absence of a delimiter, tools MUST interpret any character as being part of a channel name. Note that this column only applies to data types where channels are specified, such as EEG, iEEG, MEG or NIRS. This column may appear anywhere in the file.

Column name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
Additional Columns	OPTIONAL	n/a	Additional columns are allowed.

Note for MRI data: If any acquired scans have been discarded before forming the imaging data file, ensure that an `onset` of 0 corresponds to the time the first image was stored. For example in case there is an in scanner training phase that begins before the scanning sequence has started events from this sequence should have negative onset time counting down to the beginning of the acquisition of the first volume.

Note regarding the precision of numeric metadata: It is RECOMMENDED that dataset curators specify numeric metadata like `onset` and `duration` with as much decimal precision as is reasonable in the context of the experiment. For example in an EEG experiment with devices operating at 1000 Hz sampling frequency, dataset curators SHOULD specify at least 3 figures after the decimal point.

An arbitrary number of additional columns can be added. Those allow describing other properties of events that could be later referenced in modeling and hypothesis extensions of BIDS. Note that the `trial_type` and any additional columns in a TSV file SHOULD be documented in an accompanying JSON sidecar file.

Example:

```
sub-control01/
func/
  sub-control01_task-stopsignal_events.tsv
  sub-control01_task-stopsignal_events.json
```

Example of the content of the TSV file:

```
onset    duration    trial_type  response_time  stim_file  channel  annots
1.23     0.65        start      1.435          images/red_square.jpg  n/a n/a
5.65     0.65        stop       1.739          images/blue_square.jpg  n/a n/a
12.1     2.35        n/a n/a n/a F,1|F,2|Cz  musc
```

In the accompanying JSON sidecar, the `trial_type` column might look as follows:

```
{
  "trial_type": {
    "LongName": "Event category",
    "Description": "Indicator of type of action that is expected",
    "Levels": {
      "start": "A red square is displayed to indicate starting",
      "stop": "A blue square is displayed to indicate stopping"
    }
  },
  "channel": {
    "Description": "Channel(s) associated with the event",
    "Delimiter": "|"
  },
}
```

```
"annots": {  
  "LongName": "Annotations",  
  "Description": "Annotations associated with channels indicated in the channel column.",  
  "Levels": {  
    "musc": "Muscle artifact. A very common, high frequency, sharp artifact that corresponds with agitation/nervousness in a patient."  
  },  
  "HED": {  
    "musc": "EMG-artifact"  
  }  
}
```

Note that in the example above:

1. Only a subset of columns are described for the sake of brevity. In a real dataset, all other columns SHOULD also be described.
2. The `channel` column contains a list of values that are separated by a delimiter (`|`), as is declared in the `Delimiter` metadata field of the `events.json` file. Thus, the channels related to the event in the third row of the example are called `F,1,F,2, and Cz`.
3. The example contains a column called `annots`. This column is not defined in BIDS, and constitutes additional, arbitrary (that is, unofficial) metadata. In the present case, it is used to describe artifacts in the data, in reference to the `channel` column. The `annots` column is making use of the powerful HED system for documenting events, see below.

Events MAY also be documented in machine-actionable form using HED (Hierarchical Event Descriptor) tags. This type of documentation is particularly useful for datasets likely to be used in event-related analyses. See Hierarchical Event Descriptors for additional information and examples.

For multi-echo files, the `events.tsv` file is applicable to all echos of a particular run:

```
sub-01/  
  func/  
    sub-01_task-cuedSGT_run-1_events.tsv  
    sub-01_task-cuedSGT_run-1_echo-1_bold.nii.gz  
    sub-01_task-cuedSGT_run-1_echo-2_bold.nii.gz  
    sub-01_task-cuedSGT_run-1_echo-3_bold.nii.gz
```

Stimuli

Additional information about the stimuli can be added in the `events.tsv` and `events.json` files.

This can be done by using a `/stimuli` directory or by reference to a stimuli database.

Stimuli directory

The stimulus files can be added in a `/stimuli` directory (under the root directory of the dataset; with optional subdirectories) AND using a `stim_file` column in `events.tsv` mentioning which stimulus file was used for a given event,

There are no restrictions on the file formats of the stimuli files, but they should be stored in the `/stimuli` directory.

Stimuli databases

References to existing databases can also be encoded using additional columns. The following example includes references to the [Karolinska Directed Emotional Faces \(KDEF\) database](#).

Example:

```
sub-control01/
  func/
    sub-control01_task-emoface_events.tsv
    sub-control01_task-emoface_events.json
```

Example of the content of the TSV file:

```
onset duration trial_type identifier database response_time
1.2 0.6 afraid AF01AFAF kdef 1.435
5.6 0.6 angry AM01AFAN kdef 1.739
5.6 0.6 sad AF01ANSA kdef 1.739
```

The `trial_type` and `identifier` columns from the `events.tsv` files might be described in the accompanying JSON sidecar as follows:

```
{
  "trial_type": {
    "LongName": "Emotion image type",
    "Description": "Type of emotional face from Karolinska database that is displayed",
    "Levels": {
      "afraid": "A face showing fear is displayed",
      "angry": "A face showing anger is displayed",
      "sad": "A face showing sadness is displayed"
    }
  },
  "identifier": {
    "LongName": "Karolinska (KDEF) database identifier",
    "Description": "ID from KDEF database used to identify the displayed image"
  }
}
```

Note that all other columns SHOULD also be described but are omitted for the sake of brevity.

Stimulus presentation details

It is RECOMMENDED to include details of the stimulus presentation software, when applicable:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
StimulusPresentation	RECOMMENDED	object	Object containing key-value pairs related to the software used to present the stimuli during the experiment.
VisionCorrection	OPTIONAL	string	Equipment used to correct participant vision during an experiment. Example: "spectacles", "lenses", "none".

The object supplied for `StimulusPresentation` SHOULD include the following key-value pairs:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
OperatingSystem	RECOMMENDED	string	Operating system used to run the stimuli presentation software (for formatting recommendations, see examples below this table).
ScreenDistance	RECOMMENDED	number or "n/a"	Distance between the participant's eye and the screen. If no screen was used, use n/a.
ScreenRefreshRate	RECOMMENDED	number	Refresh rate of the screen (when used), in Hertz (equivalent to frames per second, "FPS").
ScreenResolution	RECOMMENDED	array of integers or "n/a"	Screen resolution in pixel (for example [1920, 1200] for a screen of 1920-width by 1080-height pixels), if no screen use n/a.
ScreenSize	RECOMMENDED	array of numbers or "n/a"	Screen size in m, excluding potential screen borders (for example [0.472, 0.295] for a screen of 47.2-width by 29.5-height cm), if no screen use n/a.
SoftwareName	RECOMMENDED	string	Name of the software that was used to present the stimuli.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
SoftwareRRID	RECOMMENDED	string	Research Resource Identifier of the software that was used to present the stimuli. Examples: The RRID for Psychtoolbox is 'SCR_002881', and that of PsychoPy is 'SCR_006571'.
SoftwareVersion	RECOMMENDED	string	Version of the software that was used to present the stimuli.
Code	RECOMMENDED	string	Code of the code used to present the stimuli. Persistent identifiers such as DOIs are preferred. If multiple versions of code may be hosted at the same location, revision-specific URIs are RECOMMENDED.

The operating system description SHOULD include the following attributes:

- type (for example, Windows, macOS, Linux)
- distribution (if applicable, for example, Ubuntu, Debian, CentOS)
- the version number (for example, 18.04.5)

Examples:

- Windows 10, Version 2004
- macOS 10.15.6
- Linux Ubuntu 18.04.5

The amount of information supplied for the `OperatingSystem` SHOULD be sufficient to re-run the code under maximally similar conditions.

The information related to stimulus presentation might be described in the accompanying JSON sidecar as follows (based on the example of the previous section):

```
{
  "trial_type": {
    "LongName": "Emotion image type",
    "Description": "Type of emotional face from Karolinska database that is displayed",
    "Levels": {
      "afraid": "A face showing fear is displayed",
      "angry": "A face showing anger is displayed",
      "sad": "A face showing sadness is displayed"
    }
  },
  "identifier": {
```

```
    "LongName": "Unique identifier from Karolinska (KDEF) database",
    "Description": "ID from KDEF database used to identify the displayed image"
  },
  "StimulusPresentation": {
    "OperatingSystem": "Linux Ubuntu 18.04.5",
    "SoftwareName": "Psychtoolbox",
    "SoftwareRRID": "SCR_002881",
    "SoftwareVersion": "3.0.14",
    "Code": "doi:10.5281/zenodo.3361717",
    "ScreenDistance": 1.8,
    "ScreenRefreshRate": 60,
    "ScreenResolution": [1920, 1200],
    "ScreenSize": [0.472, 0.295],
    "HeadStabilization": "none"
  },
  "VisionCorrection": "lenses"
}
```

Physiological and other continuous recordings

Physiological recordings such as cardiac and respiratory signals and other continuous measures (such as parameters of a film or audio stimuli) MAY be specified using two files:

1. a [gzip](#) compressed TSV file with data (without header line)
2. a JSON file for storing metadata fields (see below)

[Example datasets](#) with physiological data have been formatted using this specification and can be used for practical guidance when curating a new dataset:

- [7t_trt](#)
- [ds210](#)

Template:

```
sub-<label>/[ses-<label>/]
  <datatype>/
    <matches>[_recording-<label>]_physio.tsv.gz
    <matches>[_recording-<label>]_physio.json
    <matches>[_recording-<label>]_stim.tsv.gz
    <matches>[_recording-<label>]_stim.json
```

For the template directory name, <datatype> can correspond to any data recording modality, for example func, anat, dwi, meg, eeg, ieeg, or beh.

In the template filenames, the <matches> part corresponds to task filename before the suffix. For example for the file sub-control01_task-nback_run-1_bold.nii.gz, <matches> would correspond to sub-control01_task-nback_run-1.

Note that when supplying a *_<physio|stim>.tsv.gz file, an accompanying *_<physio|stim>.json MUST be supplied as well.

The recording-<label> entity MAY be used to distinguish between several recording files. For example sub-01_task-bart_recording-eyetracking_physio.tsv.gz to contain the eyetracking data in a certain sampling frequency, and sub-01_task-bart_recording-breathing_physio.tsv.gz to contain respiratory measurements in a different sampling frequency.

Physiological recordings (including eyetracking) SHOULD use the _physio suffix, and signals related to the stimulus SHOULD use _stim suffix.

The following table specifies metadata fields for the `*_<physio|stim>.json` file.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
SamplingFrequency	REQUIRED	number	Sampling frequency (in Hz) of all the data in the recording, regardless of their type (for example, 2400).
StartTime	REQUIRED	number	Start time in seconds in relation to the start of acquisition of the first data sample in the corresponding (neural) dataset (negative values are allowed). This data MAY be specified with sub-second precision using the syntax <code>s[.000000]</code> , where <code>s</code> reflects whole seconds, and <code>.000000</code> reflects OPTIONAL fractional seconds.
Columns	REQUIRED	array of strings	Names of columns in file.
Manufacturer	RECOMMENDED	string	Manufacturer of the equipment that produced the measurements.
ManufacturersModelName	RECOMMENDED	string	Manufacturer's model name of the equipment that produced the measurements.
SoftwareVersions	RECOMMENDED	string	Manufacturer's designation of software version of the equipment that produced the measurements.
DeviceSerialNumber	RECOMMENDED	string	The serial number of the equipment that produced the measurements. A pseudonym can also be used to prevent the equipment from being identifiable, so long as each pseudonym is unique within the dataset.

Additional metadata may be included as in any TSV file to specify, for example, the units of the recorded time series. Please note that, in contrast to other TSV files in BIDS, the TSV files specified for physiological and other continuous recordings do not include a header line. Instead the name of columns are specified in the JSON file (see `Columns` field). This is to improve compatibility with existing software (for example, FSL, PNM) as well as to make support for other file formats possible in the future. As in any TSV file, column names MUST NOT be blank (that is, an empty string), and MUST NOT be duplicated within a single JSON file describing a headerless TSV file.

Example `*_physio.tsv.gz`:

```
sub-control01/
func/
```

```
sub-control01_task-nback_physio.tsv.gz
```

(after decompression)

```
34    110    0
44    112    0
23    100    1
```

Example *_physio.json:

```
sub-control01/
  func/
    sub-control01_task-nback_physio.json
{
  "SamplingFrequency": 100.0,
  "StartTime": -22.345,
  "Columns": ["cardiac", "respiratory", "trigger"],
  "Manufacturer": "Brain Research Equipment ltd.",
  "cardiac": {
    "Description": "continuous pulse measurement",
    "Units": "mV"
  },
  "respiratory": {
    "Description": "continuous measurements by respiration belt",
    "Units": "mV"
  },
  "trigger": {
    "Description": "continuous measurement of the scanner trigger signal"
  }
}
```

Note how apart from the general metadata fields like `SamplingFrequency`, `StartTime`, `Columns`, and `Manufacturer`, each individual column in the TSV file may be documented as its own field in the JSON file (identical to the practice in other TSV+JSON file pairs). Here, only the `Description` and `Units` fields are shown, but you may use any other of the defined fields such as `TermURL`, `LongName`, and so on. In this example, the "cardiac" and "respiratory" time series are produced by devices from the same manufacturer and follow the same sampling frequency. To specify different sampling frequencies or manufacturers, the time series would have to be split into separate files like *_recording-cardiac_physio.<tsv.gz|json> and *_recording-respiratory_physio.<tsv.gz|json>.

Recommendations for specific use cases

To store pulse or breathing measurements, or the scanner trigger signal, the following naming conventions SHOULD be used for the column names:

Column name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
cardiac	OPTIONAL	number	continuous pulse measurement
respiratory	OPTIONAL	number	continuous breathing measurement
trigger	OPTIONAL	number	continuous measurement of the scanner trigger signal
Additional Columns	OPTIONAL	n/a	Additional columns are allowed.

For any other data to be specified in columns, the column names can be chosen as deemed appropriate by the researcher.

Recordings with different sampling frequencies or starting times should be stored in separate files (and the `recording-<label>` entity MAY be used to distinguish these files).

If the same continuous recording has been used for all subjects (for example in the case where they all watched the same movie), one file MAY be used and placed in the root directory. For example, `task-movie_stim.tsv.gz`

For motion parameters acquired from MRI scanner side motion correction, the `_physio` suffix SHOULD be used.

For multi-echo data, a given `physio.tsv` file is applicable to all echos of a particular run. For example:

```
sub-01/
  func/
    sub-01_task-cuedSGT_run-1_physio.tsv.gz
    sub-01_task-cuedSGT_run-1_echo-1_bold.nii.gz
    sub-01_task-cuedSGT_run-1_echo-2_bold.nii.gz
    sub-01_task-cuedSGT_run-1_echo-3_bold.nii.gz
```

Behavioral experiments (with no neural recordings)

Template:

```
sub-<label>/
  [ses-<label>/]
    beh/
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>]_beh.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>]_beh.tsv
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>]_events.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>]_events.tsv
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_physio.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_physio.tsv.gz
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_stim.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_stim.tsv.gz
```

Legend:

- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, [_ses-<label>]) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in <>, separated by |.
- _<suffix> means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- .<extension> means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- [.gz] means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

In addition to logs from behavioral experiments performed alongside imaging data acquisitions, one can also include data from experiments performed with no neural recordings. The results of those experiments can be stored in the `beh` directory using the same formats for event timing (`_events.tsv`), metadata (`_events.json`), physiological (`_physio.tsv.gz`, `_physio.json`) and other continuous recordings (`_stim.tsv.gz`, `_stim.json`) as for tasks performed during MRI, electrophysiological or other neural recordings. Additionally, events files that do not include the mandatory `onset` and `duration` columns can still be included, but should be labeled `_beh.tsv` rather than `_events.tsv`.

Sidecar JSON (*_beh.json)

In addition to the metadata that is either:

- RECOMMENDED for sidecar JSON files for tabular data, or
- REQUIRED for some data that can be found in the `beh` directory (for example `SamplingFrequency` and `StartTime` for *_<physio|stim>.tsv.gz files),

it is RECOMMENDED to add the following metadata to the JSON files of this directory.

Task information

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
TaskName	RECOMMENDED	string	Name of the task. No two tasks should have the same name. The task label included in the filename is derived from this "TaskName" field by removing all non-alphanumeric characters (that is, all except those matching [0-9a-zA-Z]). For example "TaskName" "faces n-back" or "head nodding" will correspond to task labels <code>facesnback</code> and <code>headnodding</code> , respectively.
Instructions	RECOMMENDED	string	Text of the instructions given to participants before the recording.
TaskDescription	RECOMMENDED	string	Longer description of the task.
CogAtlasID	RECOMMENDED	string	CogAtlasID of the corresponding Cognitive Atlas Task term.
CogPOID	RECOMMENDED	string	CogPOID of the corresponding CogPO term.

Institution information

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
InstitutionName	RECOMMENDED	string	The name of the institution in charge of the equipment that produced the measurements.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
InstitutionAddress	RECOMMENDED	string	The address of the institution in charge of the equipment that produced the measurements.
InstitutionalDepartmentName	RECOMMENDED	string	The department in the institution in charge of the equipment that produced the measurements.

Example `_beh.tsv`

```
trial    response    response_time    stim_file
congruent    red 1.435    images/word-red_color-red.jpg
incongruent red 1.739    images/word-red_color-blue.jpg
```

In the accompanying JSON sidecar, the `trial` column might be documented as follows:

```
{
  "TaskName": "Stroop",
  "trial": {
    "LongName": "Trial name",
    "Description": "Indicator of the type of trial",
    "Levels": {
      "congruent": "Word and font color match.",
      "incongruent": "Word and font color do not match."
    }
  }
}
```

Genetic Descriptor

Support genetic descriptors was developed as a BIDS Extension Proposal. Please see Citing BIDS on how to appropriately credit this extension when referring to it in the context of the academic literature.

Genetic data are typically stored in dedicated repositories, separate from imaging data. A genetic descriptor links a BIDS dataset to associated genetic data, potentially in a separate repository, with details of where to find the genetic data and the type of data available.

The following example dataset with genetics data have been formatted using this specification and can be used for practical guidance when curating a new dataset.

- [UK biobank](#)

Dataset Description

If information on associated genetic data is supplied as part of a BIDS dataset, these "genetic descriptors" are encoded as an additional, REQUIRED entry in the `dataset_description.json` file.

Datasets linked to a genetic database entry include the following REQUIRED and OPTIONAL keys in the `Genetics` sub-object of `dataset_description.json`:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
Dataset	REQUIRED	string	Dataset where data can be retrieved.
Database	OPTIONAL	string	Database of database where the dataset is hosted.
Descriptors	OPTIONAL	string or array of strings	List of relevant descriptors (for example, journal articles) for dataset using a valid Descriptors when possible.

Example:

```
{
  "Name": "Human Connectome Project",
```

```
"BIDSVersion": "1.3.0",
"License": "CC0",
"Authors": ["1st author", "2nd author"],
"Funding": ["P41 EB015894/EB/NIBIB NIH HHS/United States"],
"Genetics": {
  "Dataset": "https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/projects/gap/cgi-bin/study.cgi?study_id=phs001364.v1.p1",
  "Database": "https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gap/",
  "Descriptors": ["doi:10.1016/j.neuroimage.2013.05.041"]
}
```

Subject naming and Participants file

If the same participants have different identifiers in the genetic and imaging datasets, the column `genetic_id` SHOULD be added to the `participants.tsv` file to associate the BIDS participant with a subject in the `Genetics.Dataset` referred to in the `dataset_description.json` file.

Information about the presence/absence of specific genetic markers MAY be duplicated in the `participants.tsv` file by adding optional columns (like `idh_mutation` in the example below). Note that optional columns MUST be further described in an accompanying `participants.json` file as described in Tabular files.

`participants.tsv` example:

participant_id	age	sex	group	genetic_id	idh_mutation
sub-control01	34	M	control	124587	yes
sub-control02	12	F	control	548936	yes
sub-patient01	33	F	patient	489634	no

Genetic Information

Template:

`genetic_info.json`

The following fields are defined for `genetic_info.json`:

The `genetic_info.json` file describes the genetic information available in the `participants.tsv` file and/or the genetic database described in `dataset_description.json`.

Datasets containing the `Genetics` field in `dataset_description.json` or the `genetic_id` column in `participants.tsv` MUST include this file.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
GeneticLevel	REQUIRED	string or array of strings	Describes the level of analysis. Values MUST be one of "Genetic", "Genomic", "Epigenomic", "Transcriptomic", "Metabolomic", or "Proteomic". For more information on these levels, see Multi-omics approaches to disease by Hasin et al. 2017.
AnalyticalApproach	OPTIONAL	string or array of strings	Methodology or methodologies used to analyze the "GeneticLevel". Values MUST be taken from the database of Genotypes and Phenotypes (dbGaP) under /Study/Molecular Data Type (for example, SNP Genotypes (Array) or Methylation (CpG)).
SampleOrigin	REQUIRED	string	Describes from which tissue the genetic information was extracted. Must be one of: "blood", "saliva", "brain", "csf", "breast milk", "bile", "amniotic fluid", "other biospecimen".
TissueOrigin	OPTIONAL	string	Describes the type of tissue analyzed for "SampleOrigin" brain. Must be one of: "gray matter", "white matter", "csf", "meninges", "macrovascular", "microvascular".
BrainLocation	OPTIONAL	string	Refers to the location in space of the "TissueOrigin". Values may be an MNI coordinate, a label taken from the Allen Brain Atlas , or layer to refer to layer-specific gene expression, which can also tie up with laminar fMRI.
CellType	OPTIONAL	string	Describes the type of cell analyzed. Values SHOULD come from the cell ontology .

To ensure dataset description consistency, we recommend following [Multi-omics approaches to disease](#) by Hasin et al. 2017 to determine the GeneticLevel:

- Genetic: data report on a single genetic location (typically directly in the `participants.tsv` file)
- Genomic: data link to participants' genome (multiple genetic locations)
- Epigenomic: data link to participants' characterization of reversible modifications of DNA

- Transcriptomic: data link to participants RNA levels
- Metabolomic: data link to participants' products of cellular metabolic functions
- Proteomic: data link to participants peptides and proteins quantification

genetic_info.json example:

```
{
  "GeneticLevel": "Genomic",
  "AnalyticalApproach": ["Whole Genome Sequencing", "SNP/CNV Genotypes"],
  "SampleOrigin": "brain",
  "TissueOrigin": "gray matter",
  "CellType": "neuron",
  "BrainLocation": "[-30 -15 10]"
}
```

Positron Emission Tomography

Support for Positron Emission Tomography (PET) was developed as a BIDS Extension Proposal. Please see [Citing BIDS](#) on how to appropriately credit this extension when referring to it in the context of the academic literature.

Several [example PET datasets](#) have been formatted using this specification and can be used for practical guidance when curating a new dataset.

Further PET datasets are available from [OpenNeuro](#).

Terminology and conventions

PET-BIDS is fully consistent with the BIDS specification as a whole. However, BIDS was initially developed in the context of MRI, so some terminology may be unfamiliar to researchers from each field. This section adds clarifications to Common Principles - Definitions for the PET context, and introduces the term "time zero" which is currently specific to PET.

1. Session - In most cases, a new session with respect to PET corresponds to a visit to the scanning site, and starts with a new injection. In situations where different data types are obtained over several visits (for example, FDG PET on one day followed by amyloid PET a couple days after) these scans may be grouped into the same session. In other datasets, a subject leaving the scanner and returning under the same injection may be considered separate sessions.
2. Run - In PET, subjects may have to leave the scanner to use the bathroom. While leaving the scanner would interrupt an MR acquisition, in PET this disruption is more appropriately considered missing data during a run.
3. Time zero - A reference point in time, to which all timestamps pertaining to a recording are relative. Time zero will most commonly be the time of injection of a radioisotope, or the time at which the first scan of an acquisition is begun. If a pharmacological within-scan challenge is performed, another time zero may be more convenient.

An overview of a common PET experiment (with blood data) can be seen in Figure 1, defined on a single time scale relative to a predefined "time zero".

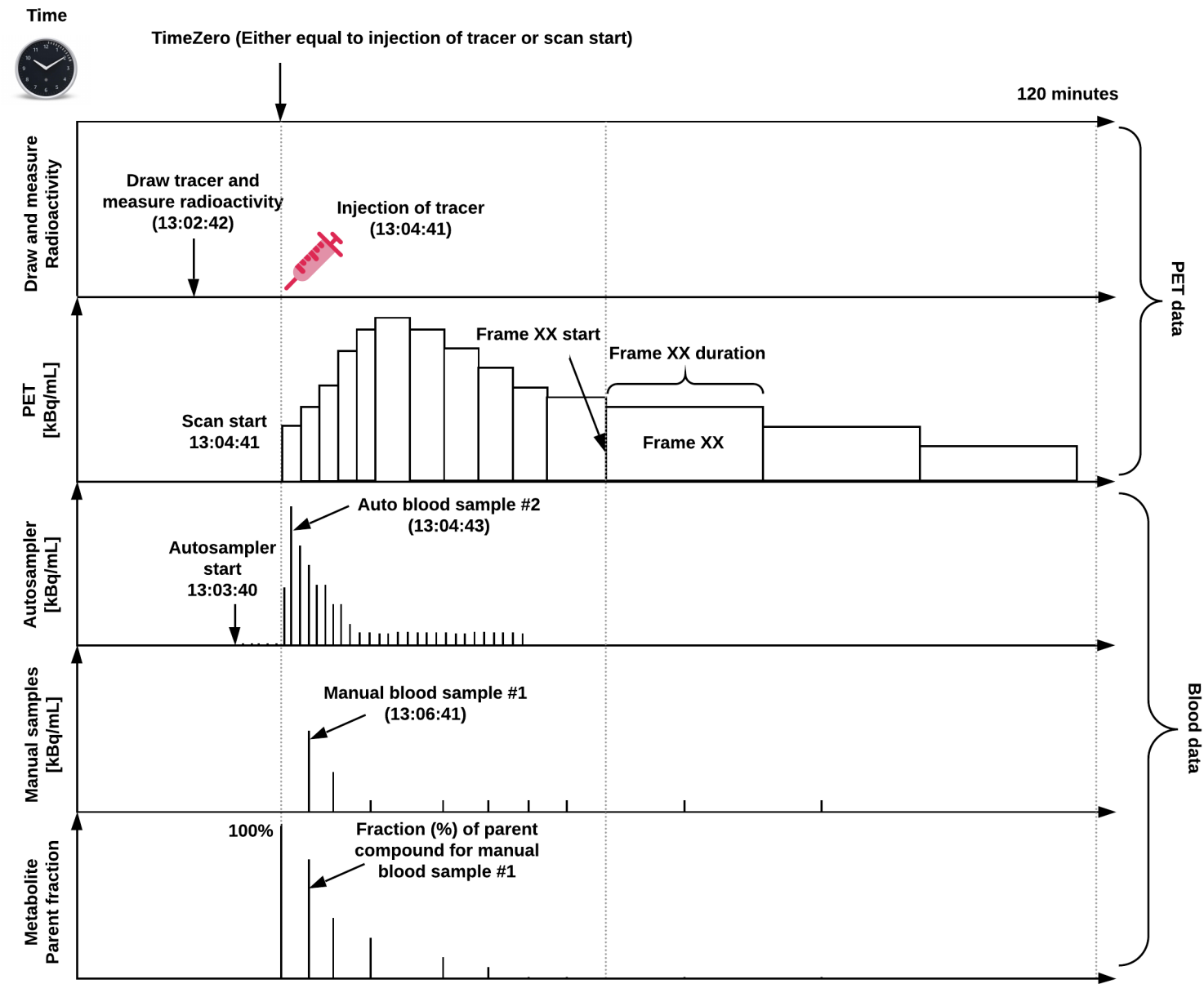


Figure 1: Overview of a common PET experiment, including blood measurements, and defined on a common time scale. Note, "time zero" is often defined as time of injection or scan start, but if a pharmaceutical challenge is carried out during the scan, this time point may also be chosen as time zero. The injected dose, the PET data, and blood data should all be decay-corrected to time zero, but because the time of injection does not always coincide with scan start, the PET data may not always be decay-corrected to the time of injection. If this is not the case, this may be indicated in the reconstruction section (`ImageDecayCorrected` and `ImageDecayCorrectionTime`). In this example, tracer injection coincides with scan start.

PET recording data

Template:

```
sub-<label>/
  [ses-<label>/]
    pet/
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_task-<label>][_trc-<label>][_rec-<label>][_run-<index>]_pet.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_task-<label>][_trc-<label>][_rec-<label>][_run-<index>]_pet.nii.gz]
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_task-<label>][_trc-<label>][_rec-<label>][_run-<index>]_events.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_task-<label>][_trc-<label>][_rec-<label>][_run-<index>]_events.tsv
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_task-<label>][_trc-<label>][_rec-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_physio.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_task-<label>][_trc-<label>][_rec-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_physio.tsv.gz
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_task-<label>][_trc-<label>][_rec-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_stim.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_task-<label>][_trc-<label>][_rec-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_stim.tsv.gz
```

Legend:

- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, `[_ses-<label>]`) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in `<>`, separated by `|`.
- `_<suffix>` means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- `.<extension>` means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- `[.gz]` means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

PET data MUST be stored in the `pet` directory. PET imaging data SHOULD be stored in 4D (or 3D, if only one volume was acquired) NIfTI files with the `_pet` suffix. Volumes MUST be stored in chronological order (the order they were acquired in).

The OPTIONAL `task-<label>` is used to indicate a task subjects were asked to perform in the scanner. Those labels MUST be consistent across subjects and sessions. For task based PET, a corresponding `task_events` file MUST be provided (please note that this file is not necessary for resting scans).

The `trc-<label>` entity is used to indicate the tracer used. This entity is OPTIONAL if only one tracer is used in the study, but REQUIRED to distinguish between tracers if multiple are used. The label used is arbitrary and each file requires a separate JSON sidecar with details of the tracer used (see below). Examples are `trc-18FFDG` for fludeoxyglucose or `trc-11CPIB` for Pittsburgh compound B. Other labels are permitted, as long as they are consistent across subjects and sessions and consist only of the legal label characters.

If more than one run of the same task and acquisition (tracer) are acquired during the same session, the `run-<index>` entity MUST be used: `_run-1`, `_run-2`, `_run-3`, and so on. If only one run was acquired the `run-<index>` can be omitted.

The OPTIONAL `rec-<label>` entity is used to indicate the reconstruction method used for the image, with four reserved values:

- `acdyn`, for reconstructions with attenuation correction of dynamic data;
- `acstat`, for reconstructions with attenuation correction of static data;
- `nacdyn`, for reconstructions without attenuation correction of dynamic data;
- `nacstat`, for reconstructions without attenuation correction of static data.

Further details regarding reconstruction are in the `_pet.json` file. If multiple reconstructions of the data are made with the same type of reconstruction, a number MAY be appended to the label, for example `rec-acdyn1` and `rec-acdyn2`.

Shared MRI data along with PET

PET and MRI images may be aggregated in the same dataset. When analyzing MRI and PET data together, it is essential to specify whether MR images have been corrected for gradient non-linearities, using the `NonLinearGradientCorrection` metadata field (see Sequence Specifics), which is REQUIRED for all MR data if PET data is also present in the dataset (see also PET-MRI correspondence). In the case of studies using combined PET/fMRI, subject-specific tasks may be carried out during the acquisition within the same session. If the same task is recorded with both modalities, the same `task-<label>` entity SHOULD be used. For further details, see Task (including resting state) imaging data.

In addition to the imaging data (`*.nii`) a `_pet.json` sidecar file MUST be provided. The included metadata are divided into sections described below.

PET metadata

PET data MUST be described by metadata fields, stored in sidecar JSON files. These fields are derived from the recommendations in Knudsen et al. 2020, [doi:10.1177/0271678X20905433](https://doi.org/10.1177/0271678X20905433), which we divide into several categories:

Radiochemistry

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
TracerName	REQUIRED	string	Name of the tracer compound used (for example, "CIMBI-36") Corresponds to DICOM Tags (0008,0105) Mapping Resource and (0008,0122) Mapping Resource Name.
TracerRadionuclide	REQUIRED	string	Radioisotope labeling tracer (for example, "C11"). Corresponds to DICOM Tags (0008,0104) CodeValue and (0008,0104) CodeMeaning.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
InjectedRadioactivity	REQUIRED	number	Total amount of radioactivity injected into the patient (for example, 400). For bolus-infusion experiments, this value should be the sum of all injected radioactivity originating from both bolus and infusion. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 1074 Radionuclide Total Dose.
InjectedRadioactivityUnits	REQUIRED	string	Unit format of the specified injected radioactivity (for example, "MBq").
InjectedMass	REQUIRED	number or "n/a"	Total mass of radiolabeled compound injected into subject (for example, 10). This can be derived as the ratio of the "InjectedRadioactivity" and "MolarRadioactivity". For those tracers in which injected mass is not available (for example FDG) can be set to "n/a".
InjectedMassUnits	REQUIRED	string or "n/a"	Unit format of the mass of compound injected (for example, "ug" or "umol"). Note this is not REQUIRED for an FDG acquisition, since it is not available, and SHOULD be set to "n/a".
SpecificRadioactivity	REQUIRED	number or "n/a"	Specific activity of compound injected. Note this is not REQUIRED for an FDG acquisition, since it is not available, and SHOULD be set to "n/a".
SpecificRadioactivityUnits	REQUIRED	string or "n/a"	Unit format of specified specific radioactivity (for example, "Bq/g"). Note this is not REQUIRED for an FDG acquisition, since it is not available, and SHOULD be set to "n/a".
ModeOfAdministration	REQUIRED	string	Mode of administration of the injection (for example, "bolus", "infusion", or "bolus-infusion").
TracerRadLex	RECOMMENDED	string	ID of the tracer compound from the RadLex Ontology.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
TracerSNOMED	RECOMMENDED	string	ID of the tracer compound from the SNOMED Ontology (subclass of Radioactive isotope).
TracerMolecularWeight	RECOMMENDED	number	Accurate molecular weight of the tracer used.
TracerMolecularWeightUnits	RECOMMENDED	string	Unit of the molecular weights measurement (for example, "g/mol").
InjectedMassPerWeight	RECOMMENDED	number	Injected mass per kilogram bodyweight.
InjectedMassPerWeightUnits	RECOMMENDED	string	Unit format of the injected mass per kilogram bodyweight (for example, "ug/kg").
SpecificRadioactivityMeasTime	RECOMMENDED	string	Time to which specific radioactivity measurement above applies in the default unit "hh:mm:ss".
MolarActivity	RECOMMENDED	number	Molar activity of compound injected. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 1077 Radiopharmaceutical Specific Activity.
MolarActivityUnits	RECOMMENDED	string	Unit of the specified molar radioactivity (for example, "GBq/umol").
MolarActivityMeasTime	RECOMMENDED	string	Time to which molar radioactivity measurement above applies in the default unit "hh:mm:ss".
InfusionRadioactivity	RECOMMENDED, but REQUIRED if ModeOfAdministration is 'bolus-infusion'	number	Amount of radioactivity infused into the patient. This value must be less than or equal to the total injected radioactivity ("InjectedRadioactivity"). Units should be the same as "InjectedRadioactivityUnits".
InfusionStart	RECOMMENDED, but REQUIRED if ModeOfAdministration is 'bolus-infusion'	number	Time of start of infusion with respect to "TimeZero" in the default unit seconds.
InfusionSpeed	RECOMMENDED, but REQUIRED if ModeOfAdministration is 'bolus-infusion'	number	If given, infusion speed.
InfusionSpeedUnits	RECOMMENDED, but REQUIRED if ModeOfAdministration is 'bolus-infusion'	string	Unit of infusion speed (for example, "mL/s").

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
InjectedVolume	RECOMMENDED, but REQUIRED if ModeOfAdministration is 'bolus-infusion'	number	Injected volume of the radiotracer in the unit "mL".
Purity	RECOMMENDED	number	Purity of the radiolabeled compound (between 0 and 100%). Must be a number greater than or equal to 0 and less than or equal to 100.

Pharmaceuticals

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
PharmaceuticalName	RECOMMENDED	string	Name of pharmaceutical coadministered with tracer. Corresponds to DICOM Tag (0008,0034) Intervention Drug Name .
PharmaceuticalDoseAmount	RECOMMENDED	number or array of numbers	Dose amount of pharmaceutical coadministered with tracer. Corresponds to DICOM Tag (0008,0028) Intervention Drug Dose .
PharmaceuticalDoseUnits	RECOMMENDED	string	Unit format relating to pharmaceutical dose (for example, "mg" or "mg/kg").
PharmaceuticalDoseRegimen	RECOMMENDED	string	Details of the pharmaceutical dose regimen. Either adequate description or short-code relating to regimen documented elsewhere (for example, "single oral bolus").

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
PharmaceuticalDoseTime	RECOMMENDED	number or array of numbers	Time of administration of pharmaceutical dose, relative to time zero. For an infusion, this should be a vector with two elements specifying the start and end of the infusion period. For more complex dose regimens, the regimen description should be complete enough to enable unambiguous interpretation of "PharmaceuticalDoseTime". Unit format of the specified pharmaceutical dose time MUST be seconds. Corresponds to a combination of DICOM Tags (0008,0027) Intervention Drug Stop Time and (0008,0035) Intervention Drug Start Time.
Anaesthesia	OPTIONAL	string	Details of anaesthesia used, if any.
Time			
Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
TimeZero	REQUIRED	string	Time zero to which all scan and/or blood measurements have been adjusted to, in the unit "hh:mm:ss". This should be equal to "InjectionStart" or "ScanStart".
ScanStart	REQUIRED	number	Time of start of scan with respect to TimeZero in the default unit seconds.
InjectionStart	REQUIRED	number	Time of start of injection with respect to "TimeZero" in the default unit seconds. This corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 1072 Contrast/Bolus Start Time converted to seconds relative to "TimeZero". Corresponds to DICOM Tag (0018,1072) Radiopharmaceutical Start Time.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
FrameTimesStart	REQUIRED	array of numbers	Start times for all frames relative to "TimeZero" in default unit seconds.
FrameDuration	REQUIRED	array of numbers	Time duration of each frame in default unit seconds. This corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 1242 Actual Frame Duration converted to seconds.
InjectionEnd	RECOMMENDED	number	Time of end of injection with respect to "TimeZero" in the default unit seconds. Corresponds to DICOM Tag (0018,1073) Radiopharmaceutical Stop Time converted to seconds relative to TimeZero.
ScanDate	ScanDate	string	Date of scan in the format "YYYY-MM-DD[Z] ". This field is DEPRECATED, and this metadata SHOULD be recorded in the acq_time column of the corresponding ScanDate. Corresponds to DICOM Tag (0008,0022) Acquisition Date.

We refer to the common principles for the standards for describing dates and timestamps, including possibilities for anonymization (see Units).

Reconstruction

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
AcquisitionMode	REQUIRED	string	Type of acquisition of the PET data (for example, "list mode").
ImageDecayCorrected	REQUIRED	boolean	Boolean flag specifying whether the image data have been decay-corrected. Must be one of: "true", "false".
ImageDecayCorrectionTime	REQUIRED	number	Point in time from which the decay correction was applied with respect to "TimeZero" in the default unit seconds.
ReconMethodName	REQUIRED	string	Reconstruction method or algorithm (for example, "3d-op-osem"). This partly matches the DICOM Tag (0054,1103) Reconstruction Method.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
ReconMethodParameterLabels	REQUIRED	array of strings	Names of reconstruction parameters (for example, ["subsets", "iterations"]). This partly matches the DICOM Tag (0054,1103) Reconstruction Method .
ReconMethodParameterUnits	RECOMMENDED, but REQUIRED if ReconMethodParameterLabels does not contain "none"	array of strings	Unit of reconstruction parameters (for example, ["none", "none"]). This partly matches the DICOM Tag (0054,1103) Reconstruction Method .
ReconMethodParameterValues	RECOMMENDED, but REQUIRED if ReconMethodParameterLabels does not contain "none"	array of numbers	Values of reconstruction parameters (for example, [21, 3]). This partly matches the DICOM Tag (0054,1103) Reconstruction Method .
ReconFilterType	REQUIRED	string or array of strings	Type of post-recon smoothing (for example, ["Shepp"]). This partly matches the DICOM Tag (0018,1210) Convolution Kernel .
ReconFilterSize	RECOMMENDED, but REQUIRED if ReconFilterType is not "none"	number or array of numbers	Kernel size of post-recon filter (FWHM) in default units "mm". This partly matches the DICOM Tag (0018,1210) Convolution Kernel .
AttenuationCorrection	REQUIRED	string	Short description of the attenuation correction method used. This corresponds to DICOM Tag (0054,1101) Attenuation Correction Method .
ReconMethodImplementationVersion	RECOMMENDED	string	Identification for the software used, such as name and version.
AttenuationCorrectionMethodReference	RECOMMENDED	string	Reference paper for the attenuation correction method used.
ScaleFactor	RECOMMENDED	array of numbers	Scale factor for each frame. This field MUST be defined if the imaging data (.nii.gz) are scaled. If this field is not defined, then it is assumed that the scaling factor is 1. Defining this field when the scaling factor is 1 is RECOMMENDED, for the sake of clarity.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
ScatterFraction	RECOMMENDED	array of numbers	Scatter fraction for each frame (Units: 0-100%). Corresponds to DICOM Tag (0054,1323) Scatter Fraction Factor .
DecayCorrectionFactor	RECOMMENDED	array of numbers	Decay correction factor for each frame. Corresponds to DICOM Tag (0054,1321) Decay Factor .
DoseCalibrationFactor	RECOMMENDED	number	Multiplication factor used to transform raw data (in counts/sec) to meaningful unit (Bq/ml). Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0054, 1322 Dose Calibration Factor . Corresponds to DICOM Tag (0054,1322) Dose Calibration Factor .
PromptRate	RECOMMENDED	array of numbers	Prompt rate for each frame (same units as Units , for example, "Bq/mL").
SinglesRate	RECOMMENDED	array of numbers	Singles rate for each frame (same units as Units , for example, "Bq/mL").
RandomRate	RECOMMENDED	array of numbers	Random rate for each frame (same units as "Units", for example, "Bq/mL").

All reconstruction-specific parameters that are not specified, but one wants to include, should go into the `ReconMethodParameterValues` field.

Hardware information

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
Manufacturer	REQUIRED	string	Manufacturer of the equipment that produced the measurements. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0008, 0070 Manufacturer .
ManufacturersModelName	REQUIRED	string	Manufacturer's model name of the equipment that produced the measurements. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0008, 1090 Manufacturers Model Name .

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
Units	REQUIRED	string	Measurement units for the associated file. SI units in CMIXF formatting are RECOMMENDED (see Units). SI unit for radioactivity (Becquerel) should be used (for example, "Bq/mL"). Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0054, 1001 Units.
BodyPart	RECOMMENDED	string	Body part of the organ / body region scanned. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 0015 Body Part Examined.

Institution information

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
InstitutionName	RECOMMENDED	string	The name of the institution in charge of the equipment that produced the measurements. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0008, 0080 InstitutionName.
InstitutionAddress	RECOMMENDED	string	The address of the institution in charge of the equipment that produced the measurements. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0008, 0081 InstitutionAddress.
InstitutionalDepartmentName	RECOMMENDED	string	The department in the institution in charge of the equipment that produced the measurements. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0008, 1040 Institutional Department Name.

Task

If the OPTIONAL task-<label> is used, the following metadata SHOULD be used.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
TaskName	RECOMMENDED	string	Name of the task. No two tasks should have the same name. The task label included in the filename is derived from this "TaskName" field by removing all non-alphanumeric characters (that is, all except those matching [0-9a-zA-Z]). For example "TaskName" "faces n-back" or "head nodding" will correspond to task labels facesnback and headnodding, respectively. If used to denote resting scans, a RECOMMENDED convention is to use labels beginning with rest.
Instructions	RECOMMENDED	string	Text of the instructions given to participants before the recording. This is especially important in context of resting state recordings and distinguishing between eyes open and eyes closed paradigms.
TaskDescription	RECOMMENDED	string	Longer description of the task.
CogAtlasID	RECOMMENDED	string	CogAtlasID of the corresponding Cognitive Atlas Task term.
CogPOID	RECOMMENDED	string	CogPOID of the corresponding CogPO term.

Example (*_pet.json)

```
{
  "Manufacturer": "Siemens",
  "ManufacturersModelName": "High-Resolution Research Tomograph (HRRT, CTI/Siemens)",
  "BodyPart": "Brain",
  "Units": "Bq/mL",
  "TracerName": "CIMBI-36",
  "TracerRadionuclide": "C11",
  "TracerMolecularWeight": 380.28,
  "TracerMolecularWeightUnits": "g/mol",
  "InjectedRadioactivity": 573,
  "InjectedRadioActivityUnits": "MBq",
  "InjectedMass": 0.62,
```

```
"InjectedMassUnits": "ug",
"SpecificRadioactivity": 929.6,
"SpecificRadioactivityUnits": "MBq/ug",
"ModeOfAdministration": "bolus",
"MolarActivity": 353.51,
"MolarActivityUnits": "GBq/umol",
"MolarActivityMeasTime": "13:04:42",
"TimeZero": "13:04:42",
"ScanStart": 0,
"InjectionStart": 0,
"FrameTimesStart": [0, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 80, 100, 120, 140, 160, 180, 240, 300, 360, 420, 480, 540, 660, 780, 900, 1020, 1140, 1260, 1380, 1500],
"FrameDuration": [10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 20, 60, 60, 60, 60, 60, 60, 120, 120, 120, 120, 120, 120, 120, 300, 300, 300, 300],
"AcquisitionMode": "list mode",
"ImageDecayCorrected": true,
"ImageDecayCorrectionTime": 0,
"ReconMethodName": "3D-OSEM-PSF",
"ReconMethodParameterLabels": ["subsets", "iterations"],
"ReconMethodParameterUnits": ["none", "none"],
"ReconMethodParameterValues": [16, 10],
"ReconFilterType": "none",
"AttenuationCorrection": "[137Cs]transmission scan-based"
}
```

Recommended patient data

Knudsen et al. 2020 ([doi:10.1177/0271678X20905433](https://doi.org/10.1177/0271678X20905433)) recommends recording participant body weight. If recorded once per participant, these data SHOULD be included in the Participants file or as Phenotypic and assessment data.

For example:

```
participant_id body_weight
sub-01 58
sub-02 96
sub-03 72
```

If multiple measurements are made, these data SHOULD be included in the Sessions file.

For example:

```
session_id body_weight
ses-01 58
ses-02 59
```

Blood recording data

Template:

```
sub-<label>/
  [ses-<label>/]
    pet/
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_task-<label>][_trc-<label>][_rec-<label>][_run-<index>]_recording-<label>_blood.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_task-<label>][_trc-<label>][_rec-<label>][_run-<index>]_recording-<label>_blood.tsv
```

Legend:

- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, [_ses-<label>]) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in <>, separated by |.
- _<suffix> means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- .<extension> means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- [.gz] means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

If collected, blood measurements of radioactivity are be stored in Tabular files and located in the `pet/` directory along with the corresponding PET data.

The REQUIRED **recording** entity is used to distinguish sampling methods. For example, if an autosampler is used to record continuous blood samples, and manual measurements are also taken, then the files may have recording labels `autosampler` and `manual`, respectively. If the sampling method is unknown, then recording SHOULD be set as `manual`. All blood measurements should be reported according to a single time-scale in relation to time zero defined by the PET data (Figure 1). All definitions used below are in accordance with Innis et al. 2007 ([doi:10.1038/sj.jcbfm.9600493](https://doi.org/10.1038/sj.jcbfm.9600493)).

Some metadata about the recording MUST be provided in an additional JSON file.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
PlasmaAvail	REQUIRED	boolean	Boolean that specifies if plasma measurements are available. Must be one of: "true", "false".
MetaboliteAvail	REQUIRED	boolean	Boolean that specifies if metabolite measurements are available. If true, the <code>metabolite_parent_fraction</code> column MUST be present in the corresponding <code>*_blood.tsv</code> file. Must be one of: "true", "false".
WholeBloodAvail	REQUIRED	boolean	Boolean that specifies if whole blood measurements are available. If true, the <code>whole_blood_radioactivity</code> column MUST be present in the corresponding <code>*_blood.tsv</code> file. Must be one of: "true", "false".

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
DispersionCorrected	REQUIRED	boolean	Boolean flag specifying whether the blood data have been dispersion-corrected. NOTE: not customary for manual samples, and hence should be set to false . Must be one of: " true ", " false ".
WithdrawalRate	RECOMMENDED	number	The rate at which the blood was withdrawn from the subject. The unit of the specified withdrawal rate should be in "mL/s".
TubingType	RECOMMENDED	string	Description of the type of tubing used, ideally including the material and (internal) diameter.
TubingLength	RECOMMENDED	number	The length of the blood tubing, from the subject to the detector in meters.
DispersionConstant	RECOMMENDED	number	External dispersion time constant resulting from tubing in default unit seconds.
Haematocrit	RECOMMENDED	number	Measured haematocrit, meaning the volume of erythrocytes divided by the volume of whole blood.
BloodDensity	RECOMMENDED	number	Measured blood density. Unit of blood density should be in "g/mL".

The following metadata SHOULD or MUST be provided if corresponding flags are **true**.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
PlasmaFreeFraction	RECOMMENDED if PlasmaAvail is true	number	Measured free fraction in plasma, meaning the concentration of free compound in plasma divided by total concentration of compound in plasma (Units: 0-100%). Must be a number greater than or equal to 0 and less than or equal to 100.
PlasmaFreeFractionMethod	RECOMMENDED if PlasmaAvail is true	string	Method used to estimate free fraction.
MetaboliteMethod	REQUIRED if MetaboliteAvail is true	string	Method used to measure metabolites.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
MetaboliteRecoveryCorrectionApplied	REQUIRED if MetaboliteAvail is true	boolean	Metabolite recovery correction from the HPLC, for tracers where it changes with time postinjection. If true, the <code>hplc_recovery_fractions</code> column MUST be present in the corresponding <code>*_blood.tsv</code> file. Must be one of: "true", "false".

The following columns are defined for `_blood.tsv` files. The `time` column MUST always be the first column.

Column name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
time	REQUIRED	number	Time, in seconds, relative to <code>TimeZero</code> defined by the <code>*_pet.json</code> . For example, 5.
plasma_radioactivity	OPTIONAL, but REQUIRED if <code>PlasmaAvail</code> is true	number	Radioactivity in plasma, in unit of plasma radioactivity (for example, kBq/mL).
metabolite_parent_fraction	OPTIONAL, but REQUIRED if <code>MetaboliteAvail</code> is true	number	Parent fraction of the radiotracer (0-1). Must be a number greater than or equal to 0 and less than or equal to 1.
metabolite_polar_fraction	OPTIONAL, but RECOMMENDED if <code>MetaboliteAvail</code> is true	number	Polar metabolite fraction of the radiotracer (0-1). Must be a number greater than or equal to 0 and less than or equal to 1.
hplc_recovery_fractions	OPTIONAL, but REQUIRED if <code>MetaboliteRecoveryCorrectionApplied</code> is true	number	HPLC recovery fractions (the fraction of activity that gets loaded onto the HPLC).
whole_blood_radioactivity	OPTIONAL, but REQUIRED if <code>WholeBloodAvail</code> is true	number	Radioactivity in whole blood samples, in unit of radioactivity measurements in whole blood samples (for example, kBq/mL).
Additional Columns	NOT ALLOWED	n/a	Additional columns are not allowed.

As with all tabular files, additional columns MAY be defined in `_blood.json`. For clarity, it is RECOMMENDED to include the above column definitions in `_blood.json`, as shown in the following example.

Example blood data

*_recording-manual_blood.json:

```
{
  "PlasmaAvail": true,
  "WholeBloodAvail": true,
  "MetaboliteAvail": true,
  "MetaboliteMethod": "HPLC",
  "MetaboliteRecoveryCorrectionApplied": false,
  "DispersionCorrected": false,
  "time": {
    "Description": "Time in relation to time zero defined by the _pet.json",
    "Units": "s"
  },
  "plasma_radioactivity": {
    "Description": "Radioactivity in plasma samples. Measured using COBRA counter.",
    "Units": "kBq/mL"
  },
  "whole_blood_radioactivity": {
    "Description": "Radioactivity in whole blood samples. Measured using COBRA counter.",
    "Units": "kBq/mL"
  },
  "metabolite_parent_fraction": {
    "Description": "Parent fraction of the radiotracer.",
    "Units": "arbitrary"
  },
  "metabolite_polar_fraction": {
    "Description": "Polar metabolite fraction of the radiotracer.",
    "Units": "arbitrary"
  },
  "metabolite_lipophilic_fraction": {
    "Description": "Lipophilic metabolite fraction of the radiotracer.",
    "Units": "arbitrary"
  }
}
```

*_recording-manual_blood.tsv:

```
time plasma_radioactivity whole_blood_radioactivity metabolite_parent_fraction metabolite_polar_fraction
0      0      0      1      0
145    43.31    33.79    0.5749    0.1336
```

292	48.96	37.42	0.3149	0.2746
602	39.84	32.05	0.1469	0.3548
1248	37.38	31.52	0.073	0.444
1785	36.40	28.83	0.078	0.429
2390	33.13	26.32	0.061	0.453
3059	30.83	25.22	0.049	0.473
4196	27.28	21.98	0.036	0.503
5407	22.70	19.49	0.032	0.523
7193	19.71	15.70	0.02	0.559

Microscopy

Support for Microscopy was developed as a BIDS Extension Proposal.

Please see Citing BIDS on how to appropriately credit this extension when referring to it in the context of the academic literature.

Microscopy datasets formatted using this specification are available on the [BIDS examples repository](#) and can be used for practical guidance when curating a new dataset.

Further Microscopy datasets are available:

- In PNG format: [data_axondeepseg_sem](#)
- In OME-TIFF format: [Broca's Area Light-Sheet Microscopy](#)

Microscopy imaging data

Template:

```
sub-<label>/
  [ses-<label>/]
    micr/
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_sample-<label>[_acq-<label>] [_stain-<label>] [_run-<index>] [_chunk-<index>] _<suffix>.<extension>
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_sample-<label>[_acq-<label>] [_stain-<label>] [_run-<index>] [_chunk-<index>] _<suffix>.json
```

Legend:

- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, [_ses-<label>]) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in <>, separated by |.
- _<suffix> means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- .<extension> means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- [.gz] means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

Microscopy data MUST be stored in the micr directory.

File formats

The Microscopy community uses a variety of formats for storing raw data, and there is no single standard that all researchers agree on. However, a standardized file structure has been developed by the [Open Microscopy Environment](#) for whole-slide imaging with the [OME-TIFF file specifications](#). The OME-TIFF file allows for multi-page TIFF files to store multiple image planes and supports multi-resolution pyramidal tiled images. An OME-XML data block is also embedded inside the file’s header. Further, OME-ZARR (sometimes referred to as OME-NGFF or NGFF) has been developed to provide improved access and storage for large data via chunked and compressed N-dimensional arrays.

The BIDS standard accepts microscopy data in a number of file formats to accommodate datasets stored in 2D image formats and whole-slide imaging formats, to accommodate lossless and lossy compression, and to avoid unnecessary conversions of the original data from a non-tiled to a tiled format, or vice-versa.

Microscopy raw data MUST be stored in one of the following formats:

- [Portable Network Graphics](#) (.png)
- [Tag Image File Format](#) (.tif)
- [OME-TIFF](#) (.ome.tif for standard TIFF files or .ome.btif for [BigTIFF](#) files)
- [OME-ZARR/NGFF](#) (.ome.zarr directories)

If different from PNG, TIFF, OME-TIFF, or OME-ZARR, the original unprocessed data in the native format MAY be stored in the /sourcedata directory.

Modality suffixes

Microscopy data currently support the following imaging modalities:

Name	suffix	Description
2-photon excitation microscopy	2PE	2-photon excitation microscopy imaging data
Bright-field microscopy	BF	Bright-field microscopy imaging data
Coherent anti-Stokes Raman spectroscopy	CARS	Coherent anti-Stokes Raman spectroscopy imaging data
Confocal microscopy	CONF	Confocal microscopy imaging data
Differential interference contrast microscopy	DIC	Differential interference contrast microscopy imaging data
Dark-field microscopy	DF	Dark-field microscopy imaging data
Fluorescence microscopy	FLUO	Fluorescence microscopy imaging data
Multi-photon excitation microscopy	MPE	Multi-photon excitation microscopy imaging data
Nonlinear optical microscopy	NLO	Nonlinear optical microscopy imaging data
Optical coherence tomography	OCT	Optical coherence tomography imaging data
Phase-contrast microscopy	PC	Phase-contrast microscopy imaging data
Polarized-light microscopy	PLI	Polarized-light microscopy imaging data
Scanning electron microscopy	SEM	Scanning electron microscopy imaging data
Selective plane illumination microscopy	SPIM	Selective plane illumination microscopy imaging data

Name	suffix	Description
Super-resolution microscopy	SR	Super-resolution microscopy imaging data
Transmission electron microscopy	TEM	Transmission electron microscopy imaging data
Micro-CT	uCT	Micro-CT imaging data

Filename entities

In the context of Microscopy, a session (**ses-[<label>](#)**) can refer to all the acquisitions between the start and the end of an imaging experiment for ex vivo imaging, or a subject lab visit for biopsy procedure and/or in vivo imaging. Consistent with other data types in BIDS, the session entity is optional.

The **sample-[<label>](#)** entity is REQUIRED for Microscopy data and is used to distinguish between different samples from the same subject. The label MUST be unique per subject and is RECOMMENDED to be unique throughout the dataset.

For example: Three brain slices (**sample-01** to **sample-03**) extracted from subject **sub-01**, imaged by scanning electron microscopy (SEM) in PNG format

```
sub-01/
  micr/
    sub-01_sample-01_SEM.png
    sub-01_sample-02_SEM.png
    sub-01_sample-03_SEM.png
    sub-01_SEM.json
```

In this example, the JSON metadata is common for all samples of **sub-01**. JSON metadata may be defined per subject or per sample as appropriate, as per the inheritance principle.

The **acq-[<label>](#)** entity corresponds to a custom label that MAY be used to distinguish a different set of parameters used for acquiring the same modality. For example, two images of the same sample acquired by bright-field microscopy (BF) in PNG format at different magnification of 40x and 60x. In such case two files could have the following names: **sub-01_sample-01_acq-40x_BF.png** and **sub-01_sample-01_acq-60x_BF.png**, however the user is free to choose any other label as long as they are consistent across subjects and sessions.

The **stain-[<label>](#)** entity MAY be used to distinguish image files from the same sample using different stains or antibodies for contrast enhancement.

For example: One brain slice (**sample-01**) extracted from subject **sub-01** with three stains (**stain-01**, **stain-02** and **stain-03**) in three separate files, imaged by selective plane illumination microscopy (SPIM) in OME-TIFF format

```
sub-01/
  micr/
    sub-01_sample-01_stain-01_SPIM.ome.tif
    sub-01_sample-01_stain-01_SPIM.json
    sub-01_sample-01_stain-02_SPIM.ome.tif
    sub-01_sample-01_stain-02_SPIM.json
    sub-01_sample-01_stain-03_SPIM.ome.tif
    sub-01_sample-01_stain-03_SPIM.json
```

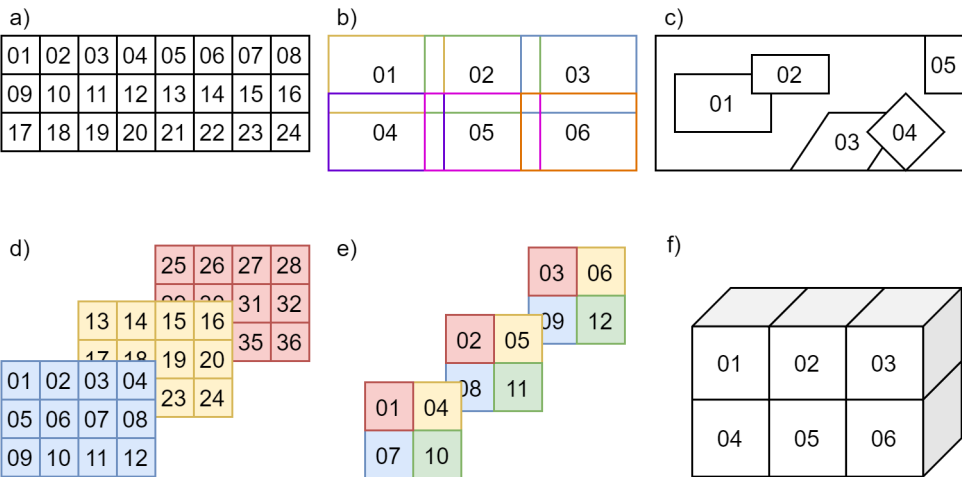
In this example, the entity stain is used to distinguish images with different stains in separate files from the same sample. In the case where a single file contains different staining in each channel, the `stain-<label>` is omitted.

Stains SHOULD be indicated in the `"SampleStaining"` key in the sidcar JSON file, although the label may be different. Description of antibodies SHOULD also be indicated in `"SamplePrimaryAntibodies"` and/or `"SampleSecondaryAntibodies"` as appropriate.

If more than one run of the same sample, acquisition and stain are acquired during the same session, the `run-<index>` entity MUST be used: `_run-1`, `_run-2`, `_run-3`, and so on. If only one run was acquired the `run-<index>` can be omitted.

The `chunk-<index>` entity is used when multiples regions (2D images or 3D volumes files) of the same physical sample are imaged with different fields of view, regardless if they overlap or not.

In some cases, the chunks can be "ordered" and, for example, correspond to the displacement of the microscope stage. In other cases, the chunks can be different images of the same sample with no explicit spatial relation between them.



Examples of different chunks configurations can be seen in Figure 1.

Figure 1: Examples of chunks configurations.

- a) ordered 2D chunks without overlap,
- b) ordered 2D chunks with overlap,
- c) unordered 2D chunks with and without overlap,
- d) and e) ordered 2D chunks on different 3D planes,
- f) ordered 3D chunks.

For example: Four chunks (`chunk-01` to `chunk-04`) from the same brain sample (`sample-01`) of subject `sub-01`, imaged by confocal microscopy (CONF) in OME-TIFF format

`sub-01/`

```
micr/  
  sub-01_sample-01_chunk-01_CONF.ome.tif  
  sub-01_sample-01_chunk-01_CONF.json  
  sub-01_sample-01_chunk-02_CONF.ome.tif  
  sub-01_sample-01_chunk-02_CONF.json  
  sub-01_sample-01_chunk-03_CONF.ome.tif  
  sub-01_sample-01_chunk-03_CONF.json  
  sub-01_sample-01_chunk-04_CONF.ome.tif  
  sub-01_sample-01_chunk-04_CONF.json
```

The index number can be assigned arbitrarily and, in the case of "ordered" chunks, the chunks' relative positions (in terms of scaling and translation) SHOULD be defined by an affine transformation matrix in the JSON sidecar file of each chunk, as described in Chunk Transformations.

In this example, the JSON metadata is different for each chunk of `sub-01_sample-01`. JSON metadata may be defined per sample or per chunk as appropriate, as per the inheritance principle.

In microscopy, many pyramidal file formats store multiple resolutions for the same acquisition. In the case where a multiple resolutions file format is converted to single resolution file format, only the higher resolution file is present in the raw data. Lower resolutions files MUST be placed under the `derivatives` directory and use the `res-<label>` entity.

For example:

```
my_dataset/  
  derivatives/  
    downsampled/  
      sub-01/  
        micr/  
          sub-01_sample-01_res-4x_TEM.png  
          sub-01_sample-01_res-4x_TEM.json  
      sub-01/  
        micr/  
          sub-01_sample-01_TEM.png  
          sub-01_sample-01_TEM.json
```

See Preprocessed, coregistered and/or resampled volumes for details.

Microscopy metadata (Sidecar JSON)

Microscopy data MUST be described by metadata fields, stored in sidecar JSON files.

Image Acquisition

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
PixelSize	REQUIRED	array of numbers	A 2- or 3-number array of the physical size of a pixel, either [PixelSizeX, PixelSizeY] or [PixelSizeX, PixelSizeY, PixelSizeZ], where X is the width, Y the height and Z the depth. If the file format is OME-TIFF, these values need to be consistent with PhysicalSizeX, PhysicalSizeY and PhysicalSizeZ OME metadata fields, after converting in PixelSizeUnits according to PhysicalSizeXunit, PhysicalSizeYunit and PhysicalSizeZunit OME fields.
PixelSizeUnits	REQUIRED	string	Unit format of the specified "PixelSize". MUST be one of: "mm" (millimeter), "um" (micrometer) or "nm" (nanometer). Must be one of: "mm", "um", "nm".
Immersion	OPTIONAL	string	Lens immersion medium. If the file format is OME-TIFF, the value MUST be consistent with the Immersion OME metadata field.
NumericalAperture	OPTIONAL	number	Lens numerical aperture (for example: 1.4). If the file format is OME-TIFF, the value MUST be consistent with the LensNA OME metadata field. Must be a number greater than 0.
Magnification	OPTIONAL	number	Lens magnification (for example: 40). If the file format is OME-TIFF, the value MUST be consistent with the "NominalMagnification" OME metadata field. Must be a number greater than 0.
ImageAcquisitionProtocol	OPTIONAL	string	Description of the image acquisition protocol or ImageAcquisitionProtocol (for example from protocols.io).
OtherAcquisitionParameters	OPTIONAL	string	Description of other relevant image acquisition parameters.

Sample

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
BodyPart	RECOMMENDED	string	Body part of the organ / body region scanned. From DICOM Body Part Examined (for example "BRAIN").
BodyPartDetails	RECOMMENDED	string	Additional details about body part or location (for example: "corpus callosum").
BodyPartDetailsOntology	OPTIONAL	string	BodyPartDetailsOntology of ontology used for BodyPartDetails (for example: "https://www.ebi.ac.uk/ols/ontologies/uberon").
SampleEnvironment	RECOMMENDED	string	Environment in which the sample was imaged. MUST be one of: "in vivo", "ex vivo" or "in vitro". Must be one of: "in vivo", "ex vivo", "in vitro".
SampleEmbedding	OPTIONAL	string	Description of the tissue sample embedding (for example: "Epoxy resin").
SampleFixation	OPTIONAL	string	Description of the tissue sample fixation (for example: "4% paraformaldehyde, 2% glutaraldehyde").
SampleStaining	RECOMMENDED	string or array of strings	Description(s) of the tissue sample staining (for example: "Osmium"). MAY be an array of strings if different stains are used in each channel of the file (for example: ["LFB", "PLP"]).
SamplePrimaryAntibody	RECOMMENDED	string or array of strings	Description(s) of the primary antibody used for immunostaining. Either an RRID or the name, supplier and catalog number of a commercial antibody. For non-commercial antibodies either an RRID or the host-animal and immunogen used (for examples: "RRID:AB_2122563" or "Rabbit anti-Human HTR5A Polyclonal Antibody, Invitrogen, Catalog # PA1-2453"). MAY be an array of strings if different antibodies are used in each channel of the file.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
SampleSecondaryAntibody	RECOMMENDED	string or array of strings	Description(s) of the secondary antibody used for immunostaining. Either an RRID or the name, supplier and catalog number of a commercial antibody. For non-commercial antibodies either an RRID or the host-animal and immunogen used (for examples: "RRID:AB_228322" or "Goat anti-Mouse IgM Secondary Antibody, Invitrogen, Catalog # 31172"). MAY be an array of strings if different antibodies are used in each channel of the file.
SliceThickness	OPTIONAL	number	Slice thickness of the tissue sample in the unit micrometers ("um") (for example: 5). Must be a number greater than 0.
TissueDeformationScaling	OPTIONAL	number	Estimated deformation of the tissue, given as a percentage of the original tissue size (for examples: for a shrinkage of 3%, the value is 97; and for an expansion of 100%, the value is 200). Must be a number greater than 0.
SampleExtractionProtocol	OPTIONAL	string	Description of the sample extraction protocol or SampleExtractionProtocol (for example from protocols.io).
SampleExtractionInstitution	OPTIONAL	string	The name of the institution in charge of the extraction of the sample, if different from the institution in charge of the equipment that produced the image.

Chunk Transformations

Chunk transformations metadata describes the spatial relation between chunks of the same sample in an implicit coordinate system.

- The source frame of reference is the frame of reference of the associated image.
- The target frame of reference is the implicit coordinate system of the transform.
- The target frame of reference has the same units as the `PixelSizeUnits` metadata.

- The chunk transformation is described by 2 metadata fields: an affine transformation matrix and a description of the axis of the matrix.
- Other transformations should be described in derivatives.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
ChunkTransformationMatrix	RECOMMENDED if <code>chunk-<index></code> is used in filenames	array of arrays	3x3 or 4x4 affine transformation matrix describing spatial chunk transformation, for 2D and 3D respectively (for examples: <code>[[2, 0, 0], [0, 3, 0], [0, 0, 1]]</code> in 2D for 2x and 3x scaling along the first and second axis respectively; or <code>[[1, 0, 0, 0], [0, 2, 0, 0], [0, 0, 3, 0], [0, 0, 0, 1]]</code> in 3D for 2x and 3x scaling along the second and third axis respectively). Note that non-spatial dimensions like time and channel are not included in the transformation matrix.
ChunkTransformationMatrixAxis	REQUIRED if <code>ChunkTransformationMatrix</code> is present	array of strings	Describe the axis of the <code>ChunkTransformationMatrix</code> (for examples: <code>["X", "Y"]</code> or <code>["Z", "Y", "X"]</code>).

An example of chunk transformations JSON metadata for `chunk-01` and `chunk-05` of Figure 2 is shown below:

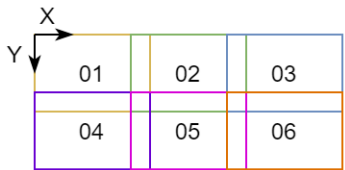


Figure 2: Example figure for chunks transformations.

In this example, there is no scaling and `chunk-01` is at the origin. `chunk-05` is translated by 5 `um` along `X+` and by 3 `um` along `Y+`.

`*_chunk-01_<suffix>.json`:

```
{
  "PixelSize": [1, 1],
  "PixelSizeUnits": "um",
```

```
    "ChunkTransformationMatrix": [[1, 0, 0],
                                   [0, 1, 0],
                                   [0, 0, 1]],
    "ChunkTransformationMatrixAxis": ["X", "Y"]
}

*_chunk-05_<suffix>.json:
{
    "PixelSize": [1, 1],
    "PixelSizeUnits": "um",
    "ChunkTransformationMatrix": [[1, 0, 5],
                                   [0, 1, 3],
                                   [0, 0, 1]],
    "ChunkTransformationMatrixAxis": ["X", "Y"]
}
```

Hardware information

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
Manufacturer	RECOMMENDED	string	Manufacturer of the equipment that produced the measurements.
ManufacturersModelName	RECOMMENDED	string	Manufacturer's model name of the equipment that produced the measurements.
DeviceSerialNumber	RECOMMENDED	string	The serial number of the equipment that produced the measurements. A pseudonym can also be used to prevent the equipment from being identifiable, so long as each pseudonym is unique within the dataset.
StationName	RECOMMENDED	string	Institution defined name of the machine that produced the measurements.
SoftwareVersions	RECOMMENDED	string	Manufacturer's designation of software version of the equipment that produced the measurements.

Institution information

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
InstitutionName	RECOMMENDED	string	The name of the institution in charge of the equipment that produced the measurements.
InstitutionAddress	RECOMMENDED	string	The address of the institution in charge of the equipment that produced the measurements.
InstitutionalDepartmentName	RECOMMENDED	string	The department in the institution in charge of the equipment that produced the measurements.

Example of sidecar JSON file (*_<suffix>.json)

```
{
  "Manufacturer": "Hamamatsu",
  "ManufacturersModelName": "C9600-12",
  "PixelSize": [0.23, 0.23],
  "PixelSizeUnits": "um",
  "Magnification": 40,
  "BodyPart": "BRAIN",
  "BodyPartDetails": "corpus callosum",
  "SampleEnvironment": "ex vivo",
  "SampleFixation": "4% paraformaldehyde, 2% glutaraldehyde",
  "SampleStaining": "LFB",
  "SliceThickness": 5,
  "TissueDeformationScaling": 97
}
```

Required Samples file

For Microscopy data, the Samples file `samples.tsv` is REQUIRED and its associated sidecar `samples.json` file is RECOMMENDED.

Additional optional columns MAY be used to describe other samples' attributes.

Recommended Participants data

For Microscopy data, we RECOMMEND to make use of the columns `species`, `strain` and `strain_rrid` in the Participants file when applicable.

Additional optional columns MAY be used to describe other subjects' attributes.

participants.tsv example:

```
participant_id species strain strain_rrid
sub-01 mus musculus C57BL/6J RRID:IMSR_JAX:000664
sub-02 mus musculus C57BL/6J RRID:IMSR_JAX:000664
```

participants.json example:

```
{
  "species": {
    "Description": "binomial species name from the NCBI Taxonomy (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Taxonomy/Browser/wwwtax.cgi)"
  },
  "strain": {
    "Description": "name of the strain of the species"
  },
  "strain_rrid": {
    "Description": "research resource identifier (RRID) of the strain (https://scicrunch.org/resources/data/source/nlx\_154697-1/search)"
  }
}
```

Photos of the samples (*_photo.<extension>)

Photos of the tissue sample, overview microscopy scans or blockface images from cutting MAY be included for visualization of large samples or to indicate the location of chunks in a sample.

Template:

```
sub-<label>/
  [ses-<label>/]
    micr/
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_sample-<label>[_acq-<label>]_photo.<extension>
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_sample-<label>[_acq-<label>]_photo.json
```

Legend:

- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, [_ses-<label>]) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in <>, separated by |.
- _<suffix> means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- .<extension> means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- [.gz] means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

The file <extension> for photos MUST be either .jpg, .png or .tif.

The acq-<label> entity MAY be used to indicate acquisition of different photos of the same sample.

For example:

```
sub-01/
  ses-01/
    micr/
      sub-01_ses-01_sample-01_acq-1_photo.jpg
      sub-01_ses_01_sample-01_acq-2_photo.jpg
```

Photo data MAY be accompanied by a JSON file containing the following fields. The `IntendedFor` field is used to link the photo to specific image(s) it was acquired for.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
PhotoDescription	OPTIONAL	string	Description of the photo.
IntendedFor	OPTIONAL	string or array	The paths to files for which the associated file is intended to be used. Contains one or more IntendedFor. Using forward-slash separated paths relative to the participant subdirectory is IntendedFor. This field is OPTIONAL, in case the photos do not correspond to any particular images, it does not have to be filled.

For example: `sub-01_ses-01_sample-01_acq-1_photo.json`

```
{
  "PhotoDescription": "After clearing",
  "IntendedFor": [
    "ses-01/micr/sub-01_ses-01_sample-01_run-1_chunk-01_SPIM.ome.tif",
    "ses-01/micr/sub-01_ses-01_sample-01_run-1_chunk-02_SPIM.ome.tif",
    "ses-01/micr/sub-01_ses-01_sample-01_run-1_chunk-03_SPIM.ome.tif",
    "ses-01/micr/sub-01_ses-01_sample-01_run-1_chunk-04_SPIM.ome.tif"
  ]
}
```

Below is an example of a spinal cord SEM overview, modified from Zaimi et al., 2018. [doi:10.1038/s41598-018-22181-4](https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-018-22181-4).

```
sub-01_sample-01_photo.jpg
```



Near-Infrared Spectroscopy

Support for Near-Infrared Spectroscopy (NIRS) was developed as a BIDS Extension Proposal. Please see Citing BIDS on how to appropriately credit this extension when referring to it in the context of the academic literature.

Several [example NIRS datasets](#) have been formatted using this specification and can be used for practical guidance when curating a new dataset.

NIRS recording data

Template:

```
sub-<label>/
  [ses-<label>/]
    nirs/
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>]_nirs.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>]_nirs.snirf
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>]_events.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>]_events.tsv
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_physio.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_physio.tsv.gz
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_stim.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_stim.tsv.gz
```

Legend:

- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, [_ses-<label>]) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in <>, separated by |.
- _<suffix> means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- .<extension> means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- [.gz] means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

Only the Shared Near Infrared Spectroscopy Format ([SNIRF](#)) file specification is supported in BIDS. The SNIRF specification supports one or more NIRS datasets to be

stored in a single `.snirf` file. However, to be BIDS compatible, each SNIRF file MUST contain only a single run. A limited set of fields from the SNIRF specification are replicated in the BIDS specification. This redundancy allows the data to be easily parsed by humans and machines that do not have a SNIRF reader at hand, which improves findability and tooling development.

Raw NIRS data in the native format, if different from SNIRF, can also be stored in the `/sourcedata` directory along with code to convert the data to SNIRF in the `/code` directory. The unprocessed raw data should be stored in the manufacturer's format before any additional processing or conversion is applied. Retaining the native file format is especially valuable in a case when conversion elicits the loss of crucial metadata unique to specific manufacturers and NIRS systems.

Terminology

For proper documentation of NIRS recording metadata, it is important to understand the difference between a Source, Detector, and Channel as these are defined differently to other modalities, such as EEG. The following definitions apply in this document:

- Source - A light emitting device, sometimes called a transmitter.
- Detector - A photoelectric transducer, sometimes called a receiver.
- Optode - Refers to either a source or detector.
- Channel - A paired coupling of a source and a detector with one specific wavelength of light. It is common for a single Source-Detector pair to result in two or more channels with different wavelengths.

Sidecar JSON (`*_nirs.json`)

It is common within the NIRS community for researchers to build their own caps and optode holders to position their sources and detectors, or for optodes to be directly attached to the scalp with adhesive. To facilitate description of the wide variety of possible configurations, several fields are RECOMMENDED within the `*_nirs.json` file. Additionally, in certain situations, reserved keywords MUST be used. When custom modifications are made to a commercially available cap or a custom cap is used, then the reserved keyword `custom` MUST be used for the `CapManufacturersModelName` field. When a custom-made cap is used, that is, no (modified) commercially available cap, the reserved keyword `custom` MUST be used in the `CapManufacturer` field. If no cap is used, the reserved keyword `none` MUST be used in the `CapManufacturer` and `CapManufacturersModelName` field. The use of `NIRSPlacementScheme` is RECOMMENDED when no cap or a customized cap is used, and describes the positioning of the optodes. This field may also contain a reference to a file providing a graphical depiction of the cap, for example a PDF file, a photo, or a bitmap drawing. If the referred file is not specified in BIDS, it MAY be placed in the `/sourcedata` directory. To clarify the usage and interaction of these fields, the following examples are provided:

- If a commercial cap such as EasyCap actiCAP 64 Ch Standard-2 was used: `JSON` `"CapManufacturer": "EasyCap",` `"CapManufacturersModelName": "actiCAP 64 Ch Standard-2",` `"NIRSPlacementScheme": "10-20"`
- If an Artinis Medical Systems cap with custom positions, as may be done by cutting custom holes in the cap, was used: `JSON` `"CapManufacturer": "Artinis Medical Systems",` `"CapManufacturersModelName": "headcap with print, size L, it was modified by adding holes for the optodes according to the NIRSPlacementScheme and optode_layout.pdf",` `"NIRSPlacementScheme": "see optode_layout.pdf: 2 groups over the left and right dlPFC, 2 groups over the left and right PPC, 1 group over the left M1 and PMC"`
- If a completely custom cap was knitted: `JSON` `"CapManufacturer": "custom",` `"CapManufacturersModelName": "custom knitted cap with holes for optodes according to the NIRSPlacementScheme and optode_knitted_layout.jpg",` `"NIRSPlacementScheme": "see optode_knitted_layout.jpg: 2 groups over the left and right dlPFC, 2 groups over the left and right PPC."`

- If no cap was used and optodes were taped to the scalp at positions Cz, C1 and C2: JSON `"CapManufacturer": "none", "CapManufacturersModelName": "none", "NIRSPlacementScheme": ["Cz", "C1", "C2"]`, In these cases additional information regarding channels and optodes SHOULD be placed in `*_channels.tsv` and `*_optodes.tsv` files.

Closely spaced or short-separation source-detector pairs are often included in NIRS measurements to obtain a measure of systemic, rather than neural, activity. These source-detector pairs are referred to as short channels. There is variation in how manufacturers implement these short channels, some use specialized sources or detectors, and the placement mechanisms vary. It is beyond the scope of the BIDS specification to define what constitutes a short channel, and detailed characteristics of channels may be stored within the SNIRF file (for example, in the `sourcePower` field). However, to improve searchability and ease of access for users, it is useful to know if short channels were included in the NIRS measurements; the presence of short channels is stored in the field `ShortChannelCount`. If the field `ShortChannelCount` is populated, then the optional column `short_channel` may be used in `*_channels.tsv` to describe which channels were specified as short.

For consistency between studies and institutions, we encourage users to extract the values of these fields from the actual raw data. Whenever possible, please avoid using ad hoc wording.

Specific NIRS fields that are REQUIRED or may be REQUIRED depending on other metadata values:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
SamplingFrequency	REQUIRED	number or "n/a"	Sampling frequency (in Hz) of all the data in the recording, regardless of their type (for example, 2400). Sampling frequency (in Hz) of all the data in the recording, regardless of their type (for example, 12). If individual channels have different sampling rates, then the field here MUST be specified as n/a and the values MUST be specified in the <code>sampling_frequency</code> column in <code>channels.tsv</code> .)
NIRSChannelCount	REQUIRED	integer	Total number of NIRS channels, including short channels. Corresponds to the number of rows in <code>channels.tsv</code> with any NIRS type. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
NIRSSourceOptodeCount	REQUIRED	integer	Number of NIRS sources. Corresponds to the number of rows in <code>optodes.tsv</code> with type "source". Must be a number greater than or equal to 1.
NIRSDetectorOptodeCount	REQUIRED	integer	Number of NIRS detectors. Corresponds to the number of rows in <code>optodes.tsv</code> with type "detector". Must be a number greater than or equal to 1.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
ACCELChannelCount	OPTIONAL, but REQUIRED if any channel type is ACCEL	integer	Number of acceleration channels. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
GYROChannelCount	OPTIONAL, but REQUIRED if any channel type is GYRO	integer	Number of gyrometer channels. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
MAGNChannelCount	OPTIONAL, but REQUIRED if any channel type is MAGN	integer	Number of magnetometer channels. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.

Specific NIRS fields that SHOULD be present:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
CapManufacturer	RECOMMENDED	string	Name of the cap manufacturer (for example, "EasyCap"). If no cap was used, such as with optodes that are directly taped to the scalp, then the string <code>none</code> MUST be used and the <code>NIRSPlacementScheme</code> field MAY be used to specify the optode placement.
CapManufacturersModelName	RECOMMENDED	string	Manufacturer's designation of the cap model (for example, "actiCAP 64 Ch Standard-2"). If there is no official model number then a description may be provided (for example, <code>Headband with print (S-M)</code>). If a cap from a manufacturer was modified, then the field MUST be set to <code>custom</code> . If no cap was used, then the <code>CapManufacturer</code> field MUST be <code>none</code> and this field MUST be <code>n/a.</code> ")

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
SourceType	RECOMMENDED	string	Type of source. Preferably a specific model/part number is supplied. This is a freeform description, but the following keywords are suggested: "LED", "LASER", "VCSEL". If individual channels have different SourceType, then the field here should be specified as "mixed" and this column should be included in <code>optodes.tsv</code> .
DetectorType	RECOMMENDED	string	Type of detector. This is a free form description with the following suggested terms: "SiPD", "APD". Preferably a specific model/part number is supplied. If individual channels have different DetectorType, then the field here should be specified as "mixed" and this column should be included in <code>optodes.tsv</code> .
ShortChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	The number of short channels. 0 indicates no short channels. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
NIRSPlacementScheme	RECOMMENDED	string or array of strings	Placement scheme of NIRS optodes. Either the name of a standardized placement system (for example, "10-20") or an array of standardized position names (for example, ["Cz", "Pz"]). This field should only be used if a cap was not used. If a standard cap was used, then it should be specified in <code>CapManufacturer</code> and <code>CapManufacturersModelName</code> and this field should be set to "n/a"

Generic information

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
RecordingDuration	RECOMMENDED	number	Length of the recording in seconds (for example, 3600).
HeadCircumference	RECOMMENDED	number	Circumference of the participant's head, expressed in cm (for example, 58). Must be a number greater than 0.
HardwareFilters	RECOMMENDED	object of objects or "n/a"	Object of temporal hardware filters applied, or "n/a" if the data is not available. Each key-value pair in the JSON object is a name of the filter and an object in which its parameters are defined as key-value pairs. For example, {"Highpass RC filter": {"Half amplitude cutoff (Hz)": 0.0159, "Roll-off": "6dB/Octave"}}.
SubjectArtefactDescription	RECOMMENDED	string	Freeform description of the observed subject artifact and its possible cause (for example, "Vagus Nerve Stimulator", "non-removable implant"). If this field is set to "n/a", it will be interpreted as absence of major source of artifacts except cardiac and blinks.

Hardware information

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
Manufacturer	RECOMMENDED	string	Manufacturer of the equipment that produced the measurements.
ManufacturersModelName	RECOMMENDED	string	Manufacturer's model name of the equipment that produced the measurements.
SoftwareVersions	RECOMMENDED	string	Manufacturer's designation of software version of the equipment that produced the measurements.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
DeviceSerialNumber	RECOMMENDED	string	The serial number of the equipment that produced the measurements. A pseudonym can also be used to prevent the equipment from being identifiable, so long as each pseudonym is unique within the dataset.
Institution information			
Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
InstitutionName	RECOMMENDED	string	The name of the institution in charge of the equipment that produced the measurements.
InstitutionAddress	RECOMMENDED	string	The address of the institution in charge of the equipment that produced the measurements.
InstitutionalDepartmentName	RECOMMENDED	string	The department in the institution in charge of the equipment that produced the measurements.
Task information			
Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
TaskName	REQUIRED	string	Name of the task. No two tasks should have the same name. The task label included in the filename is derived from this "TaskName" field by removing all non-alphanumeric characters (that is, all except those matching [0-9a-zA-Z]). For example "TaskName" "faces n-back" or "head nodding" will correspond to task labels facesnback and headnodding , respectively.
TaskDescription	RECOMMENDED	string	Longer description of the task.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
Instructions	RECOMMENDED	string	Text of the instructions given to participants before the recording.
CogAtlasID	RECOMMENDED	string	CogAtlasID of the corresponding Cognitive Atlas Task term.
CogPOID	RECOMMENDED	string	CogPOID of the corresponding CogPO term.

Example *_nirs.json

```
{
  "TaskName": "visual",
  "InstitutionName": "Macquarie University. Australian Hearing Hub",
  "InstitutionAddress": "6 University Ave, Macquarie University NSW 2109 Australia",
  "Manufacturer": "NIRx",
  "ManufacturersModelName": "NIRScout",
  "TaskDescription": "visual gratings and noise patterns",
  "Instructions": "look at the dot in the center of the screen and press the button when it changes color",
  "SamplingFrequency": 3.7,
  "NIRSChannelCount": 56,
  "NIRSSourceOptodeCount": 16,
  "NIRSDetectorOptodeCount": 16,
  "ACCELChannelCount": 0,
  "SoftwareFilters": "n/a",
  "RecordingDuration": 233.639,
  "HardwareFilters": {"Highpass RC filter": {"Half amplitude cutoff (Hz)": 0.0159, "Roll-off": "6dB0ctave"}},
  "CapManufacturer": "NIRx",
  "CapManufacturersModelName": "Headband with print (S-M)",
  "NIRSPlacementScheme": "n/a",
}
```

Channels description (*_channels.tsv)

Template:

```
sub-<label>/
  [ses-<label>/]
    nirs/
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>]_channels.json
```

```
sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>]_channels.tsv
```

Legend:

- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, [_ses-<label>]) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in <>, separated by |.
- _<suffix> means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- .<extension> means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- [.gz] means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

This file is RECOMMENDED as it provides easily searchable information across BIDS datasets. Channels are a pairing of source and detector optodes with a specific wavelength of light. Unlike in other modalities, not all pairings of optodes correspond to meaningful data and not all pairs have to be recorded or represented in the data. Note that the source and detector names used in the channel specifications are specified in the *_optodes.tsv file below. If a *_channels.tsv file is specified, an *_optodes.tsv file MUST be specified as well. The required columns in the *_channels.tsv file MUST be ordered as listed below.

The BIDS specification supports several types of NIRS devices which output raw data in different forms. The type of measurement is specified in the `type` column. For example, when measurements are taken with a continuous wave (CW) device that saves the data as optical density, the `type` should be `NIRSCWOPTICALDENSITY` and the `units` should be `unitless`, this is equivalent to SNIRF data type `dOD`.

The columns of the channels description table stored in *_channels.tsv are:

Column name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
name	REQUIRED	string	Label of the channel. This column must appear first in the file.
type	REQUIRED	string	Type of channel; MUST use the channel types listed below. Note that the type MUST be in upper-case. This column must appear second in the file. For a list of valid values for this column, see the type.
source	REQUIRED	string or "n/a"	Name of the source as specified in the *_optodes.tsv file. n/a for channels that do not contain fNIRS signals (for example, acceleration). This column must appear third in the file.
detector	REQUIRED	string or "n/a"	Name of the detector as specified in the *_optodes.tsv file. n/a for channels that do not contain NIRS signals (for example, acceleration). This column must appear fourth in the file.

Column name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
wavelength_nominal	REQUIRED	number or "n/a"	Specified wavelength of light in nm. n/a for channels that do not contain raw NIRS signals (for example, acceleration). This field is equivalent to <code>/nirs(i)/probe/wavelengths</code> in the SNIRF specification. This column must appear fifth in the file.
units	REQUIRED	string	Physical unit of the value represented in this channel, specified according to the SI unit symbol and possibly prefix symbol, or as a derived SI unit (for example, V, or unitless for changes in optical densities). For guidelines about units see the units and units pages. This column must appear sixth in the file.
sampling_frequency	OPTIONAL, but REQUIRED if SamplingFrequency is n/a in <code>_nirs.json</code>	number	Sampling rate of the channel in Hz. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
component	OPTIONAL, but REQUIRED if type is ACCEL, GYRO or MAGN	string	Description of the spatial axis or label of quaternion component associated with the channel. For example, x,y,z for position channels, or quat_x, quat_y, quat_z, quat_w for quaternion orientation channels. This column may appear anywhere in the file. Must be one of: "x", "y", "z", "quat_x", "quat_y", "quat_z", "quat_w", "n/a".
wavelength_actual	OPTIONAL	number	Measured wavelength of light in nm. n/a for channels that do not contain raw NIRS signals (acceleration). This field is equivalent to <code>measurementList.wavelengthActual</code> in the SNIRF specification. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
low_cutoff	OPTIONAL	number or "n/a"	Frequencies used for the high-pass filter applied to the channel in Hz. If no high-pass filter applied, use n/a. This column may appear anywhere in the file.

Column name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
high_cutoff	OPTIONAL	number or "n/a"	Frequencies used for the low-pass filter applied to the channel in Hz. If no low-pass filter applied, use n/a. Note that hardware anti-aliasing in A/D conversion of all MEG/EEG electronics applies a low-pass filter; specify its frequency here if applicable. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
description	OPTIONAL	string	Brief free-text description of the channel, or other information of interest. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
wavelength_emission_actual	OPTIONAL	number	Measured emission wavelength of light in nm. n/a for channels that do not contain raw NIRS signals (acceleration). This field is equivalent to <code>measurementList.wavelengthEmissionActual</code> in the SNIRF specification. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
short_channel	OPTIONAL	boolean	Is the channel designated as short. The total number of channels listed as short channels SHOULD be stored in <code>ShortChannelCount</code> in <code>*_nirs.json</code> . This column may appear anywhere in the file. Must be one of: "true", "false".
status	OPTIONAL	string	Data quality observed on the channel. A channel is considered bad if its data quality is compromised by excessive noise. If quality is unknown, then a value of n/a may be used. Description of noise type SHOULD be provided in <code>[status_description]</code> . This column may appear anywhere in the file. Must be one of: "good", "bad", "n/a".

Column name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
status_description	OPTIONAL	string	Freeform text description of noise or artifact affecting data quality on the channel. It is meant to explain why the channel was declared bad in the status column. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
Additional Columns	OPTIONAL	n/a	Additional columns are allowed if they are defined in the associated metadata file.

Restricted keyword list for the channel types

All NIRS channels types MUST correspond to a [valid SNIRF data type](#). Additional channels that are recorded simultaneously with the NIRS device and stored in the same data file SHOULD be included as well. However, additional channels that are simultaneously recorded with a different device SHOULD be stored according to their appropriate modality specification. For example, motion data that was simultaneously recorded with a different device should be specified according to the Motion and not according to the NIRS data type. Whereas, if the motion data was acquired in with the NIRS device itself, it should be included here with the NIRS data. Any of the channel types defined in other BIDS specification MAY be used here as well such as ACCEL or MAGN. As several of these data types are commonly acquired using NIRS devices they are included as an example at the base of the table. Note that upper-case is REQUIRED.

Keyword	Description
NIRSCWAMPLITUDE	Continuous wave amplitude measurements. Equivalent to dataType 001 in SNIRF.
NIRSCWFLUORESCENSEAMPLITUDE	Continuous wave fluorescence amplitude measurements. Equivalent to dataType 051 in SNIRF.
NIRSCWOPTICALDENSITY	Continuous wave change in optical density measurements. Equivalent to dataTypeLabel dOD in SNIRF.
NIRSCWHBO	Continuous wave oxygenated hemoglobin (oxyhemoglobin) concentration measurements. Equivalent to dataTypeLabel HbO in SNIRF.
NIRSCWHBR	Continuous wave deoxygenated hemoglobin (deoxyhemoglobin) concentration measurements. Equivalent to dataTypeLabel HbR in SNIRF.
NIRSCWMUA	Continuous wave optical absorption measurements. Equivalent to dataTypeLabel mua in SNIRF.
ACCEL	Accelerometer channel, one channel for each spatial axis. An extra column component for the axis MUST be added to the *_channels.tsv file (x, y or z).
GYRO	Gyrometer channel, one channel for each spatial axis. An extra column component for the axis MUST be added to the *_channels.tsv file (x, y or z).
MAGN	Magnetometer channel, one channel for each spatial axis. An extra column component for the axis MUST be added to the *_channels.tsv file (x, y or z).

Keyword	Description
MISC	Miscellaneous

Example *_channels.tsv

Name	type	source	detector	wavelength_nominal	units
S1-D1	NIRSCWAMPLITUDE	A1	Fz	760	V
S1-D1	NIRSCWAMPLITUDE	A1	Fz	850	V
S1-D2	NIRSCWAMPLITUDE	A1	Cz	760	V
S2-D1	NIRSCWAMPLITUDE	A2	Fz	760	V
S3-D4	NIRSCWAMPLITUDE	VisS2	VisD4	760	V

Optode description (*_optodes.tsv)

Template:

```
sub-<label>/
  [ses-<label>/]
    nirs/
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>]_optodes.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>]_optodes.tsv
```

Legend:

- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, [_ses-<label>]) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in <>, separated by |.
- _<suffix> means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- .<extension> means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- [.gz] means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

File that provides the location and type of optodes. Note that coordinates MUST be expressed in Cartesian coordinates according to the NIRSCoordinateSystem and NIRSCoordinateSystemUnits fields in *_coordsystem.json. If an *_optodes.tsv file is specified, a *_coordsystem.json file MUST be specified as well. The order of the required columns in the *_optodes.tsv file MUST be as listed below.

The x, y, and z positions are for measured locations, for example, with a polhemus digitizer. If you also have idealized positions, where you wish the optodes to be placed, these can be listed in the template values (for example for "template positions" computed on a sphere). SNIRF contains arrays for both the 3D and 2D locations of data. In BIDS the *_optodes.tsv file MUST contain the 3D locations. Only in case 3D positions are unavailable the 2D locations should be used, setting the z field to an n/a value.

The columns of the optodes description table stored in *_optodes.tsv are:

Column name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
name	REQUIRED	string	Name of the optode, must be unique. This column must appear first in the file.
type	REQUIRED	string	The type of the optode. This column must appear second in the file. Must be one of: "source", "detector", "n/a".
x	REQUIRED	number or "n/a"	Recorded position along the x-axis. "n/a" if not available. This column must appear third in the file.
y	REQUIRED	number or "n/a"	Recorded position along the y-axis. "n/a" if not available. This column must appear fourth in the file.
z	REQUIRED	number or "n/a"	Recorded position along the z-axis. "n/a" if not available. This column must appear fifth in the file.
template_x	OPTIONAL, but REQUIRED if x is n/a	number or "n/a"	Assumed or ideal position along the x axis. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
template_y	OPTIONAL, but REQUIRED if y is n/a	number or "n/a"	Assumed or ideal position along the y axis. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
template_z	OPTIONAL, but REQUIRED if z is n/a	number or "n/a"	Assumed or ideal position along the z axis. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
description	OPTIONAL	string	Free-form text description of the optode, or other information of interest. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
detector_type	OPTIONAL	string	The type of detector. Only to be used if the field <code>DetectorType</code> in <code>*_nirs.json</code> is set to <code>mixed</code> . This column may appear anywhere in the file.
source_type	OPTIONAL	string	The type of source. Only to be used if the field <code>SourceType</code> in <code>*_nirs.json</code> is set to <code>mixed</code> . This column may appear anywhere in the file.

Column name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
Additional Columns	OPTIONAL	n/a	Additional columns are allowed if they are defined in the associated metadata file.

Example *_optodes.tsv

name	type	x	y	z	template_x	template_y	template_z
A1	source	-0.0707	0.0000	-0.0707	-0.07	0.00	0.07
Fz	detector	0.0000	0.0714	0.0699	0.0	0.07	0.07
S1	source	-0.2707	0.0200	-0.1707	-0.03	0.02	-0.2
D2	detector	0.0022	0.1214	0.0299	0.0	0.12	0.03
VisS2	source	-0.1707	0.1200	-0.3707	-0.1	0.1	-0.4
VisD4	detector	0.0322	0.2214	0.2299	0.02	0.22	0.23

Coordinate System JSON (*_coordsystem.json)

Template:

```
sub-<label>/
  [ses-<label>/]
    nirs/
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>][_acq-<label>]_coordsystem.json
```

Legend:

- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, [_ses-<label>]) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in <>, separated by |.
- _<suffix> means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- .<extension> means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- [.gz] means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

A *_coordsystem.json file is used to specify the fiducials, the location of anatomical landmarks, and the coordinate system and units in which the position of optodes and landmarks is expressed. Fiducials are objects with a well-defined location used to facilitate the localization of sensors and co-registration, anatomical landmarks are locations on a research subject such as the nasion (for a detailed definition see coordinate system appendix). The *_coordsystem.json is REQUIRED if the optional *_optodes.tsv is present. If a corresponding anatomical MRI is available, the locations of anatomical landmarks in that scan should also be stored in the *_T1w.json file which goes alongside the NIRS data.

Not all NIRS systems provide 3D coordinate information or digitization capabilities. In this case, only x and y are specified and z is "n/a".

General fields:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
IntendedFor	OPTIONAL	string or array	The paths to files for which the associated file is intended to be used. Contains one or more IntendedFor. Using forward-slash separated paths relative to the participant subdirectory is IntendedFor. This identifies the MRI or CT scan associated with the optodes, landmarks, and fiducials.

Fields relating to the NIRS optode positions:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
NIRSCoordinateSystem	REQUIRED	string	Defines the coordinate system in which the optode positions are expressed. See NIRSCoordinateSystem for a list of restricted keywords for coordinate systems. If "Other", a definition of the coordinate system MUST be provided in NIRSCoordinateSystemDescription. For a list of valid values for this field, see the NIRSCoordinateSystem.
NIRSCoordinateUnits	REQUIRED	string	Units of the coordinates of NIRSCoordinateSystem. Must be one of: "m", "mm", "cm", "n/a".
NIRSCoordinateProcessingDescription	RECOMMENDED	string	Has any post-processing (such as projection) been done on the optode positions (for example, "surface_projection", "n/a").
NIRSCoordinateSystemDescription	RECOMMENDED, but REQUIRED if NIRSCoordinateSystem is "other"	string	Free-form text description of the coordinate system. May also include a link to a documentation page or paper describing the system in greater detail.

Fields relating to the position of fiducials measured during an NIRS session/run:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
FiducialsDescription	OPTIONAL	string	Free-form text description of how the fiducials such as vitamin-E capsules were placed relative to anatomical landmarks, and how the position of the fiducials were measured (for example, "both with Polhemus and with T1w MRI").
FiducialsCoordinates	RECOMMENDED	object of arrays	Key-value pairs of the labels and 3-D digitized position of anatomical landmarks, interpreted following the "FiducialsCoordinateSystem" (for example, {"NAS": [12.7,21.3,13.9], "LPA": [5.2,11.3,9.6], "RPA": [20.2,11.3,9.1]}). Each array MUST contain three numeric values corresponding to x, y, and z axis of the coordinate system in that exact order.
FiducialsCoordinateUnits	RECOMMENDED	string	Units in which the coordinates that are listed in the field "FiducialsCoordinateSystem" are represented. Must be one of: "m", "mm", "cm", "n/a".
FiducialsCoordinateSystem	RECOMMENDED	string	Defines the coordinate system for the fiducials. Preferably the same as the "EEGCoordinateSystem". See the FiducialsCoordinateSystem for a list of restricted keywords for coordinate systems. If "Other", provide definition of the coordinate system in "FiducialsCoordinateSystemDescription". For a list of valid values for this field, see the FiducialsCoordinateSystem.
FiducialsCoordinateSystemDescription	RECOMMENDED, but REQUIRED if FiducialsCoordinateSystem is "other"	string	Free-form text description of the coordinate system. May also include a link to a documentation page or paper describing the system in greater detail.

Fields relating to the position of anatomical landmarks measured during an NIRS session/run:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinates	RECOMMENDED	object of arrays	Key-value pairs of the labels and 3-D digitized locations of anatomical landmarks, interpreted following the "AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinateSystem" (for example, {"NAS": [12.7,21.3,13.9], "LPA": [5.2,11.3,9.6], "RPA": [20.2,11.3,9.1]}). Each array MUST contain three numeric values corresponding to x, y, and z axis of the coordinate system in that exact order.
AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinateSystem	RECOMMENDED	string	Defines the coordinate system for the anatomical landmarks. See the AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinateSystem for a list of restricted keywords for coordinate systems. If "Other", provide definition of the coordinate system in "AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinateSystemDescription". For a list of valid values for this field, see the AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinateSystem.
AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinateUnits	RECOMMENDED	string	Units of the coordinates of "AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinateSystem". Must be one of: "m", "mm", "cm", "n/a".
AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinateSystemID	RECOMMENDED, but REQUIRED if NIRSCoordinateSystem is "other"	string	Free-form text description of the coordinate system. May also include a link to a documentation page or paper describing the system in greater detail.

Example *_coordsystem.json

```
{
  "NIRSCoordinateSystem": "Other",
  "NIRSCoordinateUnits": "mm",
  "NIRSCoordinateSystemDescription": "RAS orientation: Origin halfway between LPA and RPA, positive x-axis towards RPA, positive y-axis orthogonal to x",
  "FiducialsDescription": "Optodes and fiducials were digitized with Polhemus, fiducials were recorded as the center of vitamin E capsules stucked on t"
}
```

Motion

For information on how to cite this extension when referencing it in the context of the academic literature, please read [Citing BIDS](#).

Motion datasets formatted using this specification are available on the [BIDS examples repository](#) and can be used as helpful guidance when curating new datasets.

Motion recording data

Template:

```
sub-<label>/
  [ses-<label>/]
    motion/
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>_tracksys-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>]_motion.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>_tracksys-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>]_motion.tsv
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_tracksys-<label>][_acq-<label>][_run-<index>]_events.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_tracksys-<label>][_acq-<label>][_run-<index>]_events.tsv
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_tracksys-<label>][_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_physio.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_tracksys-<label>][_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_physio.tsv.gz
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_tracksys-<label>][_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_stim.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_tracksys-<label>][_acq-<label>][_run-<index>][_recording-<label>]_stim.tsv.gz
```

Legend:

- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, [_ses-<label>]) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in <>, separated by |.
- _<suffix> means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- .<extension> means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- [.gz] means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

A wide variety of motion capture systems are used in human research, resulting in different proprietary data formats.

This BIDS extension deals with common outputs from motion capture systems such as positions, orientations, or their time derivatives.

The extension is not limited to motion data in physical space but also encompasses simulated movement in virtual space, as far as these are comparable to movements in physical space. Other dynamic objects than human body parts whose motion is tracked may as well be included as tracked objects. This specification does not include raw camera footages (from camera-based or optical motion capture recordings), but includes the positions or orientations computed using such data.

In this specification, positions (and their time derivatives) are represented as Cartesian coordinates along up to three spatial axes, and orientations (and their time derivatives) are represented as Euler angles. However, to cover recordings from computer graphics applications (for example, virtual 3D motion or immersive virtual reality recording in physical space), orientations are also allowed to be represented as [quaternions](#).

In this case, the quaternion channels can be distinguished from channels containing Euler angles based on the entries in columns `component` and `units` in the `*_channels.tsv` file. See subsection on `Channels` description for further details.

Motion data from one tracking system MUST be stored in a single `*_motion.tsv` file. A tracking system is defined as a group of motion channels that share hardware properties (the recording device) and software properties (the recording duration and number of samples). For example, if the position time series of multiple optical markers is processed via one recording unit, this MAY be defined as a single tracking system. Note that it is not uncommon to have multiple tracking systems to record at the same time.

Each tracking system MUST have its own `*_tracksys-<label>_motion.tsv` file, where `<label>` is a user-defined keyword to be used to identify each file belonging to a tracking system. This is especially helpful when more than one tracking system is used. Data from different tracking systems MUST be stored in different `*_tracksys-<label>_motion.tsv` files, each of which is accompanied by `*_tracksys-<label>_motion.json` and `*_tracksys-<label>_channels.tsv` files. Between `tracksys-<label>` entity and `*_motion.tsv`, `*_motion.json`, or `*_channels.tsv` suffixes, optional `acq-<label>` or `acq-<label>` entity MAY be inserted.

One column in the `*_tracksys-<label>_motion.tsv` file represents one data channel. The ordering of columns MUST match the order of rows in the `*_channels.tsv` file for unambiguous assignment. All relevant metadata about a tracking systems is stored in accompanying sidecar `*_tracksys-<label>_motion.json` file.

The source data from each tracking system in their original format, if different from `.tsv`, can be stored in the `/sourcedata` directory. The original data format MAY hold more metadata than currently specified in the `*_motion.json` file.

When multiple tracking systems are used to record motion or motion capture is used alongside the recording of other BIDS modalities and recordings should be interpreted together, it is advised to provide a possibility to synchronize recordings. The preferred way to do so is to use the acquisition time of the first data point of recordings and to store this information in the `acq_time` column of the `*_scans.tsv` file. The Note that the BIDS date time format allows optional fractional seconds, which SHOULD be used to maximize the precision of the synchronization. Only if the precision of the synchronization is not high enough, the `*_events.tsv` file SHOULD be used to synchronize recordings. In this file, the start- and stop time of the recording of a system are specified in relation to a system to synchronize with. If more than two systems are to be synchronized, it is up to the user to identify the "main" system.

In case a tracking system provides time information with every recorded sample, these time information MAY be stored in form of latencies to recording onset (first sample) in the `*_motion.tsv` file. If a system has uneven sampling rate behavior, the `LATENCY` channel can be used to share these information.

To store events alongside motion data when there are multiple tracking systems simultaneously in use, it is RECOMMENDED to designate a tracking system to the events file. Such an events filename SHOULD include the `tracksys` key and looks like `sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>[_tracksys-<label>] [_acq-<label>] [_run-<index>]_e`. Event latencies can then be related to motion samples of multiple tracking systems also by using `acq_time` column entries in the `*_scans.tsv`. The same principle applies when the events file is saved alongside a simultaneously recorded non-motion data (for example EEG).

Sidecar JSON (`*_motion.json`)

Task information

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
TaskName	REQUIRED	string	Name of the task. No two tasks should have the same name. The task label included in the filename is derived from this "TaskName" field by removing all non-alphanumeric characters (that is, all except those matching [0-9a-zA-Z]). For example "TaskName" "faces n-back" or "head nodding" will correspond to task labels facesnback and headnodding, respectively. Task names for motion datasets usually contain information about the specific motion task (for example, "walking").
TaskDescription	RECOMMENDED	string	Longer description of the task.
Instructions	RECOMMENDED	string	Text of the instructions given to participants before the recording.

Hardware information

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
DeviceSerialNumber	RECOMMENDED	string	The serial number of the equipment that produced the measurements. A pseudonym can also be used to prevent the equipment from being identifiable, so long as each pseudonym is unique within the dataset.
Manufacturer	RECOMMENDED	string	Manufacturer of the equipment that produced the measurements.
ManufacturersModelName	RECOMMENDED	string	Manufacturer's model name of the equipment that produced the measurements.
SoftwareVersions	RECOMMENDED	string	Manufacturer's designation of software version of the equipment that produced the measurements.

Institution information

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
InstitutionName	RECOMMENDED	string	The name of the institution in charge of the equipment that produced the measurements.
InstitutionAddress	RECOMMENDED	string	The address of the institution in charge of the equipment that produced the measurements.
InstitutionalDepartmentName	RECOMMENDED	string	The department in the institution in charge of the equipment that produced the measurements.

Motion specific fields

Motion specific fields MUST be present:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
SamplingFrequency	REQUIRED	number	Sampling frequency (in Hz) of all the data in the recording, regardless of their type (for example, 2400). This field refers to the nominal sampling frequency. For motion data one can use "SamplingFrequencyEffective" if nominal and effective differ. The sampling frequency of data channels that deviate from the main (nominal) sampling frequency SHOULD be specified in the "_tracksys-<label>_channels.tsv" file.

Motion specific fields SHOULD be present:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
ACCELChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of acceleration channels. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
ANGACCELChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of angular acceleration channels. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
GYROChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of gyrometer channels. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
JNTANGChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of joint angle channels. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
LATENCYChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of Latency channels. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
MAGNChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of magnetometer channels. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
MISCChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of miscellaneous channels not covered otherwise. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
MissingValues	RECOMMENDED	string	Describes how missing values are represented in the given recording system (for example a tracking system in motion), can take values such as, "NaN", "0".
MotionChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of motion channels (for example, 275). Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
ORNTChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of orientation channels. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
POSChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of position channels. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.
SamplingFrequencyEffective	RECOMMENDED	number	Effective sampling frequency (in Hz) of all the data in the recording, regardless of their type (for example, 2400) which can be determined if timestamps per sample are provided. If not available, the field takes value n/a.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
SubjectArtefactDescription	RECOMMENDED	string	Freeform description of the observed subject artifact and its possible cause (for example, "Vagus Nerve Stimulator", "non-removable implant"). If this field is set to "n/a", it will be interpreted as absence of major source of artifacts except cardiac and blinks.
TrackedPointsCount	RECOMMENDED	number	Number of different tracked points tracked in a motion tracking system.
TrackingSystemName	OPTIONAL	string	A human-readable name of the tracking system to complement "tracksys" label of the corresponding *_motion.tsv filename.
VELChannelCount	RECOMMENDED	integer	Number of linear velocity channels. Must be a number greater than or equal to 0.

Example *_tracksys-<label>_motion.json

```
{
  "SamplingFrequency": 60,
  "SamplingFrequencyEffective": 60.00197437,
  "TaskName": "BIDS Motion fictive example",
  "TrackingSystemName": "IMU Right Hand",
  "TaskDescription": "walking and talking",
  "InstitutionAddress": "Fictive address",
  "InstitutionName": "Fictive Institution",
  "MotionChannelCount": 18,
  "RecordingDuration": 4667.641106,
  "SubjectArtefactDescription": "n/a",
  "TrackedPointsCount" : 2,
  "ACCELChannelCount": 6,
  "GYROChannelCount": 6,
  "MAGNChannelCount": 6,
  "Manufacturer": "BWSensing",
  "ManufacturersModelName": "BW-IMU600",
}
```

In this example, the `*_motion.json` contains data from one tracking system consisting of two [inertial measurement units \(imu\)](#). If there are additional tracking systems (for example [optical motion capture](#)), data from these MUST be stored as separate files like `*_tracksys-omcA_motion.tsv` and `*_tracksys-omcB_motion.tsv`. All specified tracking systems MAY share `tracked_point` defined in `*_channels.tsv`, when tracking devices are placed on the same object or body part.

Note that the onsets of the recordings SHOULD be stored in the study key file (`scans.tsv`). Here, date-time information MUST be expressed as indicated in Units. The `scans.tsv` file contains the filename and the acquisition time of a recording, which MAY be used to synchronize multiple recordings.

Channels description (`*_channels.tsv`)

Template:

```
sub-<label>/
  [ses-<label>/]
    motion/
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>_tracksys-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>]_channels.json
      sub-<label>[_ses-<label>]_task-<label>_tracksys-<label>[_acq-<label>][_run-<index>]_channels.tsv
```

Legend:

- Filename entities or directories between square brackets (for example, `[_ses-<label>]`) are OPTIONAL.
- Some entities may only allow specific values, in which case those values are listed in `<>`, separated by `|`.
- `_<suffix>` means that there are several (>6) valid suffixes for this filename pattern.
- `.<extension>` means that there are several (>6) valid extensions for this file type.
- `[.gz]` means that both the unzipped and gzipped versions of the extension are valid.

This file is REQUIRED as it makes it easy to browse or query over larger collections of datasets. The REQUIRED columns are `channel name`, `component`, `type`, `tracked_point` and `units`. Any number of additional columns MAY be added to provide additional information about the channels. The `*_tracksys-<label>_channels.tsv` file SHOULD give additional information about individual recorded channel, some of which may not be found summarized in `*_motion.json`. To store information about reference frames for a channel, the `reference_frame` column SHOULD be used (see Reference frame description (`*_channels.json`)).

The columns of the channels description table stored in `*_channels.tsv` are:

Column name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
name	REQUIRED	string	Label of the channel. This column must appear first in the file.

Column name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
component	REQUIRED	string	Description of the spatial axis or label of quaternion component associated with the channel. For example, x,y,z for position channels, or quat_x, quat_y, quat_z, quat_w for quaternion orientation channels. This column must appear second in the file. Must be one of: "x", "y", "z", "quat_x", "quat_y", "quat_z", "quat_w", "n/a".
type	REQUIRED	string	Type of channel; MUST use the channel types listed below. Note that the type MUST be in upper-case. This column must appear third in the file. For a list of valid values for this column, see the type.
tracked_point	REQUIRED	string	Label of the point that is being tracked, for example, label of a tracker or a marker (for example, "LeftFoot", "RightWrist"). This column must appear fourth in the file.
units	REQUIRED	string	Physical or virtual unit of the value represented in this channel, for example, "rad" or "deg" for angular quantities or "m" for position data. If motion data is recorded in a virtual space and deviate from standard SI units, the unit used MUST be specified in the sidecar *_motion.json file (for example "vm" for virtual meters). "rad" is used for Euler angles and "n/a" for quaternions. For guidelines about units see the units and units pages. This column must appear fifth in the file.
placement	RECOMMENDED	string	Placement of the tracked point on the body (for example, participant, avatar centroid, torso, left arm). It can refer to an external vocabulary for describing body parts. This column may appear anywhere in the file.

Column name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
reference_frame	RECOMMENDED	string or "n/a"	Specification of a reference frame in which the motion data are to be interpreted. The description of the levels in *_channels.json SHOULD use RotationRule, RotationOrder, and SpatialAxis, and MAY use Description for the specification. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
description	OPTIONAL	string	Brief free-text description of the channel, or other information of interest. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
sampling_frequency	OPTIONAL	number	Sampling rate of the channel in Hz. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
status	OPTIONAL	string	Data quality observed on the channel. A channel is considered bad if its data quality is compromised by excessive noise. If quality is unknown, then a value of n/a may be used. Description of noise type SHOULD be provided in [status_description]. This column may appear anywhere in the file. Must be one of: "good", "bad", "n/a".
status_description	OPTIONAL	string	Freeform text description of noise or artifact affecting data quality on the channel. It is meant to explain why the channel was declared bad in the status column. This column may appear anywhere in the file.
Additional Columns	OPTIONAL	n/a	Additional columns are allowed if they are defined in the associated metadata file.

Restricted keyword list for channel component

Restricted keyword list for column **component**. When using quaternions to represent orientations, the axial components that corresponds to the three spatial axes MUST be specified as "quat_x", "quat_y", "quat_z", and the non-axial component as "quat_w".

Keyword	Description
x	Position along the X-axis, or rotation about the X-axis among the Euler angles that represent the orientation, or magnetic field strength along the X-axis.
y	Position along the Y-axis or rotation about the Y-axis among the Euler angles that represent the orientation, or magnetic field strength along the Y-axis.
z	Position along the Z-axis or rotation about the Z-axis among the Euler angles that represent the orientation, or magnetic field strength along the Z-axis.
quat_x	Quaternion component associated with the X-axis.
quat_y	Quaternion component associated with the Y-axis.
quat_z	Quaternion component associated with the Z-axis.
quat_w	Non-axial quaternion component.
n/a	Channels that have no corresponding spatial axis.

Restricted keyword list for channel type

Restricted keyword list for column **type** in alphabetic order. Note that upper-case is REQUIRED:

Keyword	Description
ACCEL	Accelerometer channel, one channel for each spatial axis. Column component for the axis MUST be added to the *_channels.tsv file (x, y, or z).
ANGACCEL	Angular acceleration channel, one channel for each spatial axis. Column component for the axis MUST be added to the *_channels.tsv file (x, y, or z).
GYRO	Gyrometer channel, one channel for each spatial axis. Column component for the axis MUST be added to the *_channels.tsv file (x, y, or z).
JNTANG	Joint angle channel between two fixed axis belonging to two bodyparts. Angle SHOULD be defined between proximal and distal bodypart in deg.
LATENCY	Latency of samples in seconds from recording onset (see acq_time column of the respective *_scans.tsv file). MUST be in form of s[.000000], where s reflects whole seconds, and .000000 reflects OPTIONAL fractional seconds.
MAGN	Magnetic field strength, one channel for each spatial axis. Column component for the axis MUST be added to the *_channels.tsv file (x, y or z).
MISC	Miscellaneous channels.

Keyword	Description
ORNT	Orientation channel, one channel for each spatial axis or quaternion component. Column component for the axis or quaternion label MUST be added to the <code>*_channels.tsv</code> file (x, y, z, quat_x, quat_y, quat_z, or quat_w).
POS	Position in space, one channel for each spatial axis. Column component for the axis MUST be added to the <code>*_channels.tsv</code> file (x, y or z).
VEL	Velocity, one channel for each spatial axis. Column component for the axis MUST be added to the <code>*_channels.tsv</code> file (x, y or z).

Example `*_channels.tsv`

name	component	type	tracked_point	units	reference_frame
t1_acc_x	x	ACCEL	LeftFoot	m/s ²	global
t1_acc_y	y	ACCEL	LeftFoot	m/s ²	global
t1_acc_z	z	ACCEL	LeftFoot	m/s ²	global
t1_gyro_x	x	GYRO	LeftFoot	rad/s	global
t1_gyro_y	y	GYRO	LeftFoot	rad/s	global
t1_gyro_z	z	GYRO	LeftFoot	rad/s	global
...					
t2_acc_x	x	ACCEL	RightWrist	m/s ²	global
t2_acc_y	y	ACCEL	RightWrist	m/s ²	global
t2_acc_z	z	ACCEL	RightWrist	m/s ²	global
t2_gyro_x	x	GYRO	RightWrist	rad/s	global
t2_gyro_y	y	GYRO	RightWrist	rad/s	global
t2_gyro_z	z	GYRO	RightWrist	rad/s	global

Reference frame description (`*_channels.json`)

A reference frame specifies the origin and orientation of the spatial axes with respect to which motion data is to be interpreted. In case the information is available, sharing this can immensely boost the usability of shared data. The description of the `reference_frame` column SHOULD use the "Levels" field to describe the named field using [objects](#) with following fields.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
RotationOrder	RECOMMENDED	string	The sequence in which the extrinsic rotations are applied around the three axes. One of "XYZ", "XZY", "YXZ", "YZX", "ZXY", or "ZYX".

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
RotationRule	RECOMMENDED	string	The direction of rotation around each axis. One of "left-hand" or "right-hand".
SpatialAxes	RECOMMENDED	string	The coordinate system in which the motion data are to be interpreted. A sequence of characters from the set {'A', 'P', 'L', 'R', 'S', 'I', '_'} indicating the direction of each axis. For example "ARS" indicates positive values in the X, Y, Z axes are respectively anterior, right, and superior of the origin, while "PLI" indicates positive values are posterior, left, and inferior of the origin. The "_" character may be used for unused axes.
Description	OPTIONAL, but RECOMMENDED if no other keys are present	string	A description of the reference_frame

Example of *_channels.json

```
{
  "reference_frame": {
    "Levels": {
      "global": {
        "SpatialAxes": "ALS",
        "RotationOrder": "ZXY",
        "RotationRule": "right-hand"
      },
      "local": {
        "Description": "Joint angles are described following [...]"
      }
    }
  }
}
```

BIDS Derivatives

Derivatives are outputs of common processing pipelines, capturing data and meta-data sufficient for a researcher to understand and (critically) reuse those outputs in subsequent processing. Standardizing derivatives is motivated by use cases where formalized machine-readable access to processed data enables higher-level processing.

The following sections cover additions to and divergences from "raw" BIDS. Raw data are data that have been curated into BIDS from a non-BIDS source. If a dataset is derived from at least one other valid BIDS dataset, then it is a derivative dataset.

Examples:

A defaced T1w image would typically be made during the curation process and is thus under raw

```
sourcedata/private/sub-01/anat/sub-01_T1w.nii.gz  
sub-01/anat/sub-01_T1w.nii.gz
```

A defaced T1w image could also, in theory, be derived from a BIDS dataset and would thus be under derivatives

```
sub-01/anat/sub-01_T1w.nii.gz  
derivatives/sub-01/anat/sub-01_desc-defaced_T1w.nii.gz
```

Derivatives storage and directory structure

Placement and naming conventions for derived datasets are addressed in Storage of derived datasets, and dataset-level metadata is included in Derived dataset and pipeline description.

Metadata conventions

- Unless specified otherwise, individual sidecar JSON files and all metadata fields within are OPTIONAL. However, the appropriate use of these files and pertinent fields is very valuable and thus encouraged. Moreover, for some types of files, there may be one or more required metadata fields, in which case at least one metadata file containing that field must be located somewhere within the file's hierarchy (per the Inheritance Principle).

- When chaining derivative pipelines, any JSON fields that were specified as mandatory in the input files SHOULD be propagated forward in the output file’s JSON provided they remain valid. Non-required JSON fields MAY be propagated, and are highly useful, but it is the pipeline’s responsibility to ensure that the values are still relevant and appropriate to the type of output data.

File naming conventions

- Filenames that are permissible for a raw BIDS data type have a privileged status. Any modification of raw files must use a modified filename that does not conflict with the raw filename. Further, any files created as part of a derivative dataset must not match a permissible filename of a valid raw dataset. Stated equivalently, if any filename in a derivative dataset has a name permissible for a raw BIDS data, then that file must be an identical copy of that raw file.
- Each Derivatives filename MUST be of the form: `<source_entities>[_keyword-<value>]_<suffix>.<extension>` (where `<value>` could either be an `<index>` or a `<label>` depending on the keyword; see Definitions)
- When the derivatives chain involves outputs derived from a single raw input, `source_entities` MUST be the entire source filename, with the omission of the source suffix and extension. One exception to this rule is filename entities that are no longer relevant. Depending on the nature of the derivative file, the suffix can either be the same as the source file if that suffix is still appropriate, or a new appropriate value selected from the controlled list.
- There is no prohibition against identical filenames in different derived datasets, although users should be aware of the potential ambiguity this can create and use the sidecar JSON files to detail the specifics of individual files.
- When necessary to distinguish two files that do not otherwise have a distinguishing entity, the `_desc-<label>` entity SHOULD be used. This includes the cases of needing to distinguish both differing inputs and differing outputs (for example, `_desc-T1w` and `_desc-T2w` to distinguish brain mask files derived from T1w and T2w images; or `_desc-sm4` and `_desc-sm8` to distinguish between outputs generated with two different levels of smoothing).
- When naming files that are not yet standardized, it is RECOMMENDED to use names consistent with BIDS conventions where those conventions apply. For example, if a summary statistic is derived from a given task, the file name SHOULD contain `_task-<label>`.

File format specification

Derived data may be resampled into structures that are not well-handled by the raw data formats. In this section, we describe standard formats that SHOULD be adhered to when appropriate, and the extensions they should have.

GIFTI Surface Data Format

The [GIFTI](#) format is an XML-based structure containing one or more data arrays, and is well-suited to describing surface geometry and parcellations.

The following extension table is reproduced in part from Section 9.0 of the [GIFTI specification](#), indicating the expected extensions of different data arrays or combinations of data arrays.

Intent	Extension
Coordinates	<code>.coord.gii</code>
Functional	<code>.func.gii</code>

Intent	Extension
Labels	.label.gii
RGB or RGBA	.rgba.gii
Shape	.shape.gii
Surface	.surf.gii
Tensors	.tensor.gii
Time Series	.time.gii
Topology	.topo.gii
Vector	.vector.gii

Unless otherwise stated, bare .gii extensions SHOULD NOT be used for GIFTI files.

Common data types and metadata

Common file level metadata fields

Each derivative data file SHOULD be described by a JSON file provided as a sidecar or higher up in the hierarchy of the derived dataset (according to the Inheritance Principle) unless a particular derivative includes REQUIRED metadata fields, in which case a JSON file is also REQUIRED. Each derivative type defines their own set of fields, but all of them share the following (non-required) ones:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
Description	RECOMMENDED	string	Free-form natural language description. This describes the nature of the file.
Sources	OPTIONAL	array of strings	A list of files with the paths specified using Sources; these files were directly used in the creation of this derivative data file. For example, if a derivative A is used in the creation of another derivative B, which is in turn used to generate C in a chain of A->B->C, C should only list B in "Sources", and B should only list A in "Sources". However, in case both X and Y are directly used in the creation of Z, then Z should list X and Y in "Sources", regardless of whether X was used to generate Y. Using paths specified relative to the dataset root is Sources.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
RawSources	RawSources	array of strings	A list of paths relative to dataset root pointing to the BIDS-Raw file(s) that were used in the creation of this derivative. This field is DEPRECATED, and this metadata SHOULD be recorded in the Sources field using RawSources to distinguish sources from different datasets.

Examples

Preprocessed bold NIfTI file in the original coordinate space of the original run. The location of the file in the original datasets is encoded in the **Sources** metadata, and `_desc-<label>` is used to prevent clashing with the original filename.

```
sub-01/
  func/
    sub-01_task-rest_desc-preproc_bold.nii.gz
    sub-01_task-rest_desc-preproc_bold.json
{
  "Sources": ["bids:raw:sub-01/func/sub-01_task-rest_bold.nii.gz"]
}
```

Note that "raw" must appear in the **DatasetLinks** metadata in `dataset_description.json`. For example, in the case that the given derivatives dataset is nested within the "derivatives" directory of a raw dataset, the entry in **DatasetLinks** may say: "raw": "../..".

If this file was generated with prior knowledge from additional sources, such as the same subject's T1w, then both files MAY be included in **Sources**.

```
{
  "Sources": [
    "bids:raw:sub-01/func/sub-01_task-rest_bold.nii.gz",
    "bids:raw:sub-01/anat/sub-01_T1w.nii.gz"
  ]
}
```

On the other hand, if a preprocessed version of the T1w image was used, and it also occurs in the derivatives, **Sources** may include both the local, derivative file, and the raw original file.

```
{
  "Sources": [
    "bids:sub-01/anat/sub-01_desc-preproc_T1w.nii.gz"
    "bids:raw:sub-01/func/sub-01_task-rest_bold.nii.gz"
  ]
}
```

```
  ],  
}
```

Spatial references

Derivatives are often aligned to a common spatial reference to allow for the comparison of acquired data across runs, sessions, subjects or datasets. A file may indicate the spatial reference to which it has been aligned using the `space` entity and/or the `SpatialReference` metadata.

The `space` entity may take any value in Image-Based Coordinate Systems.

If the `space` entity is omitted, or the space is not in the Standard template identifiers table, then the `SpatialReference` metadata is REQUIRED.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
SpatialReference	RECOMMENDED if the derivative is aligned to a standard template listed in Standard template identifiers. REQUIRED otherwise.	string or object	For images with a single reference, the value MUST be a single string. For images with multiple references, such as surface and volume references, a JSON object MUST be used.

SpatialReference key allowed values

Value	Description
"orig"	A (potentially unique) per-image space. Useful for describing the source of transforms from an input image to a target space.
[URI][]	This can be used to point to a specific file. Paths written relative to the root of the derivative dataset are [DEPRECATED][] in favor of [BIDS URIs][].

In the case of images with multiple references, an `object` must link the relevant structures to reference files. If a single volumetric reference is used for multiple structures, the `VolumeReference` key MAY be used to reduce duplication. For CIFTI-2 images, the relevant structures are BrainStructure values defined in the BrainModel elements found in the CIFTI-2 header.

Examples

Preprocessed bold NIfTI file in individual coordinate space. Please mind that in this case `SpatialReference` key is REQUIRED.

```
sub-01/  
  func/  
    sub-01_task-rest_space-individual_bold.nii.gz  
    sub-01_task-rest_space-individual_bold.json
```

```
{  
  "SpatialReference": "bids::sub-01/anat/sub-01_desc-combined_T1w.nii.gz"  
}
```

Preprocessed **bold** CIFTI-2 files that have been sampled to the fsLR surface meshes defined in the Conte69 atlas along with the MNI152Nlin6Asym template. In this example, because all volumetric structures are sampled to the same reference, the **VolumeReference** key is used as a default, and only the surface references need to be specified by BrainStructure names. Here referred to via "https" [URIs][].

```
sub-01/  
  func/  
    sub-01_task-rest_space-fsLR_den-91k_bold.dtseries.nii  
    sub-01_task-rest_space-fsLR_den-91k_bold.json  
  
{  
  "SpatialReference": {  
    "VolumeReference": "https://templateflow.s3.amazonaws.com/tpl-MNI152Nlin6Asym_res-02_T1w.nii.gz",  
    "CIFTI_STRUCTURE_CORTEX_LEFT": "https://github.com/mgxd/brainplot/raw/master/brainplot/Conte69_Atlas/Conte69.L.midthickness.32k_fs_LR.surf.gii",  
    "CIFTI_STRUCTURE_CORTEX_RIGHT": "https://github.com/mgxd/brainplot/raw/master/brainplot/Conte69_Atlas/Conte69.R.midthickness.32k_fs_LR.surf.gii"  
  }  
}
```

Preprocessed or cleaned data

Template:

```
<pipeline_name>/  
  sub-<label>/  
    <datatype>/  
      <source_entities>[_space-<space>][_desc-<label>]_<suffix>.<extension>
```

Data is considered to be preprocessed or cleaned if the data type of the input, as expressed by the BIDS **suffix**, is unchanged. By contrast, processing steps that change the number of dimensions are likely to disrupt the propagation of the input's **suffix** and generally, the outcomes of such transformation cannot be considered preprocessed or cleaned data.

Examples of preprocessing:

- Motion-corrected, temporally denoised, and transformed to MNI space BOLD series
- Inhomogeneity corrected and skull stripped T1w files
- Motion-corrected DWI files
- Time-domain filtered EEG data
- MaxFilter (for example, SSS) cleaned MEG data

The **space** entity is recommended to distinguish files with different underlying coordinate systems or registered to different reference maps. See Spatial references for details. The **desc** entity ("description") is a general purpose field with freeform values, which **SHOULD** be used to distinguish between multiple different versions of

processing for the same input data.

Examples of preprocessed data:

```
pipeline1/
  sub-001/
    anat/
      sub-001_space-MNI305_T1w.nii.gz
      sub-001_space-MNI305_T1w.json
    func/
      sub-001_task-rest_run-1_space-MNI305_desc-preproc_bold.nii.gz
      sub-001_task-rest_run-1_space-MNI305_desc-preproc_bold.json

pipeline2/
  sub-001/
    eeg/
      sub-001_task-listening_run-1_desc-autoannotation_events.tsv
      sub-001_task-listening_run-1_desc-autoannotation_events.json
      sub-001_task-listening_run-1_desc-filtered_eeg.edf
      sub-001_task-listening_run-1_desc-filtered_eeg.json
```

All REQUIRED metadata fields coming from a derivative file's source file(s) MUST be propagated to the JSON description of the derivative unless the processing makes them invalid (for example, if a source 4D image is averaged to create a single static volume, a `RepetitionTime` property would no longer be relevant).

descriptions.tsv

To keep a record of processing steps applied to the data, a `descriptions.tsv` file MAY be used. The `descriptions.tsv` file MUST contain at least the following two columns:

- `desc_id`
- `description`

This file MAY be located at the root of the derivative dataset, or at the subject or session level ([Inheritance Principle](#)).

The `desc_id` column contains the labels used with the `desc` entity, within the particular nesting that the `descriptions.tsv` file is placed. For example, if the `descriptions.tsv` file is placed at the root of the derivative dataset, its `desc_id` column SHOULD contain all labels of the `desc` entity used across the entire derivative dataset.

The `description` column contains human-readable descriptions of the processing steps.

The use of `descriptions.tsv` files together with the `desc` entity are helpful to document how files are generated, even if their use may not be sufficient to provide full computational reproducibility.

Example use of a `descriptions.tsv` file

```
raw//
  CHANGES
  README
  channels.tsv
  dataset_description.json
  participants.tsv
  sub-001/
    eeg/
      sub-001_task-listening_events.tsv
      sub-001_task-listening_events.json
      sub-001_task-listening_eeg.edf
      sub-001_task-listening_eeg.json
derivatives//
  descriptions.tsv
  sub-001/
    eeg/
      sub-001_task-listening_desc-Filt_eeg.edf
      sub-001_task-listening_desc-Filt_eeg.json
      sub-001_task-listening_desc-FiltDs_eeg.edf
      sub-001_task-listening_desc-FiltDs_eeg.json
      sub-001_task-listening_desc-preproc_eeg.edf
      sub-001_task-listening_desc-preproc_eeg.json
```

Contents of the `descriptions.tsv` file:

desc_id	description
Filt	low-pass filtered at 30Hz
FiltDs	low-pass filtered at 30Hz, downsampled to 250Hz
preproc	low-pass filtered at 30Hz, downsampled to 250Hz, and rereferenced to a common average reference

Imaging data types

This section pertains to imaging data, which characteristically have spatial extent and resolution.

Preprocessed, coregistered and/or resampled volumes

Template:

```
<pipeline_name>/  
  sub-<label>/  
    <datatype>/  
      <source_entities>[_space-<space>][_res-<label>][_den-<label>][_desc-<label>]_<suffix>.<extension>
```

Volumetric preprocessing does not modify the number of dimensions, and so the specifications in Preprocessed or cleaned data apply. The use of surface meshes and volumetric measures sampled to those meshes is sufficiently similar in practice to treat them equivalently.

When two or more instances of a given derivative are provided with resolution or surface sampling density being the only difference between them, then the **res** (for resolution of regularly sampled N-D data) and/or **den** (for density of non-parametric surfaces) entities SHOULD be used to avoid name conflicts. Note that only files combining both regularly sampled (for example, gridded) and surface sampled data (and their downstream derivatives) are allowed to present both **res** and **den** entities simultaneously.

Examples:

```
pipeline1/  
  sub-001/  
    func/  
      sub-001_task-rest_run-1_space-MNI305_res-lo_bold.nii.gz  
      sub-001_task-rest_run-1_space-MNI305_res-hi_bold.nii.gz  
      sub-001_task-rest_run-1_space-MNI305_bold.json
```

The following metadata JSON fields are defined for preprocessed images:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
SkullStripped	REQUIRED	boolean	Whether the volume was skull stripped (non-brain voxels set to zero) or not. Must be one of: "true", "false".
Resolution	REQUIRED if res is present	string or object of strings	Specifies the interpretation of the resolution keyword. If an object is used, then the keys should be values for the res entity and values should be descriptions of those res values.
Density	REQUIRED if den is present	string or object of strings	Specifies the interpretation of the density keyword. If an object is used, then the keys should be values for the den entity and values should be descriptions of those den values.

Example JSON file corresponding to pipeline1/sub-001/func/sub-001_task-rest_run-1_space-MNI305_bold.json above:

```
{
  "SkullStripped": true,
  "Resolution": {
    "hi": "Matched with high-resolution T1w (0.7mm, isotropic)",
    "lo": "Matched with original BOLD resolution (2x2x3 mm^3)"
  }
}
```

This would be equivalent to having two JSON metadata files, one corresponding to res-lo (pipeline1/sub-001/func/sub-001_task-rest_run-1_space-MNI305_res-lo_bold.json)

```
{
  "SkullStripped": true,
  "Resolution": "Matched with original BOLD resolution (2x2x3 mm^3)"
}
```

And one corresponding to res-hi (pipeline1/sub-001/func/sub-001_task-rest_run-1_space-MNI305_res-hi_bold.json):

```
{
  "SkullStripped": true,
  "Resolution": "Matched with high-resolution T1w (0.7mm, isotropic)"
}
```

Example of CIFTI-2 files (a format that combines regularly sampled data and non-parametric surfaces) having both **res** and **den** entities:

```
pipeline1/
  sub-001/
```

```
func/  
  sub-001_task-rest_run-1_space-fsLR_res-1_den-10k_bold.dtseries.nii  
  sub-001_task-rest_run-1_space-fsLR_res-1_den-41k_bold.dtseries.nii  
  sub-001_task-rest_run-1_space-fsLR_res-2_den-10k_bold.dtseries.nii  
  sub-001_task-rest_run-1_space-fsLR_res-2_den-41k_bold.dtseries.nii  
  sub-001_task-rest_run-1_space-fsLR_bold.json
```

And the corresponding sub-001_task-rest_run-1_space-fsLR_bold.json file:

```
{  
  "SkullStripped": true,  
  "Resolution": {  
    "1": "Matched with MNI152Nlin6Asym 1.6mm isotropic",  
    "2": "Matched with MNI152Nlin6Asym 2.0mm isotropic"  
  },  
  "Density": {  
    "10k": "10242 vertices per hemisphere (5th order icosahedron)",  
    "41k": "40962 vertices per hemisphere (6th order icosahedron)"  
  }  
}
```

Masks

Template:

```
<pipeline_name>/  
  sub-<label>/  
    anat|func|dwi/  
      <source_entities>[_space-<space>][_res-<label>][_den-<label>][_label-<label>][_desc-<label>]_mask.nii.gz
```

A binary (1 - inside, 0 - outside) mask in the space defined by the `space` entity. If no transformation has taken place, the value of `space` SHOULD be set to `orig`. If the mask is an ROI mask derived from an atlas segmentation, then the `label` entity SHOULD be used to specify the masked structure (see Common image-derived labels).

JSON metadata fields:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
Type	RECOMMENDED	string	Short identifier of the mask. The value "Brain" refers to a brain mask. The value "Lesion" refers to a lesion mask. The value "Face" refers to a face mask. The value "ROI" refers to a region of interest mask. Must be one of: "Brain", "Lesion", "Face", "ROI".
Sources	RECOMMENDED	array of strings	A list of files with the paths specified using Sources; these files were directly used in the creation of this derivative data file. For example, if a derivative A is used in the creation of another derivative B, which is in turn used to generate C in a chain of A->B->C, C should only list B in "Sources", and B should only list A in "Sources". However, in case both X and Y are directly used in the creation of Z, then Z should list X and Y in "Sources", regardless of whether X was used to generate Y. Using paths specified relative to the dataset root is Sources.
RawSources	RawSources	array of strings	A list of paths relative to dataset root pointing to the BIDS-Raw file(s) that were used in the creation of this derivative. This field is DEPRECATED, and this metadata SHOULD be recorded in the Sources field using RawSources to distinguish sources from different datasets.
Resolution	REQUIRED if res is present	string or object of strings	Specifies the interpretation of the resolution keyword. If an object is used, then the keys should be values for the res entity and values should be descriptions of those res values.

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
Density	REQUIRED if den is present	string or object of strings	Specifies the interpretation of the density keyword. If an object is used, then the keys should be values for the den entity and values should be descriptions of those den values.

Examples:

```
func_loc/
  sub-001/
    func/
      sub-001_task-rest_run-1_space-MNI305_desc-PFC_mask.nii.gz
      sub-001_task-rest_run-1_space-MNI305_desc-PFC_mask.json
manual_masks/
  sub-001/
    anat/
      sub-001_desc-tumor_mask.nii.gz
      sub-001_desc-tumor_mask.json
```

Segmentations

A segmentation is a labeling of regions of an image such that each location (for example, a voxel or a surface vertex) is identified with a label or a combination of labels. Labeled regions may include anatomical structures (such as tissue class, Brodmann area or white matter tract), discontinuous, functionally-defined networks, tumors or lesions.

A discrete segmentation represents each region with a unique integer label. A probabilistic segmentation represents each region as values between 0 and 1 (inclusive) at each location in the image, and one volume/frame per structure may be concatenated in a single file.

Segmentations may be defined in a volume (labeled voxels), a surface (labeled vertices) or a combined volume/surface space.

If the segmentation can be generated in different ways, for example, following an atlas segmentation, the **seg** entity MAY be used to distinguish the name of the segmentation used.

The following section describes discrete and probabilistic segmentations of volumes, followed by discrete segmentations of surface/combined spaces. Probabilistic segmentations of surfaces are currently [unspecified][].

The following metadata fields apply to all segmentation files:

Key name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
Manual	OPTIONAL	boolean	Indicates if the segmentation was performed manually or via an automated process. Must be one of: "true", "false".
Resolution	REQUIRED if res is present	string or object of strings	Specifies the interpretation of the resolution keyword. If an object is used, then the keys should be values for the res entity and values should be descriptions of those res values.
Density	REQUIRED if den is present	string or object of strings	Specifies the interpretation of the density keyword. If an object is used, then the keys should be values for the den entity and values should be descriptions of those den values.

Discrete Segmentations

Discrete segmentations of brain tissue represent multiple anatomical structures (such as tissue class or Brodmann area) with a unique integer label in a 3D volume. See Common image-derived labels for a description of how integer values map to anatomical structures.

Template:

```
<pipeline_name>/
  sub-<label>/
    anat|func|dwi/
      <source_entities>[_space-<space>][_seg-<label>][_res-<label>][_den-<label>]_dseg.nii.gz
```

Example:

```
pipeline/
  sub-001/
    anat/
      sub-001_space-orig_dseg.nii.gz
      sub-001_space-orig_dseg.json
```

A segmentation can be used to generate a binary mask that functions as a discrete "label" for a single structure. In this case, the mask suffix **MUST** be used, the **label** entity) **SHOULD** be used to specify the masked structure (see Common image-derived labels), and the **seg** entity **SHOULD** be defined.

For example:

```
pipeline/
  sub-001/
```

```
anat/  
  sub-001_space-orig_seg-Desikan_label-GM_mask.nii.gz  
  sub-001_space-orig_seg-Desikan_label-GM_mask.json
```

Probabilistic Segmentations

Probabilistic segmentations of brain tissue represent a single anatomical structure with values ranging from 0 to 1 in individual 3D volumes or across multiple frames. If a single structure is included, the `label` entity SHOULD be used to specify the structure.

Template:

```
<pipeline_name>/  
  sub-<label>/  
    func|anat|dwi/  
      <source_entities>[_space-<space>][_seg-<label>][_res-<label>][_den-<label>][_label-<label>]_probseg.nii.gz
```

Example:

```
pipeline/  
  sub-001/  
    anat/  
      sub-001_space-orig_label-BG_probseg.nii.gz  
      sub-001_space-orig_label-WM_probseg.nii.gz
```

See Common image-derived labels for reserved values for the `label` entity.

A 4D probabilistic segmentation, in which each frame corresponds to a different tissue class, must provide a label mapping in its JSON sidecar. For example:

```
pipeline/  
  sub-001/  
    anat/  
      sub-001_space-orig_probseg.nii.gz  
      sub-001_space-orig_probseg.json
```

The JSON sidecar MUST include the `label-map` key that specifies a tissue label for each volume:

```
{  
  "LabelMap": [  
    "BG",  
    "WM",  
    "GM"  
  ]  
}
```

Values of `label` SHOULD correspond to abbreviations defined in Common image-derived labels.

Discrete surface segmentations

Discrete surface segmentations (sometimes called parcellations) of cortical structures MUST be stored as GIFTI label files, with the extension `.label.gii`. For combined volume/surface spaces, discrete segmentations MUST be stored as CIFTI-2 dense label files, with the extension `.dlabel.nii`.

Template:

```
<pipeline_name>/
  sub-<label>/
    anat/
      <source_entities>[_hemi-{L|R}] [_space-<space>] [_seg-<label>] [_res-<label>] [_den-<label>]_dseg.{label.gii|dlabel.nii}
```

The `hemi-<label>` entity is REQUIRED for GIFTI files storing information about a structure that is restricted to a hemibrain. For example:

```
pipeline/
  sub-001/
    anat/
      sub-001_hemi-L_dseg.label.gii
      sub-001_hemi-R_dseg.label.gii
```

The REQUIRED extension for CIFTI parcellations is `.dlabel.nii`. For example:

```
pipeline/
  sub-001/
    anat/
      sub-001_dseg.dlabel.nii
```

Common image-derived labels

BIDS supplies a standard, generic label-index mapping, defined in the table below, that contains common image-derived segmentations and can be used to map segmentations (and parcellations) between lookup tables.

Integer value	Description	Abbreviation (label)
0	Background	BG
1	Gray Matter	GM
2	White Matter	WM
3	Cerebrospinal Fluid	CSF
4	Bone	B
5	Soft Tissue	ST
6	Non-brain	NB
7	Lesion	L
8	Cortical Gray Matter	CGM
9	Subcortical Gray Matter	SGM

Integer value	Description	Abbreviation (label)
10	Brainstem	BS
11	Cerebellum	CBM

These definitions can be overridden (or added to) by providing custom labels in a sidcar `<matches>.tsv` file, in which `<matches>` corresponds to segmentation filename.

Example:

```
pipeline/
  sub-001/
    anat/
      sub-001_space-orig_dseg.nii.gz
      sub-001_space-orig_dseg.tsv
```

Definitions can also be specified with a top-level `dseg.tsv`, which propagates to segmentations in relative subdirectories.

Example:

```
pipeline/
  dseg.tsv
  sub-001/
    anat/
      sub-001_space-orig_dseg.nii.gz
```

These TSV lookup tables contain the following columns:

Column name	Requirement Level	Data type	Description
index	REQUIRED	integer	The label integer index. Values in index MUST be unique.
name	REQUIRED	string	The unique label name.
abbreviation	OPTIONAL	string	The unique label abbreviation
color	OPTIONAL	string	Hexadecimal. Label color for visualization.
mapping	OPTIONAL	integer	Corresponding integer label in the standard BIDS label lookup.
Additional Columns	NOT ALLOWED	n/a	Additional columns are not allowed.

An example, custom `dseg.tsv` that defines three labels:

index	name	abbreviation	color	mapping
100	Gray Matter	GM	#ff53bb	1

101	White Matter	WM	#2f8bbe	2
102	Brainstem	BS	#36de72	11

The following example `dseg.tsv` defines regions that are not part of the standard BIDS labels:

index	name	abbreviation
137	pars opercularis	IFGop
138	pars triangularis	IFGtr
139	pars orbitalis	IFGor

Longitudinal and multi-site studies

Multiple sessions (visits) are encoded by adding an extra layer of directories and filenames in the form of a session (for example `ses-<label>`) and with a `*_sessions.tsv` file.

```
sub-control01/  
  ses-predrug/  
    anat/  
      sub-control01_ses-predrug_T1w.nii.gz  
      sub-control01_ses-predrug_T1w.json  
      sub-control01_ses-predrug_T2w.nii.gz  
      sub-control01_ses-predrug_T2w.json  
    func/  
      sub-control01_ses-predrug_task-nback_bold.nii.gz  
      sub-control01_ses-predrug_task-nback_bold.json  
      sub-control01_ses-predrug_task-nback_events.tsv  
      sub-control01_ses-predrug_task-nback_physio.tsv.gz  
      sub-control01_ses-predrug_task-nback_physio.json  
      sub-control01_ses-predrug_task-nback_sbref.nii.gz  
    dwi/  
      sub-control01_ses-predrug_dwi.nii.gz  
      sub-control01_ses-predrug_dwi.bval  
      sub-control01_ses-predrug_dwi.bvec  
    fmap/  
      sub-control01_ses-predrug_phasediff.nii.gz  
      sub-control01_ses-predrug_phasediff.json  
      sub-control01_ses-predrug_magnitude1.nii.gz  
      sub-control01_ses-predrug_scans.tsv  
  ses-postdrug/  
    func/  
      sub-control01_ses-postdrug_task-nback_bold.nii.gz
```

```
sub-control01_ses-postdrug_task-nback_bold.json
sub-control01_ses-postdrug_task-nback_events.tsv
sub-control01_ses-postdrug_task-nback_physio.tsv.gz
sub-control01_ses-postdrug_task-nback_physio.json
sub-control01_ses-postdrug_task-nback_sbref.nii.gz
fmap/
sub-control01_ses-postdrug_phasediff.nii.gz
sub-control01_ses-postdrug_phasediff.json
sub-control01_ses-postdrug_magnitude1.nii.gz
sub-control01_sessions.tsv
participants.tsv
dataset_description.json
README
CHANGES
```

sub-control01_sessions.tsv content:

```
session_id  acq_time      systolic_blood_pressure
ses-predrug  2009-06-15T13:45:30  120
ses-postdrug 2009-06-16T13:45:30  100
```

See this [example dataset](#) that has been formatted using this specification and can be used for practical guidance when curating a new longitudinal dataset.

Multi-site or multi-center studies

This version of the BIDS specification does not explicitly cover studies with data coming from multiple sites or multiple centers (such extension is planned in [BIDS 2.0](#)). There are however ways to model your data without any loss in terms of metadata.

Option 1: Treat each site/center as a separate dataset

The simplest way of dealing with multiple sites is to treat data from each site as a separate and independent BIDS dataset with a separate participants.tsv and other metadata files. This way you can feed each dataset individually to BIDS Apps and everything should just work.

Option 2: Combining sites/centers into one dataset

Alternatively you can combine data from all sites into one dataset. To identify which site each subjects comes from you can add a `site` column in the `participants.tsv` file indicating the source site. This solution allows you to analyze all of the subjects together in one dataset. One caveat is that subjects from all sites will have to have unique labels. To enforce that and improve readability you can use a subject label prefix identifying the site. For example `sub-NUY001`, `sub-MIT002`, `sub-MPG002` and so on. Remember that hyphens and underscores are not allowed in subject labels.

Glossary of schema objects

This section compiles the object definitions in the schema.

4DBti (enums)

Name: 4D BTI

Type: Enums

Description: ALS orientation and the origin between the ears.

ACCEL (enums)

Name: ACCEL

Type: Enums

Description: Accelerometer channel, one channel for each spatial axis. Column `component` for the axis MUST be added to the `*_channels.tsv` file (x, y, or z).

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- fnirs  
- motion
```

ACCELChannelCount (metadata)

Name: Acceleration channel count

Type: Metadata

Description: Number of acceleration channels.

Schema information:

```
minimum: 0
type: integer
```

ACPC (enums)

Name: ACPC

Type: Enums

Description: The origin of the coordinate system is at the Anterior Commissure and the negative y-axis is passing through the Posterior Commissure. The positive z-axis is passing through a mid-hemispheric point in the superior direction. The anatomical landmarks are determined in the individual's anatomical scan and no scaling or deformations have been applied to the individual's anatomical scan. For more information, see the [ACPC site](#) on the FieldTrip toolbox wiki.

ADC (enums)

Name: ADC

Type: Enums

Description: Analog to Digital input.

Schema information:

```
tags:
- meg
- ieeg
- fnirs
```

ANGACCEL (enums)

Name: ANGACCEL

Type: Enums

Description: Angular acceleration channel, one channel for each spatial axis. Column `component` for the axis MUST be added to the `*_channels.tsv` file (x, y, or z).

Schema information:

```
tags:
- motion
```

ANGACCELChannelCount (metadata)

Name: Angular acceleration channel count

Type: Metadata

Description: Number of angular acceleration channels.

Schema information:

```
minimum: 0
type: integer
```

AUDIO (enums)

Name: AUDIO

Type: Enums

Description: Audio signal.

Schema information:

```
tags:
- eeg
- meg
- ieeg
- fnirs
```

Absent (enums)

Name: Absent

Type: Enums

Description: No specific M0 information is present.

Acknowledgements (metadata)

Name: Acknowledgements

Type: Metadata

Description: Text acknowledging contributions of individuals or institutions beyond those listed in Authors or Funding.

Schema information:

`type: string`

AcquisitionDuration (metadata)

Name: Acquisition Duration

Type: Metadata

Description: Duration (in seconds) of volume acquisition. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 9073 Acquisition Duration. This field is mutually exclusive with "RepetitionTime".

Schema information:

`exclusiveMinimum: 0`

`type: number`

`unit: s`

AcquisitionMode (metadata)

Name: Acquisition Mode

Type: Metadata

Description: Type of acquisition of the PET data (for example, "list mode").

Schema information:

`type: string`

AcquisitionVoxelSize (metadata)

Name: Acquisition Voxel Size

Type: Metadata

Description: An array of numbers with a length of 3, in millimeters. This parameter denotes the original acquisition voxel size, excluding any inter-slice gaps and before any interpolation or resampling within reconstruction or image processing. Any point spread function effects, for example due to T2-blurring, that would decrease the effective resolution are not considered here.

Schema information:

`items:`

`exclusiveMinimum: 0`

```
    type: number
    unit: mm
maxItems: 3
minItems: 3
type: array
```

Anaesthesia (metadata)

Name: Anaesthesia

Type: Metadata

Description: Details of anaesthesia used, if any.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

AnalyticalApproach (metadata)

Name: Analytical Approach

Type: Metadata

Description: Methodology or methodologies used to analyze the "GeneticLevel". Values MUST be taken from the [database of Genotypes and Phenotypes \(dbGaP\)](#) under /Study/Molecular Data Type (for example, SNP Genotypes (Array) or Methylation (CpG)).

Schema information:

```
anyOf:
- type: string
- items:
    type: string
  type: array
```

AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinateSystem (metadata)

Name: Anatomical Landmark Coordinate System

Type: Metadata

Allowed values: CTF, ElektaNeuromag, 4DBti, KitYokogawa, ChietiItab, Other, CapTrak, EEGLAB, EEGLAB-HJ, Other, ICBM452AirSpace, ICBM452Warp5Space, IXI549Space, fsaverage, fsaverageSym, fsLR, MNIColin27, MNI152Lin, MNI152NLin2009aSym, MNI152NLin2009bSym, MNI152NLin2009cSym, MNI152NLin2009aAsym,

MNI152Nlin2009bAsym, MNI152Nlin2009cAsym, MNI152Nlin6Sym, MNI152Nlin6ASym, MNI305, NIHPD, OASIS30AntsOASISAnts, OASIS30Atropos, Talairach, UNCInfant, fsaverage3, fsaverage4, fsaverage5, fsaverage6, fsaveragesym, UNCInfant0V21, UNCInfant1V21, UNCInfant2V21, UNCInfant0V22, UNCInfant1V22, UNCInfant2V22, UNCInfant0V23, UNCInfant1V23, UNCInfant2V23

Description: Defines the coordinate system for the anatomical landmarks. See the Coordinate Systems Appendix for a list of restricted keywords for coordinate systems. If "Other", provide definition of the coordinate system in "AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinateSystemDescription".

Schema information:

`type: string`

AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinateSystemDescription (metadata)

Name: Anatomical Landmark Coordinate System Description

Type: Metadata

Description: Free-form text description of the coordinate system. May also include a link to a documentation page or paper describing the system in greater detail.

Schema information:

`type: string`

AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinateUnits (metadata)

Name: Anatomical Landmark Coordinate Units

Type: Metadata

Allowed values: m, mm, cm, n/a

Description: Units of the coordinates of "AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinateSystem".

Schema information:

`type: string`

AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinates sense 1 (metadata)

Name: Anatomical Landmark Coordinates

Type: Metadata

Description: Key-value pairs of the labels and 3-D digitized locations of anatomical landmarks, interpreted following the "AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinateSystem" (for example, {"NAS": [12.7,21.3,13.9], "LPA": [5.2,11.3,9.6], "RPA": [20.2,11.3,9.1]}). Each array MUST contain three numeric values corresponding to x, y, and z axis of the coordinate system in that exact order.

Schema information:

```
additionalProperties:
  items:
    type: number
  maxItems: 3
  minItems: 3
  type: array
type: object
```

AnatomicalLandmarkCoordinates sense 2 (metadata)

Name: Anatomical Landmark Coordinates

Type: Metadata

Description: Key-value pairs of any number of additional anatomical landmarks and their coordinates in voxel units (where first voxel has index 0,0,0) relative to the associated anatomical MRI (for example, {"AC": [127,119,149], "PC": [128,93,141], "IH": [131,114,206]}, or {"NAS": [127,213,139], "LPA": [52,113,96], "RPA": [202,113,91]}). Each array MUST contain three numeric values corresponding to x, y, and z axis of the coordinate system in that exact order.

Schema information:

```
additionalProperties:
  items:
    type: number
  maxItems: 3
  minItems: 3
  type: array
type: object
```

Any (extensions)

Name: Any Extension

Type: Extension

Format: <entities>_<suffix>.*

Description: Any extension is allowed.

ArterialSpinLabelingType (metadata)

Name: Arterial Spin Labeling Type

Type: Metadata

Allowed values: CASL, PCASL, PASL

Description: The arterial spin labeling type.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

AssociatedEmptyRoom (metadata)

Name: Associated Empty Room

Type: Metadata

Description: One or more BIDS URIs pointing to empty-room file(s) associated with the subject's MEG recording. Using forward-slash separated paths relative to the dataset root is BIDS URIs.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:  
- items:  
  anyOf:  
    - format: dataset_relative  
      type: string  
    - format: bids_uri  
      type: string  
  type: array  
- format: dataset_relative  
  type: string  
- format: bids_uri  
  type: string
```

AttenuationCorrection (metadata)

Name: Attenuation Correction

Type: Metadata

Description: Short description of the attenuation correction method used.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

AttenuationCorrectionMethodReference (metadata)

Name: Attenuation Correction Method Reference

Type: Metadata

Description: Reference paper for the attenuation correction method used.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

Authors (metadata)

Name: Authors

Type: Metadata

Description: List of individuals who contributed to the creation/curation of the dataset.

Schema information:

```
items:  
  type: string  
type: array
```

B0FieldIdentifier (metadata)

Name: B0 Field Identifier

Type: Metadata

Description: The presence of this key states that this particular 3D or 4D image MAY be used for fieldmap estimation purposes. Each "B0FieldIdentifier" MUST be a unique string within one participant's tree, shared only by the images meant to be used as inputs for the estimation of a particular instance of the B0 field estimation. It is RECOMMENDED to derive this identifier from DICOM Tags, for example, DICOM tag 0018, 1030 Protocol Name, or DICOM tag 0018, 0024 Sequence Name when the former is not defined (for example, in GE devices.)

Schema information:

```
anyOf:  
- type: string  
- items:  
  type: string  
  type: array
```

B0FieldSource (metadata)

Name: B0 Field Source

Type: Metadata

Description: At least one existing "B0FieldIdentifier" defined by images in the participant's tree. This field states the B0 field estimation designated by the "B0FieldIdentifier" that may be used to correct the dataset for distortions caused by B0 inhomogeneities. "B0FieldSource" and "B0FieldIdentifier" MAY both be present for images that are used to estimate their own B0 field, for example, in "pepolar" acquisitions.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:  
- type: string  
- items:  
  type: string  
  type: array
```

BARIUM (enums)

Name: BARIUM

Type: Enums

Description: A Contrast Bolus Ingredient: Barium

BF (suffixes)

Name: Bright-field microscopy

Type: Suffix

Format: <entities>_BF.<extension>

Description: Bright-field microscopy imaging data

BIDSVersion (metadata)

Name: BIDS Version

Type: Metadata

Description: The version of the BIDS standard that was used.

Schema information:

`type: string`

BackgroundSuppression (metadata)

Name: Background Suppression

Type: Metadata

Description: Boolean indicating if background suppression is used.

Schema information:

`type: boolean`

BackgroundSuppressionNumberPulses (metadata)

Name: Background Suppression Number Pulses

Type: Metadata

Description: The number of background suppression pulses used. Note that this excludes any effect of background suppression pulses applied before the labeling.

Schema information:

`minimum: 0`

`type: number`

BackgroundSuppressionPulseTime (metadata)

Name: Background Suppression Pulse Time

Type: Metadata

Description: Array of numbers containing timing, in seconds, of the background suppression pulses with respect to the start of the labeling. In case of multi-PLD with different background suppression pulse times, only the pulse time of the first PLD should be defined.

Schema information:

`items:`

`minimum: 0`

`type: number`

`unit: s`

`type: array`

BasedOn (metadata)

Name: Based On

Type: Metadata

Description: List of files in a file collection to generate the map. Fieldmaps are also listed, if involved in the processing. This field is DEPRECATED, and this metadata SHOULD be recorded in the **Sources** field using BIDS URIs to distinguish sources from different datasets.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:  
- format: participant_relative  
  type: string  
- items:  
  format: participant_relative  
  type: string  
  type: array
```

BloodDensity (metadata)

Name: Blood Density

Type: Metadata

Description: Measured blood density. Unit of blood density should be in "g/mL".

Schema information:

```
type: number  
unit: g/mL
```

BodyPart (metadata)

Name: Body Part

Type: Metadata

Description: Body part of the organ / body region scanned.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

BodyPartDetails (metadata)

Name: Body Part Details

Type: Metadata

Description: Additional details about body part or location (for example: "corpus callosum").

Schema information:

`type: string`

BodyPartDetailsOntology (metadata)

Name: Body Part Details Ontology

Type: Metadata

Description: URI of ontology used for BodyPartDetails (for example: "https://www.ebi.ac.uk/ols/ontologies/uberon").

Schema information:

`format: uri`

`type: string`

BolusCutOffDelayTime (metadata)

Name: Bolus Cut Off Delay Time

Type: Metadata

Description: Duration between the end of the labeling and the start of the bolus cut-off saturation pulse(s), in seconds. This can be a number or array of numbers, of which the values must be non-negative and monotonically increasing, depending on the number of bolus cut-off saturation pulses. For Q2TIPS, only the values for the first and last bolus cut-off saturation pulses are provided. Based on DICOM Tag 0018, 925F ASL Bolus Cut-off Delay Time.

Schema information:

`anyOf:`

- `- minimum: 0`
`type: number`
`unit: s`

- `- items:`
`minimum: 0`
`type: number`

```
unit: s
type: array
```

BolusCutOffFlag (metadata)

Name: Bolus Cut Off Flag

Type: Metadata

Description: Boolean indicating if a bolus cut-off technique is used. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 925C ASL Bolus Cut-off Flag.

Schema information:

```
type: boolean
```

BolusCutOffTechnique (metadata)

Name: Bolus Cut Off Technique

Type: Metadata

Description: Name of the technique used, for example "Q2TIPS", "QUIPSS", "QUIPSSII". Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 925E ASL Bolus Cut-off Technique.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

Brain (enums)

Name: Brain mask

Type: Enums

Description: A brain mask.

BrainLocation (metadata)

Name: Brain Location

Type: Metadata

Description: Refers to the location in space of the "TissueOrigin". Values may be an MNI coordinate, a label taken from the [Allen Brain Atlas](#), or layer to refer to layer-specific gene expression, which can also tie up with laminar fMRI.

Schema information:

`type: string`

CARBON_DIOXIDE (enums)

Name: CARBON DIOXIDE

Type: Enums

Description: A Contrast Bolus Ingredient: Carbon Dioxide

CARS (suffixes)

Name: Coherent anti-Stokes Raman spectroscopy

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_CARS.<extension>`

Description: Coherent anti-Stokes Raman spectroscopy imaging data

CASL (enums)

Name: Continuous arterial spin labeling

Type: Enums

Description: Continuous arterial spin labeling was employed.

CASLType (metadata)

Name: CASL Type

Type: Metadata

Allowed values: `single-coil`, `double-coil`

Description: Describes if a separate coil is used for labeling.

Schema information:

`type: string`

CHANGES (files)

Name: Changelog

Type: Files And Directories

Description: Version history of the dataset (describing changes, updates and corrections) MAY be provided in the form of a **CHANGES** text file. This file MUST follow the [CPAN Changelog convention](#). The **CHANGES** file MUST be either in ASCII or UTF-8 encoding.

Schema information:

`file_type: regular`

CITATION (files)

Name: CITATION.cff

Type: Files And Directories

Description: A description of the citation information for the dataset, following the [Citation File Format](#) specification. This file permits more detailed and structured descriptions than dataset_description.json.

Schema information:

`file_type: regular`

COMBINED (enums)

Name: COMBINED

Type: Enums

Description: A spoiling type: COMBINED

CONF (suffixes)

Name: Confocal microscopy

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_CONF.<extension>`

Description: Confocal microscopy imaging data

CTF (enums)

Name: CTF

Type: Enums

Description: ALS orientation and the origin between the ears.

CTF (extensions)

Name: CTF MEG Dataset Directory

Type: Extension

Format: `<entities>_<suffix>.ds/`

Description: A directory for MEG data, typically containing a `.meg4` file for the data and a `.res4` file for the resources.

CapManufacturer (metadata)

Name: Cap Manufacturer

Type: Metadata

Description: Name of the cap manufacturer (for example, "EasyCap").

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

CapManufacturersModelName (metadata)

Name: Cap Manufacturers Model Name

Type: Metadata

Description: Manufacturer's designation of the cap model (for example, "actiCAP 64 Ch Standard-2").

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

CapTrak (enums)

Name: CapTrak

Type: Enums

Description: RAS orientation and the origin approximately between LPA and RPA

CellType (metadata)

Name: Cell Type

Type: Metadata

Description: Describes the type of cell analyzed. Values SHOULD come from the [cell ontology](#).

Schema information:

`type: string`

ChietiItab (enums)

Name: Chieti ITAB

Type: Enums

Description: RAS orientation and the origin between the ears.

Chimap (suffixes)

Name: Quantitative susceptibility map (QSM)

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_Chimap.<extension>`

Description: In parts per million (ppm). QSM allows for determining the underlying magnetic susceptibility of tissue (Chi) ([Wang & Liu, 2014](#)). Chi maps are REQUIRED to use this suffix regardless of the method used to generate them.

Schema information:

`unit: ppm`

ChunkTransformationMatrix (metadata)

Name: Chunk Transformation Matrix

Type: Metadata

Description: 3x3 or 4x4 affine transformation matrix describing spatial chunk transformation, for 2D and 3D respectively (for examples: $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ in 2D for 2x and 3x scaling along the first and second axis respectively; or $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ in 3D for 2x and 3x scaling along the second and third axis respectively). Note that non-spatial dimensions like time and channel are not included in the transformation matrix.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:
- items:
  items:
    type: number
  maxItems: 3
  minItems: 3
  type: array
maxItems: 3
minItems: 3
type: array
- items:
  items:
    type: number
  maxItems: 4
  minItems: 4
  type: array
maxItems: 4
minItems: 4
type: array
```

ChunkTransformationMatrixAxis (metadata)

Name: Chunk Transformation Matrix Axis

Type: Metadata

Description: Describe the axis of the ChunkTransformationMatrix (for examples: ["X", "Y"] or ["Z", "Y", "X"]).

Schema information:

```
items:
  type: string
```

```
maxItems: 3  
minItems: 2  
type: array
```

Code (metadata)

Name: Code

Type: Metadata

Description: URI of the code used to present the stimuli. Persistent identifiers such as DOIs are preferred. If multiple versions of code may be hosted at the same location, revision-specific URIs are recommended.

Schema information:

```
format: uri  
type: string
```

CogAtlasID (metadata)

Name: Cognitive Atlas ID

Type: Metadata

Description: URI of the corresponding [Cognitive Atlas](#) Task term.

Schema information:

```
format: uri  
type: string
```

CogPOID (metadata)

Name: Cognitive Paradigm Ontology ID

Type: Metadata

Description: URI of the corresponding [CogPO](#) term.

Schema information:

```
format: uri  
type: string
```

CoilCombinationMethod (metadata)

Name: Coil Combination Method

Type: Metadata

Description: Almost all fMRI studies using phased-array coils use root-sum-of-squares (rSOS) combination, but other methods exist. The image reconstruction is changed by the coil combination method (as for the matrix coil mode above), so anything non-standard should be reported.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

Columns (metadata)

Name: Columns

Type: Metadata

Description: Names of columns in file.

Schema information:

```
items:  
  type: string  
type: array
```

ContinuousHeadLocalization (metadata)

Name: Continuous Head Localization

Type: Metadata

Description: **true** or **false** value indicating whether continuous head localisation was performed.

Schema information:

```
type: boolean
```

ContrastBolusIngredient (metadata)

Name: Contrast Bolus Ingredient

Type: Metadata

Allowed values: IODINE, GADOLINIUM, CARBON DIOXIDE, BARIUM, XENON, UNKNOWN, NONE

Description: Active ingredient of agent. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 1048 Contrast/Bolus Ingredient.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

DAC (enums)

Name: DAC

Type: Enums

Description: Digital to Analog output.

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- meg  
- ieeg  
- fnirs
```

DBS (enums)

Name: DBS

Type: Enums

Description: Electrode channel.

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- meg  
- ieeg  
- fnirs
```

DCOffsetCorrection (metadata)

Name: DC Offset Correction

Type: Metadata

Description: A description of the method (if any) used to correct for a DC offset. If the method used was subtracting the mean value for each channel, use "mean".

Schema information:

`type: string`

DF (suffixes)

Name: Dark-field microscopy

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_DF.<extension>`

Description: Dark-field microscopy imaging data

DIC (suffixes)

Name: Differential interference contrast microscopy

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_DIC.<extension>`

Description: Differential interference contrast microscopy imaging data

DatasetDOI (metadata)

Name: DatasetDOI

Type: Metadata

Description: The Digital Object Identifier of the dataset (not the corresponding paper). DOIs SHOULD be expressed as a valid URI; bare DOIs such as 10.0.2.3/dfjj.10 are URI.

Schema information:

`format: uri`
`type: string`

DatasetLinks (metadata)

Name: Dataset Links

Type: Metadata

Description: Used to map a given `<dataset-name>` from a BIDS URI of the form `bids:<dataset-name>:path/within/dataset` to a local or remote location. The `<dataset-name>`: "" (an empty string) is a reserved keyword that MUST NOT be a key in `DatasetLinks` (example: `bids::path/within/dataset`).

Schema information:

```
additionalProperties:  
  format: uri  
  type: string  
type: object
```

DatasetType (metadata)

Name: Dataset Type

Type: Metadata

Allowed values: **raw**, **derivative**

Description: The interpretation of the dataset. For backwards compatibility, the default value is "**raw**".

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

DecayCorrectionFactor (metadata)

Name: Decay Correction Factor

Type: Metadata

Description: Decay correction factor for each frame.

Schema information:

```
items:  
  type: number  
type: array
```

DelayAfterTrigger (metadata)

Name: Delay After Trigger

Type: Metadata

Description: Duration (in seconds) from trigger delivery to scan onset. This delay is commonly caused by adjustments and loading times. This specification is entirely independent of "NumberOfVolumesDiscardedByScanner" or "NumberOfVolumesDiscardedByUser", as the delay precedes the acquisition.

Schema information:

`type: number`
`unit: s`

DelayTime (metadata)

Name: Delay Time

Type: Metadata

Description: User specified time (in seconds) to delay the acquisition of data for the following volume. If the field is not present it is assumed to be set to zero. Corresponds to Siemens CSA header field `1DelayTimeInTR`. This field is REQUIRED for sparse sequences using the `"RepetitionTime"` field that do not have the `"SliceTiming"` field set to allowed for accurate calculation of "acquisition time". This field is mutually exclusive with `"VolumeTiming"`.

Schema information:

`type: number`
`unit: s`

Delimiter (metadata)

Name: Delimiter

Type: Metadata

Description: If rows in a column may be interpreted as a lists of values, the character that separates one value from the next.

Schema information:

`type: string`

Density (metadata)

Name: Density

Type: Metadata

Description: Specifies the interpretation of the density keyword. If an object is used, then the keys should be values for the `den` entity and values should be descriptions of those `den` values.

Schema information:

`anyOf:`
`- type: string`
`- additionalProperties:`

```
type: string
type: object
```

Derivative (metadata)

Name: Derivative

Type: Metadata

Description: Indicates that values in the corresponding column are transformations of values from other columns (for example a summary score based on a subset of items in a questionnaire).

Schema information:

```
type: boolean
```

Description (metadata)

Name: Description

Type: Metadata

Description: Free-form natural language description.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

DetectorType (metadata)

Name: Detector Type

Type: Metadata

Description: Type of detector. This is a free form description with the following suggested terms: "SiPD", "APD". Preferably a specific model/part number is supplied. If individual channels have different `DetectorType`, then the field here should be specified as "mixed" and this column should be included in `optodes.tsv`.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:
- format: unit
  type: string
- enum:
  - mixed
  type: string
```

DeviceSerialNumber (metadata)

Name: Device Serial Number

Type: Metadata

Description: The serial number of the equipment that produced the measurements. A pseudonym can also be used to prevent the equipment from being identifiable, so long as each pseudonym is unique within the dataset.

Schema information:

`type: string`

DewarPosition (metadata)

Name: Dewar Position

Type: Metadata

Description: Position of the dewar during the MEG scan: "upright", "supine" or "degrees" of angle from vertical: for example on CTF systems, "upright=15°", "supine=90°".

Schema information:

`type: string`

DigitizedHeadPoints sense 1 (metadata)

Name: Digitized Head Points

Type: Metadata

Description: `true` or `false` value indicating whether head points outlining the scalp/face surface are contained within this recording.

Schema information:

`type: boolean`

DigitizedHeadPoints sense 2 (metadata)

Name: Digitized Head Points

Type: Metadata

Description: Relative path to the file containing the locations of digitized head points collected during the session (for example, "sub-01_headshape.pos"). RECOMMENDED for all MEG systems, especially for CTF and BTi/4D. For Neuromag/Elekta/MEGIN, the head points will be stored in the `.fif` file.

Schema information:

format: `file_relative`
type: `string`

DigitizedHeadPointsCoordinateSystem (metadata)

Name: Digitized Head Points Coordinate System

Type: Metadata

Allowed values: CTF, ElektaNeuromag, 4DBti, KitYokogawa, ChietiItab, Other, CapTrak, EEGLAB, EEGLAB-HJ, Other, ICBM452AirSpace, ICBM452Warp5Space, IXI549Space, fsaverage, fsaverageSym, fsLR, MNIColin27, MNI152Lin, MNI152NLin2009aSym, MNI152NLin2009bSym, MNI152NLin2009cSym, MNI152NLin2009aAsym, MNI152NLin2009bAsym, MNI152NLin2009cAsym, MNI152NLin6Sym, MNI152NLin6ASym, MNI305, NIHPD, OASIS30AntsOASISAnts, OASIS30Atropos, Talairach, UNCInfant, fsaverage3, fsaverage4, fsaverage5, fsaverage6, fsaveragesym, UNCInfant0V21, UNCInfant1V21, UNCInfant2V21, UNCInfant0V22, UNCInfant1V22, UNCInfant2V22, UNCInfant0V23, UNCInfant1V23, UNCInfant2V23

Description: Defines the coordinate system for the digitized head points. See the Coordinate Systems Appendix for a list of restricted keywords for coordinate systems. If "Other", provide definition of the coordinate system in "DigitizedHeadPointsCoordinateSystemDescription".

Schema information:

type: `string`

DigitizedHeadPointsCoordinateSystemDescription (metadata)

Name: Digitized Head Points Coordinate System Description

Type: Metadata

Description: Free-form text description of the coordinate system. May also include a link to a documentation page or paper describing the system in greater detail.

Schema information:

type: `string`

DigitizedHeadPointsCoordinateUnits (metadata)

Name: Digitized Head Points Coordinate Units

Type: Metadata

Allowed values: m, mm, cm, n/a

Description: Units of the coordinates of "DigitizedHeadPointsCoordinateSystem".

Schema information:

`type: string`

DigitizedLandmarks (metadata)

Name: Digitized Landmarks

Type: Metadata

Description: `true` or `false` value indicating whether anatomical landmark points (fiducials) are contained within this recording.

Schema information:

`type: boolean`

Directory (extensions)

Name: Directory

Type: Extension

Format: `<entities>_<suffix>/`

Description: A directory with no extension. Corresponds to BTi/4D data.

DispersionConstant (metadata)

Name: Dispersion Constant

Type: Metadata

Description: External dispersion time constant resulting from tubing in default unit seconds.

Schema information:

`type: number`

`unit: s`

DispersionCorrected (metadata)

Name: Dispersion Corrected

Type: Metadata

Description: Boolean flag specifying whether the blood data have been dispersion-corrected. NOTE: not customary for manual samples, and hence should be set to **false**.

Schema information:

type: `boolean`

DoseCalibrationFactor (metadata)

Name: Dose Calibration Factor

Type: Metadata

Description: Multiplication factor used to transform raw data (in counts/sec) to meaningful unit (Bq/ml). Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0054, 1322 **Dose Calibration Factor**.

Schema information:

type: `number`

DwellTime (metadata)

Name: Dwell Time

Type: Metadata

Description: Actual dwell time (in seconds) of the receiver per point in the readout direction, including any oversampling. For Siemens, this corresponds to DICOM field 0019, 1018 (in ns). This value is necessary for the optional readout distortion correction of anatomicals in the HCP Pipelines. It also usefully provides a handle on the readout bandwidth, which isn't captured in the other metadata tags. Not to be confused with "EffectiveEchoSpacing", and the frequent mislabeling of echo spacing (which is spacing in the phase encoding direction) as "dwell time" (which is spacing in the readout direction).

Schema information:

type: `number`

unit: `s`

ECG (enums)

Name: ECG

Type: Enums

Description: Electrocardiogram (heart).

Schema information:

tags:

- eeg
- meg
- ieeg
- fnirs

ECGChannelCount (metadata)

Name: ECG Channel Count

Type: Metadata

Description: Number of ECG channels.

Schema information:

minimum: 0
type: integer

ECOG (enums)

Name: ECOG

Type: Enums

Description: Electrode channel.

Schema information:

tags:

- meg
- ieeg
- fnirs

ECOGChannelCount (metadata)

Name: ECOG Channel Count

Type: Metadata

Description: Number of ECoG channels.

Schema information:

```
minimum: 0
type: integer
```

EEG (enums)

Name: EEG

Type: Enums

Description: Electroencephalogram channel.

Schema information:

```
tags:
- eeg
- meg
- ieeg
- fnirs
```

EEGChannelCount (metadata)

Name: EEG Channel Count

Type: Metadata

Description: Number of EEG channels recorded simultaneously (for example, 21).

Schema information:

```
minimum: 0
type: integer
```

EEGCoordinateSystem (metadata)

Name: EEG Coordinate System

Type: Metadata

Allowed values: CTF, ElektaNeuromag, 4DBti, KitYokogawa, ChietiItab, Other, CapTrak, EEGLAB, EEGLAB-HJ, Other, ICBM452AirSpace, ICBM452Warp5Space, IXI549Space, fsaverage, fsaverageSym, fsLR, MNIColin27, MNI152Lin, MNI152NLin2009aSym, MNI152NLin2009bSym, MNI152NLin2009cSym, MNI152NLin2009aAsym, MNI152NLin2009bAsym, MNI152NLin2009cAsym, MNI152NLin6Sym, MNI152NLin6ASym, MNI305, NIHPD, OASIS30AntsOASISAnts, OASIS30Atropos, Talairach, UNCInfant, fsaverage3, fsaverage4, fsaverage5, fsaverage6, fsaveragesym, UNCInfant0V21, UNCInfant1V21, UNCInfant2V21, UNCInfant0V22, UNCInfant1V22, UNCInfant2V22, UNCInfant0V23, UNCInfant1V23, UNCInfant2V23

Description: Defines the coordinate system for the EEG sensors. See the Coordinate Systems Appendix for a list of restricted keywords for coordinate systems. If "Other", provide definition of the coordinate system in `EEGCoordinateSystemDescription`.

Schema information:

`type: string`

EEGCoordinateSystemDescription (metadata)

Name: EEG Coordinate System Description

Type: Metadata

Description: Free-form text description of the coordinate system. May also include a link to a documentation page or paper describing the system in greater detail.

Schema information:

`type: string`

EEGCoordinateUnits (metadata)

Name: EEG Coordinate Units

Type: Metadata

Allowed values: m, mm, cm, n/a

Description: Units of the coordinates of `EEGCoordinateSystem`.

Schema information:

`type: string`

EEGGround (metadata)

Name: EEG Ground

Type: Metadata

Description: Description of the location of the ground electrode (for example, "placed on right mastoid (M2)").

Schema information:

`type: string`

EEGLAB (enums)

Name: EEGLAB

Type: Enums

Description: ALS orientation and the origin exactly between LPA and RPA. For more information, see the [EEGLAB wiki page](#).

EEGLAB-HJ (enums)

Name: EEGLAB-HJ

Type: Enums

Description: ALS orientation and the origin exactly between LHJ and RHJ. For more information, see the [EEGLAB wiki page](#).

EEGPlacementScheme (metadata)

Name: EEG Placement Scheme

Type: Metadata

Description: Placement scheme of EEG electrodes. Either the name of a standardized placement system (for example, "10-20") or a list of standardized electrode names (for example, ["Cz", "Pz"]).

Schema information:

`type: string`

EEGReference (metadata)

Name: EEG Reference

Type: Metadata

Description: General description of the reference scheme used and (when applicable) of location of the reference electrode in the raw recordings (for example, "left mastoid", "Cz", "CMS"). If different channels have a different reference, this field should have a general description and the channel specific reference should be defined in the `channels.tsv` file.

Schema information:

`type: string`

EMG (enums)

Name: EMG

Type: Enums

Description: Electromyogram (muscle).

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- eeg  
- meg  
- ieeg  
- fnirs
```

EMGChannelCount (metadata)

Name: EMG Channel Count

Type: Metadata

Description: Number of EMG channels.

Schema information:

```
minimum: 0  
type: integer
```

EOG (enums)

Name: EOG

Type: Enums

Description: Generic electrooculogram (eye), different from HEOG and VEOG.

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- eeg  
- meg  
- ieeg  
- fnirs
```

EOGChannelCount (metadata)

Name: EOG Channel Count

Type: Metadata

Description: Number of EOG channels.

Schema information:

```
minimum: 0
type: integer
```

EYEGAZE (enums)

Name: EYEGAZE

Type: Enums

Description: Eye tracker gaze.

Schema information:

```
tags:
- eeg
- meg
- ieeg
- fnirs
```

EchoTime sense 1 (metadata)

Name: Echo Time

Type: Metadata

Description: The echo time (TE) for the acquisition, specified in seconds. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 0081 **Echo Time** (please note that the DICOM term is in milliseconds not seconds). The data type number may apply to files from any MRI modality concerned with a single value for this field, or to the files in a file collection where the value of this field is iterated using the file collection. The data type array provides a value for each volume in a 4D dataset and should only be used when the volume timing is critical for interpretation of the data, such as in file collection or variable echo time fMRI sequences.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:
- exclusiveMinimum: 0
  type: number
```

```
    unit: s
- items:
  exclusiveMinimum: 0
  type: number
  unit: s
  type: array
```

EchoTime sense 2 (metadata)

Name: Echo Time

Type: Metadata

Description: The time (in seconds) when the echo corresponding to this map was acquired.

Schema information:

```
exclusiveMinimum: 0
type: number
unit: s
```

EchoTime1 (metadata)

Name: Echo Time1

Type: Metadata

Description: The time (in seconds) when the first (shorter) echo occurs.

Schema information:

```
exclusiveMinimum: 0
type: number
unit: s
```

EchoTime2 (metadata)

Name: Echo Time2

Type: Metadata

Description: The time (in seconds) when the second (longer) echo occurs.

Schema information:

```
exclusiveMinimum: 0
type: number
unit: s
```

EffectiveEchoSpacing (metadata)

Name: Effective Echo Spacing

Type: Metadata

Description: The "effective" sampling interval, specified in seconds, between lines in the phase-encoding direction, defined based on the size of the reconstructed image in the phase direction. It is frequently, but incorrectly, referred to as "dwell time" (see the "**DwellTime**" parameter for actual dwell time). It is required for unwarping distortions using field maps. Note that beyond just in-plane acceleration, a variety of other manipulations to the phase encoding need to be accounted for properly, including partial fourier, phase oversampling, phase resolution, phase field-of-view and interpolation.

Schema information:

```
exclusiveMinimum: 0
type: number
unit: s
```

ElectricalStimulation (metadata)

Name: Electrical Stimulation

Type: Metadata

Description: Boolean field to specify if electrical stimulation was done during the recording (options are **true** or **false**). Parameters for event-like stimulation should be specified in the `events.tsv` file.

Schema information:

```
type: boolean
```

ElectricalStimulationParameters (metadata)

Name: Electrical Stimulation Parameters

Type: Metadata

Description: Free form description of stimulation parameters, such as frequency or shape. Specific onsets can be specified in the `events.tsv` file. Specific shapes can be described here in freeform text.

Schema information:

`type: string`

ElectroManufacturer (metadata)

Name: Electro Manufacturer

Type: Metadata

Description: Can be used if all electrodes are of the same manufacturer (for example, "AD-TECH", "DIXI"). If electrodes of different manufacturers are used, please use the corresponding table in the `_electrodes.tsv` file.

Schema information:

`type: string`

ElectroManufacturersModelName (metadata)

Name: Electro Manufacturers Model Name

Type: Metadata

Description: If different electrode types are used, please use the corresponding table in the `_electrodes.tsv` file.

Schema information:

`type: string`

ElektaNeuromag (enums)

Name: Elekta Neuromag

Type: Enums

Description: RAS orientation and the origin between the ears.

Epigenomic (enums)

Name: Epigenomic

Type: Enums

Description: Data link to participants' characterization of reversible modifications of DNA.

EpochLength (metadata)

Name: Epoch Length

Type: Metadata

Description: Duration of individual epochs in seconds (for example, 1) in case of epoched data. If recording was continuous or discontinuous, leave out the field.

Schema information:

```
minimum: 0  
type: number
```

Estimate (enums)

Name: Estimate

Type: Enums

Description: A single whole-brain M0 value is provided in the metadata.

EstimationAlgorithm (metadata)

Name: Estimation Algorithm

Type: Metadata

Description: Type of algorithm used to perform fitting (for example, "linear", "non-linear", "LM" and such).

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

EstimationReference (metadata)

Name: Estimation Reference

Type: Metadata

Description: Reference to the study/studies on which the implementation is based.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

EthicsApprovals (metadata)

Name: Ethics Approvals

Type: Metadata

Description: List of ethics committee approvals of the research protocols and/or protocol identifiers.

Schema information:

```
items:  
  type: string  
type: array
```

FERMI (enums)

Name: Fermi pulse

Type: Enums

Description: A Fermi-shaped pulse.

FITERR (enums)

Name: FITERR

Type: Enums

Description: Fit error signal from each head localization coil.

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- meg  
- fnirs
```

FLAIR (suffixes)

Name: Fluid attenuated inversion recovery image

Type: Suffix

Format: <entities>_FLAIR.<extension>

Description: In arbitrary units (arbitrary). Structural images with predominant T2 contribution (also known as T2-FLAIR), in which signal from fluids (for example, CSF) is nulled out by adjusting inversion time, coupled with notably long repetition and echo times.

Schema information:

`unit: arbitrary`

FLASH (suffixes)

Name: Fast-Low-Angle-Shot image

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_FLASH.<extension>`

Description: FLASH (Fast-Low-Angle-Shot) is a vendor-specific implementation for spoiled gradient echo acquisition. It is commonly used for rapid anatomical imaging and also for many different qMRI applications. When used for a single file, it does not convey any information about the image contrast. When used in a file collection, it may result in conflicts across filenames of different applications. Change: Removed from suffixes.

FLUO (suffixes)

Name: Fluorescence microscopy

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_FLUO.<extension>`

Description: Fluorescence microscopy imaging data

Face (enums)

Name: Face mask

Type: Enums

Description: A face mask.

FiducialsCoordinateSystem (metadata)

Name: Fiducials Coordinate System

Type: Metadata

Allowed values: CTF, ElektaNeuromag, 4DBti, KitYokogawa, ChietiItab, Other, CapTrak, EEGLAB, EEGLAB-HJ, Other, ICBM452AirSpace, ICBM452Warp5Space, IXI549Space, fsaverage, fsaverageSym, fsLR, MNIColin27, MNI152Lin, MNI152NLin2009aSym, MNI152NLin2009bSym, MNI152NLin2009cSym, MNI152NLin2009aAsym, MNI152NLin2009bAsym, MNI152NLin2009cAsym, MNI152NLin6Sym, MNI152NLin6ASym, MNI305, NIHPD, OASIS30AntsOASISAnts, OASIS30Atropos, Talairach, UNCInfant, fsaverage3, fsaverage4, fsaverage5, fsaverage6, fsaveragesym, UNCInfant0V21, UNCInfant1V21, UNCInfant2V21, UNCInfant0V22, UNCInfant1V22, UNCInfant2V22, UNCInfant0V23, UNCInfant1V23, UNCInfant2V23

Description: Defines the coordinate system for the fiducials. Preferably the same as the "EEGCoordinateSystem". See the Coordinate Systems Appendix for a list of restricted keywords for coordinate systems. If "Other", provide definition of the coordinate system in "FiducialsCoordinateSystemDescription".

Schema information:

`type: string`

FiducialsCoordinateSystemDescription (metadata)

Name: Fiducials Coordinate System Description

Type: Metadata

Description: Free-form text description of the coordinate system. May also include a link to a documentation page or paper describing the system in greater detail.

Schema information:

`type: string`

FiducialsCoordinateUnits (metadata)

Name: Fiducials Coordinate Units

Type: Metadata

Allowed values: m, mm, cm, n/a

Description: Units in which the coordinates that are listed in the field "FiducialsCoordinateSystem" are represented.

Schema information:

`type: string`

FiducialsCoordinates (metadata)

Name: Fiducials Coordinates

Type: Metadata

Description: Key-value pairs of the labels and 3-D digitized position of anatomical landmarks, interpreted following the "FiducialsCoordinateSystem" (for example, {"NAS": [12.7,21.3,13.9], "LPA": [5.2,11.3,9.6], "RPA": [20.2,11.3,9.1]}). Each array MUST contain three numeric values corresponding to x, y, and z axis of the coordinate system in that exact order.

Schema information:

```
additionalProperties:
  items:
    type: number
  maxItems: 3
  minItems: 3
  type: array
type: object
```

FiducialsDescription (metadata)

Name: Fiducials Description

Type: Metadata

Description: Free-form text description of how the fiducials such as vitamin-E capsules were placed relative to anatomical landmarks, and how the position of the fiducials were measured (for example, "both with Polhemus and with T1w MRI").

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

FlipAngle (metadata)

Name: Flip Angle

Type: Metadata

Description: Flip angle (FA) for the acquisition, specified in degrees. Corresponds to: DICOM Tag 0018, 1314 Flip Angle. The data type number may apply to files from any MRI modality concerned with a single value for this field, or to the files in a file collection where the value of this field is iterated using the file collection. The data type array provides a value for each volume in a 4D dataset and should only be used when the volume timing is critical for interpretation of the data, such as in file collection or variable flip angle fMRI sequences.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:
- exclusiveMinimum: 0
  maximum: 360
  type: number
```

```
    unit: degree
- items:
    exclusiveMinimum: 0
    maximum: 360
    type: number
    unit: degree
    type: array
```

FrameDuration (metadata)

Name: Frame Duration

Type: Metadata

Description: Time duration of each frame in default unit seconds. This corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 1242 **Actual Frame Duration** converted to seconds.

Schema information:

```
items:
    type: number
type: array
unit: s
```

FrameTimesStart (metadata)

Name: Frame Times Start

Type: Metadata

Description: Start times for all frames relative to "TimeZero" in default unit seconds.

Schema information:

```
items:
    type: number
type: array
unit: s
```

Funding (metadata)

Name: Funding

Type: Metadata

Description: List of sources of funding (grant numbers).

Schema information:

```
items:  
  type: string  
type: array
```

GADOLINIUM (enums)

Name: GADOLINIUM

Type: Enums

Description: A Contrast Bolus Ingredient: Gadolinium

GAUSSHANN (enums)

Name: Gaussian-Hanning pulse.

Type: Enums

Description: A Gaussian pulse with a Hanning window.

GAUSSIAN (enums)

Name: Gaussian pulse

Type: Enums

Description: A Gaussian pulse.

GRADIENT (enums)

Name: GRADIENT

Type: Enums

Description: A spoiling type: GRADIENT

GSR (enums)

Name: GSR

Type: Enums

Description: Galvanic skin response.

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- eeg
```

GYRO (enums)

Name: GYRO

Type: Enums

Description: Gyrometer channel, one channel for each spatial axis. Column component for the axis MUST be added to the `*_channels.tsv` file (x, y, or z).

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- fnirs  
- motion
```

GYROChannelCount (metadata)

Name: Gyrometer Channel Count

Type: Metadata

Description: Number of gyrometer channels.

Schema information:

```
minimum: 0  
type: integer
```

GeneratedBy (metadata)

Name: Generated By

Type: Metadata

Description: Used to specify provenance of the dataset.

Schema information:

```
items:
  properties:
    CodeURL:
      description: URL where the code used to generate the dataset may be found.
      format: uri
      name: CodeURL
      type: string
    Container:
      description: 'Used to specify the location and relevant attributes of software
        container image

        used to produce the dataset. Valid keys in this object include `Type`, `Tag`
        and

        [`URI`][uri] with [string][] values.

        '
      name: Container
      properties:
        Tag:
          type: string
        Type:
          type: string
        URI:
          format: uri
          type: string
      recommended_fields:
        - Type
        - Tag
        - URI
      type: object
    Description:
      description: 'Plain-text description of the pipeline or process that generated
        the outputs.

        RECOMMENDED if `Name` is `"Manual"`.
```

```
    |
    name: Description
    type: string
  Name:
    description: 'Name of the pipeline or process that generated the outputs. Use
      `"Manual"` to

      indicate the derivatives were generated by hand, or adjusted manually after
      an

      initial run of an automated pipeline.'
    |
    name: Name
    type: string
  Version:
    description: Version of the pipeline
    name: Version
    type: string
  recommended_fields:
  - Version
  required_fields:
  - Name
  type: object
minItems: 1
type: array
```

Genetic (enums)

Name: Genetic

Type: Enums

Description: Data report on a single genetic location (typically directly in the `participants.tsv` file).

GeneticLevel (metadata)

Name: Genetic Level

Type: Metadata

Description: Describes the level of analysis. Values MUST be one of "Genetic", "Genomic", "Epigenomic", "Transcriptomic", "Metabolomic", or "Proteomic". For more information on these levels, see [Multi-omics approaches to disease](#) by Hasin et al. 2017.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:
- enum: &id001
  - Genetic
  - Genomic
  - Epigenomic
  - Transcriptomic
  - Metabolomic
  - Proteomic
  type: string
- items:
  enum: *id001
  type: string
  type: array
```

Genetics (metadata)

Name: Genetics

Type: Metadata

Description: An object containing information about the genetics descriptor.

Schema information:

```
properties:
  Database:
    description: '[URI](../common-principles.md#uniform-resource-indicator)

    of database where the dataset is hosted.

    '
    format: uri
    name: Database
    type: string
  Dataset:
    description: '[URI](../common-principles.md#uniform-resource-indicator)

    where data can be retrieved.
```

```
    ,
    format: uri
    name: Dataset
    type: string
  Descriptors:
    anyOf:
    - type: string
    - items:
        type: string
        type: array
    description: 'List of relevant descriptors (for example, journal articles) for
dataset

using a valid

URI

when possible.

    ,
    name: Descriptors
  required_fields:
  - Dataset
  type: object
```

Genomic (enums)

Name: Genomic

Type: Enums

Description: Data link to participants' genome (multiple genetic locations).

GradientSetType (metadata)

Name: Gradient Set Type

Type: Metadata

Description: It should be possible to infer the gradient coil from the scanner model. If not, for example because of a custom upgrade or use of a gradient insert set, then

the specifications of the actual gradient coil should be reported independently.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

HARD (enums)

Name: Hard pulse

Type: Enums

Description: A very brief, strong, rectangular pulse.

HED (columns)

Name: HED Tag

Type: Column

Description: Hierarchical Event Descriptor (HED) Tag. See the HED Appendix for details.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

HED (metadata)

Name: HED

Type: Metadata

Description: Hierarchical Event Descriptor (HED) information, see the HED Appendix for details.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:  
- type: string  
- additionalProperties:  
  type: string  
  type: object
```

HEDVersion (metadata)

Name: HED Version

Type: Metadata

Description: If HED tags are used: The version of the HED schema used to validate HED tags for study. May include a single schema or a base schema and one or more library schema.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:  
- format: hed_version  
  type: string  
- items:  
  format: hed_version  
  type: string  
  type: array
```

HEOG (enums)

Name: HEOG

Type: Enums

Description: Horizontal EOG (eye).

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- eeg  
- meg  
- ieeg  
- fnirs
```

HLU (enums)

Name: HLU

Type: Enums

Description: Measured position of head and head coils.

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- meg  
- fnirs
```

Haematocrit (metadata)

Name: Haematocrit

Type: Metadata

Description: Measured haematocrit, meaning the volume of erythrocytes divided by the volume of whole blood.

Schema information:

```
type: number
```

HardcopyDeviceSoftwareVersion (metadata)

Name: Hardcopy Device Software Version

Type: Metadata

Description: Manufacturer's designation of the software of the device that created this Hardcopy Image (the printer). Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 101A **Hardcopy Device Software Version**.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

HardwareFilters (metadata)

Name: Hardware Filters

Type: Metadata

Description: Object of temporal hardware filters applied, or "n/a" if the data is not available. Each key-value pair in the JSON object is a name of the filter and an object in which its parameters are defined as key-value pairs. For example, {"Highpass RC filter": {"Half amplitude cutoff (Hz)": 0.0159, "Roll-off": "6dB/Octave"}}.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:  
- additionalProperties:  
  type: object
```

```
type: object
- enum:
  - n/a
type: string
```

HeadCircumference (metadata)

Name: Head Circumference

Type: Metadata

Description: Circumference of the participant's head, expressed in cm (for example, 58).

Schema information:

```
exclusiveMinimum: 0
type: number
unit: cm
```

HeadCoilCoordinateSystem (metadata)

Name: Head Coil Coordinate System

Type: Metadata

Allowed values: CTF, ElektaNeuromag, 4DBti, KitYokogawa, ChietiItab, Other, CapTrak, EEGLAB, EEGLAB-HJ, Other, ICBM452AirSpace, ICBM452Warp5Space, IXI549Space, fsaverage, fsaverageSym, fsLR, MNIColin27, MNI152Lin, MNI152NLin2009aSym, MNI152NLin2009bSym, MNI152NLin2009cSym, MNI152NLin2009aAsym, MNI152NLin2009bAsym, MNI152NLin2009cAsym, MNI152NLin6Sym, MNI152NLin6ASym, MNI305, NIHPD, OASIS30AntsOASISAnts, OASIS30Atropos, Talairach, UNCInfant, fsaverage3, fsaverage4, fsaverage5, fsaverage6, fsaveragesym, UNCInfant0V21, UNCInfant1V21, UNCInfant2V21, UNCInfant0V22, UNCInfant1V22, UNCInfant2V22, UNCInfant0V23, UNCInfant1V23, UNCInfant2V23

Description: Defines the coordinate system for the head coils. See the Coordinate Systems Appendix for a list of restricted keywords for coordinate systems. If "Other", provide definition of the coordinate system in HeadCoilCoordinateSystemDescription.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

HeadCoilCoordinateSystemDescription (metadata)

Name: Head Coil Coordinate System Description

Type: Metadata

Description: Free-form text description of the coordinate system. May also include a link to a documentation page or paper describing the system in greater detail.

Schema information:

`type: string`

HeadCoilCoordinateUnits (metadata)

Name: Head Coil Coordinate Units

Type: Metadata

Allowed values: m, mm, cm, n/a

Description: Units of the coordinates of `HeadCoilCoordinateSystem`.

Schema information:

`type: string`

HeadCoilCoordinates (metadata)

Name: Head Coil Coordinates

Type: Metadata

Description: Key-value pairs describing head localization coil labels and their coordinates, interpreted following the `HeadCoilCoordinateSystem` (for example, `{"NAS": [12.7,21.3,13.9], "LPA": [5.2,11.3,9.6], "RPA": [20.2,11.3,9.1]}`). Note that coils are not always placed at locations that have a known anatomical name (for example, for Neuromag/Elekta/MEGIN, Yokogawa systems); in that case generic labels can be used (for example, `{"coil1": [12.2,21.3,12.3], "coil2": [6.7,12.3,8.6], "coil3": [21.9,11.0,8.1]}`). Each array MUST contain three numeric values corresponding to x, y, and z axis of the coordinate system in that exact order.

Schema information:

`additionalProperties:`

```
  items:
    type: number
  maxItems: 3
  minItems: 3
  type: array
type: object
```

HeadCoilFrequency (metadata)

Name: Head Coil Frequency

Type: Metadata

Description: List of frequencies (in Hz) used by the head localisation coils ('HLC' in CTF systems, 'HPI' in Neuromag/Elekta/MEGIN, 'COH' in BTi/4D) that track the subject's head position in the MEG helmet (for example, [293, 307, 314, 321]).

Schema information:

```
anyOf:  
- type: number  
  unit: Hz  
- items:  
  type: number  
  unit: Hz  
  type: array
```

HeadStabilization (metadata)

Name: Head stabilization

Type: Metadata

Description: Head restraint method used during the experiment to prevent rotation and/or translation of the head. Example: "chin-rest", "head-rest", "bite-bar", "chin-rest and head-rest", "none"

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

HowToAcknowledge (metadata)

Name: How To Acknowledge

Type: Metadata

Description: Text containing instructions on how researchers using this dataset should acknowledge the original authors. This field can also be used to define a publication that should be cited in publications that use the dataset.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

ICBM452AirSpace (enums)

Name: ICBM452AirSpace

Type: Enums

Description: Reference space defined by the "average of 452 T1-weighted MRIs of normal young adult brains" with "linear transforms of the subjects into the atlas space using a 12-parameter affine transformation".

ICBM452Warp5Space (enums)

Name: ICBM452Warp5Space

Type: Enums

Description: Reference space defined by the "average of 452 T1-weighted MRIs of normal young adult brains" "based on a 5th order polynomial transformation into the atlas space".

IODINE (enums)

Name: IODINE

Type: Enums

Description: A Contrast Bolus Ingredient: Iodine

IRT1 (suffixes)

Name: Inversion recovery T1 mapping

Type: Suffix

Format: <entities>_IRT1.<extension>

Description: The IRT1 method involves multiple inversion recovery spin-echo images acquired at different inversion times ([Barral et al. 2010](#)).

IXI549Space (enums)

Name: IXI549Space

Type: Enums

Description: Reference space defined by the average of the "549 (...) subjects from the IXI dataset" linearly transformed to ICBM MNI 452.Used by SPM12.

ImageAcquisitionProtocol (metadata)

Name: Image Acquisition Protocol

Type: Metadata

Description: Description of the image acquisition protocol or URI (for example from protocols.io).

Schema information:

`type: string`

ImageDecayCorrected (metadata)

Name: Image Decay Corrected

Type: Metadata

Description: Boolean flag specifying whether the image data have been decay-corrected.

Schema information:

`type: boolean`

ImageDecayCorrectionTime (metadata)

Name: Image Decay Correction Time

Type: Metadata

Description: Point in time from which the decay correction was applied with respect to "TimeZero" in the default unit seconds.

Schema information:

`type: number`

`unit: s`

Immersion (metadata)

Name: Immersion

Type: Metadata

Description: Lens immersion medium. If the file format is OME-TIFF, the value MUST be consistent with the `Immersion` OME metadata field.

Schema information:

`type: string`

Included (enums)

Name: Included

Type: Enums

Description: An m0scan volume is contained within the associated `as1` file.

InfusionRadioactivity (metadata)

Name: Infusion Radioactivity

Type: Metadata

Description: Amount of radioactivity infused into the patient. This value must be less than or equal to the total injected radioactivity ("`InjectedRadioactivity`"). Units should be the same as "`InjectedRadioactivityUnits`".

Schema information:

`type: number`

InfusionSpeed (metadata)

Name: Infusion Speed

Type: Metadata

Description: If given, infusion speed.

Schema information:

`type: number`

InfusionSpeedUnits (metadata)

Name: Infusion Speed Units

Type: Metadata

Description: Unit of infusion speed (for example, "`mL/s`").

Schema information:

```
format: unit
type: string
```

InfusionStart (metadata)

Name: Infusion Start

Type: Metadata

Description: Time of start of infusion with respect to "TimeZero" in the default unit seconds.

Schema information:

```
type: number
unit: s
```

InjectedMass (metadata)

Name: Injected Mass

Type: Metadata

Description: Total mass of radiolabeled compound injected into subject (for example, 10). This can be derived as the ratio of the "InjectedRadioactivity" and "MolarRadioactivity". For those tracers in which injected mass is not available (for example FDG) can be set to "n/a").

Schema information:

```
anyOf:
- type: number
- enum:
  - n/a
  type: string
```

InjectedMassPerWeight (metadata)

Name: Injected Mass Per Weight

Type: Metadata

Description: Injected mass per kilogram bodyweight.

Schema information:

```
type: number
```

InjectedMassPerWeightUnits (metadata)

Name: Injected Mass Per Weight Units

Type: Metadata

Description: Unit format of the injected mass per kilogram bodyweight (for example, "ug/kg").

Schema information:

```
format: unit
type: string
```

InjectedMassUnits (metadata)

Name: Injected Mass Units

Type: Metadata

Description: Unit format of the mass of compound injected (for example, "ug" or "umol"). Note this is not required for an FDG acquisition, since it is not available, and SHOULD be set to "n/a".

Schema information:

```
anyOf:
- format: unit
  type: string
- enum:
  - n/a
  type: string
```

InjectedRadioactivity (metadata)

Name: Injected Radioactivity

Type: Metadata

Description: Total amount of radioactivity injected into the patient (for example, 400). For bolus-infusion experiments, this value should be the sum of all injected radioactivity originating from both bolus and infusion. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 1074 **Radionuclide Total Dose**.

Schema information:

```
type: number
```

InjectedRadioactivityUnits (metadata)

Name: Injected Radioactivity Units

Type: Metadata

Description: Unit format of the specified injected radioactivity (for example, "MBq").

Schema information:

```
format: unit
type: string
```

InjectedVolume (metadata)

Name: Injected Volume

Type: Metadata

Description: Injected volume of the radiotracer in the unit "mL".

Schema information:

```
type: number
unit: mL
```

InjectionEnd (metadata)

Name: Injection End

Type: Metadata

Description: Time of end of injection with respect to "TimeZero" in the default unit seconds.

Schema information:

```
type: number
unit: s
```

InjectionStart (metadata)

Name: Injection Start

Type: Metadata

Description: Time of start of injection with respect to "TimeZero" in the default unit seconds. This corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 1072 Contrast/Bolus Start Time converted to seconds relative to "TimeZero".

Schema information:

```
type: number
unit: s
```

InstitutionAddress (metadata)

Name: Institution Address

Type: Metadata

Description: The address of the institution in charge of the equipment that produced the measurements.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

InstitutionName (metadata)

Name: Institution Name

Type: Metadata

Description: The name of the institution in charge of the equipment that produced the measurements.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

InstitutionalDepartmentName (metadata)

Name: Institutional Department Name

Type: Metadata

Description: The department in the institution in charge of the equipment that produced the measurements.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

Instructions (metadata)

Name: Instructions

Type: Metadata

Description: Text of the instructions given to participants before the recording.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

IntendedFor sense 1 (metadata)

Name: Intended For

Type: Metadata

Description: The paths to files for which the associated file is intended to be used. Contains one or more BIDS URIs. Using forward-slash separated paths relative to the participant subdirectory is BIDS URIs.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:
- format: bids_uri
  type: string
- format: participant_relative
  type: string
- items:
  anyOf:
  - format: bids_uri
    type: string
  - format: participant_relative
    type: string
  type: array
```

IntendedFor sense 2 (metadata)

Name: Intended For

Type: Metadata

Description: The paths to files for which the associated file is intended to be used. Contains one or more BIDS URIs. Using forward-slash separated paths relative to the dataset root is BIDS URIs.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:  
- format: bids_uri  
  type: string  
- format: dataset_relative  
  type: string  
- items:  
  anyOf:  
  - format: bids_uri  
    type: string  
  - format: dataset_relative  
    type: string  
type: array
```

InversionTime (metadata)

Name: Inversion Time

Type: Metadata

Description: The inversion time (TI) for the acquisition, specified in seconds. Inversion time is the time after the middle of inverting RF pulse to middle of excitation pulse to detect the amount of longitudinal magnetization. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 0082 **Inversion Time** (please note that the DICOM term is in milliseconds not seconds).

Schema information:

```
exclusiveMinimum: 0  
type: number  
unit: s
```

JNTANG (enums)

Name: JNTANG

Type: Enums

Description: Joint angle channel between two fixed axis belonging to two bodyparts. Angle SHOULD be defined between proximal and distal bodypart in deg.

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- motion
```

JNTANGChannelCount (metadata)

Name: Joint angle channel count

Type: Metadata

Description: Number of joint angle channels.

Schema information:

```
minimum: 0
type: integer
```

KitYokogawa (enums)

Name: KIT/Yokogawa

Type: Enums

Description: ALS orientation and the origin between the ears.

LATENCY (enums)

Name: LATENCY

Type: Enums

Description: Latency of samples in seconds from recording onset. MUST be in form of `ss[.000000]`, where `[.000000]` is an optional subsecond resolution between 1 and 6 decimal points.

Schema information:

```
tags:
- motion
```

LATENCYChannelCount (metadata)

Name: Latency channel count

Type: Metadata

Description: Number of Latency channels.

Schema information:

```
minimum: 0  
type: integer
```

LICENSE (files)

Name: License

Type: Files And Directories

Description: A LICENSE file MAY be provided in addition to the short specification of the used license in the `dataset_description.json` "License" field. The "License" field and LICENSE file MUST correspond. The LICENSE file MUST be either in ASCII or UTF-8 encoding.

Schema information:

```
file_type: regular
```

LabelingDistance (metadata)

Name: Labeling Distance

Type: Metadata

Description: Distance from the center of the imaging slab to the center of the labeling plane ((P)CASL) or the leading edge of the labeling slab (PASL), in millimeters. If the labeling is performed inferior to the isocenter, this number should be negative. Based on DICOM macro C.8.13.5.14.

Schema information:

```
type: number  
unit: mm
```

LabelingDuration (metadata)

Name: Labeling Duration

Type: Metadata

Description: Total duration of the labeling pulse train, in seconds, corresponding to the temporal width of the labeling bolus for "PCASL" or "CASL". In case all control-label volumes (or deltam or CBF) have the same `LabelingDuration`, a scalar must be specified. In case the control-label volumes (or deltam or cbf) have a different "LabelingDuration", an array of numbers must be specified, for which any `m0scan` in the timeseries has a "LabelingDuration" of zero. In case an array of numbers is provided, its length should be equal to the number of volumes specified in `*_aslcontext.tsv`. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 9258 ASL Pulse Train Duration.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:  
- minimum: 0  
  type: number  
  unit: s  
- items:  
  minimum: 0  
  type: number  
  unit: s  
  type: array
```

LabelingEfficiency (metadata)

Name: Labeling Efficiency

Type: Metadata

Description: Labeling efficiency, specified as a number between zero and one, only if obtained externally (for example phase-contrast based).

Schema information:

```
exclusiveMinimum: 0  
type: number
```

LabelingLocationDescription (metadata)

Name: Labeling Location Description

Type: Metadata

Description: Description of the location of the labeling plane ("CASL" or "PCASL") or the labeling slab ("PASL") that cannot be captured by fields `LabelingOrientation` or `LabelingDistance`. May include a link to an anonymized screenshot of the planning of the labeling slab/plane with respect to the imaging slab or slices `*_asllabeling.*`. Based on DICOM macro C.8.13.5.14.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

LabelingOrientation (metadata)

Name: Labeling Orientation

Type: Metadata

Description: Orientation of the labeling plane ((P)CASL) or slab (PASL). The direction cosines of a normal vector perpendicular to the ASL labeling slab or plane with respect to the patient. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 9255 ASL Slab Orientation.

Schema information:

```
items:  
  type: number  
type: array
```

LabelingPulseAverageB1 (metadata)

Name: Labeling Pulse Average B1

Type: Metadata

Description: The average B1-field strength of the RF labeling pulses, in microteslas. As an alternative, "LabelingPulseFlipAngle" can be provided.

Schema information:

```
exclusiveMinimum: 0  
type: number  
unit: uT
```

LabelingPulseAverageGradient (metadata)

Name: Labeling Pulse Average Gradient

Type: Metadata

Description: The average labeling gradient, in milliteslas per meter.

Schema information:

```
exclusiveMinimum: 0  
type: number  
unit: mT/m
```

LabelingPulseDuration (metadata)

Name: Labeling Pulse Duration

Type: Metadata

Description: Duration of the individual labeling pulses, in milliseconds.

Schema information:

```
exclusiveMinimum: 0
type: number
unit: ms
```

LabelingPulseFlipAngle (metadata)

Name: Labeling Pulse Flip Angle

Type: Metadata

Description: The flip angle of a single labeling pulse, in degrees, which can be given as an alternative to "LabelingPulseAverageB1".

Schema information:

```
exclusiveMinimum: 0
maximum: 360
type: number
unit: degree
```

LabelingPulseInterval (metadata)

Name: Labeling Pulse Interval

Type: Metadata

Description: Delay between the peaks of the individual labeling pulses, in milliseconds.

Schema information:

```
exclusiveMinimum: 0
type: number
unit: ms
```

LabelingPulseMaximumGradient (metadata)

Name: Labeling Pulse Maximum Gradient

Type: Metadata

Description: The maximum amplitude of the gradient switched on during the application of the labeling RF pulse(s), in milliteslas per meter.

Schema information:

```
exclusiveMinimum: 0
type: number
unit: mT/m
```

LabelingSlabThickness (metadata)

Name: Labeling Slab Thickness

Type: Metadata

Description: Thickness of the labeling slab in millimeters. For non-selective FAIR a zero is entered. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 9254 ASL Slab Thickness.

Schema information:

```
exclusiveMinimum: 0
type: number
unit: mm
```

Lesion (enums)

Name: Lesion mask

Type: Enums

Description: A lesion mask.

Levels (metadata)

Name: Levels

Type: Metadata

Description: For categorical variables: An object of possible values (keys) and their descriptions (values).

Schema information:

```
additionalProperties:
  anyOf:
    - type: string
    - properties:
        Description:
          type: string
        TermURL:
```

```
    format: uri
    type: string
type: object
```

License (metadata)

Name: License

Type: Metadata

Description: The license for the dataset. The use of license name abbreviations is RECOMMENDED for specifying a license (see Licenses). The corresponding full license text MAY be specified in an additional LICENSE file.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

LongName (metadata)

Name: Long Name

Type: Metadata

Description: Long (unabbreviated) name of the column.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

LookLocker (metadata)

Name: Look Locker

Type: Metadata

Description: Boolean indicating if a Look-Locker readout is used.

Schema information:

```
type: boolean
```

M0Estimate (metadata)

Name: M0Estimate

Type: Metadata

Description: A single numerical whole-brain M0 value (referring to the M0 of blood), only if obtained externally (for example retrieved from CSF in a separate measurement).

Schema information:

```
exclusiveMinimum: 0
type: number
```

M0Type (metadata)

Name: M0Type

Type: Metadata

Allowed values: `Separate`, `Included`, `Estimate`, `Absent`

Description: Describes the presence of M0 information. "`Separate`" means that a separate `*_m0scan.nii.gz` is present. "`Included`" means that an `m0scan` volume is contained within the current `*_asl.nii.gz`. "`Estimate`" means that a single whole-brain M0 value is provided. "`Absent`" means that no specific M0 information is present.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

M0map (suffixes)

Name: Equilibrium magnetization (M0) map

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_M0map.<extension>`

Description: In arbitrary units (arbitrary). A common quantitative MRI (qMRI) fitting variable that represents the amount of magnetization at thermal equilibrium. M0 maps are RECOMMENDED to use this suffix if generated by qMRI applications (for example, variable flip angle T1 mapping).

Schema information:

```
unit: arbitrary
```

MAGN (enums)

Name: MAGN

Type: Enums

Description: Magnetic field strength, one channel for each spatial axis. Column `component` for the axis MUST be added to the `*_channels.tsv` file (x, y or z).

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- fnirs  
- motion
```

MAGNChannelCount (metadata)

Name: Magnetometer Channel Count

Type: Metadata

Description: Number of magnetometer channels.

Schema information:

```
minimum: 0  
type: integer
```

MEGChannelCount (metadata)

Name: MEG Channel Count

Type: Metadata

Description: Number of MEG channels (for example, 275).

Schema information:

```
minimum: 0  
type: integer
```

MEGCoordinateSystem (metadata)

Name: MEG Coordinate System

Type: Metadata

Allowed values: CTF, ElektaNeuromag, 4DBti, KitYokogawa, ChietiItab, Other, CapTrak, EEGLAB, EEGLAB-HJ, Other, ICBM452AirSpace, ICBM452Warp5Space, IXI549Space, fsaverage, fsaverageSym, fsLR, MNIColin27, MNI152Lin, MNI152NLin2009aSym, MNI152NLin2009bSym, MNI152NLin2009cSym, MNI152NLin2009aAsym, MNI152NLin2009bAsym, MNI152NLin2009cAsym, MNI152NLin6Sym, MNI152NLin6ASym, MNI305, NIHPD, OASIS30AntsOASISAnts, OASIS30Atropos, Talairach, UNCInfant, fsaverage3, fsaverage4, fsaverage5, fsaverage6, fsaveragesym, UNCInfant0V21, UNCInfant1V21, UNCInfant2V21, UNCInfant0V22, UNCInfant1V22, UNCInfant2V22, UNCInfant0V23, UNCInfant1V23, UNCInfant2V23

Description: Defines the coordinate system for the MEG sensors. See the Coordinate Systems Appendix for a list of restricted keywords for coordinate systems. If "Other", provide definition of the coordinate system in "MEGCoordinateSystemDescription".

Schema information:

`type: string`

MEGCoordinateSystemDescription (metadata)

Name: MEG Coordinate System Description

Type: Metadata

Description: Free-form text description of the coordinate system. May also include a link to a documentation page or paper describing the system in greater detail.

Schema information:

`type: string`

MEGCoordinateUnits (metadata)

Name: MEG Coordinate Units

Type: Metadata

Allowed values: m, mm, cm, n/a

Description: Units of the coordinates of "MEGCoordinateSystem".

Schema information:

`type: string`

MEGGRADAXIAL (enums)

Name: MEGGRADAXIAL

Type: Enums

Description: MEG axial gradiometer.

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- meg  
- fnirs
```

MEGGRADPLANAR (enums)

Name: MEGGRADPLANAR

Type: Enums

Description: MEG planargrاديometer.

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- meg  
- fnirs
```

MEGMAG (enums)

Name: MEGMAG

Type: Enums

Description: MEG magnetometer.

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- meg  
- fnirs
```

MEGOTHER (enums)

Name: MEGOTHER

Type: Enums

Description: Any other type of MEG sensor.

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- meg  
- ieeg  
- fnirs
```

MEGRE (suffixes)

Name: Multi-echo Gradient Recalled Echo

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_MEGRE.<extension>`

Description: Anatomical gradient echo images acquired at different echo times. Please note that this suffix is not intended for the logical grouping of images acquired using an Echo Planar Imaging (EPI) readout.

MEGREFChannelCount (metadata)

Name: MEGREF Channel Count

Type: Metadata

Description: Number of MEG reference channels (for example, 23). For systems without such channels (for example, Neuromag Vectorview), `MEGREFChannelCount` should be set to 0.

Schema information:

```
minimum: 0  
type: integer
```

MEGREFGRADAXIAL (enums)

Name: MEGREFGRADAXIAL

Type: Enums

Description: MEG reference axial gradiometer.

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- meg  
- fnirs
```

MEGREFGRADPLANAR (enums)

Name: MEGREFGRADPLANAR

Type: Enums

Description: MEG reference planar gradiometer.

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- meg  
- fnirs
```

MEGREFMAG (enums)

Name: MEGREFMAG

Type: Enums

Description: MEG reference magnetometer.

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- meg  
- fnirs
```

MESE (suffixes)

Name: Multi-echo Spin Echo

Type: Suffix

Format: <entities>_MESE.<extension>

Description: The MESE method involves multiple spin echo images acquired at different echo times and is primarily used for T2 mapping. Please note that this suffix is not intended for the logical grouping of images acquired using an Echo Planar Imaging (EPI) readout.

MISC (enums)

Name: MISC

Type: Enums

Description: Miscellaneous channels.

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- eeg  
- meg  
- ieeg  
- fnirs  
- motion
```

MISCChannelCount (metadata)

Name: Miscellaneous channel count

Type: Metadata

Description: Number of miscellaneous channels not covered otherwise.

Schema information:

```
minimum: 0  
type: integer
```

MNI152Lin (enums)

Name: MNI152Lin

Type: Enums

Description: Also known as ICBM (version with linear coregistration).Used by SPM99 to SPM8.

MNI152NLin2009aAsym (enums)

Name: MNI152NLin2009aAsym

Type: Enums

Description: Also known as ICBM (non-linear coregistration with 40 iterations, released in 2009). This is the first asymmetric version.Used by the DARTEL toolbox in SPM12b.

MNI152NLin2009aSym (enums)

Name: MNI152NLin2009aSym

Type: Enums

Description: Also known as ICBM (non-linear coregistration with 40 iterations, released in 2009). This is the first symmetric version.Used by the DARTEL toolbox in SPM12b.

MNI152NLin2009bAsym (enums)

Name: MNI152NLin2009bAsym

Type: Enums

Description: Also known as ICBM (non-linear coregistration with 40 iterations, released in 2009). This is the second asymmetric version.Used by the DARTEL toolbox in SPM12b.

MNI152NLin2009bSym (enums)

Name: MNI152NLin2009bSym

Type: Enums

Description: Also known as ICBM (non-linear coregistration with 40 iterations, released in 2009). This is the second symmetric version.Used by the DARTEL toolbox in SPM12b.

MNI152NLin2009cAsym (enums)

Name: MNI152NLin2009cAsym

Type: Enums

Description: Also known as ICBM (non-linear coregistration with 40 iterations, released in 2009). This is the third asymmetric version.Used by the DARTEL toolbox in SPM12b.

MNI152NLin2009cSym (enums)

Name: MNI152NLin2009cSym

Type: Enums

Description: Also known as ICBM (non-linear coregistration with 40 iterations, released in 2009). This is the third symmetric version.Used by the DARTEL toolbox in SPM12b.

MNI152NLin6ASym (enums)

Name: MNI152NLin6ASym

Type: Enums

Description: A variation of MNI152NLin6Sym built by A. Janke that is released as the MNI template of FSL. Volumetric templates included with [HCP-Pipelines](#) correspond to this template too.Used by FSL and HPC-Pipelines.

MNI152NLin6Sym (enums)

Name: MNI152NLin6Sym

Type: Enums

Description: Also known as symmetric ICBM 6th generation (non-linear coregistration).Used by FSL.

MNI305 (enums)

Name: MNI205

Type: Enums

Description: Also known as avg305.

MNIColin27 (enums)

Name: MNIColin27

Type: Enums

Description: Average of 27 T1 scans of a single subject.Used by SPM96.

MP2RAGE (suffixes)

Name: Magnetization Prepared Two Gradient Echoes

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_MP2RAGE.<extension>`

Description: The MP2RAGE method is a special protocol that collects several images at different flip angles and inversion times to create a parametric T1map by combining the magnitude and phase images ([Marques et al. 2010](#)).

MPE (suffixes)

Name: Multi-photon excitation microscopy

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_MPE.<extension>`

Description: Multi-photon excitation microscopy imaging data

MPM (suffixes)

Name: Multi-parametric Mapping

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_MPM.<extension>`

Description: The MPM approaches (a.k.a hMRI) involves the acquisition of highly-similar anatomical images that differ in terms of application of a magnetization transfer RF pulse (MTon or MTOff), flip angle and (optionally) echo time and magnitude/phase parts ([Weiskopf et al. 2013](#)). See [here](#) for suggested MPM acquisition protocols.

MRAcquisitionType (metadata)

Name: MR Acquisition Type

Type: Metadata

Allowed values: 2D, 3D

Description: Type of sequence readout. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 0023 MR Acquisition Type.

Schema information:

`type: string`

MRTransmitCoilSequence (metadata)

Name: MR Transmit Coil Sequence

Type: Metadata

Description: This is a relevant field if a non-standard transmit coil is used. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 9049 MR Transmit Coil Sequence.

Schema information:

`type: string`

MTNumberOfPulses (metadata)

Name: MT Number Of Pulses

Type: Metadata

Description: The number of magnetization transfer RF pulses applied before the readout.

Schema information:

`type: number`

MTOffsetFrequency (metadata)

Name: MT Offset Frequency

Type: Metadata

Description: The frequency offset of the magnetization transfer pulse with respect to the central H1 Larmor frequency in Hertz (Hz).

Schema information:

`type: number`

`unit: Hz`

MTPulseBandwidth (metadata)

Name: MT Pulse Bandwidth

Type: Metadata

Description: The excitation bandwidth of the magnetization transfer pulse in Hertz (Hz).

Schema information:

`type: number`

`unit: Hz`

MTPulseDuration (metadata)

Name: MT Pulse Duration

Type: Metadata

Description: Duration of the magnetization transfer RF pulse in seconds.

Schema information:

```
type: number
unit: s
```

MTPulseShape (metadata)

Name: MT Pulse Shape

Type: Metadata

Allowed values: HARD, GAUSSIAN, GAUSSHANN, SINC, SINCHANN, SINCGAUSS, FERMI

Description: Shape of the magnetization transfer RF pulse waveform. The value "GAUSSHANN" refers to a Gaussian pulse with a Hanning window. The value "SINCHANN" refers to a sinc pulse with a Hanning window. The value "SINCGAUSS" refers to a sinc pulse with a Gaussian window.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

MTR (suffixes)

Name: Magnetization Transfer Ratio

Type: Suffix

Format: <entities>_MTR.<extension>

Description: This method is to calculate a semi-quantitative magnetization transfer ratio map.

MTRmap (suffixes)

Name: Magnetization transfer ratio image

Type: Suffix

Format: <entities>_MTRmap.<extension>

Description: In arbitrary units (arbitrary). MTR maps are REQUIRED to use this suffix regardless of the method used to generate them. MTRmap intensity values are RECOMMENDED to be represented in percentage in the range of 0-100%.

Schema information:

```
maxValue: 100
minValue: 0
unit: arbitrary
```

MTS (suffixes)

Name: Magnetization transfer saturation

Type: Suffix

Format: <entities>_MTS.<extension>

Description: This method is to calculate a semi-quantitative magnetization transfer saturation index map. The MTS method involves three sets of anatomical images that differ in terms of application of a magnetization transfer RF pulse (MTon or MToff) and flip angle ([Helms et al. 2008](#)).

MTState (metadata)

Name: MT State

Type: Metadata

Description: Boolean stating whether the magnetization transfer pulse is applied. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 9020 **Magnetization Transfer**.

Schema information:

```
type: boolean
```

MTVmap (suffixes)

Name: Macromolecular tissue volume (MTV) image

Type: Suffix

Format: <entities>_MTVmap.<extension>

Description: In arbitrary units (arbitrary). MTV maps are REQUIRED to use this suffix regardless of the method used to generate them.

Schema information:

```
unit: arbitrary
```

MTsat (suffixes)

Name: Magnetization transfer saturation image

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_MTsat.<extension>`

Description: In arbitrary units (arbitrary). MTsat maps are REQUIRED to use this suffix regardless of the method used to generate them.

Schema information:

`unit: arbitrary`

MWFmap (suffixes)

Name: Myelin water fraction image

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_MWFmap.<extension>`

Description: In arbitrary units (arbitrary). MWF maps are REQUIRED to use this suffix regardless of the method used to generate them. MWF intensity values are RECOMMENDED to be represented in percentage in the range of 0-100%.

Schema information:

`maxValue: 100`

`minValue: 0`

`unit: arbitrary`

MagneticFieldStrength (metadata)

Name: Magnetic Field Strength

Type: Metadata

Description: Nominal field strength of MR magnet in Tesla. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 0087 `Magnetic Field Strength`.

Schema information:

`type: number`

Magnification (metadata)

Name: Magnification

Type: Metadata

Description: Lens magnification (for example: 40). If the file format is OME-TIFF, the value MUST be consistent with the "NominalMagnification" OME metadata field.

Schema information:

```
exclusiveMinimum: 0  
type: number
```

Manual (metadata)

Name: Manual

Type: Metadata

Description: Indicates if the segmentation was performed manually or via an automated process.

Schema information:

```
type: boolean
```

Manufacturer (metadata)

Name: Manufacturer

Type: Metadata

Description: Manufacturer of the equipment that produced the measurements.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

ManufacturersModelName (metadata)

Name: Manufacturers Model Name

Type: Metadata

Description: Manufacturer's model name of the equipment that produced the measurements.

Schema information:

`type: string`

MatrixCoilMode (metadata)

Name: Matrix Coil Mode

Type: Metadata

Description: (If used) A method for reducing the number of independent channels by combining in analog the signals from multiple coil elements. There are typically different default modes when using un-accelerated or accelerated (for example, "GRAPPA", "SENSE") imaging.

Schema information:

`type: string`

MaxMovement (metadata)

Name: Max Movement

Type: Metadata

Description: Maximum head movement (in mm) detected during the recording, as measured by the head localisation coils (for example, 4.8).

Schema information:

`type: number`

`unit: mm`

MeasurementToolMetadata (metadata)

Name: Measurement Tool Metadata

Type: Metadata

Description: A description of the measurement tool as a whole. Contains two fields: "Description" and "TermURL". "Description" is a free text description of the measurement tool. "TermURL" is a URL to an entity in an ontology corresponding to this tool.

Schema information:

`properties:`

`Description:`

`type: string`

`TermURL:`

`format: uri`

```
type: string  
type: object
```

MetaboliteAvail (metadata)

Name: Metabolite Available

Type: Metadata

Description: Boolean that specifies if metabolite measurements are available. If `true`, the `metabolite_parent_fraction` column MUST be present in the corresponding `*_blood.tsv` file.

Schema information:

```
type: boolean
```

MetaboliteMethod (metadata)

Name: Metabolite Method

Type: Metadata

Description: Method used to measure metabolites.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

MetaboliteRecoveryCorrectionApplied (metadata)

Name: Metabolite Recovery Correction Applied

Type: Metadata

Description: Metabolite recovery correction from the HPLC, for tracers where it changes with time postinjection. If `true`, the `hplc_recovery_fractions` column MUST be present in the corresponding `*_blood.tsv` file.

Schema information:

```
type: boolean
```

Metabolomic (enums)

Name: Metabolomic

Type: Enums

Description: Data link to participants' products of cellular metabolic functions.

MiscChannelCount (metadata)

Name: Misc Channel Count

Type: Metadata

Description: Number of miscellaneous analog channels for auxiliary signals.

Schema information:

```
minimum: 0
type: integer
```

MissingValues (metadata)

Name: MissingValues

Type: Metadata

Description: Describes how missing values are represented in the given recording system (for example a tracking system in motion), can take values such as, "NaN", "0".

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

MixingTime (metadata)

Name: Mixing Time

Type: Metadata

Description: In the context of a stimulated- and spin-echo 3D EPI sequence for B1+ mapping, corresponds to the interval between spin- and stimulated-echo pulses. In the context of a diffusion-weighted double spin-echo sequence, corresponds to the interval between two successive diffusion sensitizing gradients, specified in seconds.

Schema information:

```
type: number
unit: s
```

ModeOfAdministration (metadata)

Name: Mode Of Administration

Type: Metadata

Description: Mode of administration of the injection (for example, "bolus", "infusion", or "bolus-infusion").

Schema information:

`type: string`

MolarActivity (metadata)

Name: Molar Activity

Type: Metadata

Description: Molar activity of compound injected. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 1077 Radiopharmaceutical Specific Activity.

Schema information:

`type: number`

MolarActivityMeasTime (metadata)

Name: Molar Activity Measurement Time

Type: Metadata

Description: Time to which molar radioactivity measurement above applies in the default unit "hh:mm:ss".

Schema information:

`format: time`

`type: string`

MolarActivityUnits (metadata)

Name: Molar Activity Units

Type: Metadata

Description: Unit of the specified molar radioactivity (for example, "GBq/umol").

Schema information:

```
format: unit
type: string
```

MotionChannelCount (metadata)

Name: Motion Channel Count

Type: Metadata

Description: Number of motion channels (for example, 275).

Schema information:

```
minimum: 0
type: integer
```

MultibandAccelerationFactor (metadata)

Name: Multiband Acceleration Factor

Type: Metadata

Description: The multiband factor, for multiband acquisitions.

Schema information:

```
type: number
```

MultipartID (metadata)

Name: MultipartID

Type: Metadata

Description: A unique (per participant) label tagging DWI runs that are part of a multipart scan.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

NIHPD (enums)

Name: NIHPD

Type: Enums

Description: Pediatric templates generated from the NIHPD sample. Available for different age groups (4.5-18.5 y.o., 4.5-8.5 y.o., 7-11 y.o., 7.5-13.5 y.o., 10-14 y.o., 13-18.5 y.o.). This template also comes in either -symmetric or -asymmetric flavor.

NIRSCWAMPLITUDE (enums)

Name: NIRSCWAMPLITUDE

Type: Enums

Description: Continuous wave amplitude measurements. Equivalent to dataType 001 in SNIRF.

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- fnirs
```

NIRSCWFLUORESCENSEAMPLITUDE (enums)

Name: NIRSCWFLUORESCENSEAMPLITUDE

Type: Enums

Description: Continuous wave fluorescence amplitude measurements. Equivalent to dataType 051 in SNIRF.

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- fnirs
```

NIRSCWHBO (enums)

Name: NIRSCWHBO

Type: Enums

Description: Continuous wave oxygenated hemoglobin (oxyhemoglobin) concentration measurements. Equivalent to dataTypeLabel HbO in SNIRF.

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- fnirs
```

NIRSCWHBR (enums)

Name: NIRSCWHBR

Type: Enums

Description: Continuous wave deoxygenated hemoglobin (deoxyhemoglobin) concentration measurements. Equivalent to dataTypeLabel HbR in SNIRF.

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- fnirs
```

NIRSCWMUA (enums)

Name: NIRSCWMUA

Type: Enums

Description: Continuous wave optical absorption measurements. Equivalent to dataTypeLabel mua in SNIRF.

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- fnirs
```

NIRSCWOPTICALDENSITY (enums)

Name: NIRSCWOPTICALDENSITY

Type: Enums

Description: Continuous wave change in optical density measurements. Equivalent to dataTypeLabel dOD in SNIRF.

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- fnirs
```

NIRSChannelCount (metadata)

Name: NIRS Channel Count

Type: Metadata

Description: Total number of NIRS channels, including short channels. Corresponds to the number of rows in `channels.tsv` with any NIRS type.

Schema information:

`minimum: 0`
`type: integer`

NIRSCoordinateProcessingDescription (metadata)

Name: NIRS Coordinate Processing Description

Type: Metadata

Description: Has any post-processing (such as projection) been done on the optode positions (for example, "surface_projection", "n/a").

Schema information:

`type: string`

NIRSCoordinateSystem (metadata)

Name: NIRS Coordinate System

Type: Metadata

Allowed values: CTF, ElektaNeuromag, 4DBti, KitYokogawa, ChietiItab, Other, CapTrak, EEGLAB, EEGLAB-HJ, Other, ICBM452AirSpace, ICBM452Warp5Space, IXI549Space, fsaverage, fsaverageSym, fsLR, MNIColin27, MNI152Lin, MNI152NLin2009aSym, MNI152NLin2009bSym, MNI152NLin2009cSym, MNI152NLin2009aAsym, MNI152NLin2009bAsym, MNI152NLin2009cAsym, MNI152NLin6Sym, MNI152NLin6ASym, MNI305, NIHPD, OASIS30AntsOASISAnts, OASIS30Atropos, Talairach, UNCInfant, fsaverage3, fsaverage4, fsaverage5, fsaverage6, fsaveragesym, UNCInfant0V21, UNCInfant1V21, UNCInfant2V21, UNCInfant0V22, UNCInfant1V22, UNCInfant2V22, UNCInfant0V23, UNCInfant1V23, UNCInfant2V23

Description: Defines the coordinate system in which the optode positions are expressed. See Appendix VIII for a list of restricted keywords for coordinate systems. If "Other", a definition of the coordinate system MUST be provided in NIRSCoordinateSystemDescription.

Schema information:

`type: string`

NIRSCoordinateSystemDescription (metadata)

Name: NIRS Coordinate System Description

Type: Metadata

Description: Free-form text description of the coordinate system. May also include a link to a documentation page or paper describing the system in greater detail.

Schema information:

`type: string`

NIRSCoordinateUnits (metadata)

Name: NIRS Coordinate Units

Type: Metadata

Allowed values: m, mm, cm, n/a

Description: Units of the coordinates of `NIRSCoordinateSystem`.

Schema information:

`type: string`

NIRSDetectorOptodeCount (metadata)

Name: NIRS Detector Optode Channel Count

Type: Metadata

Description: Number of NIRS detectors. Corresponds to the number of rows in `optodes.tsv` with type "detector".

Schema information:

`minimum: 1`
`type: integer`

NIRSPlacementScheme (metadata)

Name: NIRS Placement Scheme

Type: Metadata

Description: Placement scheme of NIRS optodes. Either the name of a standardized placement system (for example, "10-20") or an array of standardized position names (for example, ["Cz", "Pz"]). This field should only be used if a cap was not used. If a standard cap was used, then it should be specified in `CapManufacturer` and `CapManufacturersModelName` and this field should be set to "n/a"

Schema information:

`anyOf:`
`- type: string`
`- items:`

```
type: string
type: array
```

NIRSSourceOptodeCount (metadata)

Name: NIRS Source Optode Count

Type: Metadata

Description: Number of NIRS sources. Corresponds to the number of rows in `optodes.tsv` with type "source".

Schema information:

```
minimum: 1
type: integer
```

NLO (suffixes)

Name: Nonlinear optical microscopy

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_NLO.<extension>`

Description: Nonlinear optical microscopy imaging data

Name (metadata)

Name: Name

Type: Metadata

Description: Name of the dataset.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

NegativeContrast (metadata)

Name: Negative Contrast

Type: Metadata

Description: `true` or `false` value specifying whether increasing voxel intensity (within sample voxels) denotes a decreased value with respect to the contrast suffix. This is commonly the case when Cerebral Blood Volume is estimated via usage of a contrast agent in conjunction with a T2* weighted acquisition protocol.

Schema information:

`type: boolean`

None (extensions)

Name: No extension

Type: Extension

Format: `<entities>_<suffix>`

Description: A file with no extension.

NonlinearGradientCorrection (metadata)

Name: Nonlinear Gradient Correction

Type: Metadata

Description: Boolean stating if the image saved has been corrected for gradient nonlinearities by the scanner sequence.

Schema information:

`type: boolean`

NumberOfVolumesDiscardedByScanner (metadata)

Name: Number Of Volumes Discarded By Scanner

Type: Metadata

Description: Number of volumes ("dummy scans") discarded by the scanner (as opposed to those discarded by the user post hoc) before saving the imaging file. For example, a sequence that automatically discards the first 4 volumes before saving would have this field as 4. A sequence that does not discard dummy scans would have this set to 0. Please note that the onsets recorded in the `events.tsv` file should always refer to the beginning of the acquisition of the first volume in the corresponding imaging file - independent of the value of "NumberOfVolumesDiscardedByScanner" field.

Schema information:

`minimum: 0`

`type: integer`

NumberOfVolumesDiscardedByUser (metadata)

Name: Number Of Volumes Discarded By User

Type: Metadata

Description: Number of volumes ("dummy scans") discarded by the user before including the file in the dataset. If possible, including all of the volumes is strongly recommended. Please note that the onsets recorded in the `events.tsv` file should always refer to the beginning of the acquisition of the first volume in the corresponding imaging file - independent of the value of "NumberOfVolumesDiscardedByUser" field.

Schema information:

```
minimum: 0
type: integer
```

NumberShots (metadata)

Name: Number Shots

Type: Metadata

Description: The number of RF excitations needed to reconstruct a slice or volume (may be referred to as partition). Please mind that this is not the same as Echo Train Length which denotes the number of k-space lines collected after excitation in a multi-echo readout. The data type array is applicable for specifying this parameter before and after the k-space center is sampled. Please see "NumberShots" metadata field in the qMRI appendix for corresponding calculations.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:
- type: number
- items:
  type: number
  type: array
```

NumericalAperture (metadata)

Name: Numerical Aperture

Type: Metadata

Description: Lens numerical aperture (for example: 1.4). If the file format is OME-TIFF, the value MUST be consistent with the `LensNA` OME metadata field.

Schema information:

```
exclusiveMinimum: 0
type: number
```

OASIS30AntsOASISAnts (enums)

Name: OASIS30AntsOASISAnts

Type: Enums

Description: OASIS30AntsOASISAnts

OASIS30Atropos (enums)

Name: OASIS30Atropos

Type: Enums

Description: OASIS30Atropos

OCT (suffixes)

Name: Optical coherence tomography

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_OCT.<extension>`

Description: Optical coherence tomography imaging data

OMEBigTiff (extensions)

Name: Open Microscopy Environment BigTIFF

Type: Extension

Format: `<entities>_<suffix>.ome.btf`

Description: A [BigTIFF](#) image file, for very large images.

OMETiff (extensions)

Name: Open Microscopy Environment Tag Image File Format

Type: Extension

Format: `<entities>_<suffix>.ome.tif`

Description: An [OME-TIFF](#) image file.

OMEZARR (extensions)

Name: OME Next Generation File Format

Type: Extension

Format: `<entities>_<suffix>.ome.zarr/`

Description: An OME-NGFF file. OME-NGFF is a [Zarr](#)-based format, organizing data arrays in nested directories. This format was developed by the Open Microscopy Environment to provide data stream access to very large data.

ORNT (enums)

Name: ORNT

Type: Enums

Description: Orientation channel, one channel for each spatial axis or quaternion component. Column `component` for the axis or quaternion label MUST be added to the `*_channels.tsv` file (x, y, z, quat_x, quat_y, quat_z, or quat_w).

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- fnirs  
- motion
```

ORNTChannelCount (metadata)

Name: Orientation Channel Count

Type: Metadata

Description: Number of orientation channels.

Schema information:

```
minimum: 0  
type: integer
```

OTHER (enums)

Name: OTHER

Type: Enums

Description: Any other type of channel.

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- meg  
- fnirs
```

OperatingSystem (metadata)

Name: Operating System

Type: Metadata

Description: Operating system used to run the stimuli presentation software (for formatting recommendations, see examples below this table).

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

Other (enums)

Name: Other

Type: Enums

Description: Other coordinate system.

OtherAcquisitionParameters (metadata)

Name: Other Acquisition Parameters

Type: Metadata

Description: Description of other relevant image acquisition parameters.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

PASL (enums)

Name: Pulsed arterial spin labeling

Type: Enums

Description: Pulsed arterial spin labeling was employed.

PASLType (metadata)

Name: PASL Type

Type: Metadata

Description: Type of the labeling pulse of the PASL labeling, for example "FAIR", "EPISTAR", or "PICORE".

Schema information:

`type: string`

PC (suffixes)

Name: Phase-contrast microscopy

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_PC.<extension>`

Description: Phase-contrast microscopy imaging data

PCASL (enums)

Name: Pseudo-continuous arterial spin labeling

Type: Enums

Description: Pseudo-continuous arterial spin labeling was employed.

PCASLType (metadata)

Name: PCASL Type

Type: Metadata

Allowed values: `balanced`, `unbalanced`

Description: The type of gradient pulses used in the `control` condition.

Schema information:

`type: string`

PD (enums)

Name: PD

Type: Enums

Description: Photodiode.

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- meg  
- ieeg  
- fnirs
```

PD (suffixes)

Name: Proton density image

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_PD.<extension>`

Description: Ambiguous, may refer to a parametric image or to a conventional image. Change: Replaced by PDw or PDmap.

Schema information:

`unit: arbitrary`

PDT2 (suffixes)

Name: PD and T2 weighted image

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_PDT2.<extension>`

Description: In arbitrary units (arbitrary). A two-volume 4D image, where the volumes are, respectively, PDw and T2w images acquired simultaneously. If separated into 3D volumes, the PDw and T2w suffixes SHOULD be used instead, and an acquisition entity MAY be used to distinguish the images from others with the same suffix, for example, `acq-PDT2_PDw.nii` and `acq-PDT2_T2w.nii`.

Schema information:

`unit: arbitrary`

PDmap (suffixes)

Name: Proton density image

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_PDmap.<extension>`

Description: In arbitrary units (arbitrary). PD maps are REQUIRED to use this suffix regardless of the method used to generate them.

Schema information:

`unit: arbitrary`

PDw (suffixes)

Name: Proton density (PD) weighted image

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_PDw.<extension>`

Description: In arbitrary units (arbitrary). The contrast of these images is mainly determined by spatial variations in the spin density (1H) of the imaged specimen. This contrast is achieved at short echo times and long repetition times; for gradient echo, this weighting is also possible with a short TR ($TR \ll T1$) and a small flip angle.

Schema information:

`unit: arbitrary`

PLI (suffixes)

Name: Polarized-light microscopy

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_PLI.<extension>`

Description: Polarized-light microscopy imaging data

POS (enums)

Name: POS

Type: Enums

Description: Position in space, one channel for each spatial axis. Column `component` for the axis MUST be added to the `*_channels.tsv` file (x, y or z).

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- motion
```

POSChannelCount (metadata)

Name: Position Channel Count

Type: Metadata

Description: Number of position channels.

Schema information:

```
minimum: 0  
type: integer
```

PPG (enums)

Name: PPG

Type: Enums

Description: Photoplethysmography.

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- eeg
```

PUPIL (enums)

Name: PUPIL

Type: Enums

Description: Eye tracker pupil diameter.

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- eeg  
- meg  
- ieeg  
- fnirs
```

ParallelAcquisitionTechnique (metadata)

Name: Parallel Acquisition Technique

Type: Metadata

Description: The type of parallel imaging used (for example "GRAPPA", "SENSE"). Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 9078 **Parallel Acquisition Technique**.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

ParallelReductionFactorInPlane (metadata)

Name: Parallel Reduction Factor In Plane

Type: Metadata

Description: The parallel imaging (for instance, GRAPPA) factor in plane. Use the denominator of the fraction of k-space encoded for each slice. For example, 2 means half of k-space is encoded. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 9069 **Parallel Reduction Factor In-plane**.

Schema information:

```
type: number
```

ParallelReductionFactorOutOfPlane (metadata)

Name: Parallel Reduction Factor Out of Plane

Type: Metadata

Description: The parallel imaging (for instance, GRAPPA) factor in the second phase encoding dimension of 3D sequences. Use the denominator of the fraction of k-space encoded in the second phase encoding dimension. For example, 2 means half of k-space is encoded. Will typically be 1 for 2D sequences, as each slice in a 2D acquisition is usually fully encoded. **ParallelReductionFactorOutOfPlane** should not be confused with **MultibandAccelerationFactor**, as they imply different methods of accelerating the acquisition. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 9155 **Parallel Reduction Factor out-of-plane**.

Schema information:

`type: number`

PartialFourier (metadata)

Name: Partial Fourier

Type: Metadata

Description: The fraction of partial Fourier information collected. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 9081 **Partial Fourier**.

Schema information:

`type: number`

PartialFourierDirection (metadata)

Name: Partial Fourier Direction

Type: Metadata

Description: The direction where only partial Fourier information was collected. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 9036 **Partial Fourier Direction**.

Schema information:

`type: string`

PharmaceuticalDoseAmount (metadata)

Name: Pharmaceutical Dose Amount

Type: Metadata

Description: Dose amount of pharmaceutical coadministered with tracer.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:  
- type: number  
- items:  
    type: number  
  type: array
```

PharmaceuticalDoseRegimen (metadata)

Name: Pharmaceutical Dose Regimen

Type: Metadata

Description: Details of the pharmaceutical dose regimen. Either adequate description or short-code relating to regimen documented elsewhere (for example, "single oral bolus").

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

PharmaceuticalDoseTime (metadata)

Name: Pharmaceutical Dose Time

Type: Metadata

Description: Time of administration of pharmaceutical dose, relative to time zero. For an infusion, this should be a vector with two elements specifying the start and end of the infusion period. For more complex dose regimens, the regimen description should be complete enough to enable unambiguous interpretation of "PharmaceuticalDoseTime". Unit format of the specified pharmaceutical dose time MUST be seconds.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:  
- type: number  
  unit: s  
- items:  
  type: number  
  unit: s  
  type: array
```

PharmaceuticalDoseUnits (metadata)

Name: Pharmaceutical Dose Units

Type: Metadata

Description: Unit format relating to pharmaceutical dose (for example, "mg" or "mg/kg").

Schema information:

```
format: unit  
type: string
```

PharmaceuticalName (metadata)

Name: Pharmaceutical Name

Type: Metadata

Description: Name of pharmaceutical coadministered with tracer.

Schema information:

`type: string`

PhaseEncodingDirection (metadata)

Name: Phase Encoding Direction

Type: Metadata

Allowed values: i, i-, j, j-, k, k-

Description: The letters i, j, k correspond to the first, second and third axis of the data in the NIFTI file. The polarity of the phase encoding is assumed to go from zero index to maximum index unless - sign is present (then the order is reversed - starting from the highest index instead of zero). **PhaseEncodingDirection** is defined as the direction along which phase is was modulated which may result in visible distortions. Note that this is not the same as the DICOM term **InPlanePhaseEncodingDirection** which can have ROW or COL values.

Schema information:

`type: string`

PhotoDescription (metadata)

Name: Photo Description

Type: Metadata

Description: Description of the photo.

Schema information:

`type: string`

PixelSize (metadata)

Name: Pixel Size

Type: Metadata

Description: A 2- or 3-number array of the physical size of a pixel, either [PixelSizeX, PixelSizeY] or [PixelSizeX, PixelSizeY, PixelSizeZ], where X is the width, Y the height and Z the depth. If the file format is OME-TIFF, these values need to be consistent with PhysicalSizeX, PhysicalSizeY and PhysicalSizeZ OME metadata fields, after converting in PixelSizeUnits according to PhysicalSizeXunit, PhysicalSizeYunit and PhysicalSizeZunit OME fields.

Schema information:

```
items:
  minimum: 0
  type: number
maxItems: 3
minItems: 2
type: array
```

PixelSizeUnits (metadata)

Name: Pixel Size Units

Type: Metadata

Allowed values: mm, um, nm

Description: Unit format of the specified "PixelSize". MUST be one of: "mm" (millimeter), "um" (micrometer) or "nm" (nanometer).

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

Pixels (enums)

Name: Pixels

Type: Enums

Description: If electrodes are localized in 2D space (only x and y are specified and z is n/a), then the positions in this file must correspond to the locations expressed in pixels on the photo/drawing/rendering of the electrodes on the brain. In this case, coordinates must be (row,column) pairs, with (0,0) corresponding to the upper left pixel and (N,0) corresponding to the lower left pixel.

PlasmaAvail (metadata)

Name: Plasma Avail

Type: Metadata

Description: Boolean that specifies if plasma measurements are available.

Schema information:

`type: boolean`

PlasmaFreeFraction (metadata)

Name: Plasma Free Fraction

Type: Metadata

Description: Measured free fraction in plasma, meaning the concentration of free compound in plasma divided by total concentration of compound in plasma (Units: 0-100%).

Schema information:

`maximum: 100`

`minimum: 0`

`type: number`

PlasmaFreeFractionMethod (metadata)

Name: Plasma Free Fraction Method

Type: Metadata

Description: Method used to estimate free fraction.

Schema information:

`type: string`

PostLabelingDelay (metadata)

Name: Post Labeling Delay

Type: Metadata

Description: This is the postlabeling delay (PLD) time, in seconds, after the end of the labeling (for "CASL" or "PCASL") or middle of the labeling pulse (for "PASL") until the middle of the excitation pulse applied to the imaging slab (for 3D acquisition) or first slice (for 2D acquisition). Can be a number (for a single-PLD time series) or an array of numbers (for multi-PLD and Look-Locker). In the latter case, the array of numbers contains the PLD of each volume, namely each `control` and `label`, in the acquisition order. Any image within the time-series without a PLD, for example an `m0scan`, is indicated by a zero. Based on DICOM Tags 0018, 9079 `Inversion Times` and 0018, 0082 `InversionTime`.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:  
- exclusiveMinimum: 0  
  type: number  
  unit: s  
- items:  
  exclusiveMinimum: 0  
  type: number  
  unit: s  
  type: array
```

PowerLineFrequency (metadata)

Name: Power Line Frequency

Type: Metadata

Description: Frequency (in Hz) of the power grid at the geographical location of the instrument (for example, 50 or 60).

Schema information:

```
anyOf:  
- exclusiveMinimum: 0  
  type: number  
  unit: Hz  
- enum:  
  - n/a  
  type: string
```

PromptRate (metadata)

Name: Prompt Rate

Type: Metadata

Description: Prompt rate for each frame (same units as `Units`, for example, "Bq/mL").

Schema information:

```
items:  
  type: number  
type: array
```

Proteomic (enums)

Name: Proteomic

Type: Enums

Description: Data link to participants peptides and proteins quantification.

PulseSequenceDetails (metadata)

Name: Pulse Sequence Details

Type: Metadata

Description: Information beyond pulse sequence type that identifies the specific pulse sequence used (for example, "Standard Siemens Sequence distributed with the VB17 software", "Siemens WIP ### version #.##," or "Sequence written by X using a version compiled on MM/DD/YYYY").

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

PulseSequenceType (metadata)

Name: Pulse Sequence Type

Type: Metadata

Description: A general description of the pulse sequence used for the scan (for example, "MPRAGE", "Gradient Echo EPI", "Spin Echo EPI", "Multiband gradient echo EPI").

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

Purity (metadata)

Name: Purity

Type: Metadata

Description: Purity of the radiolabeled compound (between 0 and 100%).

Schema information:

maximum: 100
minimum: 0
type: number

R1map (suffixes)

Name: Longitudinal relaxation rate image

Type: Suffix

Format: <entities>_R1map.<extension>

Description: In seconds-1 (1/s). R1 maps ($R1 = 1/T1$) are REQUIRED to use this suffix regardless of the method used to generate them.

Schema information:

unit: 1/s

R2map (suffixes)

Name: True transverse relaxation rate image

Type: Suffix

Format: <entities>_R2map.<extension>

Description: In seconds-1 (1/s). R2 maps ($R2 = 1/T2$) are REQUIRED to use this suffix regardless of the method used to generate them.

Schema information:

unit: 1/s

R2starmap (suffixes)

Name: Observed transverse relaxation rate image

Type: Suffix

Format: <entities>_R2starmap.<extension>

Description: In seconds-1 (1/s). R2-star maps ($R2star = 1/T2star$) are REQUIRED to use this suffix regardless of the method used to generate them.

Schema information:

unit: 1/s

RB1COR (suffixes)

Name: RB1COR

Type: Suffix

Format: <entities>_RB1COR.<extension>

Description: Low resolution images acquired by the body coil (in the gantry of the scanner) and the head coil using identical acquisition parameters to generate a combined sensitivity map as described in [Papp et al. \(2016\)](#).

RB1map (suffixes)

Name: RF receive sensitivity map

Type: Suffix

Format: <entities>_RB1map.<extension>

Description: In arbitrary units (arbitrary). Radio frequency (RF) receive (B1-) sensitivity maps are REQUIRED to use this suffix regardless of the method used to generate them. RB1map intensity values are RECOMMENDED to be represented as percent multiplicative factors such that $\text{Amplitude}_{\text{effective}} = \text{B1-intensity} * \text{Amplitude}_{\text{ideal}}$.

Schema information:

`unit:` `arbitrary`

README (files)

Name: README

Type: Files And Directories

Description: A REQUIRED text file, README, SHOULD describe the dataset in more detail. The README file MUST be either in ASCII or UTF-8 encoding and MAY have one of the extensions: `.md` ([Markdown](#)), `.rst` ([reStructuredText](#)), or `.txt`. A BIDS dataset MUST NOT contain more than one README file (with or without extension) at its root directory. BIDS does not make any recommendations with regards to the [Markdown flavor](#) and does not validate the syntax of Markdown and reStructuredText. The README file SHOULD be structured such that its contents can be easily understood even if the used format is not rendered. A guideline for creating a good README file can be found in the [bids-starter-kit](#).

Schema information:

`file_type:` `regular`

REF (enums)

Name: REF

Type: Enums

Description: Reference channel.

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- eeg  
- ieeg
```

RESP (enums)

Name: RESP

Type: Enums

Description: Respiration.

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- eeg
```

RF (enums)

Name: RF

Type: Enums

Description: A spoiling type: RF

ROI (enums)

Name: ROI mask

Type: Enums

Description: A region of interest mask.

RandomRate (metadata)

Name: Random Rate

Type: Metadata

Description: Random rate for each frame (same units as "Units", for example, "Bq/mL").

Schema information:

```
items:  
  type: number  
type: array
```

RawSources (metadata)

Name: Raw Sources

Type: Metadata

Description: A list of paths relative to dataset root pointing to the BIDS-Raw file(s) that were used in the creation of this derivative. This field is DEPRECATED, and this metadata SHOULD be recorded in the **Sources** field using BIDS URIs to distinguish sources from different datasets.

Schema information:

```
items:  
  format: dataset_relative  
  type: string  
type: array
```

ReceiveCoilActiveElements (metadata)

Name: Receive Coil Active Elements

Type: Metadata

Description: Information describing the active/selected elements of the receiver coil. This does not correspond to a tag in the DICOM ontology. The vendor-defined terminology for active coil elements can go in this field.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

ReceiveCoilName (metadata)

Name: Receive Coil Name

Type: Metadata

Description: Information describing the receiver coil. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 1250 **Receive Coil Name**, although not all vendors populate that DICOM Tag, in which case this field can be derived from an appropriate private DICOM field.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

ReconFilterSize (metadata)

Name: Recon Filter Size

Type: Metadata

Description: Kernel size of post-recon filter (FWHM) in default units "mm".

Schema information:

```
anyOf:  
- type: number  
  unit: mm  
- items:  
  type: number  
  unit: mm  
type: array
```

ReconFilterType (metadata)

Name: Recon Filter Type

Type: Metadata

Description: Type of post-recon smoothing (for example, ["Shepp"]).

Schema information:

```
anyOf:  
- type: string  
- items:  
  type: string  
type: array
```

ReconMethodImplementationVersion (metadata)

Name: Recon Method Implementation Version

Type: Metadata

Description: Identification for the software used, such as name and version.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

ReconMethodName (metadata)

Name: Recon Method Name

Type: Metadata

Description: Reconstruction method or algorithm (for example, "3d-op-osem").

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

ReconMethodParameterLabels (metadata)

Name: Recon Method Parameter Labels

Type: Metadata

Description: Names of reconstruction parameters (for example, ["subsets", "iterations"]).

Schema information:

```
items:  
  type: string  
type: array
```

ReconMethodParameterUnits (metadata)

Name: Recon Method Parameter Units

Type: Metadata

Description: Unit of reconstruction parameters (for example, ["none", "none"]).

Schema information:

```
items:  
  format: unit  
  type: string  
type: array
```

ReconMethodParameterValues (metadata)

Name: Recon Method Parameter Values

Type: Metadata

Description: Values of reconstruction parameters (for example, [21, 3]).

Schema information:

```
items:  
  type: number  
type: array
```

RecordingDuration (metadata)

Name: Recording Duration

Type: Metadata

Description: Length of the recording in seconds (for example, 3600).

Schema information:

```
type: number  
unit: s
```

RecordingType (metadata)

Name: Recording Type

Type: Metadata

Allowed values: continuous, epoched, discontinuous

Description: Defines whether the recording is "continuous", "discontinuous", or "epoched", where "epoched" is limited to time windows about events of interest (for example, stimulus presentations or subject responses).

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

ReferencesAndLinks (metadata)

Name: References And Links

Type: Metadata

Description: List of references to publications that contain information on the dataset. A reference may be textual or a URI.

Schema information:

```
items:  
  type: string  
type: array
```

RepetitionTime (metadata)

Name: Repetition Time

Type: Metadata

Description: The time in seconds between the beginning of an acquisition of one volume and the beginning of acquisition of the volume following it (TR). When used in the context of functional acquisitions this parameter best corresponds to [DICOM Tag 0020, 0110](#): the "time delta between images in a dynamic of functional set of images" but may also be found in [DICOM Tag 0018, 0080](#): "the period of time in msec between the beginning of a pulse sequence and the beginning of the succeeding (essentially identical) pulse sequence". This definition includes time between scans (when no data has been acquired) in case of sparse acquisition schemes. This value MUST be consistent with the 'pixdim[4]' field (after accounting for units stored in 'xyzt_units' field) in the NIfTI header. This field is mutually exclusive with VolumeTiming.

Schema information:

```
exclusiveMinimum: 0  
type: number  
unit: s
```

RepetitionTimeExcitation (metadata)

Name: Repetition Time Excitation

Type: Metadata

Description: The interval, in seconds, between two successive excitations. [DICOM Tag 0018, 0080](#) best refers to this parameter. This field may be used together with the "RepetitionTimePreparation" for certain use cases, such as [MP2RAGE](#). Use RepetitionTimeExcitation (in combination with "RepetitionTimePreparation" if needed) for anatomy imaging data rather than "RepetitionTime" as it is already defined as the amount of time that it takes to acquire a single volume in the task imaging data section.

Schema information:

```
minimum: 0  
type: number  
unit: s
```

RepetitionTimePreparation (metadata)

Name: Repetition Time Preparation

Type: Metadata

Description: The interval, in seconds, that it takes a preparation pulse block to re-appear at the beginning of the succeeding (essentially identical) pulse sequence block. The data type number may apply to files from any MRI modality concerned with a single value for this field. The data type array provides a value for each volume in a 4D dataset and should only be used when the volume timing is critical for interpretation of the data, such as in ASL.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:  
- minimum: 0  
  type: number  
  unit: s  
- items:  
  minimum: 0  
  type: number  
  unit: s  
  type: array
```

Resolution (metadata)

Name: Resolution

Type: Metadata

Description: Specifies the interpretation of the resolution keyword. If an object is used, then the keys should be values for the **res** entity and values should be descriptions of those **res** values.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:  
- type: string  
- additionalProperties:  
  type: string  
  type: object
```

RotationOrder (metadata)

Name: RotationOrder

Type: Metadata

Allowed values: XYZ, XZY, YXZ, YZX, ZXY, ZYX, n/a

Description: Specify the sequence in which the elemental 3D extrinsic rotations are applied around the three distinct axes.

Schema information:

`type: string`

RotationRule (metadata)

Name: Rotation Rule

Type: Metadata

Allowed values: left-hand, right-hand, n/a

Description: In case orientation channels are present, indicate whether rotations are applied clockwise around an axis when seen from the positive direction (left-hand rule) or counter-clockwise (right-hand rule). Must be one of: "left-hand", "right-hand".

Schema information:

`type: string`

S0map (suffixes)

Name: Observed signal amplitude (S0) image

Type: Suffix

Format: <entities>_S0map.<extension>

Description: In arbitrary units (arbitrary). For a multi-echo (typically fMRI) sequence, S0 maps index the baseline signal before exponential (T2-star) signal decay. In other words: the exponential of the intercept for a linear decay model across log-transformed echos. For more information, please see, for example, [the tedana documentation](#). S0 maps are RECOMMENDED to use this suffix if derived from an ME-fMRI dataset.

SEEG (enums)

Name: SEEG

Type: Enums

Description: Electrode channel.

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- meg  
- ieeg  
- fnirs
```

SEEGChannelCount (metadata)

Name: SEEG Channel Count

Type: Metadata

Description: Number of SEEG channels.

Schema information:

```
minimum: 0  
type: integer
```

SEM (suffixes)

Name: Scanning electron microscopy

Type: Suffix

Format: <entities>_SEM.<extension>

Description: Scanning electron microscopy imaging data

SINC (enums)

Name: Sinc pulse

Type: Enums

Description: A sinc-shaped pulse.

SINCGAUSS (enums)

Name: Sinc-Gauss pulse

Type: Enums

Description: A sinc-shaped pulse with a Gaussian window.

SINCHANN (enums)

Name: Sinc-Hanning pulse

Type: Enums

Description: A sinc-shaped pulse with a Hanning window.

SPIM (suffixes)

Name: Selective plane illumination microscopy

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_SPIM.<extension>`

Description: Selective plane illumination microscopy imaging data

SR (suffixes)

Name: Super-resolution microscopy

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_SR.<extension>`

Description: Super-resolution microscopy imaging data

SYSCLOCK (enums)

Name: SYSCLOCK

Type: Enums

Description: System time showing elapsed time since trial started.

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- eeg  
- meg  
- ieeg  
- fnirs
```

SampleEmbedding (metadata)

Name: Sample Embedding

Type: Metadata

Description: Description of the tissue sample embedding (for example: "Epoxy resin").

Schema information:

`type: string`

SampleEnvironment (metadata)

Name: Sample Environment

Type: Metadata

Allowed values: `in vivo`, `ex vivo`, `in vitro`

Description: Environment in which the sample was imaged. MUST be one of: "`in vivo`", "`ex vivo`" or "`in vitro`".

Schema information:

`type: string`

SampleExtractionInstitution (metadata)

Name: Sample Extraction Institution

Type: Metadata

Description: The name of the institution in charge of the extraction of the sample, if different from the institution in charge of the equipment that produced the image.

Schema information:

`type: string`

SampleExtractionProtocol (metadata)

Name: Sample Extraction Protocol

Type: Metadata

Description: Description of the sample extraction protocol or URI (for example from protocols.io).

Schema information:

`type: string`

SampleFixation (metadata)

Name: Sample Fixation

Type: Metadata

Description: Description of the tissue sample fixation (for example: "4% paraformaldehyde, 2% glutaraldehyde").

Schema information:

`type: string`

SampleOrigin (metadata)

Name: Sample Origin

Type: Metadata

Allowed values: blood, saliva, brain, csf, breast milk, bile, amniotic fluid, other biospecimen

Description: Describes from which tissue the genetic information was extracted.

Schema information:

`type: string`

SamplePrimaryAntibody (metadata)

Name: Sample Primary Antibody

Type: Metadata

Description: Description(s) of the primary antibody used for immunostaining. Either an [RRID](#) or the name, supplier and catalog number of a commercial antibody. For non-commercial antibodies either an [RRID](#) or the host-animal and immunogen used (for examples: "RRID:AB_2122563" or "Rabbit anti-Human HTR5A Polyclonal Antibody, Invitrogen, Catalog # PA1-2453"). MAY be an array of strings if different antibodies are used in each channel of the file.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:  
- type: string  
- items:  
    type: string  
    type: array
```

SampleSecondaryAntibody (metadata)

Name: Sample Secondary Antibody

Type: Metadata

Description: Description(s) of the secondary antibody used for immunostaining. Either an [RRID](#) or the name, supplier and catalog number of a commercial antibody. For non-commercial antibodies either an [RRID](#) or the host-animal and immunogen used (for examples: "RRID:AB_228322" or "Goat anti-Mouse IgM Secondary Antibody, Invitrogen, Catalog # 31172"). MAY be an array of strings if different antibodies are used in each channel of the file.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:  
- type: string  
- items:  
  type: string  
  type: array
```

SampleStaining (metadata)

Name: Sample Staining

Type: Metadata

Description: Description(s) of the tissue sample staining (for example: "Osmium"). MAY be an array of strings if different stains are used in each channel of the file (for example: ["LFB", "PLP"]).

Schema information:

```
anyOf:  
- type: string  
- items:  
  type: string  
  type: array
```

SamplingFrequency sense 1 (metadata)

Name: Sampling Frequency

Type: Metadata

Description: Sampling frequency (in Hz) of all the data in the recording, regardless of their type (for example, 2400).

Schema information:

```
type: number
unit: Hz
```

SamplingFrequency sense 2 (metadata)

Name: Sampling Frequency

Type: Metadata

Description: Sampling frequency (in Hz) of all the data in the recording, regardless of their type (for example, 2400).

Schema information:

```
anyOf:
- type: number
  unit: Hz
- enum:
  - n/a
  type: string
```

SamplingFrequencyEffective (metadata)

Name: Effective Sampling Frequency

Type: Metadata

Description: Effective sampling frequency (in Hz) of all the data in the recording, regardless of their type (for example, 2400) which can be determined if timestamps per sample are provided.

Schema information:

```
type: number
unit: Hz
```

ScaleFactor (metadata)

Name: Scale Factor

Type: Metadata

Description: Scale factor for each frame. This field **MUST** be defined if the imaging data (`.nii.gz`) are scaled. If this field is not defined, then it is assumed that the scaling factor is 1. Defining this field when the scaling factor is 1 is **RECOMMENDED**, for the sake of clarity.

Schema information:

```
items:  
  type: number  
type: array
```

ScanDate (metadata)

Name: Scan Date

Type: Metadata

Description: Date of scan in the format "YYYY-MM-DD[Z] ". This field is DEPRECATED, and this metadata SHOULD be recorded in the `acq_time` column of the corresponding Scans file.

Schema information:

```
format: date  
type: string
```

ScanOptions (metadata)

Name: Scan Options

Type: Metadata

Description: Parameters of ScanningSequence. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 0022 `Scan Options`.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:  
- type: string  
- items:  
  type: string  
  type: array
```

ScanRAS (enums)

Name: ScanRAS

Type: Enums

Description: The origin of the coordinate system is the center of the gradient coil for the corresponding T1w image of the subject, and the x-axis increases left to right, the y-axis increases posterior to anterior and the z-axis increases inferior to superior. For more information see the [Nipy Documentation](#). It is strongly encouraged to align the subject's T1w to ACPC so that the ACPC coordinate system can be used. If the subject's T1w in the BIDS dataset is not aligned to ACPC, `ScanRAS` should be used.

ScanStart (metadata)

Name: Scan Start

Type: Metadata

Description: Time of start of scan with respect to `TimeZero` in the default unit seconds.

Schema information:

```
type: number
unit: s
```

ScanningSequence (metadata)

Name: Scanning Sequence

Type: Metadata

Description: Description of the type of data acquired. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 0020 `Scanning Sequence`.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:
- type: string
- items:
  type: string
  type: array
```

ScatterFraction (metadata)

Name: Scatter Fraction

Type: Metadata

Description: Scatter fraction for each frame (Units: 0-100%).

Schema information:

```
items:
  maximum: 100
  minimum: 0
  type: number
type: array
```

ScreenDistance (metadata)

Name: Screen Distance

Type: Metadata

Description: Distance between the participant's eye and the screen. If no screen was used, use **n/a**.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:  
- type: number  
  unit: m  
- enum:  
  - n/a  
  type: string
```

ScreenRefreshRate (metadata)

Name: Screen Refresh Rate

Type: Metadata

Description: Refresh rate of the screen (when used), in Hertz (equivalent to frames per second, "FPS").

Schema information:

```
type: number  
unit: Hz
```

ScreenResolution (metadata)

Name: Screen Resolution

Type: Metadata

Description: Screen resolution in pixel (for example [1920, 1200] for a screen of 1920-width by 1080-height pixels), if no screen use **n/a**.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:  
- items:  
  maxItems: 2  
  minItems: 2  
  type: integer
```

```
  type: array
- enum:
  - n/a
  type: string
```

ScreenSize (metadata)

Name: Screen Size

Type: Metadata

Description: Screen size in m, excluding potential screen borders (for example [0.472, 0.295] for a screen of 47.2-width by 29.5-height cm), if no screen use n/a.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:
- items:
  maxItems: 2
  minItems: 2
  type: number
  unit: m
  type: array
- enum:
  - n/a
  type: string
```

Separate (enums)

Name: Separate

Type: Enums

Description: A separate m0scan file is present.

SequenceName (metadata)

Name: Sequence Name

Type: Metadata

Description: Manufacturer's designation of the sequence name. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 0024 Sequence Name.

Schema information:

`type: string`

SequenceVariant (metadata)

Name: Sequence Variant

Type: Metadata

Description: Variant of the ScanningSequence. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 0021 **Sequence Variant**.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:  
- type: string  
- items:  
    type: string  
    type: array
```

ShortChannelCount (metadata)

Name: Short Channel Count

Type: Metadata

Description: The number of short channels. 0 indicates no short channels.

Schema information:

```
minimum: 0  
type: integer
```

SinglesRate (metadata)

Name: Singles Rate

Type: Metadata

Description: Singles rate for each frame (same units as **Units**, for example, "Bq/mL").

Schema information:

```
items:  
    type: number  
type: array
```

SkullStripped (metadata)

Name: Skull Stripped

Type: Metadata

Description: Whether the volume was skull stripped (non-brain voxels set to zero) or not.

Schema information:

`type: boolean`

SliceEncodingDirection (metadata)

Name: Slice Encoding Direction

Type: Metadata

Allowed values: i, i-, j, j-, k, k-

Description: The axis of the NIfTI data along which slices were acquired, and the direction in which "SliceTiming" is defined with respect to. i, j, k identifiers correspond to the first, second and third axis of the data in the NIfTI file. A - sign indicates that the contents of "SliceTiming" are defined in reverse order - that is, the first entry corresponds to the slice with the largest index, and the final entry corresponds to slice index zero. When present, the axis defined by "SliceEncodingDirection" needs to be consistent with the slice_dim field in the NIfTI header. When absent, the entries in "SliceTiming" must be in the order of increasing slice index as defined by the NIfTI header.

Schema information:

`type: string`

SliceThickness (metadata)

Name: Slice Thickness

Type: Metadata

Description: Slice thickness of the tissue sample in the unit micrometers ("um") (for example: 5).

Schema information:

`exclusiveMinimum: 0`
`type: number`
`unit: um`

SliceTiming (metadata)

Name: Slice Timing

Type: Metadata

Description: The time at which each slice was acquired within each volume (frame) of the acquisition. Slice timing is not slice order -- rather, it is a list of times containing the time (in seconds) of each slice acquisition in relation to the beginning of volume acquisition. The list goes through the slices along the slice axis in the slice encoding dimension (see below). Note that to ensure the proper interpretation of the "SliceTiming" field, it is important to check if the OPTIONAL SliceEncodingDirection exists. In particular, if "SliceEncodingDirection" is negative, the entries in "SliceTiming" are defined in reverse order with respect to the slice axis, such that the final entry in the "SliceTiming" list is the time of acquisition of slice 0. Without this parameter slice time correction will not be possible.

Schema information:

```
items:
  minimum: 0
  type: number
  unit: s
type: array
```

SoftwareFilters (metadata)

Name: Software Filters

Type: Metadata

Description: [Object](#) of temporal software filters applied, or "n/a" if the data is not available. Each key-value pair in the JSON object is a name of the filter and an object in which its parameters are defined as key-value pairs (for example, {"Anti-aliasing filter": {"half-amplitude cutoff (Hz)": 500, "Roll-off": "6dB/Octave"}}).

Schema information:

```
anyOf:
- additionalProperties:
  type: object
  type: object
- enum:
  - n/a
  type: string
```

SoftwareName (metadata)

Name: Software Name

Type: Metadata

Description: Name of the software that was used to present the stimuli.

Schema information:

`type: string`

SoftwareRRID (metadata)

Name: SoftwareRRID

Type: Metadata

Description: [Research Resource Identifier](#) of the software that was used to present the stimuli. Examples: The RRID for Psychtoolbox is 'SCR_002881', and that of PsychoPy is 'SCR_006571'.

Schema information:

`format: rrid`

`type: string`

SoftwareVersion (metadata)

Name: Software Version

Type: Metadata

Description: Version of the software that was used to present the stimuli.

Schema information:

`type: string`

SoftwareVersions (metadata)

Name: Software Versions

Type: Metadata

Description: Manufacturer's designation of software version of the equipment that produced the measurements.

Schema information:

`type: string`

SourceDatasets (metadata)

Name: Source Datasets

Type: Metadata

Description: Used to specify the locations and relevant attributes of all source datasets. Valid keys in each object include "URL", "DOI" (see URI), and "Version" with [string](#) values.

Schema information:

```
items:
  properties:
    DOI:
      type: string
    URL:
      format: uri
      type: string
    Version:
      type: string
  type: object
type: array
```

SourceType (metadata)

Name: Source Type

Type: Metadata

Description: Type of source. Preferably a specific model/part number is supplied. This is a freeform description, but the following keywords are suggested: "LED", "LASER", "VCSEL". If individual channels have different SourceType, then the field here should be specified as "mixed" and this column should be included in optodes.tsv.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

Sources (metadata)

Name: Sources

Type: Metadata

Description: A list of files with the paths specified using BIDS URIs; these files were directly used in the creation of this derivative data file. For example, if a derivative A is used in the creation of another derivative B, which is in turn used to generate C in a chain of A->B->C, C should only list B in "Sources", and B should only list A in

"Sources". However, in case both X and Y are directly used in the creation of Z, then Z should list X and Y in "Sources", regardless of whether X was used to generate Y. Using paths specified relative to the dataset root is BIDS URIs.

Schema information:

```
items:
  format: dataset_relative
  type: string
type: array
```

SpatialAxes (metadata)

Name: Spatial axes

Type: Metadata

Description: Refers to the coordinate system in which the motion data are to be interpreted, if the recorded data can be mapped to a fixed reference frame. A sequence of characters F/B (forward-backward), L/R (left-right), and U/D (up-down). The position of a character in the sequence determines which of the X,Y,Z axes it maps to. For example, "FRD" for X-forward, Y-right, Z-down. For 1D or 2D cases, only specify the used axes and use the character "_" for unused axes ("F_R" when the Y axis is not used, for instance).

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

SpatialReference (metadata)

Name: Spatial Reference

Type: Metadata

Description: For images with a single reference, the value MUST be a single string. For images with multiple references, such as surface and volume references, a JSON object MUST be used.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:
- enum:
  - orig
  type: string
- format: uri
  type: string
- format: dataset_relative
  type: string
```

```
- additionalProperties:
  anyOf:
    - enum:
      - orig
      type: string
    - format: uri
      type: string
    - format: dataset_relative
      type: string
  type: object
```

SpecificRadioactivity (metadata)

Name: Specific Radioactivity

Type: Metadata

Description: Specific activity of compound injected. Note this is not required for an FDG acquisition, since it is not available, and SHOULD be set to "**n/a**".

Schema information:

```
anyOf:
- type: number
- enum:
  - n/a
  type: string
```

SpecificRadioactivityMeasTime (metadata)

Name: Specific Radioactivity Measurement Time

Type: Metadata

Description: Time to which specific radioactivity measurement above applies in the default unit "**hh:mm:ss**".

Schema information:

```
format: time
type: string
```

SpecificRadioactivityUnits (metadata)

Name: Specific Radioactivity Units

Type: Metadata

Description: Unit format of specified specific radioactivity (for example, "Bq/g"). Note this is not required for an FDG acquisition, since it is not available, and SHOULD be set to "n/a".

Schema information:

```
anyOf:  
- format: unit  
  type: string  
- enum:  
  - n/a  
  type: string
```

SpoilingGradientDuration (metadata)

Name: Spoiling Gradient Duration

Type: Metadata

Description: The duration of the spoiler gradient lobe in seconds. The duration of a trapezoidal lobe is defined as the summation of ramp-up and plateau times.

Schema information:

```
type: number  
unit: s
```

SpoilingGradientMoment (metadata)

Name: Spoiling Gradient Moment

Type: Metadata

Description: Zeroth moment of the spoiler gradient lobe in millitesla times second per meter (mT.s/m).

Schema information:

```
type: number  
unit: mT.s/m
```

SpoilingRFPhaseIncrement (metadata)

Name: Spoiling RF Phase Increment

Type: Metadata

Description: The amount of incrementation described in degrees, which is applied to the phase of the excitation pulse at each TR period for achieving RF spoiling.

Schema information:

type: number

unit: degree

SpoilingState (metadata)

Name: Spoiling State

Type: Metadata

Description: Boolean stating whether the pulse sequence uses any type of spoiling strategy to suppress residual transverse magnetization.

Schema information:

type: boolean

SpoilingType (metadata)

Name: Spoiling Type

Type: Metadata

Allowed values: RF, GRADIENT, COMBINED

Description: Specifies which spoiling method(s) are used by a spoiled sequence.

Schema information:

type: string

StartTime (metadata)

Name: Start Time

Type: Metadata

Description: Start time in seconds in relation to the start of acquisition of the first data sample in the corresponding (neural) dataset (negative values are allowed). This data MAY be specified with sub-second precision using the syntax `s[.000000]`, where `s` reflects whole seconds, and `.000000` reflects OPTIONAL fractional seconds.

Schema information:

```
type: number
unit: s
```

StationName (metadata)

Name: Station Name

Type: Metadata

Description: Institution defined name of the machine that produced the measurements.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

StimulusPresentation (metadata)

Name: Stimulus Presentation

Type: Metadata

Description: Object containing key-value pairs related to the software used to present the stimuli during the experiment.

Schema information:

properties:

Code:

```
description: '[URI](../common-principles.md#uniform-resource-indicator)
```

```
  of the code used to present the stimuli.
```

```
  Persistent identifiers such as DOIs are preferred.
```

```
  If multiple versions of code may be hosted at the same location,
```

```
  revision-specific URIs are recommended.
```

```
,
```

```
display_name: Code
```

```
format: uri
```

```
name: Code
```

```
type: string
```

OperatingSystem:

```
description: 'Operating system used to run the stimuli presentation software
```

```
(for formatting recommendations, see examples below this table).
```

```
,
```

```
display_name: Operating System
```

```
name: OperatingSystem
```

```
type: string
```

```
ScreenDistance:
```

```
anyOf:
```

```
- type: number
```

```
  unit: m
```

```
- enum:
```

```
  - n/a
```

```
  type: string
```

```
description: 'Distance between the participant''s eye and the screen. If no screen  
was used, use `n/a`.'
```

```
,
```

```
display_name: Screen Distance
```

```
name: ScreenDistance
```

```
ScreenRefreshRate:
```

```
description: 'Refresh rate of the screen (when used), in Hertz (equivalent to  
frames per second, "FPS").
```

```
,
```

```
display_name: Screen Refresh Rate
```

```
name: ScreenRefreshRate
```

```
type: number
```

```
unit: Hz
```

```
ScreenResolution:
```

```
anyOf:
```

```
- items:
```

```
  maxItems: 2
```

```
  minItems: 2
```

```
  type: integer
```

```
  type: array
```

```
- enum:
```

```
  - n/a
```

```
  type: string
```

```
description: 'Screen resolution in pixel

(for example `[1920, 1200]` for a screen of 1920-width by 1080-height pixels),

if no screen use `n/a`.

',
display_name: Screen Resolution
name: ScreenResolution
ScreenSize:
  anyOf:
  - items:
    maxItems: 2
    minItems: 2
    type: number
    unit: m
    type: array
  - enum:
    - n/a
    type: string
description: 'Screen size in m, excluding potential screen borders

(for example `[0.472, 0.295]` for a screen of 47.2-width by 29.5-height cm),

if no screen use `n/a`.

',
display_name: Screen Size
name: ScreenSize
SoftwareName:
description: 'Name of the software that was used to present the stimuli.

',
display_name: Software Name
name: SoftwareName
type: string
SoftwareRRID:
description: '[Research Resource Identifier](https://scicrunch.org/resources)
of the
```

```
software that was used to present the stimuli.

Examples: The RRID for Psychtoolbox is 'SCR_002881',

and that of PsychoPy is 'SCR_006571'.

'
display_name: SoftwareRRID
format: rrid
name: SoftwareRRID
type: string
SoftwareVersion:
description: 'Version of the software that was used to present the stimuli.

'
display_name: Software Version
name: SoftwareVersion
type: string
recommended_fields:
- OperatingSystem
- ScreenDistance
- ScreenRefreshRate
- ScreenResolution
- ScreenSize
- SoftwareName
- SoftwareRRID
- SoftwareVersion
- Code
- HeadStabilization
type: object
```

SubjectArtefactDescription (metadata)

Name: Subject Artifact Description

Type: Metadata

Description: Freeform description of the observed subject artifact and its possible cause (for example, "Vagus Nerve Stimulator", "non-removable implant"). If this field is set to "n/a", it will be interpreted as absence of major source of artifacts except cardiac and blinks.

Schema information:

`type: string`

T1map (suffixes)

Name: Longitudinal relaxation time image

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_T1map.<extension>`

Description: In seconds (s). T1 maps are REQUIRED to use this suffix regardless of the method used to generate them. See [this interactive book on T1 mapping](#) for further reading on T1-mapping.

Schema information:

`unit: s`

T1rho (suffixes)

Name: T1 in rotating frame (T1 rho) image

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_T1rho.<extension>`

Description: In seconds (s). T1-rho maps are REQUIRED to use this suffix regardless of the method used to generate them.

Schema information:

`unit: s`

T1w (suffixes)

Name: T1-weighted image

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_T1w.<extension>`

Description: In arbitrary units (arbitrary). The contrast of these images is mainly determined by spatial variations in the longitudinal relaxation time of the imaged specimen. In spin-echo sequences this contrast is achieved at relatively short repetition and echo times. To achieve this weighting in gradient-echo images, again, short repetition and echo times are selected; however, at relatively large flip angles. Another common approach to increase T1 weighting in gradient-echo images is to add an inversion preparation block to the beginning of the imaging sequence (for example, TurboFLASH or MP-RAGE).

Schema information:

`unit: arbitrary`

T2map (suffixes)

Name: True transverse relaxation time image

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_T2map.<extension>`

Description: In seconds (s). T2 maps are REQUIRED to use this suffix regardless of the method used to generate them.

Schema information:

`unit: s`

T2star (suffixes)

Name: T2* image

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_T2star.<extension>`

Description: Ambiguous, may refer to a parametric image or to a conventional image. Change: Replaced by T2starw or T2starmap.

Schema information:

`anyOf:`

- `unit: arbitrary`
- `unit: s`

T2starmap (suffixes)

Name: Observed transverse relaxation time image

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_T2starmap.<extension>`

Description: In seconds (s). T2-star maps are REQUIRED to use this suffix regardless of the method used to generate them.

Schema information:

`unit: s`

T2starw (suffixes)

Name: T2star weighted image

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_T2starw.<extension>`

Description: In arbitrary units (arbitrary). The contrast of these images is mainly determined by spatial variations in the (observed) transverse relaxation time of the imaged specimen. In spin-echo sequences, this effect is negated as the excitation is followed by an inversion pulse. The contrast of gradient-echo images natively depends on T2-star effects. However, for T2-star variation to dominate the image contrast, gradient-echo acquisitions are carried out at long repetition and echo times, and at small flip angles.

Schema information:

`unit: arbitrary`

T2w (suffixes)

Name: T2-weighted image

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_T2w.<extension>`

Description: In arbitrary units (arbitrary). The contrast of these images is mainly determined by spatial variations in the (true) transverse relaxation time of the imaged specimen. In spin-echo sequences this contrast is achieved at relatively long repetition and echo times. Generally, gradient echo sequences are not the most suitable option for achieving T2 weighting, as their contrast natively depends on T2-star rather than on T2.

Schema information:

`unit: arbitrary`

TB1AFI (suffixes)

Name: TB1AFI

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_TB1AFI.<extension>`

Description: This method ([Yarnykh 2007](#)) calculates a B1+ map from two images acquired at interleaved (two) TRs with identical RF pulses using a steady-state sequence.

TB1DAM (suffixes)

Name: TB1DAM

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_TB1DAM.<extension>`

Description: The double-angle B1+ method ([Insko and Bolinger 1993](#)) is based on the calculation of the actual angles from signal ratios, collected by two acquisitions at different nominal excitation flip angles. Common sequence types for this application include spin echo and echo planar imaging.

TB1EPI (suffixes)

Name: TB1EPI

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_TB1EPI.<extension>`

Description: This B1+ mapping method ([Jiru and Klose 2006](#)) is based on two EPI readouts to acquire spin echo (SE) and stimulated echo (STE) images at multiple flip angles in one sequence, used in the calculation of deviations from the nominal flip angle.

TB1RFM (suffixes)

Name: TB1RFM

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_TB1RFM.<extension>`

Description: The result of a Siemens `rf_map` product sequence. This sequence produces two images. The first image appears like an anatomical image and the second output is a scaled flip angle map.

TB1SRGE (suffixes)

Name: TB1SRGE

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_TB1SRGE.<extension>`

Description: Saturation-prepared with 2 rapid gradient echoes (SA2RAGE) uses a ratio of two saturation recovery images with different time delays, and a simulated look-up table to estimate B1+ ([Eggenschwiler et al. 2011](#)). This sequence can also be used in conjunction with MP2RAGE T1 mapping to iteratively improve B1+ and T1 map estimation ([Marques & Gruetter 2013](#)).

TB1TFL (suffixes)

Name: TB1TFL

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_TB1TFL.<extension>`

Description: The result of a Siemens `tf1_b1_map` product sequence. This sequence produces two images. The first image appears like an anatomical image and the second output is a scaled flip angle map.

TB1map (suffixes)

Name: RF transmit field image

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_TB1map.<extension>`

Description: In arbitrary units (arbitrary). Radio frequency (RF) transmit (B1+) field maps are REQUIRED to use this suffix regardless of the method used to generate them. TB1map intensity values are RECOMMENDED to be represented as percent multiplicative factors such that $\text{FlipAngle}_{\text{effective}} = \text{B1+intensity} * \text{FlipAngle}_{\text{nominal}}$.

Schema information:

`unit:` `arbitrary`

TEM (suffixes)

Name: Transmission electron microscopy

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_TEM.<extension>`

Description: Transmission electron microscopy imaging data

TEMP (enums)

Name: TEMP

Type: Enums

Description: Temperature.

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- eeg
```

TRIG (enums)

Name: TRIG

Type: Enums

Description: Analog (TTL in Volt) or digital (binary TTL) trigger channel.

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- eeg  
- meg  
- ieeg  
- fnirs
```

Talairach (enums)

Name: Talairach

Type: Enums

Description: Piecewise linear scaling of the brain is implemented as described in TT88.

TaskDescription (metadata)

Name: Task Description

Type: Metadata

Description: Longer description of the task.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

TaskName (metadata)

Name: Task Name

Type: Metadata

Description: Name of the task. No two tasks should have the same name. The task label included in the filename is derived from this "TaskName" field by removing all non-alphanumeric characters (that is, all except those matching [0-9a-zA-Z]). For example "TaskName" "faces n-back" or "head nodding" will correspond to task labels `facesnback` and `headnodding`, respectively.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

TermURL (metadata)

Name: TermURL

Type: Metadata

Description: URL pointing to a formal definition of this type of data in an ontology available on the web. For example: <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/68008297> for "male".

Schema information:

```
format: uri
type: string
```

ThreeD (enums)

Name: Three-dimensional

Type: Enums

Description: Three-dimensional MR acquisition.

TimeZero (metadata)

Name: Time Zero

Type: Metadata

Description: Time zero to which all scan and/or blood measurements have been adjusted to, in the unit "hh:mm:ss". This should be equal to "InjectionStart" or "ScanStart".

Schema information:

```
format: time
type: string
```

TissueDeformationScaling (metadata)

Name: Tissue Deformation Scaling

Type: Metadata

Description: Estimated deformation of the tissue, given as a percentage of the original tissue size (for examples: for a shrinkage of 3%, the value is 97; and for an expansion of 100%, the value is 200).

Schema information:

```
exclusiveMinimum: 0
type: number
```

TissueOrigin (metadata)

Name: Tissue Origin

Type: Metadata

Allowed values: gray matter, white matter, csf, meninges, macrovascular, microvascular

Description: Describes the type of tissue analyzed for "SampleOrigin" brain.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

TotalAcquiredPairs (metadata)

Name: Total Acquired Pairs

Type: Metadata

Description: The total number of acquired control-label pairs. A single pair consists of a single control and a single label image.

Schema information:

```
exclusiveMinimum: 0
type: number
```

TotalReadoutTime (metadata)

Name: Total Readout Time

Type: Metadata

Description: This is actually the "effective" total readout time, defined as the readout duration, specified in seconds, that would have generated data with the given level of distortion. It is NOT the actual, physical duration of the readout train. If "EffectiveEchoSpacing" has been properly computed, it is just $\text{EffectiveEchoSpacing} * (\text{ReconMatrixPE} - 1)$.

Schema information:

```
type: number
unit: s
```

TracerMolecularWeight (metadata)

Name: Tracer Molecular Weight

Type: Metadata

Description: Accurate molecular weight of the tracer used.

Schema information:

```
type: number
```

TracerMolecularWeightUnits (metadata)

Name: Tracer Molecular Weight Units

Type: Metadata

Description: Unit of the molecular weights measurement (for example, "g/mol").

Schema information:

```
format: unit
type: string
```

TracerName (metadata)

Name: Tracer Name

Type: Metadata

Description: Name of the tracer compound used (for example, "CIMBI-36")

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

TracerRadLex (metadata)

Name: Tracer Rad Lex

Type: Metadata

Description: ID of the tracer compound from the RadLex Ontology.

Schema information:

`type: string`

TracerRadionuclide (metadata)

Name: Tracer Radionuclide

Type: Metadata

Description: Radioisotope labeling tracer (for example, "C11").

Schema information:

`type: string`

TracerSNOMED (metadata)

Name: TracerSNOMED

Type: Metadata

Description: ID of the tracer compound from the SNOMED Ontology (subclass of Radioactive isotope).

Schema information:

`type: string`

TrackedPointsCount (metadata)

Name: Tracked Points Count

Type: Metadata

Description: Number of different tracked points tracked in a motion tracking system.

Schema information:

`type: number`
`unit: m`

TrackingSystemName (metadata)

Name: Tracking System Name

Type: Metadata

Description: A human-readable name of the tracking system to complement "tracksys" label of the corresponding *_motion.tsv filename.

Schema information:

`type: string`

Transcriptomic (enums)

Name: Transcriptomic

Type: Enums

Description: Data link to participants RNA levels.

TriggerChannelCount (metadata)

Name: Trigger Channel Count

Type: Metadata

Description: Number of channels for digital (binary TTL) triggers or analog equivalents (TTL in volt). Corresponds to the TRIG channel type.

Schema information:

`minimum: 0`
`type: integer`

TubingLength (metadata)

Name: Tubing Length

Type: Metadata

Description: The length of the blood tubing, from the subject to the detector in meters.

Schema information:

`type:` `number`
`unit:` `m`

TubingType (metadata)

Name: Tubing Type

Type: Metadata

Description: Description of the type of tubing used, ideally including the material and (internal) diameter.

Schema information:

`type:` `string`

TwoD (enums)

Name: Two-dimensional

Type: Enums

Description: Two-dimensional MR acquisition.

TwoPE (suffixes)

Name: 2-photon excitation microscopy

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_2PE.<extension>`

Description: 2-photon excitation microscopy imaging data

Type (metadata)

Name: Type

Type: Metadata

Allowed values: `Brain`, `Lesion`, `Face`, `ROI`

Description: Short identifier of the mask. The value "Brain" refers to a brain mask. The value "Lesion" refers to a lesion mask. The value "Face" refers to a face mask. The value "ROI" refers to a region of interest mask.

Schema information:

`type: string`

UNCInfant (enums)

Name: UNCInfant

Type: Enums

Description: Infant Brain Atlases from Neonates to 1- and 2-year-olds.

UNCInfant0V21 (enums)

Name: UNCInfant0V21

Type: Enums

Description: Infant Brain Atlases from Neonates to 1- and 2-year-olds. See <https://www.nitrc.org/projects/pediatricatlas>. For new datasets, the recommended alternative is UNCInfant.

UNCInfant0V22 (enums)

Name: UNCInfant0V22

Type: Enums

Description: Infant Brain Atlases from Neonates to 1- and 2-year-olds. See <https://www.nitrc.org/projects/pediatricatlas>. For new datasets, the recommended alternative is UNCInfant.

UNCInfant0V23 (enums)

Name: UNCInfant0V23

Type: Enums

Description: Infant Brain Atlases from Neonates to 1- and 2-year-olds. See <https://www.nitrc.org/projects/pediatricatlas>. For new datasets, the recommended alternative is UNCInfant.

UNCInfant1V21 (enums)

Name: UNCInfant1V21

Type: Enums

Description: Infant Brain Atlases from Neonates to 1- and 2-year-olds. See <https://www.nitrc.org/projects/pediatricatlas>. For new datasets, the recommended alternative is UNCInfant.

UNCInfant1V22 (enums)

Name: UNCInfant1V22

Type: Enums

Description: Infant Brain Atlases from Neonates to 1- and 2-year-olds. See <https://www.nitrc.org/projects/pediatricatlas>. For new datasets, the recommended alternative is UNCInfant.

UNCInfant1V23 (enums)

Name: UNCInfant1V23

Type: Enums

Description: Infant Brain Atlases from Neonates to 1- and 2-year-olds. See <https://www.nitrc.org/projects/pediatricatlas>. For new datasets, the recommended alternative is UNCInfant.

UNCInfant2V21 (enums)

Name: UNCInfant2V21

Type: Enums

Description: Infant Brain Atlases from Neonates to 1- and 2-year-olds. See <https://www.nitrc.org/projects/pediatricatlas>. For new datasets, the recommended alternative is UNCInfant.

UNCInfant2V22 (enums)

Name: UNCInfant2V22

Type: Enums

Description: Infant Brain Atlases from Neonates to 1- and 2-year-olds. See <https://www.nitrc.org/projects/pediatricatlas>. For new datasets, the recommended alternative is UNCIInfant.

UNCIInfant2V23 (enums)

Name: UNCIInfant2V23

Type: Enums

Description: Infant Brain Atlases from Neonates to 1- and 2-year-olds. See <https://www.nitrc.org/projects/pediatricatlas>. For new datasets, the recommended alternative is UNCIInfant.

UNIT1 (suffixes)

Name: Homogeneous (flat) T1-weighted MP2RAGE image

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_UNIT1.<extension>`

Description: In arbitrary units (arbitrary). UNIT1 images are REQUIRED to use this suffix regardless of the method used to generate them. Note that although this image is T1-weighted, regions without MR signal will contain white salt-and-pepper noise that most segmentation algorithms will fail on. Therefore, it is important to dissociate it from T1w. Please see MP2RAGE specific notes in the qMRI appendix for further information.

Units (metadata)

Name: Units

Type: Metadata

Description: Measurement units for the associated file. SI units in CMIXF formatting are RECOMMENDED (see Units).

Schema information:

```
format: unit
type: string
```

VEL (enums)

Name: VEL

Type: Enums

Description: Velocity, one channel for each spatial axis. Column `component` for the axis MUST be added to the `*_channels.tsv` file (x, y or z).

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- motion
```

VELChannelCount (metadata)

Name: Velocity Channel Count

Type: Metadata

Description: Number of linear velocity channels.

Schema information:

```
minimum: 0  
type: integer
```

VEOG (enums)

Name: VEOG

Type: Enums

Description: Vertical EOG (eye).

Schema information:

```
tags:  
- eeg  
- meg  
- ieeg  
- fnirs
```

VFA (suffixes)

Name: Variable flip angle

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_VFA.<extension>`

Description: The VFA method involves at least two spoiled gradient echo (SPGR) of steady-state free precession (SSFP) images acquired at different flip angles. Depending on the provided metadata fields and the sequence type, data may be eligible for DESPOT1, DESPOT2 and their variants ([Deoni et al. 2005](#)).

VascularCrushing (metadata)

Name: Vascular Crushing

Type: Metadata

Description: Boolean indicating if Vascular Crushing is used. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 9259 ASL Crusher Flag.

Schema information:

```
type: boolean
```

VascularCrushingVENC (metadata)

Name: Vascular Crushing VENC

Type: Metadata

Description: The crusher gradient strength, in centimeters per second. Specify either one number for the total time-series, or provide an array of numbers, for example when using QUASAR, using the value zero to identify volumes for which VascularCrushing was turned off. Corresponds to DICOM Tag 0018, 925A ASL Crusher Flow Limit.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:
- type: number
  unit: cm/s
- items:
  type: number
  unit: cm/s
  type: array
```

VisionCorrection (metadata)

Name: Vision correction

Type: Metadata

Description: Equipment used to correct participant vision during an experiment. Example: "spectacles", "lenses", "none".

Schema information:

`type: string`

VolumeTiming (metadata)

Name: Volume Timing

Type: Metadata

Description: The time at which each volume was acquired during the acquisition. It is described using a list of times referring to the onset of each volume in the BOLD series. The list must have the same length as the BOLD series, and the values must be non-negative and monotonically increasing. This field is mutually exclusive with "RepetitionTime" and "DelayTime". If defined, this requires acquisition time (TA) be defined via either "SliceTiming" or "AcquisitionDuration" be defined.

Schema information:

```
items:
  type: number
  unit: s
minItems: 1
type: array
```

WholeBloodAvail (metadata)

Name: Whole Blood Avail

Type: Metadata

Description: Boolean that specifies if whole blood measurements are available. If `true`, the `whole_blood_radioactivity` column MUST be present in the corresponding `*_blood.tsv` file.

Schema information:

```
type: boolean
```

WithdrawalRate (metadata)

Name: Withdrawal Rate

Type: Metadata

Description: The rate at which the blood was withdrawn from the subject. The unit of the specified withdrawal rate should be in "mL/s".

Schema information:

```
type: number
unit: mL/s
```

XENON (enums)

Name: XENON

Type: Enums

Description: A Contrast Bolus Ingredient: Xenon

abbreviation (columns)

Name: Abbreviation

Type: Column

Description: The unique label abbreviation

Schema information:

`type: string`

acq_time sense 1 (columns)

Name: Scan acquisition time

Type: Column

Description: Acquisition time refers to when the first data point in each run was acquired. Furthermore, if this header is provided, the acquisition times of all files from the same recording MUST be identical. Datetime format and their anonymization are described in Units.

Schema information:

`format: datetime`

`type: string`

acq_time sense 2 (columns)

Name: Session acquisition time

Type: Column

Description: Acquisition time refers to when the first data point of the first run was acquired. Datetime format and their anonymization are described in Units.

Schema information:

`format: datetime`

`type: string`

acquisition (entities)

Name: Acquisition

Type: Entity

Description: The `acq-<label>` entity corresponds to a custom label the user MAY use to distinguish a different set of parameters used for acquiring the same modality. For example, this should be used when a study includes two T1w images - one full brain low resolution and one restricted field of view but high resolution. In such case two files could have the following names: `sub-01_acq-highres_T1w.nii.gz` and `sub-01_acq-lowres_T1w.nii.gz`; however, the user is free to choose any other label than `highres` and `lowres` as long as they are consistent across subjects and sessions. In case different sequences are used to record the same modality (for example, `RARE` and `FLASH` for T1w) this field can also be used to make that distinction. The level of detail at which the distinction is made (for example, just between `RARE` and `FLASH`, or between `RARE`, `FLASH`, and `FLASHsubsampled`) remains at the discretion of the researcher.

Schema information:

```
format: label
type: string
```

age (columns)

Name: Subject age

Type: Column

Description: Numeric value in years (float or integer value). It is recommended to tag participant ages that are 89 or higher as 89+, for privacy purposes.

Schema information:

```
type: number
unit: year
```

amniotic_fluid (enums)

Name: amniotic fluid

Type: Enums

Description: The origin of a sample: amniotic fluid

anat (datatypes)

Name: Anatomical Magnetic Resonance Imaging

Type: Datatype

Description: Magnetic resonance imaging sequences designed to characterize static, anatomical features.

angio (suffixes)

Name: Angiogram

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_angio.<extension>`

Description: Magnetic resonance angiography sequences focus on enhancing the contrast of blood vessels (generally arteries, but sometimes veins) against other tissue types.

asl (suffixes)

Name: Arterial Spin Labeling

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_asl.<extension>`

Description: The complete ASL time series stored as a 4D NIfTI file in the original acquisition order, with possible volume types including: control, label, m0scan, deltam, cbf.

aslcontext (suffixes)

Name: Arterial Spin Labeling Context

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_aslcontext.<extension>`

Description: A TSV file defining the image types for volumes in an associated ASL file.

asllabeling (suffixes)

Name: ASL Labeling Screenshot

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_asllabeling.<extension>`

Description: An anonymized screenshot of the planning of the labeling slab/plane with respect to the imaging slab or slices. This screenshot is based on DICOM macro C.8.13.5.14.

ave (extensions)

Name: AVE

Type: Extension

Format: <entities>_<suffix>.ave

Description: File containing data averaged by segments of interest.Used by KIT, Yokogawa, and Ricoh MEG systems.

bad (enums)

Name: bad

Type: Enums

Description: A bad status (for example the status of a recording channel).

balanced (enums)

Name: balanced

Type: Enums

Description: PCASL Type: when balanced gradient pulses are used.

bdf (extensions)

Name: Biosemi Data Format

Type: Extension

Format: <entities>_<suffix>.bdf

Description: A [Biosemi](#) Data Format file.Each recording consists of a single .bdf file. [bdf+](#) files are permitted. The capital .BDF extension MUST NOT be used.

beh (datatypes)

Name: Behavioral Data

Type: Datatype

Description: Behavioral data.

beh (modalities)

Name: Behavioral experiments

Type: Modalities

Description: Behavioral data acquired without accompanying neuroimaging data.

beh (suffixes)

Name: Behavioral recording

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_beh.<extension>`

Description: Behavioral recordings from tasks. These files are similar to events files, but do not include the "onset" and "duration" columns that are mandatory for events files.

bids_uri (formats)

Name: BIDS uniform resource indicator

Type: Format

Regular expression: `bids:[0-9a-zA-Z/#:\?_\\-\\.]+`

Description: A BIDS uniform resource indicator. The validation for this format is minimal. It simply ensures that the value is a string with any characters that may appear in a valid URI, starting with "bids:".

bile (enums)

Name: Bile

Type: Enums

Description: The origin of a sample: bile

blood (enums)

Name: blood

Type: Enums

Description: The origin of a sample: blood

blood (suffixes)

Name: Blood recording data

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_blood.<extension>`

Description: Blood measurements of radioactivity stored in tabular files and located in the `pet/` directory along with the corresponding PET data.

bold (suffixes)

Name: Blood-Oxygen-Level Dependent image

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_bold.<extension>`

Description: Blood-Oxygen-Level Dependent contrast (specialized T2* weighting)

boolean (formats)

Name: Boolean

Type: Format

Regular expression: `(true|false)`

Description: A boolean. Must be either "true" or "false".

brain (enums)

Name: brain

Type: Enums

Description: The origin of a sample: brain

breast_milk (enums)

Name: breast milk

Type: Enums

Description: The origin of a sample: breast milk

bval (extensions)

Name: FSL-Format Gradient Amplitudes

Type: Extension

Format: `<entities>_<suffix>.bval`

Description: A space-delimited file containing gradient directions (b-vectors) of diffusion measurement. The `bval` file contains the b-values (in s/mm²) corresponding to the volumes in the relevant NIfTI file, with 0 designating b=0 volumes.

bvec (extensions)

Name: FSL-Format Gradient Directions

Type: Extension

Format: `<entities>_<suffix>.bvec`

Description: A space-delimited file containing gradient directions (b-vectors) of diffusion measurement. This file contains 3 rows with N space-delimited floating-point numbers, corresponding to the N volumes in the corresponding NIfTI file. The first row contains the x elements, the second row contains the y elements and the third row contains the z elements of a unit vector in the direction of the applied diffusion gradient, where the i-th elements in each row correspond together to the i-th volume, with [0,0,0] for non-diffusion-weighted (also called b=0 or low-b) volumes. Following the FSL format for the `bvec` specification, the coordinate system of the b vectors MUST be defined with respect to the coordinate system defined by the header of the corresponding `_dwi` NIfTI file and not the scanner's device coordinate system (see Coordinate systems). The most relevant limitation imposed by this choice is that the gradient information cannot be directly stored in this format if the scanner generates b-vectors in scanner coordinates.

calibration (enums)

Name: calibration

Type: Enums

Description: The fine-calibration file, is produced by the MaxFilter software and the work of Neuromag/Elekta/MEGIN engineers during maintenance of the MEG acquisition system. It is specific to the site of recording and may change in the process of regular system maintenance. It is usually shared with a crosstalk file.

cardiac (columns)

Name: Cardiac measurement

Type: Column

Description: continuous pulse measurement

Schema information:

`type: number`

cbf (enums)

Name: cbf

Type: Enums

Description: An ASL volume type: cbf

cbv (suffixes)

Name: Cerebral blood volume image

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_cbv.<extension>`

Description: Cerebral Blood Volume contrast (specialized T2* weighting or difference between T1 weighted images)

ceagent (entities)

Name: Contrast Enhancing Agent

Type: Entity

Description: The `ce-<label>` entity can be used to distinguish sequences using different contrast enhanced images. The label is the name of the contrast agent. This entity represents the "ContrastBolusIngredient" metadata field. Therefore, if the `ce-<label>` entity is present in a filename, "ContrastBolusIngredient" MAY also be added in the JSON file, with the same label.

Schema information:

`format: label`

`type: string`

cell_free_sample (enums)

Name: cell-free sample

Type: Enums

Description: A biosample type (**sample_type**): cell-free sample

cell_line (enums)

Name: cell line

Type: Enums

Description: A biosample type (**sample_type**): cell line

channel (columns)

Name: Channel

Type: Column

Description: Channel(s) associated with an event. If multiple channels are specified, they MUST be separated by a delimiter specified in the "Delimiter" field describing the **channel** column. For example, channels separated with a comma (,) require the **events.json** file to contain "channel": {"Delimiter": ","}. In the absence of a delimiter, tools MUST interpret any character as being part of a channel name.

Schema information:

type: *string*

channels (suffixes)

Name: Channels File

Type: Suffix

Format: <entities>_channels.<extension>

Description: Channel information.

chn (extensions)

Name: KRISS CHN

Type: Extension

Format: `<entities>_<suffix>.chn`

Description: A file generated by KRISS MEG systems containing the position of the center of the MEG coils. Each experimental run on the KRISS system produces a file with extension `.kdf`. Additional files that may be available in the same directory include the digitized positions of the head points (`_digitizer.txt`), the position of the center of the MEG coils (`.chn`), and the event markers (`.trg`).

chunk (entities)

Name: Chunk

Type: Entity

Description: The `chunk-<index>` key/value pair is used to distinguish between images of the same physical sample with different fields of view acquired in the same imaging experiment. This entity applies to collections of 2D images, 3D volumes or 4D volume series (for example, diffusion weighted images), and may be used to indicate different anatomical structures or regions of the same structure.

Schema information:

`format: index`
`type: string`

cloning_host (enums)

Name: cloning host

Type: Enums

Description: A biosample type (`sample_type`): cloning host

code (files)

Name: Code

Type: Files And Directories

Description: A directory in which to store any code (for example the one used to generate the derivatives from the raw data). See the Code section for more information.

Schema information:

`file_type: directory`

color (columns)

Name: Color label

Type: Column

Description: Hexadecimal. Label color for visualization.

Schema information:

```
type: string
unit: hexadecimal
```

component (columns)

Name: Component

Type: Column

Allowed values: x, y, z, quat_x, quat_y, quat_z, quat_w, n/a

Description: Description of the spatial axis or label of quaternion component associated with the channel. For example, x,y,z for position channels, or quat_x, quat_y, quat_z, quat_w for quaternion orientation channels.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

con (extensions)

Name: KIT/Yokogawa/Ricoh Continuous Data

Type: Extension

Format: <entities>_<suffix>.con

Description: Raw continuous data from a KIT/Yokogawa/Ricoh MEG system.Successor to the .sqd extension for raw continuous data.

continuous (enums)

Name: Continuous recording

Type: Enums

Description: Continuous recording.

control (enums)

Name: control

Type: Enums

Description: An ASL volume type: control

coordsystem (suffixes)

Name: Coordinate System File

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_coordsystem.<extension>`

Description: A JSON document specifying the coordinate system(s) used for the MEG, EEG, head localization coils, and anatomical landmarks.

crosstalk (enums)

Name: crosstalk

Type: Enums

Description: The crosstalk file, is produced by the MaxFilter software and the work of Neuromag/Elekta/MEGIN engineers during maintenance of the MEG acquisition system. It is specific to the site of recording and may change in the process of regular system maintenance. it is usually shared with a fine-calibration file.

csf (enums)

Name: CSF

Type: Enums

Description: Cerebrospinal fluid (for example, the origin of a sample or tissue)

dat (extensions)

Name: MEG Fine-Calibration Format

Type: Extension

Format: `<entities>_<suffix>.dat`

Description: A fine-calibration file used for Neuromag/Elekta/MEGIN MEG recording hardware.

data_acquisition (common_principles)

Name: Data acquisition

Type: Common Principle

Description: A continuous uninterrupted block of time during which a brain scanning instrument was acquiring data according to particular scanning sequence/protocol.

data_type (common_principles)

Name: Data type

Type: Common Principle

Description: A functional group of different types of data. Data files are contained in a directory named for the data type. In raw datasets, the data type directory is nested inside subject and (optionally) session directories. BIDS defines the following data types: 1. **func** (task based and resting state functional MRI) 2. **dwi** (diffusion weighted imaging) 3. **fmap** (field inhomogeneity mapping data such as field maps) 4. **anat** (structural imaging such as T1, T2, PD, and so on) 5. **perf** (perfusion) 6. **meg** (magnetoencephalography) 7. **eeg** (electroencephalography) 8. **ieeg** (intracranial electroencephalography) 9. **beh** (behavioral) 10. **pet** (positron emission tomography) 11. **micr** (microscopy) 12. **nirs** (near infrared spectroscopy) 13. **motion** (motion)

dataset (common_principles)

Name: Dataset

Type: Common Principle

Description: A set of neuroimaging and behavioral data acquired for a purpose of a particular study. A dataset consists of data acquired from one or more subjects, possibly from multiple sessions.

dataset_description (files)

Name: Dataset Description

Type: Files And Directories

Description: The file `dataset_description.json` is a JSON file describing the dataset.

Schema information:

`file_type:` `regular`

dataset_relative (formats)

Name: Path relative to the BIDS dataset directory

Type: Format

Regular expression: `(?!/)[0-9a-zA-Z/_\-\.\]+`

Description: A path to a file, relative to the dataset directory. The validation for this format is minimal. It simply ensures that the value is a string with any characters that may appear in a valid path, without starting with `"/` (an absolute path).

date (formats)

Name: Date

Type: Format

Regular expression: `[0-9]{4}-[0-9]{2}-[0-9]{2}([A-Z]{2,4})?`

Description: A date in the form "YYYY-MM-DD[Z]", where [Z] is an optional, valid timezone code.

datetime (formats)

Name: Datetime

Type: Format

Regular expression: `[0-9]{4}-[0-9]{2}-[0-9]{2}T(?:2[0-3]|[01][0-9]):[0-5][0-9]:[0-5][0-9](\.[0-9]{1,6})?([A-Z]{2,4})?`

Description: A datetime in the form "YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ss[.000000][Z]", where [.000000] is an optional subsecond resolution between 1 and 6 decimal points, and [Z] is an optional, valid timezone code.

defacemask (suffixes)

Name: Defacing Mask

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_defacemask.<extension>`

Description: A binary mask that was used to remove facial features from an anatomical MRI image.

deltam (enums)

Name: deltam

Type: Enums

Description: An ASL volume type: deltam

density (entities)

Name: Density

Type: Entity

Description: Density of non-parametric surfaces.This entity represents the "Density" metadata field. Therefore, if the `den-<label>` entity is present in a filename, "Density" MUST also be added in the JSON file, to provide interpretation.This entity is only applicable to derivative data.

Schema information:

`format:` `label`

`type:` `string`

deprecated (common_principles)

Name: DEPRECATED

Type: Common Principle

Description: A "deprecated" entity or metadata field SHOULD NOT be used in the generation of new datasets. It remains in the standard in order to preserve the interpretability of existing datasets. Validating software SHOULD warn when deprecated practices are detected and provide a suggestion for updating the dataset to preserve the curator's intent.

derivative (enums)

Name: derivative

Type: Enums

Description: A derived BIDS dataset.

derivatives (files)

Name: Derivative data

Type: Files And Directories

Description: Derivative data (for example preprocessed files). See the relevant section for more information.

Schema information:

`file_type: directory`

derived_from (columns)

Name: Derived from

Type: Column

Description: `sample-<label>` entity from which a sample is derived, for example a slice of tissue (`sample-02`) derived from a block of tissue (`sample-01`).

Schema information:

`type: string`

description (entities)

Name: Description

Type: Entity

Description: When necessary to distinguish two files that do not otherwise have a distinguishing entity, the `desc-<label>` entity SHOULD be used. This entity is only applicable to derivative data.

Schema information:

`format: label`

`type: string`

description sense 1 (columns)

Name: Description

Type: Column

Description: Brief free-text description of the channel, or other information of interest.

Schema information:

`type: string`

description sense 2 (columns)

Name: Description

Type: Column

Description: Free-form text description of the optode, or other information of interest.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

detector (enums)

Name: detector

Type: Enums

Description: A photoelectric transducer, sometimes called a receiver.

detector sense 1 (columns)

Name: Detector Name

Type: Column

Description: Name of the detector as specified in the `*_optodes.tsv` file. `n/a` for channels that do not contain NIRS signals (for example, acceleration).

Schema information:

```
anyOf:  
- type: string  
- enum:  
  - n/a  
  type: string
```

detector_type (columns)

Name: Detector Type

Type: Column

Description: The type of detector. Only to be used if the field `DetectorType` in `*_nirs.json` is set to `mixed`.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:  
- type: string
```

dimension (columns)

Name: Dimension

Type: Column

Description: Size of the group (grid/strip/probe) that this electrode belongs to. Must be of form [AxB] with the smallest dimension first (for example, [1x8]).

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

direction (entities)

Name: Phase-Encoding Direction

Type: Entity

Description: The `dir-<label>` entity can be set to an arbitrary alphanumeric label (for example, `dir-LR` or `dir-AP`) to distinguish different phase-encoding directions. This entity represents the "PhaseEncodingDirection" metadata field. Therefore, if the `dir-<label>` entity is present in a filename, "PhaseEncodingDirection" MUST be defined in the associated metadata. Please note that the `<label>` does not need to match the actual value of the field.

Schema information:

```
format: label  
type: string
```

discontinuous (enums)

Name: Discontinuous recording

Type: Enums

Description: Discontinuous recording.

dlabelfnii (extensions)

Name: CIFTI-2 Dense Label File

Type: Extension

Format: <entities>_<suffix>.dlabel.nii

Description: A CIFTI-2 dense label file. This extension may only be used in derivative datasets.

double_coil (enums)

Name: double-coil

Type: Enums

Description: CASL Type: when a double coil is used for labeling.

dseg (suffixes)

Name: Discrete Segmentation

Type: Suffix

Format: <entities>_dseg.<extension>

Description: A discrete segmentation. This suffix may only be used in derivative datasets.

duration (columns)

Name: Event duration

Type: Column

Description: Duration of the event (measured from onset) in seconds. Must always be either zero or positive (or n/a if unavailable). A "duration" value of zero implies that the delta function or event is so short as to be effectively modeled as an impulse.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:  
- minimum: 0  
  type: number  
  unit: s  
- enum:  
  - n/a  
  type: string
```

dwi (datatypes)

Name: Diffusion-Weighted Imaging

Type: Datatype

Description: Diffusion-weighted imaging (DWI).

dwi (suffixes)

Name: Diffusion-weighted image

Type: Suffix

Format: <entities>_dwi.<extension>

Description: Diffusion-weighted imaging contrast (specialized T2 weighting).

echo (entities)

Name: Echo

Type: Entity

Description: If files belonging to an entity-linked file collection are acquired at different echo times, the `echo-<index>` entity MUST be used to distinguish individual files. This entity represents the "EchoTime" metadata field. Therefore, if the `echo-<index>` entity is present in a filename, "EchoTime" MUST be defined in the associated metadata. Please note that the `<index>` denotes the number/index (in the form of a nonnegative integer), not the "EchoTime" value of the separate JSON file.

Schema information:

```
format: index
type: string
```

edf (extensions)

Name: European Data Format

Type: Extension

Format: <entities>_<suffix>.edf

Description: A [European data format](https://www.edfplus.info/specs/edfplus.html) file. Each recording consists of a single `.edf` file. `[edf+]` (<https://www.edfplus.info/specs/edfplus.html>) files are permitted. The `capital.EDF` extension MUST NOT be used.

eeg (datatypes)

Name: Electroencephalography

Type: Datatype

Description: Electroencephalography

eeg (extensions)

Name: BrainVision Binary Data

Type: Extension

Format: <entities>_<suffix>.eeg

Description: A binary data file in the [BrainVision Core Data Format](#). These files come in three-file sets, including a .vhdr, a .vmrk, and a .eeg file.

eeg (modalities)

Name: Electroencephalography

Type: Modalities

Description: Data acquired with EEG.

eeg (suffixes)

Name: Electroencephalography

Type: Suffix

Format: <entities>.eeg.<extension>

Description: Electroencephalography recording data.

electrodes (suffixes)

Name: Electrodes

Type: Suffix

Format: <entities>.electrodes.<extension>

Description: File that gives the location of (i)EEG electrodes.

epi (suffixes)

Name: EPI

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_epi.<extension>`

Description: The phase-encoding polarity (PEpolar) technique combines two or more Spin Echo EPI scans with different phase encoding directions to estimate the underlying inhomogeneity/deformation map.

epoched (enums)

Name: Epoched recording

Type: Enums

Description: Recording is limited to time windows around events of interest (for example, stimulus presentations or subject responses).

event (common_principles)

Name: Event

Type: Common Principle

Description: Something that happens or may be perceived by a test subject as happening at a particular instant during the recording. Events are most commonly associated with on- or offset of stimulus presentations, or with the distinct marker of on- or offset of a subject's response or motor action. Other events may include unplanned incidents (for example, sudden onset of noise and vibrations due to construction work, laboratory device malfunction), changes in task instructions (for example, switching the response hand), or experiment control parameters (for example, changing the stimulus presentation rate over experimental blocks), and noted data feature occurrences (for example, a recording electrode producing noise). In BIDS, each event has an onset time and duration. Note that not all tasks will have recorded events (for example, "resting state").

events (suffixes)

Name: Events

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_events.<extension>`

Description: Event timing information from a behavioral task.

ex_vivo (enums)

Name: ex vivo

Type: Enums

Description: The environment of a sample: ex vivo

extension (common_principles)

Name: File extension

Type: Common Principle

Description: A portion of the filename after the left-most period (.) preceded by any other alphanumeric. For example, `.gitignore` does not have a file extension, but the file extension of `test.nii.gz` is `.nii.gz`. Note that the left-most period is included in the file extension.

fdt (extensions)

Name: EEGLAB FDT

Type: Extension

Format: `<entities>_<suffix>.fdt`

Description: An [EEGLAB](#) file. The format used by the MATLAB toolbox [EEGLAB](#). Each recording consists of a `.set` file with an optional `.fdt` file.

fieldmap (suffixes)

Name: Fieldmap

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_fieldmap.<extension>`

Description: Some MR schemes such as spiral-echo imaging (SEI) sequences are able to directly provide maps of the B0 field inhomogeneity.

fif (extensions)

Name: Functional Imaging File Format

Type: Extension

Format: `<entities>_<suffix>.fif`

Description: An MEG file format used by Neuromag, Elekta, and MEGIN.

file_relative (formats)

Name: Path relative to the parent file

Type: Format

Regular expression: `(?!/)[0-9a-zA-Z/_\-\.\.]+`

Description: A path to a file, relative to the file in which the field is defined. The validation for this format is minimal. It simply ensures that the value is a string with any characters that may appear in a valid path, without starting with `"/` (an absolute path).

filename (columns)

Name: Filename

Type: Column

Description: Relative paths to files.

Schema information:

```
format: participant_relative
type: string
```

flip (entities)

Name: Flip Angle

Type: Entity

Description: If files belonging to an entity-linked file collection are acquired at different flip angles, the `_flip-<index>` entity pair MUST be used to distinguish individual files. This entity represents the "FlipAngle" metadata field. Therefore, if the `flip-<index>` entity is present in a filename, "FlipAngle" MUST be defined in the associated metadata. Please note that the `<index>` denotes the number/index (in the form of a nonnegative integer), not the "FlipAngle" value of the separate JSON file.

Schema information:

```
format: index
type: string
```

fmap (datatypes)

Name: Field maps

Type: Datatype

Description: MRI scans for estimating B0 inhomogeneity-induced distortions.

fsLR (enums)

Name: fsLR

Type: Enums

Description: The **fsLR** is a dual template providing both volumetric and surface coordinates references. The volumetric template corresponds to **MNI152NLin6Asym**. Surface templates are given at several sampling densities: 164k (used by HCP pipelines for 3T and 7T anatomical analysis), 59k (used by HCP pipelines for 7T MRI bold and DWI analysis), 32k (used by HCP pipelines for 3T MRI bold and DWI analysis), or 4k (used by HCP pipelines for MEG analysis) **fsaverage_LR** surface reconstructed from the T1w image. Used by Freesurfer.

fsaverage (enums)

Name: fsaverage

Type: Enums

Description: The **fsaverage** is a dual template providing both volumetric and surface coordinates references. The volumetric template corresponds to a FreeSurfer variant of **MNI305** space. The **fsaverage** atlas also defines a surface reference system (formerly described as **fsaverage[3|4|5|6|sym]**). Used by Freesurfer.

fsaverage3 (enums)

Name: fsaverage3

Type: Enums

Description: Images were sampled to the FreeSurfer surface reconstructed from the subject's T1w image, and registered to an **fsaverage** template. For new datasets, the recommended alternative is **fsaverage**.

fsaverage4 (enums)

Name: fsaverage4

Type: Enums

Description: Images were sampled to the FreeSurfer surface reconstructed from the subject's T1w image, and registered to an fsaverage template. For new datasets, the recommended alternative is fsaverage.

fsaverage5 (enums)

Name: fsaverage5

Type: Enums

Description: Images were sampled to the FreeSurfer surface reconstructed from the subject's T1w image, and registered to an fsaverage template. For new datasets, the recommended alternative is fsaverage.

fsaverage6 (enums)

Name: fsaverage6

Type: Enums

Description: Images were sampled to the FreeSurfer surface reconstructed from the subject's T1w image, and registered to an fsaverage template. For new datasets, the recommended alternative is fsaverage.

fsaverageSym (enums)

Name: fsaverageSym

Type: Enums

Description: The **fsaverage** is a dual template providing both volumetric and surface coordinates references. The volumetric template corresponds to a FreeSurfer variant of MNI305 space. The **fsaverageSym** atlas also defines a symmetric surface reference system (formerly described as **fsaveragesym**).Used by Freesurfer.

fsaveragesym (enums)

Name: fsaveragesym

Type: Enums

Description: Images were sampled to the FreeSurfer surface reconstructed from the subject's T1w image, and registered to an fsaverage template. For new datasets, the recommended alternative is fsaverageSym.

func (datatypes)

Name: Task-Based Magnetic Resonance Imaging

Type: Datatype

Description: Task (including resting state) imaging data

genetic_info (files)

Name: Genetic Information

Type: Files And Directories

Description: The `genetic_info.json` file describes the genetic information available in the `participants.tsv` file and/or the genetic database described in `dataset_description.json`. Datasets containing the `Genetics` field in `dataset_description.json` or the `genetic_id` column in `participants.tsv` MUST include this file.

Schema information:

`file_type:` `regular`

good (enums)

Name: good

Type: Enums

Description: A good status (for example the status of a recording channel).

gray_matter (enums)

Name: gray matter

Type: Enums

Description: The origin of a tissue: gray matter

group sense 1 (columns)

Name: Channel group

Type: Column

Description: Which group of channels (grid/strip/seeg/depth) this channel belongs to. This is relevant because one group has one cable-bundle and noise can be shared. This can be a name or number.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:  
- type: string  
- type: number
```

handedness (columns)

Name: Subject handedness

Type: Column

Allowed values: left, l, L, LEFT, Left, right, r, R, RIGHT, Right, ambidextrous, a, A, AMBIDEXTROUS, Ambidextrous, n/a

Description: String value indicating one of "left", "right", "ambidextrous". For "left", use one of these values: left, l, L, LEFT, Left. For "right", use one of these values: right, r, R, RIGHT, Right. For "ambidextrous", use one of these values: ambidextrous, a, A, AMBIDEXTROUS, Ambidextrous.

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

headshape (suffixes)

Name: Headshape File

Type: Suffix

Format: <entities>_headshape.<extension>

Description: The 3-D locations of points that describe the head shape and/or electrode locations can be digitized and stored in separate files.

hed_version (formats)

Name: HED Version

Type: Format

Regular expression: `^(?:[a-zA-Z]+)?(?:[a-zA-Z]+_)?(?:0|[1-9]\d*)\.?(?:0|[1-9]\d*)\.?(?:0|[1-9]\d*)\ (?:-(?:0|[1-9]\d*\d*[a-zA-Z-][0-9a-zA-Z-]*)?(?:\.(?:\+(?:[0-9a-zA-Z-]+(?:\.[0-9a-zA-Z-]+)*)?)?)?)?$`

Description: The version string of the used HED schema.

hemisphere (columns)

Name: Electrode hemisphere

Type: Column

Allowed values: L, R

Description: The hemisphere in which the electrode is placed.

Schema information:

`type: string`

hemisphere (entities)

Name: Hemisphere

Type: Entity

Allowed values: L, R

Description: The `hemi-<label>` entity indicates which hemibrain is described by the file. Allowed label values for this entity are L and R, for the left and right hemibrains, respectively.

Schema information:

`format: label`

`type: string`

high_cutoff (columns)

Name: High cutoff

Type: Column

Description: Frequencies used for the low-pass filter applied to the channel in Hz. If no low-pass filter applied, use `n/a`. Note that hardware anti-aliasing in A/D conversion of all MEG/EEG electronics applies a low-pass filter; specify its frequency here if applicable.

Schema information:

`anyOf:`

- `- minimum: 0`
 - `type: number`
 - `unit: Hz`
- `- enum:`

- n/a
type: string

hplc_recovery_fractions (columns)

Name: HPLC recovery fractions

Type: Column

Description: HPLC recovery fractions (the fraction of activity that gets loaded onto the HPLC).

Schema information:

type: number
unit: arbitrary

i (enums)

Name: i

Type: Enums

Description: The encoding direction is along the first axis of the data in the NIFTI file, and the encoding value increases from the zero index to the maximum index.

iEEGCoordinateProcessingDescription (metadata)

Name: iEEG Coordinate Processing Description

Type: Metadata

Description: Has any post-processing (such as projection) been done on the electrode positions (for example, "surface_projection", "none").

Schema information:

type: string

iEEGCoordinateProcessingReference (metadata)

Name: iEEG Coordinate Processing Reference

Type: Metadata

Description: A reference to a paper that defines in more detail the method used to localize the electrodes and to post-process the electrode positions.

Schema information:

`type: string`

iEEGCoordinateSystem (metadata)

Name: iEEG Coordinate System

Type: Metadata

Allowed values: Pixels, ACPC, ScanRAS, Other, ICBM452AirSpace, ICBM452Warp5Space, IXI549Space, fsaverage, fsaverageSym, fsLR, MNIColín27, MNI152Lin, MNI152Nlin2009aSym, MNI152Nlin2009bSym, MNI152Nlin2009cSym, MNI152Nlin2009aAsym, MNI152Nlin2009bAsym, MNI152Nlin2009cAsym, MNI152Nlin6Sym, MNI152Nlin6ASym, MNI305, NIHPD, OASIS30AntsOASISAnts, OASIS30Atropos, Talairach, UNCInfant, fsaverage3, fsaverage4, fsaverage5, fsaverage6, fsaveragesym, UNCInfant0V21, UNCInfant1V21, UNCInfant2V21, UNCInfant0V22, UNCInfant1V22, UNCInfant2V22, UNCInfant0V23, UNCInfant1V23, UNCInfant2V23

Description: Defines the coordinate system for the iEEG sensors. See the Coordinate Systems Appendix for a list of restricted keywords for coordinate systems. If "Other", provide definition of the coordinate system in `iEEGCoordinateSystemDescription`. If positions correspond to pixel indices in a 2D image (of either a volume-rendering, surface-rendering, operative photo, or operative drawing), this MUST be "Pixels". For more information, see the section on Coordinate Systems Appendix.

Schema information:

`type: string`

iEEGCoordinateSystemDescription (metadata)

Name: iEEG Coordinate System Description

Type: Metadata

Description: Free-form text description of the coordinate system. May also include a link to a documentation page or paper describing the system in greater detail.

Schema information:

`type: string`

iEEGCoordinateUnits (metadata)

Name: iEEG Coordinate Units

Type: Metadata

Allowed values: pixels, m, mm, cm, n/a

Description: Units of the `*_electrodes.tsv`. MUST be "pixels" if `iEEGCoordinateSystem` is Pixels.

Schema information:

`type: string`

iEEGElectrodeGroups (metadata)

Name: iEEG Electrode Groups

Type: Metadata

Description: Field to describe the way electrodes are grouped into strips, grids or depth probes. For example, "grid1: 10x8 grid on left temporal pole, strip2: 1x8 electrode strip on xxx".

Schema information:

`type: string`

iEEGGround (metadata)

Name: iEEG Ground

Type: Metadata

Description: Description of the location of the ground electrode ("placed on right mastoid (M2)").

Schema information:

`type: string`

iEEGPlacementScheme (metadata)

Name: iEEG Placement Scheme

Type: Metadata

Description: Freeform description of the placement of the iEEG electrodes. Left/right/bilateral/depth/surface (for example, "left frontal grid and bilateral hippocampal depth" or "surface strip and STN depth" or "clinical indication bitemporal, bilateral temporal strips and left grid").

Schema information:

`type: string`

iEEGReference (metadata)

Name: iEEG Reference

Type: Metadata

Description: General description of the reference scheme used and (when applicable) of location of the reference electrode in the raw recordings (for example, "left mastoid", "bipolar", "T01" for electrode with name T01, "intracranial electrode on top of a grid, not included with data", "upside down electrode"). If different channels have a different reference, this field should have a general description and the channel specific reference should be defined in the `channels.tsv` file.

Schema information:

`type: string`

iMinus (enums)

Name: i-

Type: Enums

Description: The encoding direction is along the first axis of the data in the NIFTI file, and the encoding value decreases from the zero index to the maximum index.

ieeg (datatypes)

Name: Intracranial electroencephalography

Type: Datatype

Description: Intracranial electroencephalography (iEEG) or electrocorticography (ECoG) data

ieeg (modalities)

Name: Intracranial Electroencephalography

Type: Modalities

Description: Data acquired with iEEG.

ieeg (suffixes)

Name: Intracranial Electroencephalography

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_ieeg.<extension>`

Description: Intracranial electroencephalography recording data.

imaginary (enums)

Name: Imaginary

Type: Enums

Description: An imaginary-valued image, typically paired with an associated "real" image.

impedance (columns)

Name: Electrode impedance

Type: Column

Description: Impedance of the electrode, units MUST be in kOhm.

Schema information:

`type:` `number`
`unit:` `kOhm`

in_vitro (enums)

Name: in vitro

Type: Enums

Description: The environment of a sample: in vitro

in_vitro_differentiated_cells (enums)

Name: in vitro differentiated cells

Type: Enums

Description: A biosample type (`sample_type`): in vitro differentiated cells

in_vivo (enums)

Name: in vivo

Type: Enums

Description: The environment of a sample: in vivo

index (columns)

Name: Label index

Type: Column

Description: The label integer index.

Schema information:

`type: integer`

index (common_principles)

Name: index

Type: Common Principle

Description: A nonnegative integer, possibly prefixed with arbitrary number of 0s for consistent indentation, for example, it is 01 in `run-01` following `run-<index>` specification.

index (formats)

Name: Index

Type: Format

Regular expression: `[0-9]+`

Description: Non-negative, optionally prefixed with leading zeros for better visual homogeneity and sorting.

individual (enums)

Name: individual

Type: Enums

Description: Participant specific anatomical space (for example derived from T1w and/or T2w images). This coordinate system requires specifying an additional, participant-specific file to be fully defined. In context of surfaces this space has been referred to as `fsnative`. In order for this space to be interpretable, `SpatialReference` metadata MUST be provided.

inplaneT1 (suffixes)

Name: Inplane T1

Type: Suffix

Format: <entities>_inplaneT1.<extension>

Description: In arbitrary units (arbitrary). T1 weighted structural image matched to a functional (task) image.

Schema information:

unit: arbitrary

inplaneT2 (suffixes)

Name: Inplane T2

Type: Suffix

Format: <entities>_inplaneT2.<extension>

Description: In arbitrary units (arbitrary). T2 weighted structural image matched to a functional (task) image.

Schema information:

unit: arbitrary

integer (formats)

Name: Integer

Type: Format

Regular expression: [+]?[+-]?\d+

Description: An integer which may be positive or negative.

inversion (entities)

Name: Inversion Time

Type: Entity

Description: If files belonging to an entity-linked file collection are acquired at different inversion times, the `inv-<index>` entity MUST be used to distinguish individual files. This entity represents the "InversionTime" metadata field. Therefore, if the `inv-<index>` entity is present in a filename, "InversionTime" MUST be defined in the

associated metadata. Please note that the `<index>` denotes the number/index (in the form of a nonnegative integer), not the "InversionTime" value of the separate JSON file.

Schema information:

```
format: index
type: string
```

j (enums)

Name: j

Type: Enums

Description: The encoding direction is along the second axis of the data in the NIFTI file, and the encoding value increases from the zero index to the maximum index.

jMinus (enums)

Name: j-

Type: Enums

Description: The encoding direction is along the second axis of the data in the NIFTI file, and the encoding value decreases from the zero index to the maximum index.

jpg (extensions)

Name: Joint Photographic Experts Group Format

Type: Extension

Format: `<entities>_<suffix>.jpg`

Description: A JPEG image file.

json (extensions)

Name: JavaScript Object Notation

Type: Extension

Format: `<entities>_<suffix>.json`

Description: A JSON file. In the BIDS specification, JSON files are primarily used as "sidecar" files, in which metadata describing "data" files are encoded. These sidecar files follow the inheritance principle. There are also a few special cases of JSON files being first-order data files, such as `genetic_info.json`.

k (enums)

Name: k

Type: Enums

Description: The encoding direction is along the third axis of the data in the NIFTI file, and the encoding value increases from the zero index to the maximum index.

kMinus (enums)

Name: k-

Type: Enums

Description: The encoding direction is along the third axis of the data in the NIFTI file, and the encoding value decreases from the zero index to the maximum index.

kdf (extensions)

Name: KRISS KDF

Type: Extension

Format: `<entities>_<suffix>.kdf`

Description: A KRISS (file with extension `.kdf`) file. Each experimental run on the KRISS system produces a file with extension `.kdf`. Additional files that may be available in the same directory include the digitized positions of the head points (`_digitizer.txt`), the position of the center of the MEG coils (`.chn`), and the event markers (`.trg`).

label (common_principles)

Name: label

Type: Common Principle

Description: An alphanumeric value, possibly prefixed with arbitrary number of 0s for consistent indentation, for example, it is `rest` in `task-rest` following `task-<label>` specification. Note that labels MUST not collide when casing is ignored (see Case collision intolerance).

label (entities)

Name: Label

Type: Entity

Description: Tissue-type label, following a prescribed vocabulary. Applies to binary masks and probabilistic/partial volume segmentations that describe a single tissue type. This entity is only applicable to derivative data.

Schema information:

`format: label`
`type: string`

label (enums)

Name: label

Type: Enums

Description: An ASL volume type: label

label (formats)

Name: Label

Type: Format

Regular expression: `[0-9a-zA-Z]+`

Description: Freeform labels without special characters.

labelgii (extensions)

Name: GIFTI label/annotation file

Type: Extension

Format: `<entities>_<suffix>.label.gii`

Description: A GIFTI label/annotation file. This extension may only be used in derivative datasets.

left_hand (enums)

Name: left-hand

Type: Enums

Description: A rotation rule: rotations are applied clockwise around an axis when seen from the positive direction

left_hemisphere (enums)

Name: Left Hemisphere

Type: Enums

Description: A left hemibrain image.

low_cutoff (columns)

Name: Low cutoff

Type: Column

Description: Frequencies used for the high-pass filter applied to the channel in Hz. If no high-pass filter applied, use n/a.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:  
- type: number  
  unit: Hz  
- enum:  
  - n/a  
  type: string
```

m0scan (enums)

Name: m0scan

Type: Enums

Description: An ASL volume type: m0scan

m0scan (suffixes)

Name: M0 image

Type: Suffix

Format: <entities>_m0scan.<extension>

Description: The M0 image is a calibration image, used to estimate the equilibrium magnetization of blood.

macrovascular (enums)

Name: macrovascular

Type: Enums

Description: The origin of a tissue: macrovascular

magnitude (enums)

Name: Magnitude

Type: Enums

Description: A magnitude image, typically paired with an associated "phase" image.

magnitude (suffixes)

Name: Magnitude

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_magnitude.<extension>`

Description: Field-mapping MR schemes such as gradient-recalled echo (GRE) generate a Magnitude image to be used for anatomical reference. Requires the existence of Phase, Phase-difference or Fieldmap maps.

magnitude1 (suffixes)

Name: Magnitude

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_magnitude1.<extension>`

Description: Magnitude map generated by GRE or similar schemes, associated with the first echo in the sequence.

magnitude2 (suffixes)

Name: Magnitude

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_magnitude2.<extension>`

Description: Magnitude map generated by GRE or similar schemes, associated with the second echo in the sequence.

manufacturer (columns)

Name: Manufacturer

Type: Column

Description: The manufacturer for each electrode. Can be used if electrodes were manufactured by more than one company.

Schema information:

`type: string`

mapping (columns)

Name: Label mapping

Type: Column

Description: Corresponding integer label in the standard BIDS label lookup.

Schema information:

`type: integer`

markers (suffixes)

Name: MEG Sensor Coil Positions

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_markers.<extension>`

Description: Another manufacturer-specific detail pertains to the KIT/Yokogawa/Ricoh system, which saves the MEG sensor coil positions in a separate file with two possible filename extensions (`.sqd`, `.mrk`). For these files, the `markers` suffix MUST be used. For example: `sub-01_task-nback_markers.sqd`

mask (suffixes)

Name: Binary Mask

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_mask.<extension>`

Description: A binary mask that functions as a discrete "label" for a single structure. This suffix may only be used in derivative datasets.

material (columns)

Name: Electrode material

Type: Column

Description: Material of the electrode (for example, Tin, Ag/AgCl, Gold).

Schema information:

`type: string`

md (extensions)

Name: Markdown

Type: Extension

Format: `<entities>_<suffix>.md`

Description: A Markdown file.

mefd (extensions)

Name: Multiscale Electrophysiology File Format Version 3.0

Type: Extension

Format: `<entities>_<suffix>.mefd/`

Description: A directory in the [MEF3](#) format. Each recording consists of a `.mefd` directory.

meg (datatypes)

Name: Magnetoencephalography

Type: Datatype

Description: Magnetoencephalography

meg (modalities)

Name: Magnetoencephalography

Type: Modalities

Description: Data acquired with an MEG scanner.

meg (suffixes)

Name: Magnetoencephalography

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_meg.<extension>`

Description: Unprocessed MEG data stored in the native file format of the MEG instrument with which the data was collected.

meninges (enums)

Name: meninges

Type: Enums

Description: The origin of a tissue: meninges

metabolite_parent_fraction (columns)

Name: Metabolite parent fraction

Type: Column

Description: Parent fraction of the radiotracer (0-1).

Schema information:

```
maximum: 1
minimum: 0
type: number
```

metabolite_polar_fraction (columns)

Name: Metabolite polar fraction

Type: Column

Description: Polar metabolite fraction of the radiotracer (0-1).

Schema information:

```
maximum: 1
minimum: 0
type: number
```

mhd (extensions)

Name: ITAB Binary Header

Type: Extension

Format: `<entities>_<suffix>.mhd`

Description: Produced by ITAB-ARGOS153 systems. This file a binary header file, and is generated along with a raw data file with the `.raw` extension.

micr (datatypes)

Name: Microscopy

Type: Datatype

Description: Microscopy

micr (modalities)

Name: Microscopy

Type: Modalities

Description: Data acquired with a microscope.

microvascular (enums)

Name: microvascular

Type: Enums

Description: The origin of a tissue: microvascular

mixed (enums)

Name: mixed

Type: Enums

Description: Mixed detector types were used for this NIRS recording, specify in `optodes.tsv`.

modality (common_principles)

Name: Modality

Type: Common Principle

Description: The category of brain data recorded by a file. For MRI data, different pulse sequences are considered distinct modalities, such as `T1w`, `bold` or `dwi`. For passive recording techniques, such as EEG, MEG or iEEG, the technique is sufficiently uniform to define the modalities `eeg`, `meg` and `ieeg`. When applicable, the modality is indicated in the suffix. The modality may overlap with, but should not be confused with the data type.

modality (entities)

Name: Corresponding Modality

Type: Entity

Description: The `mod-<label>` entity corresponds to modality label for defacing masks, for example, `T1w`, `inplaneT1`, referenced by a `defacemask` image. For example, `sub-01_mod-T1w_defacemask.nii.gz`.

Schema information:

```
format: label
type: string
```

motion (datatypes)

Name: Motion

Type: Datatype

Description: Motion data from a tracking system

motion (modalities)

Name: Motion

Type: Modalities

Description: Data acquired with Motion-Capture systems.

motion (suffixes)

Name: Motion

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_motion.<extension>`

Description: Data recorded from a tracking system store.

mri (modalities)

Name: Magnetic Resonance Imaging

Type: Modalities

Description: Data acquired with an MRI scanner.

mrk (extensions)

Name: MRK

Type: Extension

Format: `<entities>_<suffix>.mrk`

Description: A file containing MEG sensor coil positions.Used by KIT, Yokogawa, and Ricoh MEG systems. Successor to the `.sqd` extension for marker files.

mtransfer (entities)

Name: Magnetization Transfer

Type: Entity

Allowed values: `on`, `off`

Description: If files belonging to an entity-linked file collection are acquired at different magnetization transfer (MT) states, the `_mt-<label>` entity MUST be used to distinguish individual files.This entity represents the "MTState" metadata field. Therefore, if the `mt-<label>` entity is present in a filename, "MTState" MUST be defined in the associated metadata. Allowed label values for this entity are `on` and `off`, for images acquired in presence and absence of an MT pulse, respectively.

Schema information:

`format: label`
`type: string`

name sense 1 (columns)

Name: Channel name

Type: Column

Description: Label of the channel.

Schema information:

`type: string`

name sense 2 (columns)

Name: Electrode name

Type: Column

Description: Name of the electrode contact point.

Schema information:

`type: string`

name sense 3 (columns)

Name: Optode name

Type: Column

Description: Name of the optode, must be unique.

Schema information:

`type: string`

name sense 4 (columns)

Name: Label name

Type: Column

Description: The unique label name.

Schema information:

`type: string`

nii (extensions)

Name: NIfTI

Type: Extension

Format: `<entities>_<suffix>.nii`

Description: A Neuroimaging Informatics Technology Initiative (NIfTI) data file.

niigz (extensions)

Name: Compressed NIfTI

Type: Extension

Format: `<entities>_<suffix>.nii.gz`

Description: A compressed Neuroimaging Informatics Technology Initiative (NIfTI) data file.

nirs (datatypes)

Name: Near-Infrared Spectroscopy

Type: Datatype

Description: Near-Infrared Spectroscopy data organized around the SNIRF format

nirs (modalities)

Name: Near-Infrared Spectroscopy

Type: Modalities

Description: Data acquired with NIRS.

nirs (suffixes)

Name: Near Infrared Spectroscopy

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_nirs.<extension>`

Description: Data associated with a Shared Near Infrared Spectroscopy Format file.

notch (columns)

Name: Notch frequencies

Type: Column

Description: Frequencies used for the notch filter applied to the channel, in Hz. If notch filters are applied at multiple frequencies, these frequencies MAY be specified as a list, for example, [60, 120, 180]. If no notch filter was applied, use n/a.

Schema information:

`type: string`

number (formats)

Name: Number

Type: Format

Regular expression: `[+-]?([0-9]+([.][0-9]*)?|[.][0-9]+)([eE][+-]?[0-9]+)?`

Description: A number which may be an integer or float, positive or negative.

nwb (extensions)

Name: Neurodata Without Borders Format

Type: Extension

Format: `<entities>_<suffix>.nwb`

Description: A [Neurodata Without Borders](#) file. Each recording consists of a single `.nwb` file.

off sense 1 (enums)

Name: Off

Type: Enums

Description: The image acquired in the absence of the magnetization transfer pulse.

on sense 1 (enums)

Name: On

Type: Enums

Description: The image acquired in the presence of the magnetization transfer pulse, also known as the off-resonance pulse.

onset (columns)

Name: Event onset

Type: Column

Description: Onset (in seconds) of the event, measured from the beginning of the acquisition of the first data point stored in the corresponding task data file. Negative onsets are allowed, to account for events that occur prior to the first stored data point. For example, in case there is an in-scanner training phase that begins before the scanning sequence has started events from this sequence should have negative onset time counting down to the beginning of the acquisition of the first volume. If any data points have been discarded before forming the data file (for example, "dummy volumes" in BOLD fMRI), a time of 0 corresponds to the first stored data point and not the first acquired data point.

Schema information:

`type: number`
`unit: s`

optodes (suffixes)

Name: Optodes

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_optodes.<extension>`

Description: Either a light emitting device, sometimes called a transmitter, or a photoelectric transducer, sometimes called a receiver.

organoid (enums)

Name: organoid

Type: Enums

Description: A biosample type (**sample_type**): organoid

orig (enums)

Name: orig

Type: Enums

Description: A (potentially unique) per-image space. Useful for describing the source of transforms from an input image to a target space.

other_biospecimen (enums)

Name: other biospecimen

Type: Enums

Description: The origin of a sample: other biospecimen

part (entities)

Name: Part

Type: Entity

Allowed values: **mag**, **phase**, **real**, **imag**

Description: This entity is used to indicate which component of the complex representation of the MRI signal is represented in voxel data. The **part-<label>** entity is associated with the DICOM Tag 0008, 9208. Allowed label values for this entity are **phase**, **mag**, **real** and **imag**, which are typically used in **part-mag/part-phase** or **part-real/part-imag** pairs of files. Phase images MAY be in radians or in arbitrary units. The sidecar JSON file MUST include the "Units" of the phase image. The possible options are "rad" or "arbitrary". When there is only a magnitude image of a given type, the **part** entity MAY be omitted.

Schema information:

```
format: label
type: string
```

participant_id (columns)

Name: Participant ID

Type: Column

Description: A participant identifier of the form `sub-<label>`, matching a participant entity found in the dataset.

Schema information:

`type:` `string`

participant_relative (formats)

Name: Path relative to the participant directory

Type: Format

Regular expression: `(?!/)(?!sub-)[0-9a-zA-Z/_\-\.\.]+`

Description: A path to a file, relative to the participant's directory in the dataset. The validation for this format is minimal. It simply ensures that the value is a string with any characters that may appear in a valid path, without starting with `"/` (an absolute path) or `"sub/"` (a relative path starting with the participant directory, rather than relative to that directory).

participants (files)

Name: Participant Information

Type: Files And Directories

Description: The purpose of this RECOMMENDED file is to describe properties of participants such as age, sex, handedness, species and strain. If this file exists, it MUST contain the column `participant_id`, which MUST consist of `sub-<label>` values identifying one row for each participant, followed by a list of optional columns describing participants. Each participant MUST be described by one and only one row. Commonly used optional columns in `participants.tsv` files are `age`, `sex`, `handedness`, `strain`, and `strain_rrid`. The RECOMMENDED `species` column SHOULD be a binomial species name from the [NCBI Taxonomy](#) (for examples `homo sapiens`, `mus musculus`, `rattus norvegicus`). For backwards compatibility, if `species` is absent, the participant is assumed to be `homo sapiens`.

Schema information:

`file_type:` `regular`

pathology (columns)

Name: Pathology

Type: Column

Description: String value describing the pathology of the sample or type of control. When different from `healthy`, pathology SHOULD be specified. The pathology may be specified in either `samples.tsv` or `sessions.tsv`, depending on whether the pathology changes over time.

Schema information:

`type:` `string`

perf (datatypes)

Name: Perfusion imaging

Type: Datatype

Description: Blood perfusion imaging data, including arterial spin labeling (ASL)

pet (datatypes)

Name: Positron Emission Tomography

Type: Datatype

Description: Positron emission tomography data

pet (modalities)

Name: Positron Emission Tomography

Type: Modalities

Description: Data acquired with PET.

pet (suffixes)

Name: Positron Emission Tomography

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_pet.<extension>`

Description: PET imaging data SHOULD be stored in 4D (or 3D, if only one volume was acquired) NIfTI files with the `_pet` suffix. Volumes MUST be stored in chronological order (the order they were acquired in).

phase (enums)

Name: Phase

Type: Enums

Description: A phase image, typically paired with an associated "magnitude" (part-mag) image. Images with this key/value pair MAY be in radians or in arbitrary units. The sidecar JSON file MUST include the units of the **phase** image. The possible options are **rad** or **arbitrary**.

phase (suffixes)

Name: Phase image

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_phase.<extension>`

Description: DEPRECATED. Phase information associated with magnitude information stored in BOLD contrast. This suffix should be replaced by the DEPRECATED in conjunction with the **bold** suffix.

Schema information:

anyOf:

- **unit:** **arbitrary**
- **unit:** **rad**

phase1 (suffixes)

Name: Phase

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_phase1.<extension>`

Description: Phase map generated by GRE or similar schemes, associated with the first echo in the sequence.

phase2 (suffixes)

Name: Phase

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_phase2.<extension>`

Description: Phase map generated by GRE or similar schemes, associated with the second echo in the sequence.

phasediff (suffixes)

Name: Phase-difference

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_phasediff.<extension>`

Description: Some scanners subtract the `phase1` from the `phase2` map and generate a unique `phasediff` file. For instance, this is a common output for the built-in fieldmap sequence of Siemens scanners.

phenotype (files)

Name: Phenotype

Type: Files And Directories

Description: A directory where to store participant level measurements (for example responses from multiple questionnaires) split into individual files separate from `participants.tsv`. See the relevant section for more information.

Schema information:

`file_type: directory`

photo (suffixes)

Name: Photo File

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_photo.<extension>`

Description: Photos of the anatomical landmarks, head localization coils or tissue sample.

physio (suffixes)

Name: Physiological recording

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_physio.<extension>`

Description: Physiological recordings such as cardiac and respiratory signals.

pixels (enums)

Name: pixels

Type: Enums

Description: A dimension specified in pixels.

placement sense 1 (columns)

Name: Placement

Type: Column

Description: Placement of the tracked point on the body (for example, participant, avatar centroid, torso, left arm). It can refer to an external vocabulary for describing body parts.

Schema information:

`type: string`

plasma_radioactivity (columns)

Name: Plasma radioactivity

Type: Column

Description: Radioactivity in plasma, in unit of plasma radioactivity (for example, kBq/mL).

Schema information:

`type: number`

png (extensions)

Name: Portable Network Graphics

Type: Extension

Format: `<entities>_<suffix>.png`

Description: A [Portable Network Graphics](#) file.

pos (extensions)

Name: Head Point Position

Type: Extension

Format: `<entities>_<suffix>.pos`

Description: File containing digitized positions of the head points. This may be produced by a 4D neuroimaging/BTi MEG system or a CTF MEG system.

primary_cell (enums)

Name: primary cell

Type: Enums

Description: A biosample type (`sample_type`): primary cell

probseg (suffixes)

Name: Probabilistic Segmentation

Type: Suffix

Format: `<entities>_probseg.<extension>`

Description: A probabilistic segmentation. This suffix may only be used in derivative datasets.

processing (entities)

Name: Processed (on device)

Type: Entity

Description: The proc label is analogous to rec for MR and denotes a variant of a file that was a result of particular processing performed on the device. This is useful for files produced in particular by Neuromag/Elekt/MEGIN's MaxFilter (for example, `sss`, `tsss`, `trans`, `quat` or `mc`), which some installations impose to be run on raw data because of active shielding software corrections before the MEG data can actually be exploited.

Schema information:

```
format: label
type: string
```

quat_w (enums)

Name: quat_w

Type: Enums

Description: The quaternion w dimension of the coordinate system.

quat_x (enums)

Name: quat_x

Type: Enums

Description: The quaternion x dimension of the coordinate system.

quat_y (enums)

Name: quat_y

Type: Enums

Description: The quaternion y dimension of the coordinate system.

quat_z (enums)

Name: quat_z

Type: Enums

Description: The quaternion z dimension of the coordinate system.

raw (enums)

Name: raw

Type: Enums

Description: A raw BIDS dataset.

raw (extensions)

Name: RAW

Type: Extension

Format: `<entities>_<suffix>.raw`

Description: When produced by a KIT / Yokogawa / Ricoh MEG system, this file contains trial-based evoked fields. When produced by an ITAB-ARGOS153 system, this file contains raw data and is generated along with an associated binary header file with the `.mhd` extension.

real (enums)

Name: Real

Type: Enums

Description: A real-valued image, typically paired with an associated "imaginary" (part-imag) image.

reconstruction (entities)

Name: Reconstruction

Type: Entity

Description: The `rec-<label>` entity can be used to distinguish different reconstruction algorithms (for example, MoCo for the ones using motion correction).

Schema information:

```
format: label
type: string
```

recording (entities)

Name: Recording

Type: Entity

Description: The `recording-<label>` entity can be used to distinguish continuous recording files. This entity is commonly applied when continuous recordings have different sampling frequencies or start times. For example, physiological recordings with different sampling frequencies may be distinguished using labels like `recording-100Hz` and `recording-500Hz`.

Schema information:

```
format: label
type: string
```

reference_sense_1 (columns)

Name: Electrode reference

Type: Column

Description: Name of the reference electrode(s). This column is not needed when it is common to all channels. In that case the reference electrode(s) can be specified in `*_eeg.json` as `EEGReference`).

Schema information:

```
type: string
```

reference_sense_2 (columns)

Name: Electrode reference

Type: Column

Description: Specification of the reference (for example, `mastoid`, `ElectrodeName01`, `intracranial`, `CAR`, `other`, `n/a`). If the channel is not an electrode channel (for example, a microphone channel) use `n/a`.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:
- type: string
- enum:
  - n/a
  type: string
```

reference_frame (columns)

Name: Reference frame

Type: Column

Description: Specification of a reference frame in which the motion data are to be interpreted. The description of the levels in `*_channels.json` SHOULD use `RotationRule`, `RotationOrder`, and `SpatialAxis`, and MAY use `Description` for the specification.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:  
- type: string  
- enum:  
  - n/a  
  type: string
```

resolution (entities)

Name: Resolution

Type: Entity

Description: Resolution of regularly sampled N-dimensional data. This entity represents the "Resolution" metadata field. Therefore, if the `res-<label>` entity is present in a filename, "Resolution" MUST also be added in the JSON file, to provide interpretation. This entity is only applicable to derivative data.

Schema information:

```
format: label  
type: string
```

respiratory (columns)

Name: Respiratory measurement

Type: Column

Description: continuous breathing measurement

Schema information:

```
type: number
```

response_time (columns)

Name: Response time

Type: Column

Description: Response time measured in seconds. A negative response time can be used to represent preemptive responses and `n/a` denotes a missed response.

Schema information:

```
anyOf:  
- type: number
```

```
    unit: s
- enum:
  - n/a
  type: string
```

right_hand (enums)

Name: right-hand

Type: Enums

Description: A rotation rule: rotations are applied counter-clockwise around an axis when seen from the positive direction

right_hemisphere (enums)

Name: Right Hemisphere

Type: Enums

Description: A right hemibrain image.

rrid (formats)

Name: Research resource identifier

Type: Format

Regular expression: `RRID: .+_.+`

Description: A [research resource identifier](#).

rst (extensions)

Name: reStructuredText

Type: Extension

Format: `<entities>_<suffix>.rst`

Description: A [reStructuredText](#) file.

run (common_principles)

Name: Run

Type: Common Principle

Description: An uninterrupted repetition of data acquisition that has the same acquisition parameters and task (however events can change from run to run due to different subject response or randomized nature of the stimuli). Run is a synonym of a data acquisition. Note that "uninterrupted" may look different by modality due to the nature of the recording. For example, in MRI or MRI, if a subject leaves the scanner, the acquisition must be restarted. For some types of MRI acquisitions, a subject may leave and re-enter the scanner without interrupting the scan.

run (entities)

Name: Run

Type: Entity

Description: The `run-<index>` entity is used to distinguish separate data acquisitions with the same acquisition parameters and (other) entities. If several data acquisitions (for example, MRI scans or EEG recordings) with the same acquisition parameters are acquired in the same session, they MUST be indexed with the `run-<index>` entity: `_run-1`, `_run-2`, `_run-3`, and so on (only nonnegative integers are allowed as run indices). If different entities apply, such as a different session indicated by `[ses-<label>][./appendices/entities.md#ses]`, or different acquisition parameters indicated by `run-<index>`, then `run` is not needed to distinguish the scans and MAY be omitted.] Hierarchical Event Descriptors (HED) page update [#1623](#) ([effigies](#))

- FIX: Do not require notch frequencies to be parsed as numbers, accommodating multiples [#1605](#) ([effigies](#))
- [ENH] Allow Levels field of column descriptions to be objects with TermURLs for each level [#1603](#) ([Remi-Gau](#))
- [ENH] Add optional `low_cutoff` and `high_cutoff` columns for `fnirs_channels.tsv` [#1597](#) ([Remi-Gau](#))
- Recommend `SliceTiming` if `MRAcquisitionType` is "2D" [#1594](#) ([tsalo](#))
- [ENH] Add Level objects to `channels.json` for motion [#1591](#) ([effigies](#))
- [ENH] Add "chunk" entity to MRI datatype [#1586](#) ([valosekj](#))
- [SCHEMA][ENH] Remove atlas entity and replace it with seg in prep of BEP038 [#1579](#) ([melanieganz](#))
- [FIX] improve longitudinal example [#1576](#) ([Remi-Gau](#))
- Adds Kim Ray as maintainer. [#1571](#) ([arokem](#))
- [ENH] Allow for "echo" entity to be used with T1w and other nonparametric anatomical suffixes [#1570](#) ([yarikoptic](#))
- Update `templates` in modality-agnostic-files [#1564](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] Clarify that `electrodes.tsv` is optional for MEG, for use with simultaneous (i)EEG [#1555](#) ([effigies](#))
- [ENH] Allow UNKNOWN and NONE ContrastBolusIngredients [#1547](#) ([Remi-Gau](#))
- [FIX] Update links to BIDS examples [#1545](#) ([Remi-Gau](#))
- [ENH] add schema in appendix [#1543](#) ([Remi-Gau](#))
- [ENH] add "visual correction" and "head stabilization" metadata [#1539](#) ([Remi-Gau](#))
- [ENH] Clarify meaning of raw vs derivative datasets [#1537](#) ([CPernet](#))
- [FIX] match subject label in folder and filename in func example [#1536](#) ([Remi-Gau](#))
- FIX: Trail MEG directory formats with / [#1534](#) ([effigies](#))

- [ENH] Permit CITATION.cff as structured alternative to some dataset_description fields [#1525](#) (effigies)
- [FIX] Add missing column description in physio example [#1514](#) (sappelhoff)
- [ENH] Clarify that data files must be uniquely identified by entities/suffix [#1508](#) (sappelhoff)
- DOC: Auto-generate full API docs [#1505](#) (effigies)
- [INFRA] Publish schema tools API docs to additional ReadTheDocs site [#1491](#) (bendhouseart)
- [FIX] Remove references to unspecified aslcontext.json [#1485](#) (Remi-Gau)
- [FIX] Revert index (entity format) definition to be a non-negative number, permitting zero [#1482](#) (TheChymera)
- ENH: Add version list to schema.meta and a warning on unknown BIDSVersion [#1472](#) (effigies)
- [FIX] Clean up qMRI RB1COR notes [#1465](#) (lukeje)
- [ENH] Allow fractional seconds in StartTime [#1459](#) (sappelhoff)
- [MISC] consistently list filename templates; `ext --> extension; _photo.jpg --> _photo.<extension>` [#1458](#) (sappelhoff)
- [FIX] Demote `sample` and `value` columns in `events.tsv` from OPTIONAL to arbitrary [#1457](#) (sappelhoff)
- ENH: Clarify shape of PDT2 images and recommend acq entity for split PDw/T2w images [#1448](#) (effigies)
- [ENH] clarify guiding principles for requirement levels [#1444](#) (sappelhoff)
- [FIX] Clarify that dataset_description.Genetics object is required for genetics data [#1442](#) (sappelhoff)
- [ENH] Clarify that BIDS specification is in American English [#1439](#) (yarikoptic)
- [MISC] Link to new BEP guidelines. [#1426](#) (arokem)
- [FIX] reorganize anat filename templates [#1419](#) (Remi-Gau)
- [FIX] Rename `channels.tsv` column: `orientation_component` to `component` [#1417](#) (sjeung)
- [ENH] Some missing docstrings for `bidsschematools` [#1413](#) (anibalsolon)
- [FIX] fixing some minor issues introduced recently [#1411](#) (yarikoptic)
- SCHEMA: Implement some fairly easy rules [#1410](#) (effigies)
- [REF] refactor institution and task tables [#1397](#) (Remi-Gau)
- [ENH] Add paragraph about richness versus distinctness in filenames [#1392](#) (CPernet)
- [FIX] Updated HED score library version [#1390](#) (VisLab)
- [FIX] Updated links and fixed typos in hed appendix [#1383](#) (VisLab)
- [ENH] add screen parameters metadata [#1369](#) (Remi-Gau)
- RF: allow for any "recording" file to be listed in `_scans.tsv` not just "neural recording" [#1368](#) (yarikoptic)
- [FIX] wrong usage of DOI in SourceDatasets example [#1361](#) (sappelhoff)
- [FIX] make references to Neuromag/Elektro/MEGIN consistent [#1359](#) (sappelhoff)
- [DOC] link to steering group section on bids website [#1358](#) (Remi-Gau)
- [ENH] Add reference for ASL BEP [#1357](#) (Remi-Gau)
- [FIX] remove redundant entity definitions in behavioral page [#1356](#) (Remi-Gau)
- [FIX] add missing processing entity for MEG physio files and render physio filename templates for fNIRS [#1355](#) (Remi-Gau)
- [ENH] Recommend gzip header fields be set to empty values [#1349](#) (kousu)
- [FIX] clarify TriggerChannelCount and TRIG type [#1342](#) (sappelhoff)
- [ENH] Add qMRI fieldmap filename templates [#1336](#) (Remi-Gau)
- ENH: Introduce GIFTI formats in derivatives [#1333](#) (effigies)
- [ENH] Add ParallelReductionFactorOutOfPlane to MRI metadata [#1221](#) (lukeje)
- [ENH][SCHEMA] Adding an OPTIONAL `_task-<label>` to structural MRI acquisitions [#1185](#) (melanieganz)

- [INFRA] use tributors to list contributors and CITATION.cff for referencing [#1115](#) (Remi-Gau)
- [ENH] Extend BIDS for Motion data (BEP029) [#981](#) (JuliusWelzel)
- [SCHEMA] Add full object definitions for valid values in schema [#919](#) (tsalo)

v1.8.0 (2022-10-29)

- [FIX] Drop the functional and f for NIRS [#1325](#) (rob-luke)
- [FIX][SCHEMA] Add conditionals for PET ReconMethod* and ReconFilter [#1299](#) (bendhouseart)
- [ENH] use schema to mention which "top directories" are allowed [#1289](#) (Remi-Gau)
- [ENH] Add glossary links to all tables [#1268](#) (tsalo)
- [ENH] Remove redundant entity definitions on MRI page [#1265](#) (tsalo)
- [ENH] Standardize and organize entity descriptions [#1264](#) (tsalo)
- [ENH] Add filename template legend [#1259](#) (Remi-Gau)
- [MISC] Reorder appendices [#1256](#) (tsalo)
- [MISC] Clarify: FieldMap PE technique --> no SPM [#1253](#) (CPernet)
- [MISC] Adding qMRI BIDS article reference (BEP001) [#1251](#) (agahkarakuzu)
- [ENH] Link to filename element definitions in filename templates [#1228](#) (tsalo)
- [MISC] Remove label format and inheritance principle redundancies in fMRI section [#1197](#) (Remi-Gau)
- [ENH] add task metadata to PET [#1196](#) (Remi-Gau)
- [FIX] clarify which file to list in scans.tsv for file formats with multiple files [#1178](#) (sappelhoff)
- [FIX] add recommendation to fully omit non-compulsory data that is n/a [#1171](#) (sappelhoff)
- [FIX] Discourage use of "sample" in events if sampling frequency is ambiguous, add guidelines for precision [#1140](#) (sappelhoff)
- [FIX] Clarify MEG empty-room recommendations [#1125](#) (robertoostenveld)
- [FIX] clarify no blank and duplicated headers in TSV [#1116](#) (sappelhoff)
- [ENH] Added the specification for using HED libraries in BIDS [#1106](#) (VisLab)
- [ENH] Microscopy: NGFF format support [#1104](#) (TheChymera)
- [ENH] Add Microscopy-BIDS citation [#1102](#) (mariebourget)
- [FIX] MEG link typo [#1100](#) (xi)
- [FIX] IntendedFor in (i)EEG is dataset relative [#1093](#) (sappelhoff)
- [MISC] make dataset_description.Authors RECOMMENDED [#1092](#) (sappelhoff)
- [ENH] adding optional _rec-label to DWI [#1090](#) (dorahtermes)
- [ENH] State of the schema sprint [#1075](#) (effigies)
- [MISC] Preface each macro call with comment [#1052](#) (Remi-Gau)
- [ENH] allow for .png and .tif in eeg/ieeg/meg as allowed for micr [#1049](#) (yarikoptic)
- [FIX] typo in "rawdata" example [#1045](#) (sappelhoff)
- [MISC] consistently use "directory" instead of "folder" as a term [#1044](#) (sappelhoff)
- [MISC] Update CODEOWNERS [#1040](#) (erdalkaraca)
- [ENH] Allow README file extensions. [#1033](#) (mateuszpawlik)
- [MISC] Rewrite and update html build instructions [#1032](#) (sappelhoff)
- [FIX] Clarify that BIDS standard template data is to be in scanner coordinates (MEG, iEEG, EEG) [#1031](#) (alexrockhill)

- [FIX] Add coordsystem-specific definition of DigitizedHeadPoints [#1023](#) ([tsalo](#))
- [FIX] PET Spec; added known DICOM tags, fixed tag error, updated citation, clarified scale factor. [#1021](#) ([bendhouseart](#))
- [MISC] clarify copyright for logo [#1019](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] Change recording entity to REQUIRED for pet/blood modality [#1005](#) ([ghisvail](#))
- [ENH] Microscopy: Add IntendedFor metadata field to photo files [#1000](#) ([mariehbouquet](#))
- [ENH] Introduce the atlas entity for derivatives data [#997](#) ([sebastientourbier](#))
- [ENH] Clearly define "entity" in common principles [#947](#) ([Lestropie](#))
- [ENH] Add BIDS URIs and deprecate relative paths, RawSources and (possibly unused) BasedOn [#918](#) ([effigies](#))
- [ENH] BEP030: Functional Near-Infrared Spectroscopy [#802](#) ([rob-luke](#))
- [FIX] Clarify run entity to accommodate multiple imaging modalities [#760](#) ([yarikoptic](#))

v1.7.0 (2022-02-15)

- [FIX] Use wikipedia for TIFF URL, adobe's page is 404ing now [#1007](#) ([yarikoptic](#))
- [FIX] update highlighting of examples, JSON keys and values, and TSV headers or values in the schema [#998](#) ([Remi-Gau](#))
- [MISC] minor wording and consistency improvements for channels.tsv in EEG, MEG, iEEG [#993](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] typo: extra sentence in anat section [#991](#) ([Remi-Gau](#))
- [FIX] Optionally support echo entity for VFA suffix [#989](#) ([TheChymera](#))
- [FIX] update definition acq_time for sessions.tsv [#986](#) ([Remi-Gau](#))
- [FIX] add microscopy to modalities in schema [#984](#) ([Remi-Gau](#))
- [MISC] update steering group composition [#976](#) ([Remi-Gau](#))
- [MISC] customize footer on html spec [#975](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] Update HED appendix to comply with current HED version [#970](#) ([VisLab](#))
- [ENH] Update B0Field metadata to accommodate single-blip fieldmaps [#968](#) ([effigies](#))
- [FIX] Reword front page [#958](#) ([arokem](#))
- [MISC] Update links to starter kit website [#957](#) ([effigies](#))
- [FIX] Entity table: Clarify meaning of empty cells [#955](#) ([Lestropie](#))
- [MISC] Add Eric Earl as a Maintainer [#953](#) ([ericearl](#))
- [FIX] Spelling errors in appendices [#951](#) ([Lestropie](#))
- [FIX] Broken hyperlink in entity list file [#949](#) ([Lestropie](#))
- [FIX] Rewrite inheritance principle [#946](#) ([Lestropie](#))
- [FIX] Typo: ECG_headshape [#942](#) ([Moo-Marc](#))
- [FIX] description: dwi is specialized T2 weighting, not T2* [#939](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] relax unrealistically strict requirements with ieeg channels.tsv 'name' column [#938](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] Add links from derivatives section to entity list [#936](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] Remove repeated words [#934](#) ([DimitriPapadopoulos](#))
- [FIX] Clarify that EDF/BDF files MUST have lower case extensions in BIDS [#927](#) ([adam2392](#))
- [ENH] Generate glossary page from schema [#923](#) ([tsalo](#))
- [ENH] Render valid value restrictions in tables based on object definitions in schema [#921](#) ([tsalo](#))
- [ENH] add hemi entity to schema [#917](#) ([Remi-Gau](#))

- [ENH] update and reformat table for template in coordinate system page [#903](#) (Remi-Gau)
- [ENH] add details for content of `*_beh.json` [#902](#) (Remi-Gau)
- [FIX] small typo in json example [#897](#) (Remi-Gau)
- [INFRA] Document *.webm video files as binary [#895](#) (DimitriPapadopoulos)
- [SCHEMA] Reorganize schema code into a package [#892](#) (tsalo)
- [FIX] Clarify shifting dates RECOMMENDED, add example EDF [#891](#) (sappelhoff)
- [INFRA] fix draft rendering css on mobile or when browser window is narrow [#889](#) (sappelhoff)
- [MISC] Add an animated BIDS logo [#886](#) (adswa)
- [SCHEMA] Consolidate schema files by term type [#883](#) (tsalo)
- [ENH] BEP031: Microscopy [#881](#) (mariehbouget)
- [INFRA] jQuery 3.4.1 → 3.6.0 [#875](#) (DimitriPapadopoulos)
- [INFRA] Add "codespell" tool to CI checks to catch typos sooner [#873](#) (DimitriPapadopoulos)
- [INFRA] Several style fixes (Flake8) for Python code in the repo [#872](#) (DimitriPapadopoulos)
- [MISC] add Anthony as maintainer [#868](#) (Remi-Gau)
- [MISC] add "forward slash" requirement for paths to common principles [#867](#) (sappelhoff)
- [ENH] Add "ScanRAS" as an accepted coordinate frame for ieeg [#866](#) (alexrockhill)
- [INFRA] Add .lgtm.yml file for better usage of LGTM CI tool [#865](#) (DimitriPapadopoulos)
- [FIX] update physio bids name in longitudinal study page examples [#863](#) (Remi-Gau)
- [INFRA] Enforce consistent line endings via .gitattributes [#861](#) (DimitriPapadopoulos)
- [FIX] Clarify case collision intolerance as a file naming principle [#858](#) (yarikoptic)
- [INFRA] LGTM recommendation: Unused local variable [#853](#) (DimitriPapadopoulos)
- [INFRA] LGTM warning: Variable defined multiple times [#851](#) (DimitriPapadopoulos)
- [FIX] Typos found by codespell [#848](#) (DimitriPapadopoulos)
- [ENH] Add links to example datasets for each modality [#845](#) (Remi-Gau)
- [INFRA] Add basic documentation on how to use metadata table macros [#840](#) (Remi-Gau)
- [ENH] make "Institutional department name" available for all datatypes [#839](#) (Remi-Gau)
- [INFRA] use macro to render examples in a "tree" like fashion [#837](#) (Remi-Gau)
- [FIX] Add angio suffix to the non-parametric aMRI suffix table [#835](#) (tsalo)
- [FIX] Remove last hardcoded suffix table [#833](#) (tsalo)
- [MISC] make explicit that EDF+ (and for EEG: BDF+) are included in iEEG / EEG format requirements [#831](#) (sappelhoff)
- [SCHEMA] Add TSV column files [#827](#) (tsalo)
- [ENH] add metadata to PET calibration factor: "DoseCalibrationFactor" [#825](#) (CPernet)
- [FIX] correct file location of scans.tsv file in example [#824](#) (ghisvail)
- [MISC] update available datatypes in specification [#819](#) (sappelhoff)
- [FIX] document required column order MEG, EEG, iEEG, PET, and fix typo iEEG [#818](#) (sappelhoff)
- [ENH] BEP031 - New columns to participants.tsv file [#816](#) (mariehbouget)
- [MISC] make table headers bold [#815](#) (Remi-Gau)
- [FIX] What is a composite instance? Change to measurement for non MRI modalities? [#813](#) (rob-luke)
- [ENH] BEP031 - New entity: sample and samples.tsv file [#812](#) (mariehbouget)
- [ENH] Add device and acquisition metadata for physio files [#806](#) (Remi-Gau)

- [MISC] Move section on sessions.tsv file: longitudinal files -> modality agnostic files [#805 \(Remi-Gau\)](#)
- [ENH] Make explicit that "task" metadata applies to "beh" modality [#804 \(Remi-Gau\)](#)
- [MISC] Make MRI-centric language more general in Events [#801 \(sappelhoff\)](#)
- [ENH] clarify that entities MUST be unique [#800 \(sappelhoff\)](#)
- [MISC] deprecate DCOffsetCorrection field from ieeg.json: Use SoftwareFilters field instead [#799 \(sappelhoff\)](#)
- [FIX] Deprecate ScanDate (PET) in favor of AcquisitionTime in scans.tsv files [#798 \(mnoergaard\)](#)
- [MISC] add IETF standard link for json [#797 \(sappelhoff\)](#)
- [INFRA] In PDF, color every other row in table in light gray fill [#794 \(sappelhoff\)](#)
- [MISC] add link to guide on how to write a good README [#793 \(sappelhoff\)](#)
- [SCHEMA] Apply schema rules to entity values [#792 \(tsalo\)](#)
- [INFRA] fix md ci and update ci badges [#791 \(sappelhoff\)](#)
- [SCHEMA] Use macro for filename templates in file collections appendix [#787 \(tsalo\)](#)
- [FIX] consistently refer to DICOM Tags throughout the specification [#786 \(Hboni\)](#)
- [FIX] Amend note about *b*-vecs on DWI specs [#782 \(oesteban\)](#)
- [INFRA] add CI to find trailing whitespace [#780 \(sappelhoff\)](#)
- [MISC] Add info on HED key to common principles [#777 \(sappelhoff\)](#)
- [ENH] add EEGLAB as valid coordinate system for EEG [#775 \(sappelhoff\)](#)
- [SCHEMA] Add metadata term files [#774 \(tsalo\)](#)
- [SCHEMA] Add suffix term files [#772 \(tsalo\)](#)
- [ENH] Allow encoding the fieldmapping intent of the protocol [#622 \(oesteban\)](#)
- [FIX] Correct iEEG example that contained double suffixes [#463 \(yarikoptic\)](#)
- [ENH] introduce GeneratedBy to "core" BIDS [#440 \(yarikoptic\)](#)

v1.6.0 (2021-04-22)

- [FIX] Typos discovered by codespell [#784 \(yarikoptic\)](#)
- [FIX] Rename "Unit" metadata to "Units" for consistency with existing fields [#773 \(effigies\)](#)
- [FIX] typo in pet: institution -> institutional [#771 \(sappelhoff\)](#)
- [INFRA] install git in linkchecker job [#767 \(sappelhoff\)](#)
- [INFRA] Fix CircleCI workflows [#764 \(sappelhoff\)](#)
- [INFRA] do not run remark on auto CHANGES [#755 \(sappelhoff\)](#)
- [FIX] Mix up (typo) between fiducials and landmarks in EEG spec [#754 \(rob-luke\)](#)
- [INFRA] updating remark, CIs, contributor docs [#745 \(sappelhoff\)](#)
- [FIX] schema for i/eeg coordsys+elecs: sub-ses-acq-space are allowed entities [#743 \(sappelhoff\)](#)
- [MISC] move schema documentation into the schema directory [#740 \(Remi-Gau\)](#)
- [MISC] standardize string examples format in tables [#739 \(Remi-Gau\)](#)
- [MISC] Clarify participant_id in participants.tsv file if it exists [#738 \(adam2392\)](#)
- [FIX] split MEG files should be listed separately in scans.tsv [#735 \(eort\)](#)
- [FIX] 1) Clarify appropriate labels for space entity, 2) Clarify channels+electrodes do not have to match [#734 \(sappelhoff\)](#)
- [MISC] refactor stimuli mentioning sections in the events page [#697 \(Remi-Gau\)](#)

- [ENH] Bep 009: Positron Emission Tomography [#633](#) ([melanieganz](#))

v1.5.0 (2021-02-23)

- [MISC] Updated TotalAcquiredVolumes into TotalAcquiredPairs [#742](#) ([effigies](#))
- [SCHEMA] Update qMRI fieldmap schema [#728](#) ([effigies](#))
- [FIX] Add deprecated anatomical MRI suffixes back into schema [#725](#) ([tsalo](#))
- [FIX] Correct schema irregularities for func datatype [#724](#) ([tsalo](#))
- [FIX] Make flip optional for MP2RAGE [#722](#) ([tsalo](#))
- [FIX] Correct entity names in YAML files [#720](#) ([tsalo](#))
- [ENH] Clarify run indexing information for MRI acquisitions [#719](#) ([effigies](#))
- [ENH] Harmonize CoordinateSystem details for MRI, MEG, EEG, iEEG [#717](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [SCHEMA] Update entity YAML keys [#714](#) ([effigies](#))
- [MISC] Added full names for some contributors in .mailmap file [#705](#) ([yarikoptic](#))
- [INFRA] Migrate md and yml checks from travis to GH actions [#693](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [INFRA] Move part entity to before recording entity [#692](#) ([tsalo](#))
- [ENH] BEP001 - qMRI maps and some additional metadata [#690](#) ([agahkarakuzu](#))
- [ENH] BEP001 - Entity-linked file collections [#688](#) ([effigies](#))
- [ENH] BEP001 - New entities: inv & mt [#681](#) ([agahkarakuzu](#))
- [MISC] add contributing guidelines to add figures in the specs [#679](#) ([Remi-Gau](#))
- [MISC] use RFC 2119 language in legend of the "volume timing" table [#678](#) ([Remi-Gau](#))
- [FIX] Add OPTIONAL acq entity to channels.tsv, events.tsv to match electrophysiological acquisitions [#677](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [MISC] Update all links to use HTTPS whenever possible. [#676](#) ([gllmflndn](#))
- [INFRA] Relax line length limit for linting YAML files [#673](#) ([effigies](#))
- [ENH] BEP001 - New entity: flip [#672](#) ([agahkarakuzu](#))
- [ENH] BEP001 - RepetitionTimeExcitation and RepetitionTimePreparation [#671](#) ([agahkarakuzu](#))
- [ENH] Bep 005: Arterial Spin Labeling [#669](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] Added white space after table [#660](#) ([robertoostenveld](#))
- [MISC] add remi as maintainer [#657](#) ([Remi-Gau](#))
- [MISC] update Contributing with info on how to respond to reviews [#655](#) ([Remi-Gau](#))
- [FIX] add paragraph on MEG specific "markers" suffix in MEG spec [#653](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] Rewrite the MRI/fieldmaps subsection for consistency with the rest of specs [#651](#) ([oesteban](#))
- [FIX] Fixing template string on electrodes for eeg and ieeg. [#650](#) ([adam2392](#))
- [ENH] Update genetics-BIDS citation [#646](#) ([effigies](#))
- [SCHEMA] Add derivatives entities to the schema [#645](#) ([tsalo](#))
- [MISC] add brief note that TSV example in the spec may currently use either tab or space characters [#643](#) ([yarikoptic](#))
- [ENH] Add "multipart DWI" acquisitions and refactor DWI specifications [#624](#) ([oesteban](#))
- [SCHEMA] Render schema elements in text [#610](#) ([tsalo](#))
- [ENH] Add part entity for complex-valued data [#424](#) ([tsalo](#))

v1.4.1 (2020-10-13)

- [INFRA] minor robustness enhancements to pdf build shell script [#642](#) ([yarikoptic](#))
- [FIX] consistent CoordinateSystem fields for ephys [#641](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [INFRA] set up github action to detect latin phrases [#636](#) ([Remi-Gau](#))
- [ENH] Add a definition for "deprecation" [#634](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [MISC] consolidate BIDS citations in introduction [#630](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] URI "definition" and recommendation [#629](#) ([Remi-Gau](#))
- [FIX] change remaining latin expressions (etc and i.e.) [#628](#) ([Remi-Gau](#))
- [FIX] replace "e.g.," by "for example" [#626](#) ([Remi-Gau](#))
- [FIX] arrays of 3D coordinates MUST supply numeric values in x, y, z order [#623](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] Accidentally swapped Neuromag/Elekta/MEGIN cross-talk & fine-calibration filename extensions [#621](#) ([hoechenberger](#))
- [FIX] improve HED documentation [#619](#) ([VisLab](#))
- [INFRA] Move MRI section headings up a level [#618](#) ([tsalo](#))
- [INFRA] SCHEMA: Declare entities by concept names, add entity field for filename components [#616](#) ([effigies](#))
- [FIX] Change wrong text references from *CoordinateSystemUnits to *CoordinateUnits [#614](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [ENH] Describe arbitrary units in Common Principles [#606](#) ([tsalo](#))
- [FIX] Clarify data types and requirement levels for all JSON files [#605](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [INFRA] downgrade github-changelog-generator to 1.14.3 due to issue with 1.15.2 [#600](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] tighter rules for sharing MEG cross-talk and fine-calibration .fif files [#598](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [MISC] Add tsalo as a BIDS maintainer [#597](#) ([tsalo](#))
- [FIX] clarify definition of events in common principles [#595](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [INFRA] use --release-branch option in github-changelog-generator [#594](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [ENH] Define "modality" and clarify "data type" [#592](#) ([effigies](#))
- [FIX] Adjust index definition to be nonnegative integer [#590](#) ([nicholst](#))
- [MISC] fix links, make json object links consistent, fix pandoc rendering [#587](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] Fix link in Common principles [#583](#) ([tsalo](#))
- [ENH] Specify how to share cross-talk and fine-calibration for Neuromag/Elekta/MEGIN data [#581](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [ENH] Specify echo and run indices are nonnegative integers in schema [#578](#) ([tsalo](#))
- [ENH] add optional presentation software name, version, OS, and code to events.json [#573](#) ([Remi-Gau](#))
- [ENH] added PPG as an accepted channel type for EEG, MEG and iEEG [#570](#) ([robertostenveld](#))
- [INFRA] Move entity definitions to a separate page [#568](#) ([tsalo](#))
- [INFRA] enable pandoc emojis for the pdf build [#562](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [INFRA] Auto adjust table fences before PDF conversion [#560](#) ([sebastientourbier](#))
- [ENH] Support run and acq entities in behavior-only data [#556](#) ([tsalo](#))
- [FIX] Clarify requirement levels for TSV metadata fields [#555](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] Reorganize rec, ce entities, _defacemask [#550](#) ([emdupre](#))
- [FIX] Clarify Upper-casing of Channels.tsv Channel Type [#548](#) ([adam2392](#))
- [ENH] Extend date time information to include optional UTC syntax, warn about FIF requirements [#546](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] clarify that <physio|stim>.json is REQUIRED [#542](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] Replace all non-breaking spaces with vanilla spaces [#536](#) ([nicholst](#))

- [FIX] Clarify indices are nonnegative integers. [#535](#) ([nicholst](#))
- [FIX] Clarify use of session entity in filenames [#532](#) ([Moo-Marc](#))
- [ENH] Add the ability of users to specify an explicit HED.xml schema for validation. [#527](#) ([VisLab](#))
- [FIX] clarify that scans.json is allowed and recommended [#523](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [INFRA] add copyright holder to license. [#521](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] clarify XXXCoord* in the coordinate systems appendix [#520](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [ENH] Update beh/ specification to contrast with any neural recordings [#515](#) ([effigies](#))
- [FIX] restructure and clarify *_physio/*_stim section [#513](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] clarify file formats in EEG, iEEG [#511](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] Add links and release dates to pre GH changelog, fix formatting [#509](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] Clarify that acq_time in scans.json refers to first data point acquired [#506](#) ([tsalo](#))
- [INFRA] make circle artifact link a GH action, point to pdf [#505](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] Typos in DECISION-MAKING file [#504](#) ([tsalo](#))
- [ENH] Add Commenting on a PR to CONTRIBUTING.md [#490](#) ([franklin-feingold](#))
- [FIX] clarify MEG empty-room recording naming conventions [#480](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [INFRA] Convert entity table to yaml [#475](#) ([tsalo](#))
- [FIX] Recommend SI units formatting to adhere to CMIXF-12 [#411](#) ([sappelhoff](#))

v1.4.0 (2020-06-11)

- [FIX] Clarify language on unsetting a key/value pair [#495](#) ([nicholst](#))
- [ENH] optionally allow LICENSE file [#483](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [INFRA] linkchecker - ignore github pull and tree URLs [#477](#) ([yarikoptic](#))
- [ENH] Allow fractional seconds in scans file datetimes [#470](#) ([tsalo](#))
- [MISC] Maintainers - Scope responsibility [#467](#) ([franklin-feingold](#))
- [FIX] Align tables in MRI section [#465](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] Drop _part- reference from example, introduce _split- entity [#460](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] clarify participants tsv+json with examples and recommendations [#459](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] Remove BESA from list of restricted keywords of EEG coordsystems [#457](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [INFRA] add steps for release protocol (PDF upload) [#455](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] Add reference to PDF on front page of specification [#452](#) ([nicholst](#))
- [INFRA] Add conditional for link-checking releases [#451](#) ([franklin-feingold](#))
- [FIX] unordered list formatting in BEP018 [#449](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] fix inconsistencies for task label between sections [#446](#) ([Remi-Gau](#))
- [FIX] update DECISION-MAKING.md document with new governance [#441](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [ENH] BEP 003: Common Derivatives [#265](#) ([effigies](#))
- [ENH] Add Glossary of terms/abbreviations used in the specification [#152](#) ([yarikoptic](#))

v1.3.0 (2020-04-14)

- [INFRA] add zenodo badge to README [#447](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [MISC] Added contributors from VisLab [#444](#) ([VisLab](#))
- [FIX] Clarify snake_case+CamelCase in TSV+JSON [#442](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] Eliminate web/online-specific language [#437](#) ([nicholst](#))
- [INFRA] ensure build_docs_pdf CircleCI job runs last [#436](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [INFRA] Add issue templates for GitHub [#434](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [INFRA] Get latest PDF build from CircleCI artifacts [#433](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [INFRA] Update release protocol [#432](#) ([franklin-feingold](#))
- [INFRA] add support for building PDF versions of the spec [#431](#) ([Arshitha](#))
- [ENH] Explicitly mention bids-validator and update link [#428](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [INFRA] use new bids-maintenance GitHub account to take over automatic work [#426](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] Unify section titles and table-of-contents entries [#422](#) ([nicholst](#))
- [INFRA] add # before heading in CHANGES [#419](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [INFRA] fix heading of auto changelog to be a markdown header [#417](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [ENH] Add OPTIONAL EthicsApprovals field to dataset description [#412](#) ([effigies](#))
- [ENH] BEP 018 - Genetic Information [#395](#) ([effigies](#))

v1.2.2 (2020-02-12)

- [FIX] improve wording on data dictionaries [#410](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [MISC] update contributions by CPernet [#409](#) ([CPernet](#))
- [MISC] Add Sébastien Tourbier to contributors [#394](#) ([sebastientourbier](#))
- [FIX] consistent units description between EEG/MEG/iEEG. Clarify (derived) SI units + prefixes [#391](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [MISC] moved list of extension proposals to the main BIDS website [#389](#) ([robertoostenveld](#))
- [FIX] Typos and clarifications [#386](#) ([apjanke](#))
- [INFRA] Add watermark to drafts [#383](#) ([effigies](#))
- [MISC] Teon Brooks retiring moderator duties for BEP021 [#381](#) ([teonbrooks](#))
- [FIX] clarify that string is expected for HowToAcknowledge field in dataset_description.json [#380](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [MISC] Typo and style [#378](#) ([TheChymera](#))
- [FIX] divide readme into 3 parts [#374](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] Refer to BIDS consistently, instead of "<Modality>-BIDS" [#366](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] Change recommended anonymization date from 1900 to 1925 [#363](#) ([alexrockhill](#))
- [FIX] Minor fixups of inconsistencies while going through a PDF version [#362](#) ([yarikoptic](#))
- [FIX] clarify that filters should be specified as object of objects [#348](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] Clarify channels.tsv is RECOMMENDED consistently across ephys [#347](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] Typo fix (contract -> contrast) in events documentation [#346](#) ([snastase](#))
- [MISC] rm TOC.md - seems no longer pertinent/used [#341](#) ([yarikoptic](#))
- [MISC] Move the PR template to a separate directory and improve contents [#338](#) ([jhlegarreta](#))

- [INFRA] Find npm requirements file in Circle [#336](#) ([franklin-feingold](#))
- [ENH] Clarify phenotypic and assessment data in new section [#331](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [MISC] add information about continuous integration checks to PR template [#330](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] Fix Common principles Key/value files section level [#328](#) ([jhlegarreta](#))
- [INFRA] Set the maximum heading length lint check to `false` [#325](#) ([jhlegarreta](#))
- [FIX] Number explicitly all cases in MRI field map section headers [#323](#) ([jhlegarreta](#))
- [FIX] Add SoftwareFilters to EEG sidecar example [#322](#) ([Remi-Gau](#))
- [MISC] Fixing Travis errors with Remark [#320](#) ([franklin-feingold](#))
- [INFRA] Link to doc builds in CI checks [#315](#) ([jasmmainak](#))
- [MISC] Add BEP027 - BIDS Execution to BEP list [#314](#) ([effigies](#))
- [FIX] Add CBV and phase to Entity table [#312](#) ([tsalo](#))
- [FIX] Normalization of template-generated standard spaces [#306](#) ([oesteban](#))
- [ENH] Release protocol notes [#304](#) ([franklin-feingold](#))
- [INFRA] Adding contributor appendix sentence to PR template [#299](#) ([franklin-feingold](#))
- [ENH] Added discontinuous datatype for EEG and iEEG [#286](#) ([wouterpotters](#))
- [FIX] Clarify paragraph about custom data types [#264](#) ([effigies](#))

[v1.2.1](#) (2019-08-14)

- [FIX] repair link in anatomical MRI table [#297](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [ENH] Clarify requirements in Release Protocol [#294](#) ([franklin-feingold](#))
- [INFRA] Use linkchecker (from a dedicated docker image) to check all URLs [#293](#) ([yarikoptic](#))
- [ENH] Adding Contributors and updating contributions [#284](#) ([franklin-feingold](#))
- [MISC] update Code of Conduct contact [#281](#) ([franklin-feingold](#))
- [ENH] Update contributing guide and README to make discussion forums easy to find [#279](#) ([emdupre](#))
- [ENH] Starter Kit dropdown menu [#278](#) ([franklin-feingold](#))
- [ENH] BEP Update [#277](#) ([franklin-feingold](#))
- [INFRA] Update pipenv [#274](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [INFRA] Transpose the entity table and link to text anchors describing each entity [#272](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [ENH] Add Twitter badge to README and link to website to landing page [#268](#) ([franklin-feingold](#))
- [ENH] adding release guidelines [#267](#) ([franklin-feingold](#))
- [FIX] Common principles: Fix filename in inheritance principle [#261](#) ([Lestropie](#))
- [MISC] update modality references [#258](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [INFRA] adding logo to RTD [#256](#) ([franklin-feingold](#))
- [INFRA] add footer, replacing mkdocs/material advert with Github link [#250](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [MISC] rename logo files, add a README of where they come from, fix favicon [#249](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [MISC] updating MEG doc links, manufacturer names, and adding a missing MEG example [#248](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [ENH] Add favicon to RTD [#246](#) ([franklin-feingold](#))
- [MISC] Update Authors in BEP025 [#241](#) ([josator2](#))
- [MISC] Document BEPs that are not active anymore, but have not been merged [#240](#) ([sappelhoff](#))

- [FIX] remove ManufacturersAmplifierModelName (again) [#236](#) ([robertoostenveld](#))
- [INFRA] Update release protocol [#235](#) ([effigies](#))
- [INFRA] Enable version panel for quickly finding previous versions [#232](#) ([effigies](#))
- [FIX] Clarify Appendix II: The list of licenses only lists examples [#222](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] Trivial column header fix [#220](#) ([nicholst](#))
- [INFRA] Add clarification on merge methods to DECISION_MAKING [#217](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [INFRA] Enable permalink urls to appear at (sub)section headings [#214](#) ([yarikoptic](#))
- [INFRA] bump up mkdocs-materials version [#211](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [MISC] Fix github username for @chrisgorgo [#204](#) ([chrisgorgo](#))
- [FIX] clarify example 3 in common principles (inheritance) [#202](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [MISC] Expand entity table for MEG/EEG/iEEG specific files [#198](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] make iEEG ToC more consistent with MEG and EEG [#191](#) ([robertoostenveld](#))
- [FIX] Clarify use of acq and task parameters in EEG, MEG, and iEEG [#188](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] clarify use of tools for CTF data renaming [#187](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [MISC] Add bep006 and bep010 to completed beps and fix links [#186](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] change file for definition of electrical stimulation labels from _electrodes.json to _events.json [#185](#) ([ezemikulan](#))
- [ENH] relax ieeg channel name requirements of letters and numbers only [#182](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] make MEG section headings and ToC consistent to the EEG and iEEG specs [#181](#) ([robertoostenveld](#))
- [FIX] make section headings and ToC consistent between meg and eeg specs [#180](#) ([robertoostenveld](#))
- [MISC] Spelling fixes [#179](#) ([DimitriPapadopoulos](#))
- [ENH] Alternative directory organization for raw, derived, and source data [#178](#) ([chrisgorgo](#))
- [INFRA] Adding instructions for naming PRs [#177](#) ([chrisgorgo](#))
- [MISC] Introducing Stefan Appelhoff as the first Maintainer [#176](#) ([chrisgorgo](#))
- [FIX] Clarify name of "BrainVision" format [#175](#) ([JegouA](#))
- [FIX] Fixes spelling of continuous [#171](#) ([emdupre](#))
- [FIX] Clarify continuous recording metadata fields [#167](#) ([effigies](#))
- [FIX] changed reference of dcm2nii to dcm2niix [#166](#) ([DimitriPapadopoulos](#))
- [FIX] Removing a leftover file [#162](#) ([chrisgorgo](#))
- [FIX] Specify marker filenames for KIT data (MEG) [#62](#) ([monkeyman192](#))
- [FIX] Remove father-level for meg filetypes other than BTi/4D data [#19](#) ([teonbrooks](#))

[v1.2.0 \(2019-03-04\)](#)

- [MISC] Adding Dimitri Papadopoulos Orfanos to the list of contributors [#157](#) ([DimitriPapadopoulos](#))
- [FIX] use "specification" not "protocol" to refer to BIDS [#156](#) ([yarikoptic](#))
- [FIX] Fix example misalignment [#155](#) ([DimitriPapadopoulos](#))
- [INFRA] Update Pipfile.lock [#144](#) ([franklin-feingold](#))
- [ENH] clarify decimal sep and numerical notation convention [#143](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [ENH] clarify encoding of README, CHANGES, TSV, and JSON files [#140](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [MISC] Update site_name and release protocol [#137](#) ([franklin-feingold](#))

- [FIX] Example for IntendedFor was missing session indicator in the filename [#129](#) ([yarikoptic](#))
- [ENH] Add "_phase" suffix to func datatype for functional phase data [#128](#) ([tsalo](#))
- [MISC] Update to Release_Protocol.md [#126](#) ([franklin-feingold](#))
- [MISC] Update tag naming convention [#123](#) ([chrisgorgo](#))
- [ENH] Merge bep006 and bep010 [#108](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [MISC] Adding formal decision-making rules [#104](#) ([chrisgorgo](#))
- [FIX] number of small corrections to the specification [#98](#) ([robertoostenveld](#))

v1.1.2 (2019-01-10)

- [ENH] Global fields in data dictionaries [#117](#) ([chrisgorgo](#))
- [MISC] Propose BEP026 MER [#116](#) ([greydongilmore](#))
- [FIX] Remove duplicate entries in MEG table [#113](#) ([franklin-feingold](#))
- [MISC] Propose BEP025 MIDS [#110](#) ([josator2](#))
- [FIX] repair links [#106](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [INFRA] Autogenerate CHANGES.md [#103](#) ([franklin-feingold](#))
- [MISC] Added contributor information [#100](#) ([jgrethe](#))
- [ENH] First(?) good practice recommendation. No excessive overrides in Inheritance principle [#99](#) ([yarikoptic](#))
- [MISC] adding extensions page [#97](#) ([choldgraf](#))
- [FIX] fix some urls (as detected to be broken/inconsistent) [#95](#) ([yarikoptic](#))
- [MISC] Change BEP numbers to include MRS [#94](#) ([Hboni](#))
- [FIX] harmonize and thus shorten templates etc [#93](#) ([yarikoptic](#))
- [MISC] put links and some text into README [#91](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] additional table to recap 'volume acquisition timing' [#87](#) ([Remi-Gau](#))
- [FIX] Small typo in "scanning sequence" DICOM Tag [#84](#) ([Remi-Gau](#))
- [ENH] Added CBV contrast [#82](#) ([TheChymera](#))
- [MISC] Add CC-BY 4.0 license [#81](#) ([KirstieJane](#))
- [INFRA] Fix Travis break [#80](#) ([franklin-feingold](#))
- [ENH] allow _dir for other EPI (func, dwi) sequences [#78](#) ([yarikoptic](#))
- [MISC] Added appendix to mkdocs and added some internal links [#77](#) ([franklin-feingold](#))
- [MISC] added JC Houde as contributor. [#76](#) ([jchoude](#))
- [MISC] Updated my contributions [#75](#) ([nicholst](#))
- [FIX] update HED appendix [#74](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [FIX] unicode: replace greek mu and omega by micro and ohm signs [#73](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [ENH] add `ce-<label1>` for fmri data [#70](#) ([dasturge](#))
- [INFRA] pin pip version [#68](#) ([chrisgorgo](#))
- [MISC] Fix link in index [#46](#) ([chrisgorgo](#))
- [MISC] edit contributing guide [#44](#) ([patrick-g-h](#))
- [INFRA] Mkdocs configuration and RTD setup [#42](#) ([choldgraf](#))
- [MISC] Move definitions, compulsory, and raw/derivatives sections to principles [#40](#) ([chrisgorgo](#))

- [MISC] Remove duplicate section [#39](#) ([chrisgorgo](#))
- [INFRA] mkdocs rendering [#36](#) ([chrisgorgo](#))
- [MISC] Style consistency [#35](#) ([chrisgorgo](#))
- [MISC] Renaming files to conform with style guide [#34](#) ([chrisgorgo](#))
- [INFRA] enable travis cache [#32](#) ([chrisgorgo](#))
- [MISC] corrected link that is shown for CC0 [#31](#) ([robertoostenveld](#))
- [INFRA] added linter integration via travis [#30](#) ([chrisgorgo](#))
- [MISC] Cleanup [#29](#) ([chrisgorgo](#))
- [MISC] split intro, commons, mr, and meg into directory from specification.md [#28](#) ([teonbrooks](#))
- [MISC] Add some bids starter kit contributors [#27](#) ([KirstieJane](#))
- [MISC] Embedded footnotes into text [#25](#) ([franklin-feingold](#))
- [MISC] Making HED Strategy Guide link prettier [#24](#) ([fake-filo](#))
- [MISC] more cleanup [#21](#) ([chrisgorgo](#))
- [MISC] formatted MEG (8.4) [#17](#) ([franklin-feingold](#))
- [MISC] small fixes [#16](#) ([chrisgorgo](#))
- [MISC] Add meg img [#14](#) ([sappelhoff](#))
- [MISC] Cleaning up the specification [#13](#) ([chrisgorgo](#))
- [MISC] Adding code of conduct [#6](#) ([chrisgorgo](#))
- [INFRA] Renaming the main document [#1](#) ([chrisgorgo](#))

1.1.1 (2018-06-06)

- Improved the MEG landmark coordinates description.
- Replaced `ManufacturersCapModelName` in `meg.json` with `CapManufacturer` and `CapManufacturersModelName`.
- Remove `EEGSamplingFrequency` and `ManufacturersAmplifierModelName` from the `meg.json`.
- Improved the behavioral data description.

1.1.0 (2018-04-19)

- Added support for MEG data (merged BEP008).
- Added `SequenceName` field.
- Added support for describing events with Hierarchical Event Descriptors: 4.3 Task events.
- Added `VolumeTiming` and `AcquisitionDuration` fields: 4.1 Task (including resting state) imaging data.
- Added `DwellTime` field.

1.0.2 (2017-07-18)

- Added support for high resolution (anatomical) T2star images: 4.1 Anatomy imaging data.
- Added support for multiple defacing masks: 4.1 Anatomy imaging data.

- Added optional key and metadata field for contrast enhanced structural scans: 4.1 Anatomy imaging data.
- Added `DelayTime` field: 4.1 Task (including resting state) imaging data.
- Added support for multi echo BOLD data: 4.1 Task (including resting state) imaging data.

1.0.1 (2017-03-13)

- Added `InstitutionName` field: 4.1 Task (including resting state) imaging data.
- Added `InstitutionAddress` field: 4.1 Task (including resting state) imaging data.
- Added `DeviceSerialNumber` field: 4.1 Task (including resting state) imaging data.
- Added `NumberOfVolumesDiscardedByUser` and `NumberOfVolumesDiscardedByScanner` field: 4.1 Task (including resting state) imaging data.
- Added `TotalReadoutTime` to functional images metadata list: 4.1 Task (including resting state) imaging data.

1.0.1-rc1

- Added T1 Rho maps: 4.1 Anatomy imaging data.
- Added support for phenotypic information split into multiple files: 3.2 Participant key file.
- Added recommendations for multi site datasets.
- Added `SoftwareVersions`.
- Added `run-<run_index>` to the phase encoding maps. Improved the description.
- Added `InversionTime` metadata key.
- Clarification on the source vs raw language.
- Added `trial_type` column to the event files.
- Added missing sub-`<participant_label>` in behavioral data filenames.
- Added ability to store stimuli files.
- Clarified the language describing allowed subject labels.
- Added quantitative proton density maps.

1.0.0 (2016-06-23)

- Added ability to specify fieldmaps acquired with multiple parameter sets.
- Added ability to have multiple runs of the same fieldmap.
- Added FLASH anatomical images.

1.0.0-rc4

- Replaced links to neurolex with explicit DICOM Tags.
- Added sourcedata.
- Added data dictionaries.

- Be more explicit about contents of JSON files for structural (anatomical) scans.

1.0.0-rc3

- Renamed `PhaseEncodingDirection` values from "x", "y", "z" to "i", "j", "k" to avoid confusion with FSL parameters.
- Renamed `SliceEncodingDirection` values from "x", "y", "z" to "i", "j", "k".

1.0.0-rc2

- Removed the requirement that TSV files cannot include more than two consecutive spaces.
- Refactor of the definitions sections (copied from the manuscript).
- Make support for uncompressed `.nii` files more explicit.
- Added `BIDSVersion` to `dataset.json`.
- Remove the statement that `SliceEncodingDirection` is necessary for slice time correction.
- Change dicom converter recommendation from `dcmstack` to `dcm2nii` and `dicm2nii` following interactions with the community (see <https://github.com/moloney/dcmstack/issues/39> and <https://github.com/neurolabusc/dcm2niix/issues/4>).
- Added section on behavioral experiments with no accompanying MRI acquisition.
- Add `_magnitude.nii.gz` image for GE type fieldmaps.
- Replaced `EchoTimeDifference` with `EchoTime1` and `EchoTime2` (SPM toolbox requires this input).
- Added support for single band reference image for DWI.
- Added `DatasetDOI` field in the dataset description.
- Added description of more metadata fields relevant to DWI fieldmap correction.
- `PhaseEncodingDirection` is now expressed in "x", "y" etc. instead of "PA" "RL" for DWI scans (so it's the same as BOLD scans).
- Added `rec-<label>` flag to BOLD files to distinguish between different reconstruction algorithms (analogous to anatomical scans).
- Added recommendation to use `_physio` suffix for continuous recordings of motion parameters obtained by the scanner side reconstruction algorithms.

1.0.0-rc1

- Initial release

* This Change Log was automatically generated by [github_changelog_generator](#)